



## Monitoring report form (Version 03.2)

### Monitoring report

<b>Title of the project activity</b>	Chacabuquito Hydroelectric Power Project
<b>Reference number of the project activity</b>	Project 1052
<b>Version number of the monitoring report</b>	03
<b>Completion date of the monitoring report</b>	10/12/2013
<b>Registration date of the project activity</b>	07/07/2007 (Renewal Date: 04/11/2011)
<b>Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period</b>	01 from second crediting period (04/11/2011 – 31/12/2012)
<b>Project participant(s)</b>	<p>Chile: Hidroeléctrica Guardia Vieja S.A.  Sweden: Swedish Energy Agency;  France: GDF Suez;  Netherlands: Electrabel S.A.; Netherlands' Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment (IenM); Netherlands' Ministry of Economic Affairs, Agriculture and Innovation (EL&amp;I);  Deutsche Bank AG;  Norway: Government of Norway-Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Norsk Hydro ASA; Statoil ASA;  Canada*: Government of Canada-Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Trade;  Finland: Government of Finland-Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Fortum Corporation;  Japan: Chubu Electric Power Co., Inc.; The Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc.; Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA);  Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc.; Mitsubishi Corporation; Shikoku Electric Power Co., Inc.;  Tohoku Electric Power Co. Inc.; The Tokyo Electric Power Co., Inc.; Mitsui &amp; Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Bilateral and Multilateral Funds: International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) as Trustee of the Prototype Carbon Fund (PCF) (Sweden, Canada*, Finland)</p> <p>*Party withdrawn from KP effective 15/12/2012</p>
<b>Host Party(ies)</b>	Chile
<b>Sectoral scope(s) and applied methodology(ies)</b>	<p>Sectoral Scope 1: Energy industries (renewable - / non-renewable sources).  AM0026 (v.3): "Methodology for zero-emissions grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources in Chile or in countries with merit order based dispatch grid".</p>
<b>Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for this monitoring period in the registered PDD</b>	96,121 tCO <sub>2</sub> e <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 82,746tCO<sub>2</sub>e/year (as per PDD) \* 424 days (days of the monitoring period between 04/11/2011-31/12/2012) / 365 days = 96,121 tCO<sub>2</sub>e

Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period	82,053 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period up to 31 December 2012(if applicable)	82,053 tCO <sub>2</sub> e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (if applicable).	N/A

## SECTION A. Description of project activity

### A.1. Purpose and general description of project activity

>> The Chacabuquito Hydroelectric Power Project consists of a run-of-river power plant of 30 MW installed nameplate capacity that utilizes the waters of the Aconcagua river. The purpose of the project is to generate zero emission energy to be injected to the Central Interconnected System (SIC), the main Chilean electricity grid, using the hydrological sources and displacing the use of fossil fuels. It produces an average net annual generation of 170 GWh (with a 0.65 plant load factor, which is obtained through the division of net annual generation by the power plant installed capacity and total amount of hours of the year). The project connects to the 5th Region's at a 110 KV sub-system within the Central Interconnected System (SIC) and energy is delivered to industrial and residential consumers in the area. In addition, it is important to note that the plant does not consider a dam.

This plant is in cascade with three other upstream existent plants, Los Quilos, Aconcagua and Hornitos, which have been successfully operated since 1939, 1994 and 2008 respectively. The project uses well-proven technologies for run-of-river power generation. The design consists of a diversion weir, a system of channels and tunnels, a penstock and a powerhouse with four turbine- generator kits. In addition, the project construction costs are about US\$ 37.0 million including contingencies but without financing charges. Of this, US\$ 34.0 million corresponds to the cost associated with the hydroelectric plant and related equipment and US\$ 3.0 million is required for the expansion of the current transmission lines that connects Los Quilos and Aconcagua plants.

This project contributes to sustainable development in Chile through:

- Use of local renewable energy resources (small hydro) to displace coal and natural gas thermal power generation in the SIC.
- Increased commercial activity through clean and renewable source of power.
- Employment generation in the 5th Region where the project is located.

The Chacabuquito Hydroelectric Power Project started its operations on July 1st, 2002 and began its construction on February 28<sup>th</sup>, 2001.

The total amount of emission reductions during this second monitoring period is 82,053 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>e.

**Table A.1. Implementation of the Project.**

Date	Key events
28/02/2001	The construction activities started
01/07/2002	Commissioning date
22/07/2002	Start of commercial operation
07/07/2007	Registration date
01/07/2002	Starting date of the first crediting period
04/11/2011	Starting date of the second crediting period

### A.2. Location of project activity

>> Los Andes, 5th Region of Valparaíso, Chile.

Los Andes is located 100 km north from Santiago (capital of the country). The hydro power plant is located in a small valley surrounded by mountains (Aconcagua Valley). The Chacabuquito plant is in cascade with three existing upstream hydropower plants (Hornitos, Aconcagua and Los Quilos). The location of the project activity is illustrated in Figure A.1.

Project coordinates are as follows:

32°51'12.35" S - 70°30'22.21" W ; Latitude: -32.853430555555555  
 Longitude: -70.506169444444444

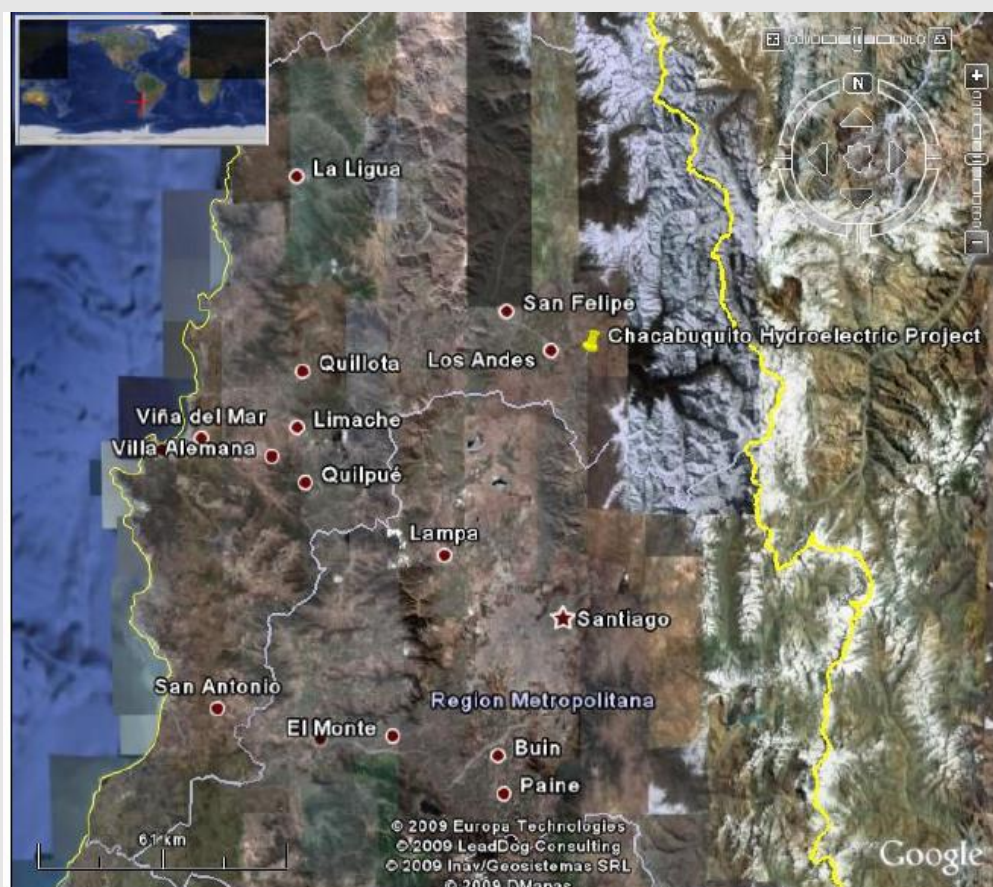


Figure A.1. Project activity geographical location.

### A.3. Parties and project participant(s)

Party involved (host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants (as applicable)	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
Chile (Host)	Hidroeléctrica Guardia Vieja S.A.	No
Sweden	Swedish Energy Agency; International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) as Trustee of the Prototype Carbon Fund (PCF)	Yes
France	GDF Suez	No

Netherlands	Electrabel S.A.; Netherlands' Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment (IenM) ; Netherlands' Ministry of Economic Affairs; Agriculture and Innovation (EL&I) ; Deutsche Bank AG	Yes
Norway	Government of Norway – Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Norsk Hydro ASA; Statoil ASA	Yes
Canada <sup>2</sup>	Government of Canada – Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Trade; International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) as Trustee of the Prototype Carbon Fund (PCF)	Yes
Finland	Government of Finland – Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Fortum Corporation; International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) as Trustee of the Prototype Carbon Fund (PCF)	Yes
Japan	Chubu Electric Power Co., Inc.; The Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc.; Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA); Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc.; Mitsubishi Corporation; Shikoku Electric Power Co., Inc.; Tohoku Electric Power Co. Inc.; The Tokyo Electric Power Co., Inc.; Mitsui & Co., Ltd.	No

#### A.4. Reference of applied methodology

>> The applied methodology is: AM0026: “Methodology for zero-emissions grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources in Chile or in countries with merit order based dispatch grid” (version 3.0)

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/DB/OOI7OYUFZOXN07H7EDBA9GVHJ4GK20/view.html>

The applied methodology refers to the following tools:

“Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality (version 3)”

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAMethodologies/tools/am-tool-01-v3.pdf>

<sup>2</sup> Party withdrawn from KP effective 15/12/2012.

## A.5. Crediting period of project activity

>>2nd crediting period: 04/11/11 – 03/11/18 (7 years, Renewable)

## SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

### B.1. Description of implemented registered project activity

>>The installed technology for the project activity implementation consists of a diversion weir, a system of canals (approximately 11 km) and tunnels (approximately 3 km), a pressure penstock, water fall of 137 m (134.58 m net water fall), a powerhouse and a high voltage line, and upgrade of existing transmission system. HGV has demonstrated a successful experience of construction, setting up and operating similar plants. The following Figure B.1 shows the project design.

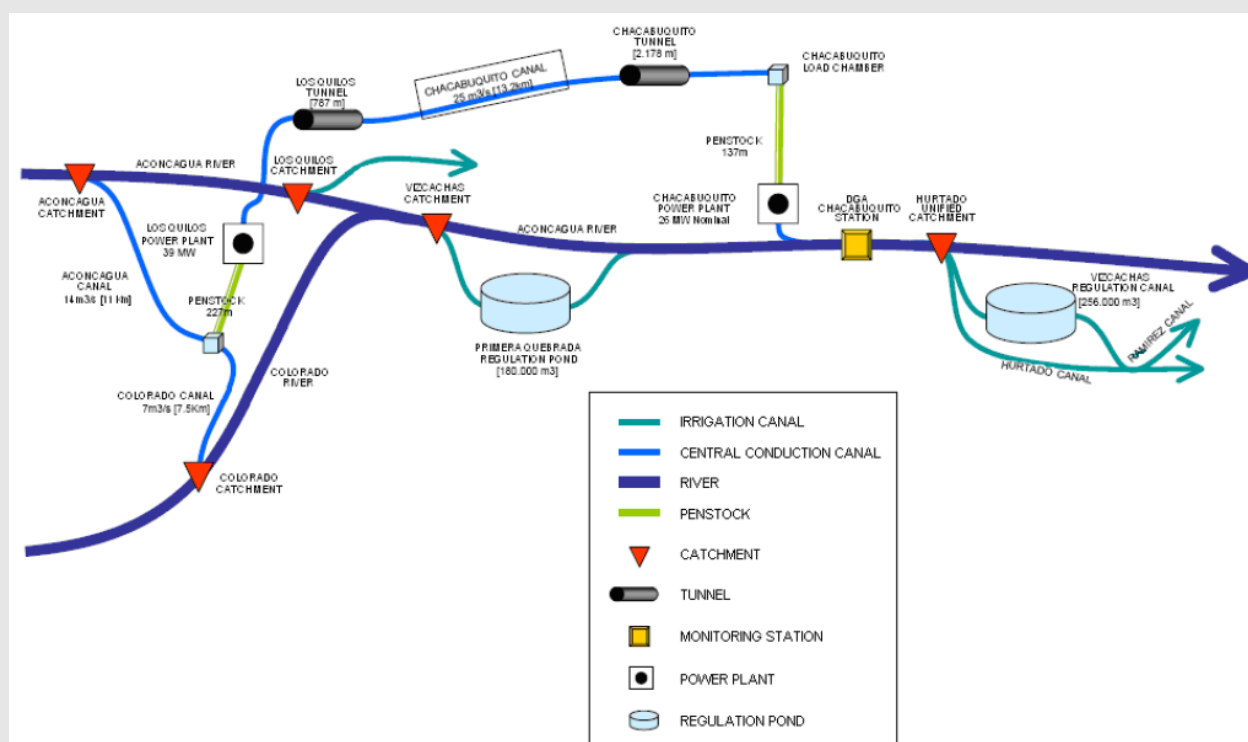


Figure B.1. Diagram of the project activity.

Canals, tunnels and the penstock will take the water flow from the Los Quielos plant through a series of canals and tunnels over a distance of approximately 10 km and 137 meter of water fall (134.58 meter net head penstock). From the Chacabuco power house, the water used for energy generation will be discharged back to the Aconcagua River in order to fulfil all authority requirements regarding water flow.

The Chacabuco Hydroelectric Power Project started its operations on July 1st, 2002 and began its construction on February 28<sup>th</sup>, 2001..

During this monitoring period, Chacabuco power plant has continuously operated with the following exceptions:

Table B.1. Special events occurred during monitoring period.

Unit	Start time	Start date	End time	End date	Details
Year 2011					

U1	4:48	12-11-2011	20:27	12-11-2011	Failure
U1	11:11	14-11-2011	11:28	14-11-2011	Failure
U2	1:00	01-12-2011	1:17	01-12-2011	Failure
U1	2:33	11-12-2011	8:43	11-12-2011	Failure
U2	2:33	11-12-2011	8:43	11-12-2011	Failure
U3	2:33	11-12-2011	8:43	11-12-2011	Failure
U4	2:33	11-12-2011	8:43	11-12-2011	Failure
Unit	Start time	Start date	End time	End date	Details
Year 2012					
U2	20:48	15-01-2012	22:58	15-01-2012	Failure
U2	13:48	20-01-2012	14:20	20-01-2012	Failure
U2	10:02	31-01-2012	13:00	31-01-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	13:20	31-01-2012	15:25	31-01-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	9:25	08-02-2012	11:35	08-02-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	9:35	08-02-2012	10:00	08-02-2012	Failure
U3	9:07	15-02-2012	11:30	15-02-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	5:37	14-04-2012	23:59	30-04-2012	Failure
U3	5:38	14-04-2012	10:54	14-04-2012	Failure
U4	5:38	14-04-2012	8:29	14-04-2012	Failure
U1	9:34	07-05-2012	18:02	22-05-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	13:48	23-05-2012	23:59	31-05-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	0:00	01-06-2012	21:26	01-06-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	10:23	09-06-2012	15:10	09-06-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	10:23	09-06-2012	15:10	09-06-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	10:23	09-06-2012	15:10	09-06-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	10:23	09-06-2012	15:10	09-06-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	19:33	10-06-2012	17:43	21-06-2012	Failure
U3	19:33	10-06-2012	12:00	13-06-2012	Failure
U1	1:46	13-06-2012	2:12	13-06-2012	Failure
U1	6:05	06-07-2012	12:54	06-07-2012	Failure
U2	6:05	06-07-2012	12:54	06-07-2012	Failure
U3	6:05	06-07-2012	12:35	06-07-2012	Failure
U4	6:05	06-07-2012	12:54	06-07-2012	Failure
U1	14:51	10-07-2012	2:36	11-07-2012	Failure
U2	14:51	10-07-2012	2:38	11-07-2012	Failure
U3	14:51	10-07-2012	2:36	11-07-2012	Failure
U4	14:51	10-07-2012	2:36	11-07-2012	Failure
U3	7:09	12-07-2012	13:44	24-07-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	18:30	24-07-2012	23:59	31-07-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	0:00	01-08-2012	16:40	08-08-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	22:12	03-09-2012	9:36	04-09-2012	Failure
U1	3:24	20-10-2012	22:57	20-10-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	21:02	31-10-2012	21:10	31-10-2012	Failure
U2	3:24	20-10-2012	22:57	20-10-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	3:24	20-10-2012	23:10	20-10-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	10:07	22-10-2012	18:00	26-10-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	3:24	20-10-2012	23:07	20-10-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	8:04	09-11-2012	10:36	09-11-2012	Failure
U1	7:44	10-11-2012	10:43	10-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	7:46	10-11-2012	10:44	10-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	7:48	10-11-2012	10:53	10-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	7:49	10-11-2012	11:05	10-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	8:03	17-11-2012	9:36	17-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	8:04	17-11-2012	9:37	17-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	8:05	17-11-2012	9:42	17-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	8:08	17-11-2012	9:44	17-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	12:31	22-11-2012	12:43	22-11-2012	Failure
U1	7:47	24-11-2012	10:08	24-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	7:48	24-11-2012	10:10	24-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	7:51	24-11-2012	10:14	24-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	7:50	24-11-2012	10:25	24-11-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	19:27	26-11-2012	22:30	26-11-2012	Failure
U2	19:29	26-11-2012	22:15	26-11-2012	Failure

U3	19:32	26-11-2012	22:20	26-11-2012	Failure
U4	19:34	26-11-2012	22:23	26-11-2012	Failure
U1	07:43	07-12-2012	10:07	07-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	07:44	07-12-2012	10:16	07-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	07:47	07-12-2012	10:15	07-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	07:48	07-12-2012	10:17	07-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U1	08:08	21-12-2012	10:25	21-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U2	08:06	21-12-2012	13:18	21-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U3	08:07	21-12-2012	10:32	21-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance
U4	08:09	21-12-2012	10:45	21-12-2012	Scheduled Maintenance

Events reported in Table B.1 don't have an impact on the applicability of the applied methodology.

## **B.2. Post registration changes**

### **B.2.1. Temporary deviations from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology**

>>N/A

### **B.2.2. Corrections**

>>N/A

### **B.2.3. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology**

>>N/A

### **B.2.4. Changes to project design of registered project activity**

>>N/A

### **B.2.5. Changes to start date of crediting period**

>>N/A

### **B.2.6. Types of changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity**

>>N/A

## **SECTION C. Description of monitoring system**

### **>> Management structure**

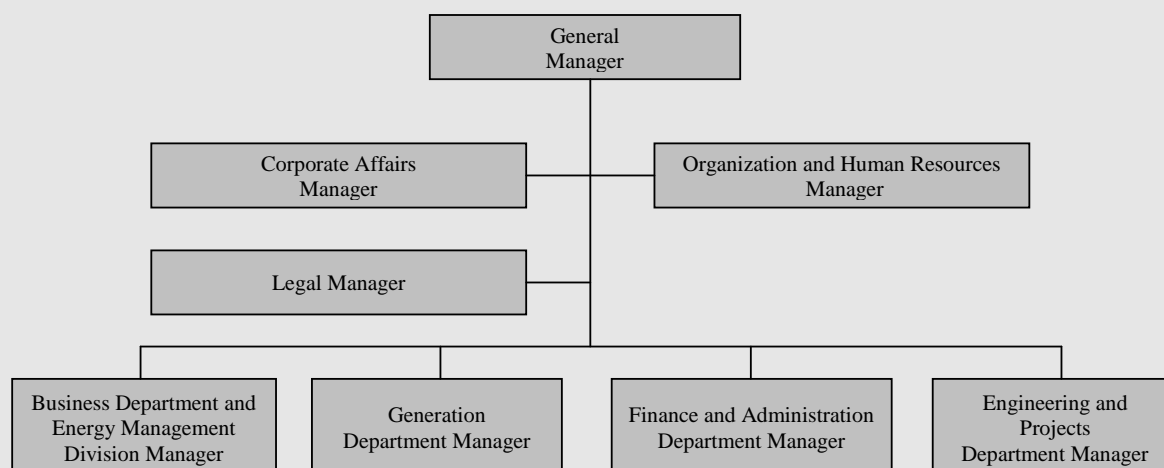
During year 2005, Colbún S.A. merged with Hidroeléctrica Cenelca S.A., including the assets that belonged to this company, which considered the set of hydroelectric power plants owned by Hidroeléctrica Guardia



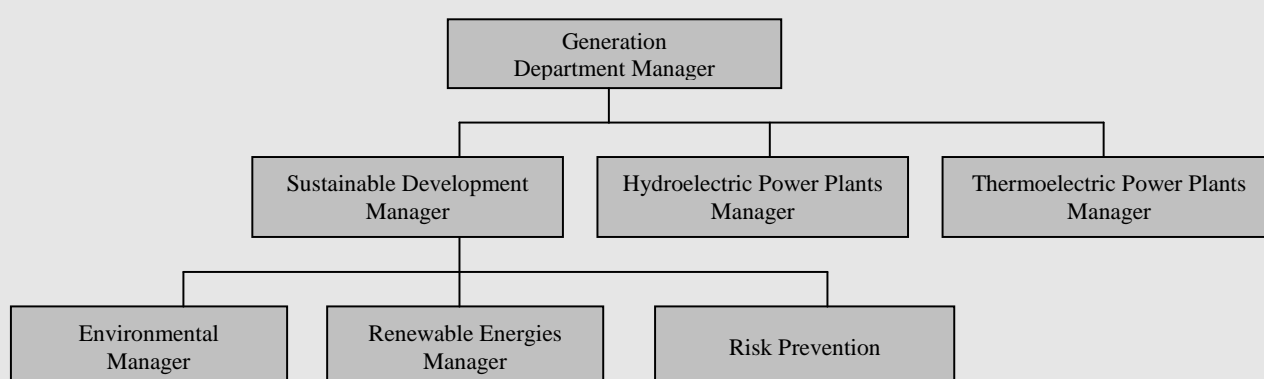
Vieja S.A.

Consequently, the administration, operation, maintenance, commercial aspects and environmental management of Chacabucito Power Plant is currently conducted by Colbún S.A.

In order to fulfil the commitments established in Chacabucito Hydroelectric Power Project Project Design Document, and the ones associated to the related Emission Reduction Purchase Agreement, Colbún S.A. has the following CDM functional management structure:



**Figure C.1. General Management structure.**



**Figure C.2. Generation Department structure.**

Under this structure CDM related responsibilities are accomplished as follows:

- Internal training:
  - I. Trainings related to specific operational procedures such as PO.17.Verification and replacement of energy meters and PO.18. Data collection from energy meters, established in the Management and Operation System Manual, and CDM topics are executed by the Sustainability and Climate Change Unit from the Environmental Management department.
  - II. Operator trainings are performed by a staff which is established by the Power Plant Manager (from the Hydroelectric Power Plants Manager department).
- CER's trading: Sustainability and Climate Change Unit, Environmental Management.
- Monitoring (data recording, measurements, etc): The responsible for monitoring data related to the CER's calculation are the Power Plant Staff (Operations), TI Management (from Finance and Administration Department Management), Sustainability and Climate Change Unit (as part of the Environmental Management).
- CERs calculation: This is performed by the Sustainability and Climate Change Unit (Environmental Management)

## Monitoring System

### Emission Factor Parameters:

The monitoring methodology involves the monitoring of the following:

- Electricity generated and fed into the grid by the proposed CDM project, and other CDM registered projects (data available at CDEC-SIC).
- Public data on dispatch of electricity and other relevant information from the CDEC-SIC. This data is used to calculate the emission factor for the operating margin based on a dispatch increment analysis.
- Additional data needed to calculate the operating margin emission factor consistent with the AM0026 approved methodology.

The project participant has developed a Management and Operation System Manual in order to establish all the procedures and responsibilities related to the fulfilment of the CDM related issues. This System includes all the procedures related to the monitoring plan, such as the monitoring and verification procedures, in order to assure the proper development of the activities of the monitoring plan.

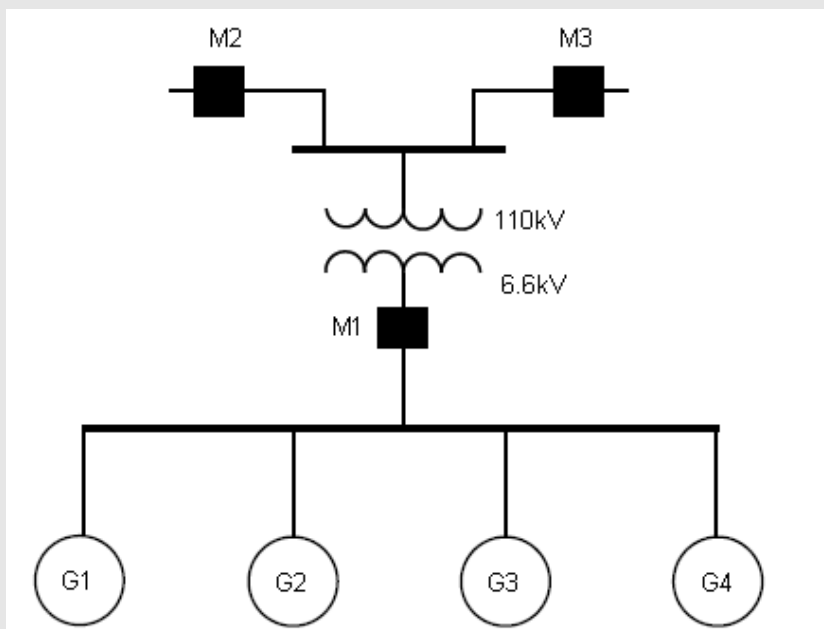
### Electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity

Chacabuquito project has three electricity meters, M1, M2 and M3. The electricity meter M1, which is located between the generation bar and the power transformer, measures the electricity from the four units. The meters M2 and M3 (main meters for the CDM monitoring plan) measure the electricity at the injection point. Figure C.3 illustrates meters distribution for Chacabuquito project activity.

As result, M1 measurements are regularly sent and validated by CDEC-SIC (see Energy Generation Data Capture Procedure section below). These measurements are used as quality assurance procedure for CDM purposes.

It bears mentioning that energy meters are bidirectional and therefore net electricity is monitored.

Electricity delivered to the grid by the project activity is calculated as the difference between net electricity measurements from M2 and M3 (please refer to Figure C.3).



**Figure C.3. Metering System.**

There is a person in charge of the measurement which function includes maintaining the entire data acquisition system (measurement equipment, data capture and to send the data to company's personnel). The operator will operate and coordinate the dispatch of the power plant with the CDEC-SIC and periodically will send the hourly generation data.

An automatic data acquisition and measuring equipment management system operates for the Chacabuquito power plant, monitoring, capturing and storing the data continuously. Then the data is

downloaded and an excel file is generated, which is sent to the operator. The spreadsheet received by the operator contains generation data acquired by the measuring system every 15 minutes. Once the data is received, it is integrated for calculating the hourly energy generation of the plant as an average of the four measurements each 15 minutes during each hour. Finally, the hourly energy generation from M2 and M3 is sent to the Sustainable Development department and M1 is sent to the CDEC-SIC as illustrated in the following figure:

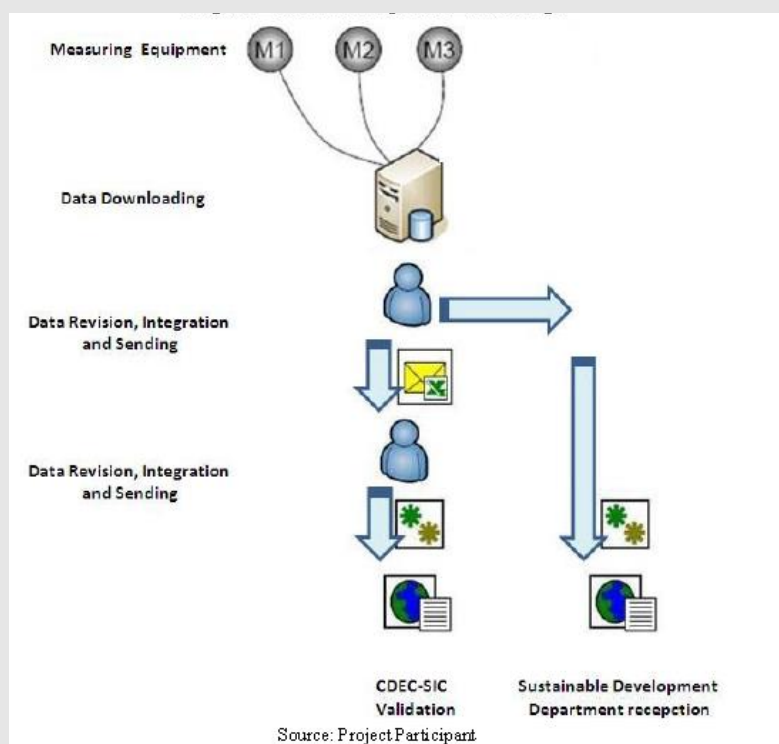


Figure C.4. Information flow.

### Emergency procedure

In case of failure of the main electricity meters, the secondary meter measurements are validated by the CDEC-SIC and used for CDM purposes. In case of failure of the secondary electricity meter, the sum of energy measured by M2 and M3 meters is directly sent and validated by the CDEC-SIC.

### Energy Measuring Equipment Periodic Verification Procedure

The verification is to be performed according to national standards (NCh 2542.Of2001), every two years by qualified and competent certifier, authorized by the national official organisms. If the equipment does not fulfil the Class 02, it will be replaced.

During this monitoring period, the meter verifications were made in the following dates:

Table C.1. Verification dates during monitoring period.

Date	Certifier	Equipment	Serial Number	Location
29/06/2012	Cam	ION8600	PT-0809A131-01	Generator (M1)
27/06/2012	Cam	ION8500	PQ-0502A117-03	Totalillo Substation (M2)
27/06/2012	Cam	ION8500	PQ-0502A188-03	Totalillo Substation (M3)

## SECTION D. Data and parameters

### D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EF<sub>BM,y</sub></b>		
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh		
Description:	Build margin CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor for the project electricity system in year y		
Source of data:	PDD (ex-ante value).		
Value(s) applied:	0.44810		
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions		
Additional comment:	N/A		

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>W<sub>BM</sub></b>
Unit:	%
Description:	Weight for Build Margin emission factor
Source of data:	"Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (v. 02)"
Value(s) applied:	75
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>W<sub>OM</sub></b>
Unit:	%
Description:	Weight for Operating Margin emission factor
Source of data:	"Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (v. 02)"
Value(s) applied:	25
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

## D.2. Data and parameters monitored

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Generation<sub>y</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Electricity exported to the grid by proposed CDM project, in year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	On-site metering system (same data submitted to CDEC-SIC)
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to emission reductions spreadsheet.

Monitoring equipment:	<p>The energy generation was monitored by two Power Measurement electricity meters located at Totoralillo substation, with the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>Meter M2:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type: Ion 8500</li> <li>• Accuracy class: 0.2%</li> <li>• Serial number: PQ-0502A117-03</li> <li>• Calibration frequency: At least every two years</li> <li>• Last Calibration 27/06/2012</li> </ul> <p><u>Meter M3:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Type: Ion 8500</li> <li>• Accuracy class: 0.2%</li> <li>• Serial number: PQ-0502A188-03</li> <li>• Calibration frequency: At least every two years</li> <li>• Last Calibration 27/06/2012</li> </ul>
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly measurement and daily recording.
Calculation method (if applicable):	Electricity measurements are taken automatically every 15 minutes. Then the hourly total is calculated. Electricity delivered to the grid is calculated as per net electricity measurements from e-meters located at Totoralillo substation (as the sum from M2 + M3).
QA/QC procedures:	Meter should have a maximum error of 0.2% and be calibrated every one or two years according to local standards for electricity transactions in CDEC-SIC. Monitored data is cross checked against electricity measurements at the generator of the power plant (M1).
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EF<sub>y</sub></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> e Emission factor of the displaced energy from the grid
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated based on formula f6
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculation based on official data from CNE's Node Price Report and AM0026 procedures.
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EF<sub>OM,y</sub></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh
Description:	Operating Margin Emission Factor for year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated based on formula f1 using CDEC-SIC data
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated based on formula f1 using CDEC-SIC data
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation. Calculation should be done after CDEC-SIC makes the data official (validation).
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EF<sub>j,h</sub></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh
Description:	Operating Margin Emission Factor for proposed CDM project j for hour h
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated based on formula f2 using CDEC-SIC data
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated based on formula f2 using CDEC-SIC data
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation. Calculation should be done after CDEC-SIC makes the data official (validation)
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>D<sub>(i,j)</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Energy displacement of the marginal plant "i" due to the proposed CDM project "j"
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated based on formula f4 using CDEC-SIC data
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A

Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated based on formula f4 using CDEC-SIC data
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation. Calculation should be done after CDEC-SIC makes the data official (validation)
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>d_i</math></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> e/MWh
Description:	Emission factor for electricity displaced D(j,i)
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	IPCC 2006 Guidelines and CNE node price report
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated based on formula f5
QA/QC procedures:	Calculation based on official data.
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>SFC_i</math></b>
Unit:	TJ/MWh
Description:	Specific fuel consumption per unit of electricity produced in the 'i <sup>th</sup> ' marginal plant.
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	CDEC-SIC databases and CNE node price report.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	This parameter is obtained by the Yearly Fuel Consumption and the Annual Generation of each power source (information available in CDEC-SIC databases). If this information is not available, the Specific Fuel Consumption is used, which is presented in CNE node price report. Estimated based on official data from CNE's Node Price Report. Verification procedure shall be applied based on historical data per fuel type.
QA/QC procedures:	Data is obtained from official reports. Historic comparison of each unit can provide data validation for existing and new units in the system.

Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	Values from official sources may be reported in other units, for example m <sup>3</sup> /MWh, kg/MWh, or others. As the data unit needed for the calculation is [TJ/MWh], the net calorific value of fossil fuel type i in year y (NCV <sub>i,y</sub> ) may be used for unit conversion, if deemed necessary.
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>NCV<sub>i,y</sub></b>
Unit:	TJ/mass or volume unit
Description:	Net calorific value of fossil fuel type i in year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default
Source of data:	The CNE Energy Balance Report includes Gross Calorific Values for the different fuels, these values were corrected to Net Calorific Values based on the IPCC 2006 assumption that for liquid fuels, Net Calorific Value is 5% lower than its Gross Calorific Value and for Gas fuels; Net Calorific Value is 10% lower than its Gross Calorific Value.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Conversion is made from Gross calorific values to Net calorific values as according to the IPCC approach mentioned above (in "source of data").
QA/QC procedures:	-
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>CEF<sub>OM,i</sub></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of fuel used in <i>i</i> <sup>th</sup> marginal power plant
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default
Source of data:	IPCC default values at the lower limit of the uncertainty at 95% confidence interval as provided in Chapter1 of Vol. 2 (Energy) of the 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	N/A
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>M</b>



Unit:	Number
Description:	Number of electricity generation plants on margin, that would supply to the system in the absence of the CDM projects in the system
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculation based on f3 and CDEC-SIC data
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex- post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	Estimated based on CDEC-SIC databases and AM0026 procedures.
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation procedure
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>N</b>
Unit:	Number
Description:	Total number of CDM projects in the system, where N is the CDM project built first and 1 is the last CDM project built in the system.
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	CDEC-SIC and UNFCCC registered projects for the country
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	As required
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	Data is obtained from official reports.
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>C<sub>j</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Electricity generated by j <sup>th</sup> CDM plant in hour h
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	CDEC-SIC
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly

Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	Automatic calculation procedure. Calculation should be done after CDEC-SIC makes the data official (validation).
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>A<sub>i</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Generation capacity of the $i^{th}$ plant on the margin during hour $h$
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	CDEC-SIC
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the ex-post emission factor calculation spreadsheet (2011 and 2012).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	Data is obtained from official CDEC-SIC databases
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>B<sub>i</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Electric energy of the $i^{th}$ plant on the margin during hour $h$
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	CDEC-SIC
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to Marginal Plants Data Base_mm.xls spreadsheets (one file per month, where “mm” refers to the specific month).
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Hourly
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	Data is obtained from official CDEC-SIC databases
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Oxid<sub>i</sub></b>
Unit:	%
Description:	Fraction of fuel oxidized on combustion
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default

Source of data:	IPCC 2006 Guidelines
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	1
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	As required
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	Official data is used
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	N/A

### D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

>>N/A

## SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks

### E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

>> Baseline emissions are calculated as the product of the energy delivered to the grid by the project activity and a combined margin emission factor of the grid.

The combined margin emission factor (CM), consisting of the weighted average of an operating margin (OM) and a Build Margin (BM) as stated in AM0026 (version 3).

According to the applied methodology for this second crediting period the BM was fixed ex-ante in the registered PDD. The ex-ante BM is as follows:

**Table E.1. Ex-ante Build Margin.**

Unit	EF <sub>BM,y</sub>
tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	0.44810

The OM emission factor is calculated ex-post for this monitoring period according to AM0026 (version 3) provisions as follows:

### Calculation of the Operating Margin

The OM emission factor from the project activity will depend on the actual generation data from the SIC. The dispatch data, to be provided ex-post by the Economic Dispatch Center (CDEC-SIC), will conclusively indicate the type of generation displaced by the addition of Chacabucquito in the generation mix in the SIC.

The monitoring and verification plan for the project utilizes the data provided by CDEC-SIC, CNE and IPCC.

The next diagram shows the complete process for calculating and assigning the operating emission factors for the Chacabucquito Hydroelectric Power Project:

Net Hourly Generator output from other CDM Projects and Chacabucquito  
(CDEC-SIC and Project Participant hourly energy generation data)  
(MWh)

Analysis of hourly dispatch from all units of the SIC to determine the Marginal Plant(s) that would be dispatched if the system is operated without all the CDM projects in the system (CDEC-SIC)

Calculation of emission factor of all operational thermal units of the system (CDEC-SIC, CNE report and 2006 IPCC manual) (tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/MWh)

Determination of the marginal plants and energy being displaced due to the operation of the Chacabuquito CDM project (MWh and tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/MWh)

Determination of EFOM of each CDM project as the weighted average emission factor of the Marginal Plant(s) not dispatched (or displaced) by the project (tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>e/MWh)

The Emission Factor of the operating margin is calculated by the Emissions Factor Estimation Mathematical Tool as explained above and in accordance with the following equations:

$$EF_{OM,y} = \frac{\sum_{h=1}^{8760} EF_{j,h} \times Generation_{j,h}}{\sum_{h=1}^{8760} Generation_{j,h}} \quad (f1)$$

Where,

$EF_{j,h}$  Operating margin Emission factor for CDM project ' $j$ ' for hour ' $h$ ', expressed in tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh  
 $Generation_{j,h}$  Generation of CDM project ' $j$ ' during hour ' $h$ ', expressed in MWh

The emission factor for the proposed CDM project ' $j$ ', in a system with  $N$  CDM projects, for a hour ' $h$ ' is based on identification of the marginal plant(s) that would be operated to meet the electricity supplied by the proposed CDM project ' $j$ '. The identification of marginal plant(s) displaced by proposed CDM project ' $j$ ' is based on the "first-built first served" principle. "Date of built" is defined as the date when the plant begins the dispatch of energy to the grid. In the case of the Chacabuquito project, it was the first power plant in operation in the SIC to be commissioned as a CDM project activity.

The emission factor for any hour ' $h$ ' for a CDM project ' $j$ ' in system is estimated as weighted average of emission factor of the identified marginal plant(s) that would have supplied electricity to the grid in absence of the  $j^{th}$  CDM plant. The emission factor is estimated as follows:

$$EF_{j,h} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^M D(j,i) * d_i}{\sum_{i=1}^M D(j,i)} \quad (f2)$$

Where,

$D(j,i)$  Energy displacement of the marginal plant ' $i$ ' due to the CDM project ' $j$ ', expressed in MWh  
 $d_i$  Emission factor of the marginal plant ' $i$ ', expressed in tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh.  
 $M$   $M$  is the total number of marginal plants that would be dispatched if the system is operated without the  $N$  CDM projects.

M is such that:

$$\sum_{j=1}^N C_j \leq \sum_{i=1}^M (A_i - B_i) \quad (\text{f3})$$

Where,

$C_j$	Energy generation of the CDM project 'j' expressed in MWh/h
$N$	Total number of CDM projects in the system
$A_i$	Maximum energy generation of the marginal plant 'i' expressed in MWh/h (equivalent to plant capacity in MW)
$B_i$	Actual Energy generation of the CDM marginal plant 'i' expressed in MWh/h

The difference  $(A_i - B_i)$  represents the maximum possible additional electric energy that can be supplied by the  $i^{\text{th}}$  marginal plant.

Energy displacement of the marginal plant 'i' due to the proposed CDM project 'j', is calculated as follows:

$$D(j,i) = \min \left\{ C_j - \sum_{l=1}^{i-1} D(j,l); (A_i - B_i) - \sum_{k=j+1}^N D(k,i) \right\} \quad (\text{f4})$$

Where,

$D(j,i)$	Energy displacement of the marginal plant 'i' due to the CDM project 'j', expressed in MWh
$A_i$	Maximum energy generation of the marginal plant 'i' expressed in MWh/h (equivalent to plant capacity in MW)
$B_i$	Actual Energy generation of the CDM marginal plant 'i' expressed in MWh/h
$C_j$	Energy generation of the CDM project 'j' expressed in MWh/h
$N$	Total number of CDM projects in the system
$M$	Total number of additional marginal plants that should be dispatched if the system is operated without the $N$ CDM projects

Where:

$$D(j,0) = 0 \text{ and } D(N+1, i) = 0$$

$$D(j,i) = 0 \text{ for all } i < m, \text{ s.t. } \sum_{l=1}^m (A_l - B_l) > \sum_{k=j+1}^N C_k$$

$$D(j,i) = 0 \text{ for all } i > m, \text{ s.t. } \sum_{l=1}^{m^*} (A_l - B_l) > \sum_{k=j+1}^N C_k + C_j$$

$d_i$ , the emission factor for displaced marginal plant, is estimated as follows:

$$d_i = SFC_i * CEF_{OM,i} * Oxid_i \quad (\text{f5})$$

Where,

$SFC_i$	Specific fuel consumption of $i^{\text{th}}$ marginal power plant, expressed as (ton of fuel or TJ)/MWh.
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- $CEF_{OM,i}$  CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of fuel used in  $i^{th}$  marginal power plant, expressed as tCO<sub>2</sub>/ (ton of fuel or TJ)
- $Oxid_i$  Fraction of carbon in fuel, used in  $i^{th}$  marginal plant, oxidized during combustion.

The marginal plant(s) are those power plant listed in the top of the grid system dispatch order during hour 'h' needed to meet the electricity demand at the hour "h" without the generation of CDM project(s). If no thermal power plants are needed to meet the demand without the CDM projects, then the emission factor of the marginal plant is zero.

The generation of Chacabuco is obtained from the metering system which follows a national standard of 0.2% error allowed on a kWh base. Hourly energy data obtained from the metering system is periodically submitted to CDEC-SIC as for all other generating units of the system.

The Semi-annual Node Price Report and the 2006 IPCC Good Practice Guidance provide all the information to calculate the emission factors for all the power plants within the Chilean grids. Node Price

Reports inform about the specific fuel consumption for every power plant, which are used together with the carbon content of the different fuels as reported by the IPCC.

Finally, the value for the Operating Margin (OM) emission factor calculated with AM0026 is presented in the following table:

**Table E.2. Operating Margin (OM) Emission Factor.**

Unit	EF <sub>OM,2011</sub>	EF <sub>OM,2012</sub>
tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh	0.60352	0.67506

### Combined Emission Factor

$$EF_y = w_{OM} * EF_{OM,y} + w_{BM} * EF_{BM,y} \quad (f6)$$

Where,

- $EF_{OM,y}$  Emission factor for operating margin power generation sources, in tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh
- $w_{OM}$  0.25, Weight for operating margin emission factor.
- $EF_{BM}$  Emission factor for build margin power generation sources, in tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh
- $w_{BM}$  0.75, Weight for build margin emission factor.

Using the calculated values for OM and BM and weight values exposed above, the combined margin estimation is calculated as follow:

**Table E.3. Combined margin.**

Year	EF <sub>OM,y</sub>	W <sub>OM</sub>	EF <sub>BM</sub>	W <sub>BM</sub>	EF <sub>y</sub> (CM)
2011	0.60352	0.25	0.44810	0.75	0.48696
2012	0.67506	0.25	0.44810	0.75	0.50484

The baseline emissions for the project are calculated as follows:

$$BE_y = EF_y * Generation_y \quad (f7)$$

Where,

- $EF_y$  Baseline emission factor, in tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh
- $Generation_y$  Electricity generated by the CDM Project in year y (in MWh).

BE<sub>2011</sub> = 0.48696 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh \* 32,317 MWh = 15,737 tCO<sub>2e</sub>  
 BE<sub>2012</sub> = 0.50484 tCO<sub>2</sub>/MWh \* 131,361 MWh = 66,316 tCO<sub>2e</sub>

## E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks

>> According to the applied methodology AM0026 version 03, this project activity does not consider project emissions since it is a hydroelectric project with no reservoir.

## E.3. Calculation of leakage

>> According to the applied methodology AM0026 version 03 and the registered PDD, leakage is not considered in this project.

## E.4. Summary of calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Item	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2e</sub> )	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2e</sub> )	Leakage (t CO <sub>2e</sub> )	Emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2e</sub> )
04/11/2011 – 31/12/2011	15,737	0	0	15,737
2012	66,316	0	0	66,316
<b>Total</b>	82,053	0	0	82,053

## E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

Item	Values estimated in ex-ante calculation of registered PDD	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2e</sub> )	96,121	82,053

## E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

>> Emissions reductions achieved during this monitoring period are lower than the amount expected as per the PDD estimations.

**E.7. Actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks during the first commitment period and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards**

Item	Actual values achieved up to 31 December 2012	Actual values achieved from 1 January 2013 onwards
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)	82,053	N/A

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**Document information**

<i>Version</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
03.2	5 November 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in page 1.
03.1	2 January 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in section E.5.
03.0	3 December 2012	Revision required to introduce a provision on reporting actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for the period up to 31 December 2012 and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (EB70, Annex 11).
02.0	13 March 2012	Revision required to ensure consistency with the "Guidelines for completing the monitoring report form" (EB 66, Annex 20).
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