



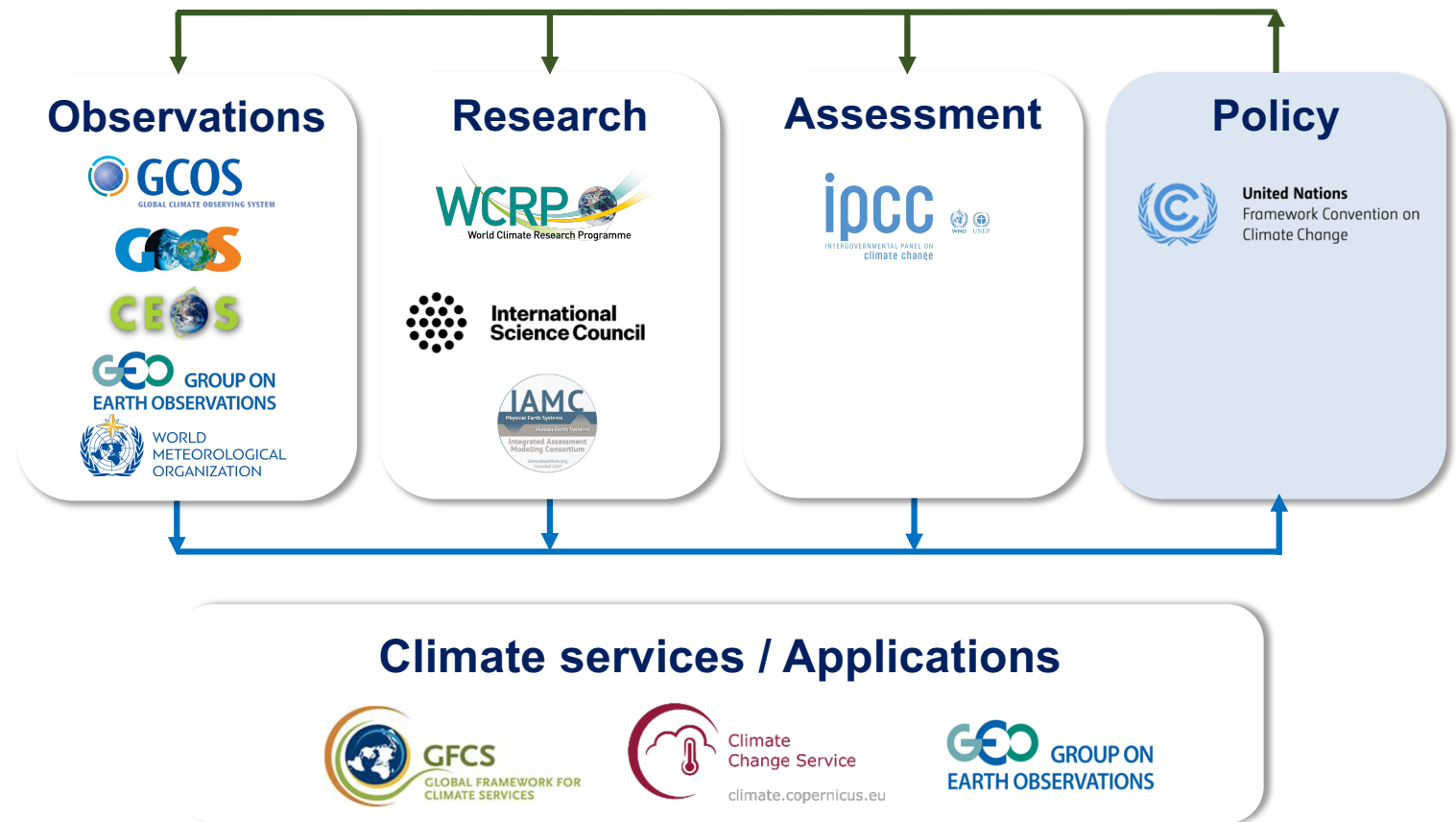
Updates on Earth observation applications across key sectors

Earth Information Day
3 November 2021
COP26, Glasgow, UK

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Role of Earth observations

At the
foundation
of the
UNFCCC
and climate
policy



Adapted from UNFCCC Secretariat, 2020

GEO Flagships



The Global Forest Observation Initiative
supports countries to develop national forest monitoring systems and green house gas measurement, reporting and accounting.



The GEO Global Agricultural Monitoring Initiative
improves food security through timely and accurate predictions of crop yields and agricultural production at regional, national and global levels.



The GEO Biodiversity Observation Network
coordinates the management and delivery of biodiversity and ecosystem observations to decision makers and the scientific community.



The Global Observation System for Mercury
contributes to the monitoring of mercury and its compounds using Earth observations to support the Minamata Convention on Mercury.

Agriculture and crop monitoring



SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS TO THE NAP TECHNICAL GUIDELINES

The supplementary materials are intended to offer in-depth coverage of selected steps of the process to formulate and implement national adaptation plans (NAPs).



Result

The World Bank Disaster Risk Financing Program supported 300,000+ people to relocate in the Karamoja region of Uganda thanks to GEOGLAM (GEO's global agricultural monitoring).



Impact

Food security challenges, including the availability of food, related jobs and general welfare issues addressed due to GEOGLAM early warning.

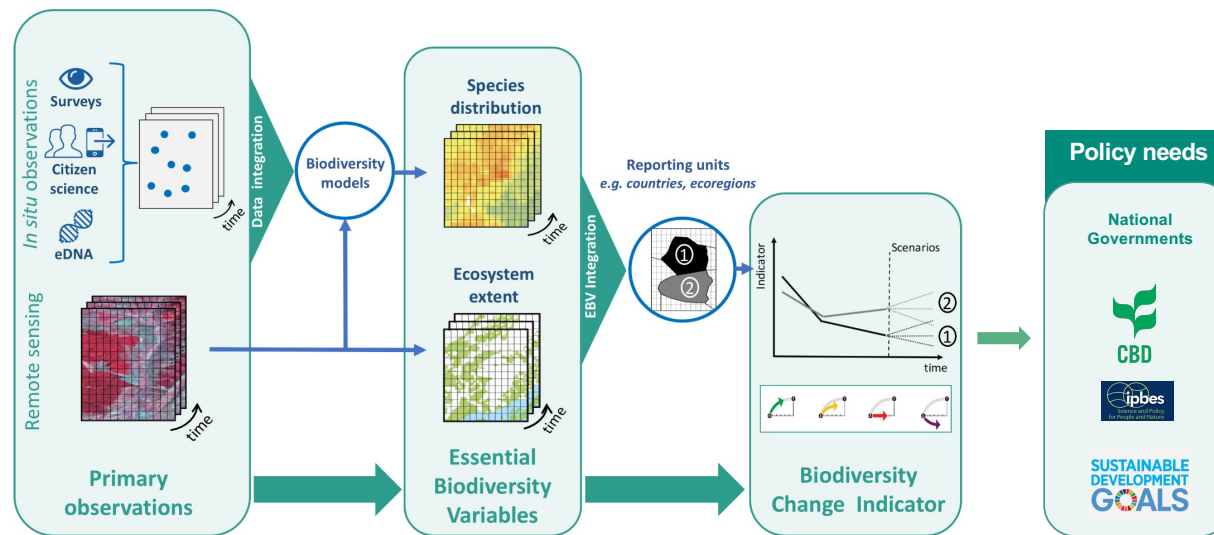


Value

Government of Uganda realized a saving of US \$2.6 M in a single financial year, also tackled social challenges ahead of time. Money and livelihoods.

Climate and Biodiversity

Global network of experts using **Earth observations** and **cutting-edge technologies** (remote sensing, DNA technologies, artificial intelligence) to understand biodiversity change and its drivers, including climate change.



>1,900 members, >120 countries, >1,200 institutions
<https://geobon.org>

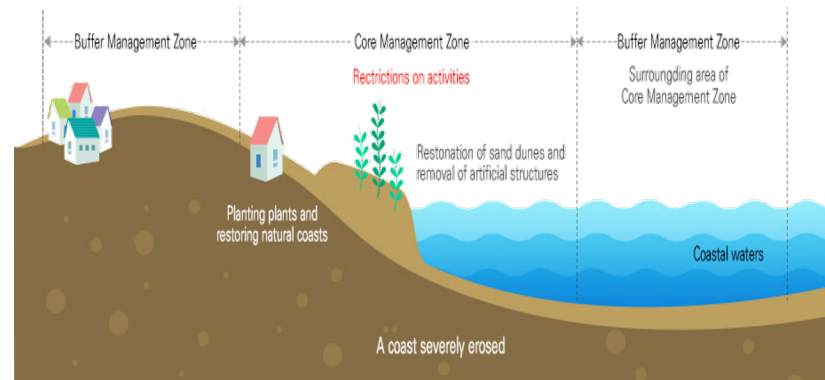
Figure from Navarro et al. 2017

- **Inform National Adaptation Plans**

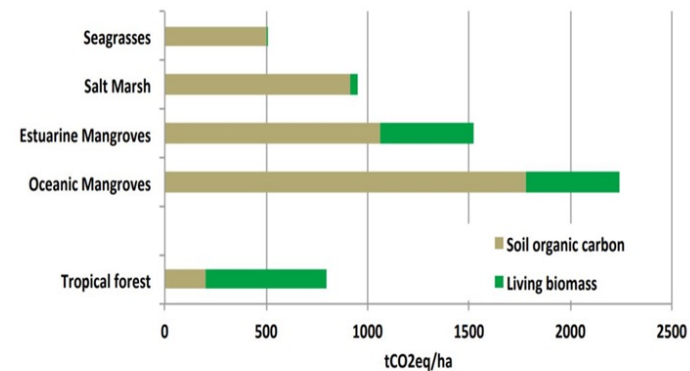
- Coastal erosion
- Saltwater intrusion
- Changes in species distributions
- Ocean acidification
- Storm surge risk assessment

- **Map Blue Carbon for Nationally Determined Contributions**

Climate and Oceans



Summary of Korea's coastal erosion management zone



Total carbon sequestered per hectare habitat (Murray et al. 2011)

Climate and Mountains



Opportunities

- **Harmonization of climate data and information**, standardization of risk assessment methodologies
- **Advances in techniques of earth system prediction** on extreme events, to reduce impacts caused by extremes
- **Increasing demand for climate services** and greater interest of partners for capacity building on EO to improve **adaptive capacity to climate change**

Networks

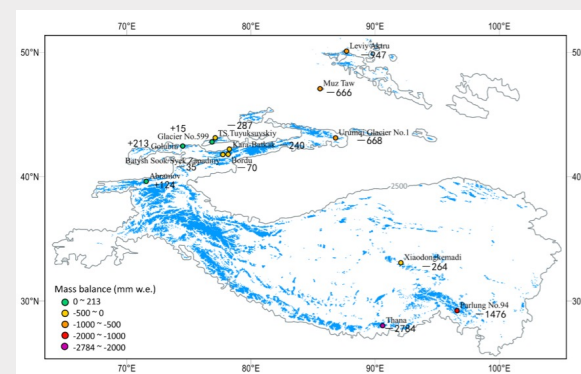
GEO Mountains Inventory of In Situ Observational Infrastructure

- Interactive web map
- Datasets
- Metadata

www.geomountains.org

Third Pole Regional Climate Centre (TPRCC) - Network

- Three sub-regional nodes – China (CMA), India (IMD), and Pakistan (PMD)
- Facilitated by WMO



Source: WMO (2020) State of the Climate in Asia (Figure 8)

Regional focus: Africa

Digital Earth Africa is uniquely positioned to empower decision makers across Africa to take climate action.

Powered by partnerships, Digital Earth Africa provides **open, free, accessible and country agnostic** Earth observation data.

The platform is operational and offers cost effective solutions for countries interested in setting up **independent, country-led and owned, national GHG inventory systems for biennial reporting, mitigation and adaptation.**



Indigenous peoples

The GEO Indigenous Alliance

Indigenous Peoples **protect 80% of the world's biodiversity**, even though they make up **less than 5% of the world's population**.



CLIMATE ACTION/
DRR



WOMEN
EMPOWERMENT/
EDUCATION

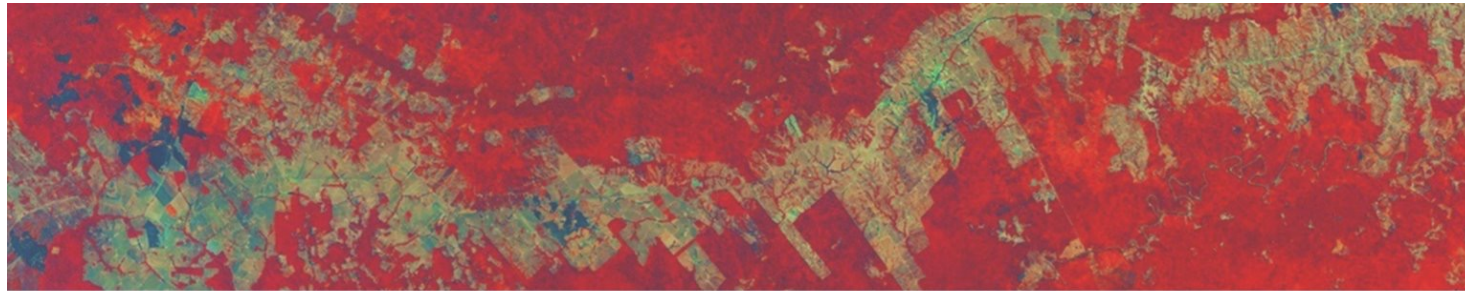


INDIGENOUS DATA
SOVEREIGNTY



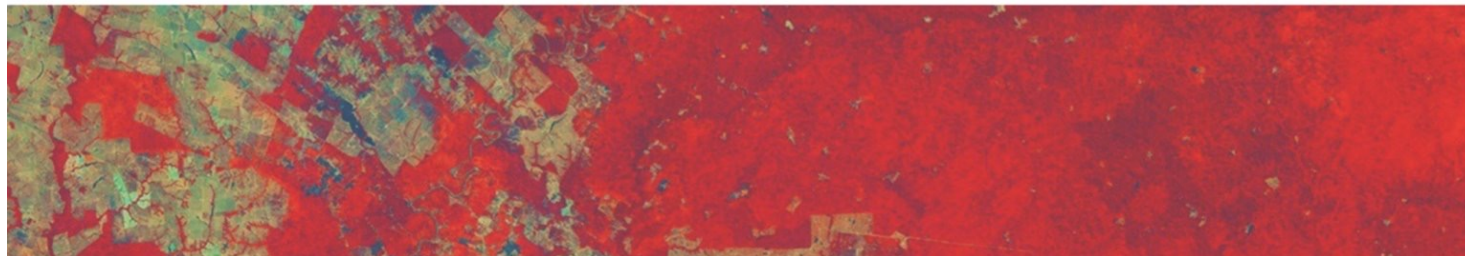
FOOD SECURITY

Engaging the international community



GEO CLIMATE WORKSHOP POLICY + FINANCE

21-23 SEPTEMBER 2021



- Policy makers
- Earth observation providers
- Sustainable finance sector

**New GEO
Climate
Finance
workstream
launched!**

Read about the workshop outcomes: earthobservations.org

Engaging public and private sector

New joint report launch!

Mapping of satellite capabilities to measure GHG

Download the report: earthobservations.org

Key Policy Messages from the Report

-  **1** Satellite observations reduce uncertainty in GHG emission monitoring by providing data across a range of spatial, temporal, and spectral resolutions or scales;
-  **2** Government space agencies have the capability to collect national and global baseline data for all relevant GHGs in a sustained manner with measurement availability ranging into the 2040s;
-  **3** Private sector companies are speedily entering the market and bringing additional point-source emissions monitoring capabilities for specific GHGs;
-  **4** Hybrid models are increasingly emerging and leveraging respective strengths;
-  **5** Collaboration, innovation, and financing are key levers for GHG monitoring from space;
-  **6** Open data, open science and open knowledge are essential to drive on-the-ground solutions
-  **7** New opportunities are arising for analysing secondary remote sensing measurements with frontier IT technologies which call for transparency and capacity development.

 **GROUP ON
EARTH OBSERVATIONS**

 **CLIMATE
TRACE**

 **WGIC**
World Geospatial Industry Council

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GHG Monitoring from Space

Joint report by the Group on Earth Observations (GEO), Climate TRACE and the World Geospatial Industry Council (WGIC)

