

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE)

Monitoring Report – Version 01
12th Verification

Monitoring Period: 01/04/2009 to 30/06/2009

São Paulo, July 2nd 2009

Sustainability_the key for the future



Clean Development Mechanism

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Biogás Energia Ambiental SA

São Paulo
July 2nd 2009



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Glossary

CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CDM-EB	Clean Development Mechanism Executive Board
PDD	Project Design Document
CER	Certified Emission Reduction
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
GWP	Global Warming Potential
CH ₄	Methane
EF	Grid CO ₂ Electricity Emission Factor

1. General Project Activity Information

1.1. Title and Registration Number of the Project Activity

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE), Registration Number 0164

OBS: the presentation of values in this Monitoring Report, including those used for emission reductions, are in international standard format e.g 1,000 representing one thousand and 1.0 representing one.

1.2. Short Description of the Project Activity:

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE) is a project designed to explore the landfill gas produced in Bandeirantes landfill, one of the biggest landfills in Brazil. This landfill is located in the metropolitan region of São Paulo, Brazil's biggest city and financial center of the country. With an estimated population of around 10 million citizens in 2000, São Paulo generates nearly 15,000 tons of waste daily. Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE)'s goal is to explore the gas produced in Bandeirantes landfill, using it to generate electricity.

1.3. Real Project Implementation

Bandeirantes landfill is divided into 5 cells, named AS-1, AS-2, AS-3, AS-4 and AS-5. The former 3 are the oldest ones, which operated from 1978 until 1995. Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE) has since its start been extracting gas from the newest cells, where there is still waste being disposed. Three main units can be detached: the substation, the degassing stations and the power plant.

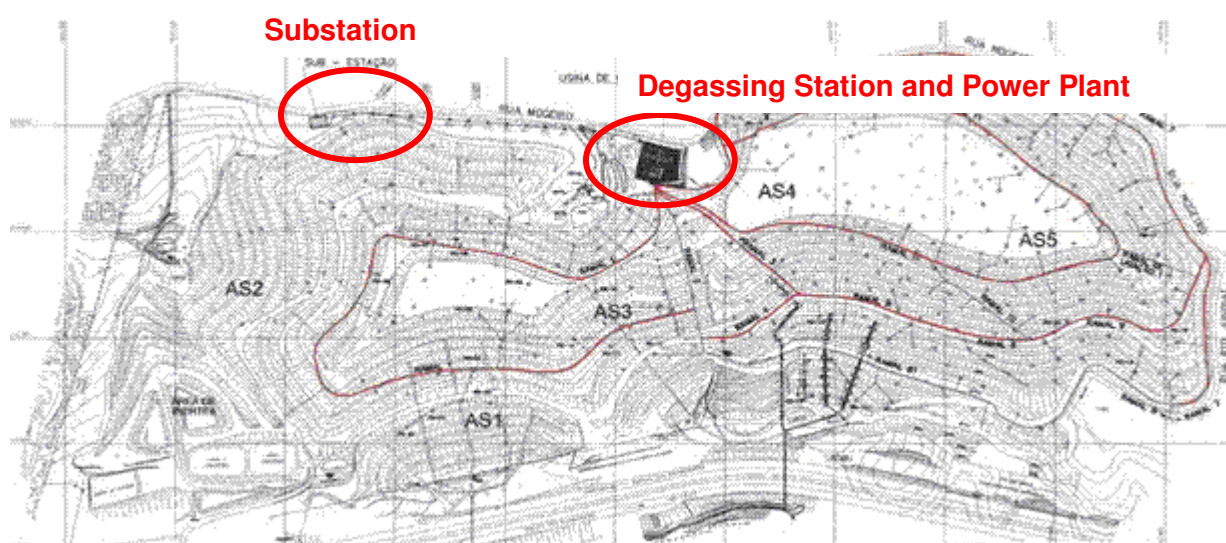


Figure 1-1. Bandeirantes Landfill Cells

The degassing stations are responsible for extracting the landfill gas from the landfill and transport it to the gas engines in the power plant. During the transportation, the gas goes through a treatment to allow its use as fuel for energy generation. Other functions of the degassing stations are: drying landfill gas by gas coolers; and measuring and analyzing the quantity and quality of the landfill gas for safety, process and operating purposes.



Figure 1-2. Degassing Station (A) and Power Plant (B)

The landfill gas cools down when transported from the landfill, resulting in a condensate. This is drained to condensate shafts, placed nearby the gas pipes. Once in the degassing stations, the landfill gas has to be cooled again to remove moisture. This is a very important step in the gas treatment process, since the condensate, which contains silicium components, could block the gas pipes and also damage the gas engines, due to the silicium. After this step, the gas is heated again through a second heat exchanger, or economizer, to a temperature of around 25°C, far enough from the dew point of 4°C to avoid further condensation.

Considering demisting is fundamental for the energy generation, as per the reasons mentioned in the previous paragraph, a demister has been installed for extra-safety reasons. The demister is a stainless steel high density filter which separates liquid particles (small amounts of condensate) from the landfill gas. This liquid is to be drained off to a condensate shaft as well.

The blowers are used for transportation of the landfill gas from the landfill to the gas engines, under correct suction and pre-pressure. Capacity and pressure are adjusted through frequency controlled electromotors. Moreover, the blowers are equipped with all the necessary safety equipment, including a noise reducing housing.



Figure 1-3. Compressors (blue) and dryers (metal)

On the pressure side of the degassing station, all kinds of gas analyzing and gas measuring instruments are present. These instruments are very important for safety, process and operating purposes. After the described treatment, analyzing and measurement, the landfill gas is transported as a fuel to the gas engines. These drive electrical generators in order to generate electrical power. An occasional surplus of the landfill gas can be burned off by the flares.



Figure 1-4. Turbine Flow-meter



Figure 1-5. Generators used to produce electricity



Figure 1-6. Flare used to destroy the surplus gas collected

For electricity generation, a total of 24 Caterpillar engines, nominal capacity of 925 kW, model 3516 A were installed. They will burn the gas and generate energy, which is to be sent to

Eletropaulo's – the electric distributor supplying São Paulo metropolitan region – grid, measured at the substation. This electricity will in fact not be commercialized directly; it will supply Unibanco's branches over São Paulo state.

1.4. Changes against the PDD

A revised Monitoring Plan was approved in order to reconsider the following changes from the previous Monitoring Plan:

- Installation of 4 new flow-meters to measure the gas flow to the power house;
- changes in the gas station's lay-out. This change was necessary in order to adapt the gas station to treat an increase of landfill gas collected (average 17,000 Nm³/h) – changes were presented in the Monitoring Report from the 4th Verification.

1.5. Monitoring Period

The monitoring period is from 01/04/2009 to 30/06/2009.

1.6. Methodology applied to the project activity

1.6.1. Baseline methodology

The baseline applied to this project activity is **ACM0001 – version 2: “Consolidated baseline methodology for landfill gas project activities”**.

1.6.2. Monitoring methodology

The monitoring methodology applied to this project activity is **ACM0001 – version 2: “Consolidated monitoring methodology for landfill gas project activities”**.

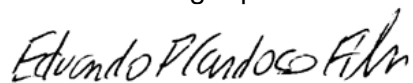
1.7. Changes since last verification

The following changes were identified since the last verification:

- Installation of 4 new temperature transmitters in flow-meters FIR300, FIR400, FIR500 and FIR600, in 07/04/2009;
- Installation of a new flow-meter FIR700, in 11/05/2009, which was removed and sent to recalibration on 29/06/2009.

1.8. Person(s) responsible for the preparation and submission of the monitoring report

This monitoring report was developed and reviewed by:



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2. Monitoring of the Project Activity

2.1. Monitoring Plan

The Monitoring Plan was developed based on **version 02** of the “**Consolidated monitoring methodology for landfill gas project activities**” – **ACM0001**. A review of this plan was submitted to the EB 36th Meeting and approved on 29/01/2008. The data to be collected or used to monitor emissions from the project activity, and how this data will be archived are presented below:

Methodology ID	Data variable	Data Unit	Measured (M) Calculated (C) Estimated (E)	Recording frequency	Proportion of data to be monitored	Data archivement: Electronic (E) Paper (P)	For how long is archived data kept?	Comment
LFG _{Total, y}	Total amount of landfill gas captured	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by a flow meter. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
LFG _{Flare, y}	Total amount of landfill gas flared	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by a flow meter, located in the gas line. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly. After the installation of the mini-blower, the measurements will be made by two flow meters – the first one was presented above and the second one located in a dedicated line connected to a mini-blower. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Total amount of landfill gas combusted in power plant	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by 4 flow meters. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly.



Methodology ID	Data variable	Data Unit	Measured (M) Calculated (C) Estimated (E)	Recording frequency	Proportion of data to be monitored	Data archivement: Electronic (E) Paper (P)	For how long is archived data kept?	Comment
								Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
FE	Flare/combustion efficiency, determined by: the operation hours (1) and methane content in the exhaust gas (2)	%	M / C	(1) Continuously, (2) quarterly, monthly if unstable	N/A	E	During the crediting period and two years after	(1) Continuous measurement of operation time of flare (e.g. with temperature). (2) Periodic measurement of methane content of flare exhaust gas.
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane fraction in the landfill gas	%	M	Continuously	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by continuous gas quality analyzer.
	Regulatory requirements relating to landfill gas projects	Test	N/A	Annually	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years after	Required for any changes to the adjustment factor (AF) or directly MD _{reg, y}
EG _y ¹	Net Electricity Exported to the Grid	MWh	M	Continuously	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years	The net quantity of electricity displaced will be measured by an electricity meter. BLFGE will measure the total electricity fed into the grid (via an electricity-meter).
EF _y ¹	Emission Factor	tCO ₂ /MWh	C	At baseline renewal	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years	This data will be updated at the baseline renewal, in accordance with the considered methodology.

2.2. Monitoring Equipment

The following equipment were installed in the Degassing Station, as per the revised Monitoring Plan:

¹ Monitoring parameters as per methodology ACM0002 – version 03 to calculate emission reductions due to the displacement of fossil-fuel based energy in the Brazilian S-SE-CO Grid.

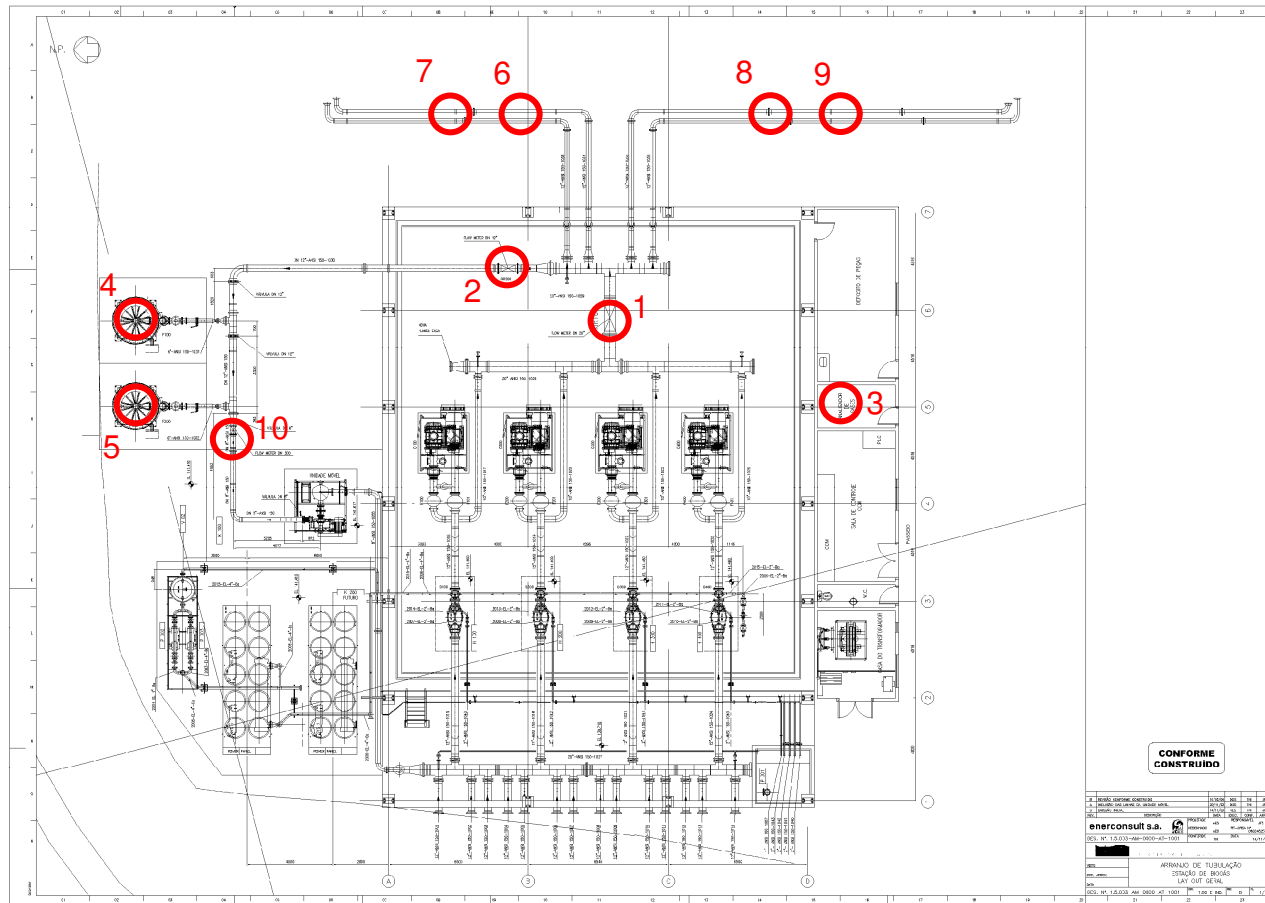


Figure 2-1. Lay-out of the Degassing Station



Method. ID	Equipment Number	Equipment	Location	TAG	Manufacturer	Model	Range	Error (%)
LFG _{Total, y}	1	Turbine Flow-meter ²	Main Line	FIR100	Instromet	SM-RI-X-K	800-16,000 m ³ /h	0.600
LFG _{Flare, y}	2	Turbine Flow-meters ²	Line to Flare F100	FIR200	Instromet	SM-RI-X-K	320-6,500 m ³ /h	0.300
	10		Auxiliary Line	FIR700	Incontrol ³	VTGEX-200	170-8,156 m ³ /h	50.64
LFG _{Electricity, y}	6	Turbine Flow-meters ²	Line to the Power House	FIR300	Incontrol	VTGEX-200	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.772
	7		Line to the Power House	FIR400	Incontrol	VTGEX-200	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.596
	8		Line to the Power House	FIR500	Incontrol	VTGEX-200	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.632
	9		Line to the Power House	FIR600	Incontrol	VTGEX-200	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.811
FE _{F100}	4	(1) Thermocouple	Flare F100	(1) TAC520	(1) Jumo	(1) type "S" L750	(1) 0-1,600°C	N/A
		(2) Chromatographer – analysis made by a Third Party		(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	
FE _{F200}	5	(1) Thermocouple	Flare F200	(1) TAC570	(1) Jumo	(1) type "S" L750	(1) 0-1,600°C	N/A
		(2) Chromatographer – analysis made by a Third Party		(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	
w _{CH₄, y}	3	Methane Analyzer	Analysis Room	A100	Rosemount-NUK	Binos 100	0-100%	1.000
EG _y		Electricity Meter	Substation	N/A	Merlin Gerin	Power Logic - CM 4000	240V/300V - 96mA MAX.	1.000

² The Turbine flow-meters installed are connected to a pressure and temperature transmitters, which allows the device to use those variables to make the conversion automatically to Nm³. Thus, readings from pressure and temperature were not monitored; however the errors from the transmitters were discounted from the final calculation.

³ The flow-meter was installed in 14/04/2009 but was connected to the PLC only from 11/05/2009 on, when it started to register the gas-flow, temperature and pressure.

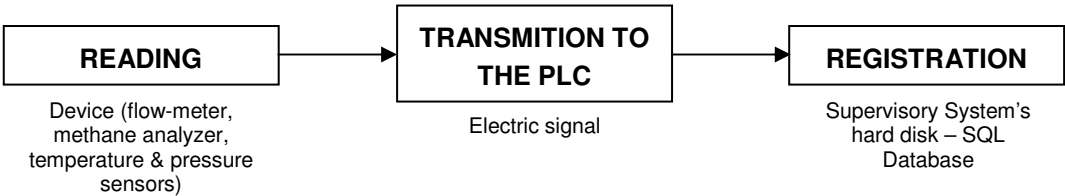
2.2.1. Data Acquisition

All variables monitored are controlled by an electrical control system. This control system is provided with a PLC (Programmable Logical Computer). All the measured process signals are processed by the PLC to output signals for the gas-coolers, blowers, flares and gas-engines. Also the system counts on a SCADA system (process visualization on a personal computer). With this system it is possible to control and monitor the installation at a distance, including through the internet.



Figure 2-2. PLC Controlling System panel

For each parameter operationally monitored, the PLC makes a routine of reading / transmitting / registering in the Supervisory's System hard disk as presented in the figure below:



Depending on the parameter, the frequency of the PLC's routine may vary, as presented in the table below:



Methodology ID	Equipment TAG	Reading Frequency	Transmission Frequency	Registration Frequency	Comments
LFG _{Total, y}	FIR100	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data accumulated every 1 hour is registered in the SQL's database, in Nm³; - Every 00:00, the PLC's counter is reseted; - The flow-computer installed in the flow-meter keeps registering the accumulated flow; - Every 00:00, the accumulated flow (in Nm³) is manually registered by the operators; - Every 3 hours, the operators perform the "Print-Screen" of the controlling system panel; - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and plant supervisor (monthly)
LFG _{Flare, y}	FIR200 FIR700	Continuously Continuously	Continuously Continuously	Every 5 minutes Every 5 minutes	
LFG _{Electricity, y}	FIR300	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR400	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR500	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR600	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	
FE _{F100}	(1) TAC520	(1) Continuously	(1) Continuously	(1) Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Temperatures below 900°C indicates that the flare is running out of the specified combustion temperature range; - A sudden decrease of temperature indicates that the main valve of the flare is closed and no gas is being sent to the flare (please, refer to item 3.1.1) - The methane analysis in the exhaust gas is made according with internal procedures from the hired company
	(2) N/A	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	
FE _{F200}	(1) TAC570	(1) Continuously	(1) Continuously	(1) Every 5 minutes	
	(2) N/A	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	
W _{CH4, y}	A100	Continuously	Continuously	Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - By the end of the day, an average of CH₄ concentration (registered every 5 minutes) is calculated. - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and plant supervisor

Methodology ID	Equipment TAG	Reading Frequency	Transmission Frequency	Registration Frequency	Comments
					(monthly)
EG _y	N/A	Continuously	Continuously	Every 15 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sotreq's PLC registers the accumulated electricity sent to the grid every 00:00. Data is compared with Eletropaulo's invoices. - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and Sotreq's plant supervisor (monthly)

2.2.2. Involvement of Third Parties

BFLGE has three third parties involved:

- Specialized company on gas analysis, to perform the analysis of methane concentration in the exhaust gas. For this monitoring period, Biogás hired CORPLAB, a certified national laboratory.
- Sotreq, the company responsible for the electricity production in the power house, using the gas from the landfill. Sotreq's PLC is responsible to monitor the electricity displaced to the local grid.
- ARCADIS Tetraplan is the company responsible to develop the Monitoring Report and is part of the quality assurance/quality control procedures.

2.3. Quality assurance and quality control measures

2.3.1. Internal Procedures and ISO14001

Biogás counts with the internal procedure SGA IT 4.4.6-26 which objective is to specify the monitoring procedures made inside the Degassing Station, as gas flows, temperature, pressure, electricity generation and methane concentration.

As presented in item 2.2.1, all parameters monitored inside the Degassing Station have the same reading / transmitting / registration routine and all routines have one person responsible: the plant supervisor.

Every week, the plant supervisor downloads all data registered from the PLC and make a complete check to identify unconformities, such as unread registrations or troubles with the PLC (this unconformities happens mainly due to electricity black-outs). All unconformities raised are promptly compared with operational events, registered by the operators in the Operation Diary. The event is informed to the Production Manager of Biogás, which is responsible for taking the necessary actions to avoid it to happen again.

In order to avoid data loss, the operators are oriented to register all gas flow data manually in proper sheets on a daily basis (0:00 hour), which are verified by the production manager weekly for legibility. Additionally, the operators are oriented to perform the "Print-Screen" of the control system panel of the PLC. The picture is saved in the computer's hard-disk.

Also, the BLGFE counts with a third-party, non-responsible for the project's monitoring: ARCADIS Tetraplan, which is the responsible for the development of the Monitoring Report. ARCADIS Tetraplan's role in the Project is to assure the quality of the registered data, through a double-check process, and to assure the quality of the calculation of ERs and is in constant contact with the Production Manager of Biogás.

Moreover, Biogás was certified with ISO 14001 in 21/10/2008, as per raised during the 1st Verification, in March 2006. With this certification, erros will be minimized through reinforcement of the procedures, such as:

- Document Control;
- Data safety measures (backup and sabotage);
- Monitoring Report Preparation (frequency, responsibilities, crosschecking measures, legal binding signature in monitoring reports,etc.);
- Data Spreadsheets;
- Error management (including software errors, material errors, etc.);

2.3.2. Organizational Structure, responsibilities and competencies

Positions and roles for this CDM project activity are well defined, according with the organogram below.

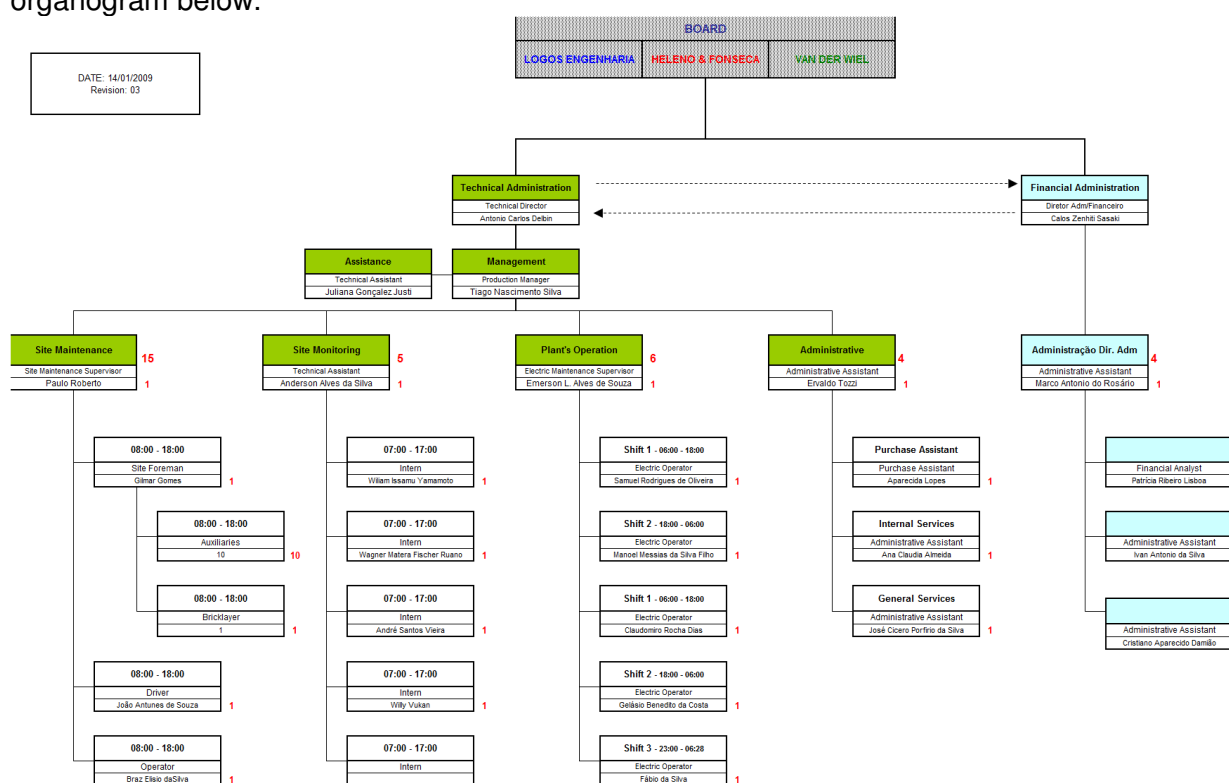


Figure 2-3. General Organogram of Biogás

From the point of view of the plant operation, positions and roles are defined. Duties, personnel replacement in the case of non-availability of the supervisor of monitoring and/or the eletrical supervisor and hiring requirements for job positions are determined in documented procedures, as presented in the figures below:

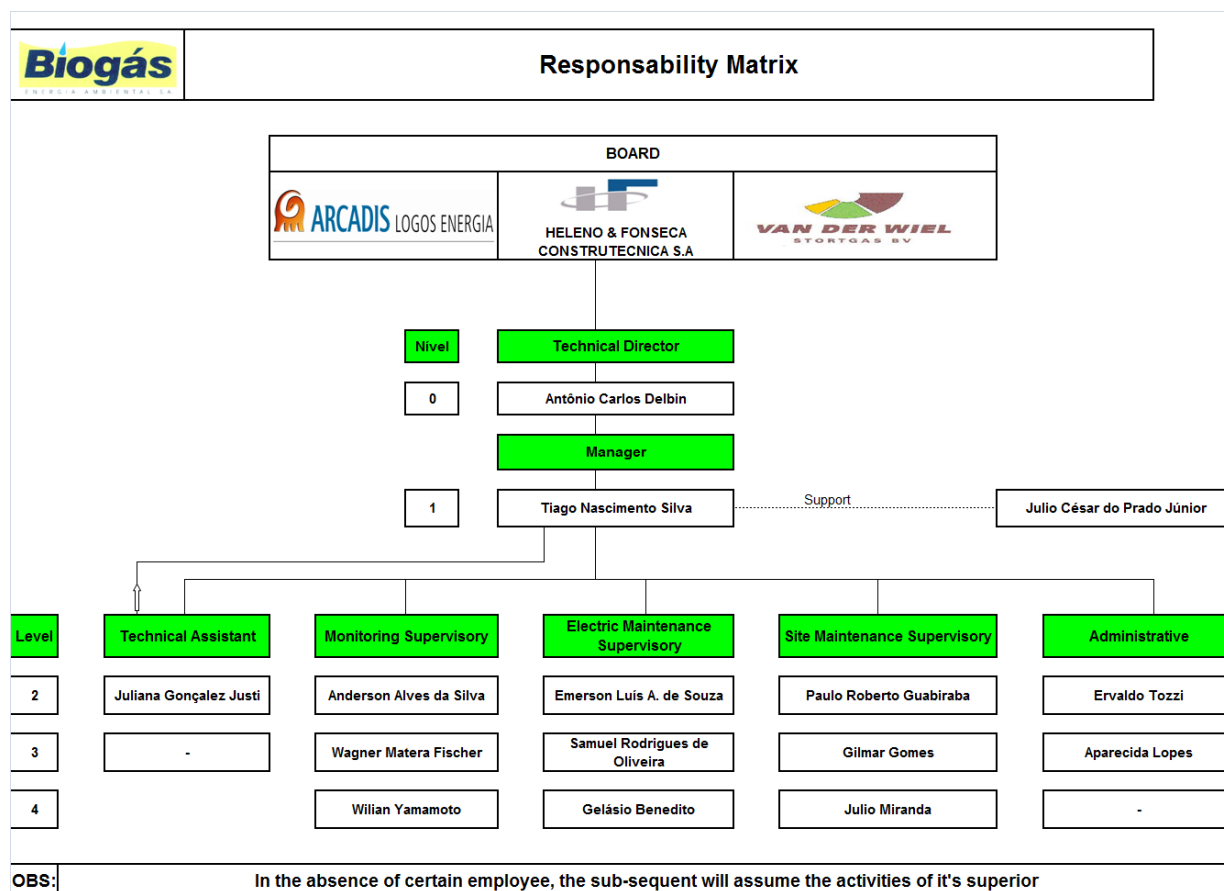


Figure 2-4. Responsibility Matrix of Biogás Energia Ambiental

2.3.3. Trainings

All training was supplied to operators and technical assistants before the project's implementation. The training certificates were presented to the Verification Team.

For this monitoring period, no new operators were hired.

2.3.4. Data Protection Measures

As all data registered in the Supervisory System's hard disk is subjected to sabotage and technical failure, Biogás developed the following actions to protect the monitoring system:

- The PLC is not connected to the Internet, thus the risk of virus is minimized;
- Only defined persons have access to the data base of the system;
- Antivirus programmes are installed at the system;
- Data backup:
 - A weekly CD backup of the Supervisory System's hard disk;
 - A weekly backup of the Supervisory System's hard disk is made by the server of Heleno & Fonseca (one of Biogás shareholders);
 - Van der Wiel (another Biogás shareholder) has radio access to the Supervisory System, via a CARS (Central Alarming and Registration System);

- ARCADIS Tetraplan downloads regularly the primary data for the elaboration of the monitoring report.

3. Application of GHG determination methods

3.1. Calculation of Emission Reductions

According with baseline methodology ACM0001 – version 02, Emission Reductions are calculated as follows:

$$ER_y = (MD_{project, y} - MD_{reg, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF + ET_y \times CEF_{thermal, y} \quad (1)$$

Where:

ER_y = Emission reductions achieved by the project activity during a given year y (tCO₂e);

$MD_{project, y}$ = Amount of methane actually destroyed/combusted during the year y (tCH₄);

$MD_{reg, y}$ = Amount of methane that would have been destroyed/combusted during the year y in the absence of the project activity (tCH₄);

GWP_{CH_4} = Global Warming Potential value for methane (tCO₂e/tCH₄);

EG_y = Net quantity of electricity displaced during the year y (MWh)

$CEF_{electricity, y}$ = CO₂ emissions intensity of the electricity displaced (tCO₂e/MWh)

ET_y = Quantity of thermal energy displaced during the year y (TJ)

$CEF_{thermal, y}$ = CO₂ emissions intensity of the thermal energy displaced (tCO₂e/TJ).

$MD_{project, y}$ is calculated as the sum of methane flow destroyed in the flares, in the power house and in the heat generation, as follows:

$$MD_{project, y} = MD_{flared, y} + MD_{electricity, y} + MD_{thermal, y} \quad (2)$$

Where:

$MD_{flared, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed in the flares in year y (tCH₄)

$MD_{electricity, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed by the generation of electricity y (tCH₄);

$MD_{thermal, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed for the generation of thermal energy in year y (tCH₄)

As the BLFGE does not use the methane to generate thermal energy, $MD_{thermal, y} = 0$.

$MD_{flared, y}$ is calculated as follows:

$$MD_{flared, y} = LFG_{flared, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times FE \quad (3)$$

Where:

$MD_{flared, y}$ = Quantity of methane destroyed by flaring (tCH₄);

$LFG_{flared, y}$ = Quantity of landfill gas flared during the year measured in cubic meters (Nm³);

$w_{CH_4, y}$ = Average methane fraction of the landfill gas as measured during the year and expressed as a fraction (m³_{CH₄}/m³LFG)

FE = Flare efficiency (%);

D_{CH_4} = Methane density expressed in tonnes of methane per cubic meter of methane (tCH₄/m³_{CH₄});

$MD_{electricity, y}$ is calculated as follows:

$$MD_{electricity, y} = LFG_{electricity, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \quad (4)$$

Where:

$MD_{electricity, y}$ = Quantity of methane destroyed by generation of electricity (tCH₄);

$LFG_{flare, y}$ = quantity of landfill gas fed into electricity generator (Nm³);

$w_{CH_4, y}$ = Average methane fraction of the landfill gas as measured during the year and expressed as a fraction (m³_{CH₄}/m³LFG)

D_{CH_4} = Methane density expressed in tonnes of methane per cubic meter of methane (tCH₄/m³_{CH₄});

Thus, $MD_{project, y}$ is equal to:

$$MD_{project, y} = (LFG_{flared, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times FE) + (LFG_{electricity, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4}) \quad (5.1)$$

$$MD_{project, y} = w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times (LFG_{flared, y} \times FE + LFG_{electricity, y}) \quad (5.2)$$

The amount of methane that would have been destroyed/combusted during the year y in the absence of the project activity ($MD_{reg, y}$) is calculated adopting an "Adjustment Factor" (AF), as no regulatory or contractual requirements specifying a quantity of methane destruction exists. As will be presented below, the AF adopted for the 1st Crediting Period is equal to 20% of total gas collected. Thus, equation (1) is updated to:

$$ER_y = (MD_{project, y} - 0,2 \times MD_{project, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF \quad (6.1)$$

$$ER_y = (0,8 \times MD_{project, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF \quad (6.2)$$

A detailed step-by-step of the calculation is presented in item 3.6.

3.1.1. Calculation of FE – Flare Efficiency

To calculate the Flare Efficiency, the following formulae were applied, based on the mass-balance (an Excel spreadsheet was evidenced to the Verification Team):

a) Calculate the volume of CH₄ sent to flares F_i ($Flow_{methane}$), measured by the equipment FIR_i :

$$Flow_{methane} = Flow_{FIR_i} \times \frac{\%_{methane}}{100}, \text{ where:}$$

- $Flow_{methane}$ = methane flow sent to the flare F_i (Nm³/h);
- $Flow_{FIR_i}$ = total flow measured by the flow-meter FIR_i sent to the flare F_i (Nm³/h);
- % methane = methane measured by the gas analyzer (%);

b) Calculate the volume of other gases (residual gases) sent to flares ($Flow_{remaining}$):

$$\text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{FIR}_i} - \text{Flow}_{\text{methane}}, \text{ where:}$$

- $\text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}}$ = flow of residual gases sent to the flare F_i (Nm^3/h);

c) Calculate the total flow entering the flare F_i ($\text{Flow}_{\text{Total}}$):

$$\text{Flow}_{\text{Total}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} + (\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times \text{air}_{\text{ratio}}) + \text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}},$$

where:

- $\text{Flow}_{\text{total}}$ = total gas sent to the flare F_i (Nm^3/h);
- $\text{air}_{\text{ratio}}$ = theoretical air ratio⁴;

d) Calculate the mass of methane in the exhaust gas (M_{methane}):

$$M_{\text{methane}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{Total}} \times \frac{\text{CH}_{4, \text{eg}}}{1000}, \text{ where:}$$

- M_{methane} = amount of methane remaining in the exhaust gas (g), calculated using the result of the analysis;
- $\text{CH}_{4, \text{eg}}$ = methane concentration in the exhaust gas (mg/Nm^3) – data acquired from the analysis form the specialized company;

e) Calculate the Flare Efficiency (FE):

$$\text{FE} = \frac{(\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times 0.7168) - \frac{M_{\text{methane}}}{1000}}{(\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times 0.7168)} \times 100, \text{ where:}$$

- FE = Flare Efficiency (%);
- 0.7168 = density of methane, at STP (kg/Nm^3).

CORPLAB made two analysis of the methane content in the exhaust gas of the flares F200 and F100 on 20/01/2009 (Flare F200) and 23/01/2009 (Flare F100) and on 23/04/2009.

Flare	January/2009 ⁵	April/2009 ⁶
F100	1.0 mg/Nm^3	0.5 mg/Nm^3
F200	3.0 mg/Nm^3	0.5 mg/Nm^3

Other parameters used to calculate the flare efficiency were:

⁴ $\text{Air}_{\text{ratio}}$ is equal to 5, as recommended by Hoffstetter, the flare manufacturer.

⁵ The values presented from the analysis of January/2009 correspond to the highest value detected among 25 measurements

⁶ The values presented from the analysis of November/2008 correspond to the highest value detected among 25 measurements

Measurement	Flow _{FIRi}		Methane %	
	FIR200	FIR700	F100	F200
January/2009	600 Nm ³ /h	720 Nm ³ /h	47.5%	48.0%
April/2009	8,400 Nm ³ /h	7,440 Nm ³ /h	46.0%	47.9%

The results were:

Measurement	Flare Efficiency Calculated	
	F100	F200
January/2009	99.9990%	99.9970%
April/2009	99.9995%	99.9995%

The flare efficiency adopted from 01/04/2008 to 22/04/2009 is 99.9970% and the flare efficiency adopted from 23/04/2009 to 30/06/2009 was 99.9995% (the lowest efficiencies calculated).

Monitoring of the operation time of the flares is made continuously by the PLC and every 5 minutes the instantaneously temperature is registered by the supervisory system. In order to guarantee the real destruction of the gas, the flares are equipped with an automatic system which can detect the existence of flame. The following operational procedure is applied:

- a signal of gas being collected is sent to the PLC, which sends a signal to a solenoid valve;
- the valve is opened and a small amount of gas is delivered to an ignition burner;
- the ignition burner ignites the gas;
- an UV-sond (part of the ignition burner) verifies the existence of a stable flame – if not, the flare is stopped;
- if the stable flame detection is successful, the UV-sond sends a signal to the PLC, which then opens the main valve, located in the entrance of the flare;
- the main burner is ignited and gas begins to be destroyed;
- after a few seconds, the ignition burner is switched off and UV-sond begins to monitor the existence of flame in the flare – if no flame is detected, the flare will be automatically stopped by a signal sent from the UV-sond to the PLC;

According with the manufacturer, if the temperature of the flare is higher than 1,350°C, the flare will be stopped automatically and if the temperature is below 900°C an alarm is indicating the operator that the flare is running out of the specified combustion temperature range.

If temperature decreases significantly from one registration to another (5 minutes interval), it means that the main valve is closed – the flare is stopped and no gas is being burned. It can be confirmed that no gas is being burned by the instant reading of gas flow from the flow-meters FIR200 and FIR700.

However, in some readings it was detected that the flare accepted gas, but with a combustion chamber temperature below 900°C. It happened because between a 5 minutes interval the

flare might have stopped and turned on again (p.e. the flare was stopped at 10:01 and tuned on on 10:04, not remaining enough time to register a temperature above 900°C). To discount the values below 900°C, the following procedure was applied:

- an hourly average of flares temperature was calculated, considering the temperature registers when the instant gas-flow was above 0 Nm³/h (flares are accepting gas);
- If the average temperature is below 900°C, the gas-flow registered during this certain hour is considered equal to zero and excluded from ERs calculation.

Proper Excel sheets applying the above mentioned procedure were presented to the Verification Team.

Moreover, the flares are equipped with an hour-meter, which measures the accumulated operating hours of the flares. Despite of not being registered by BLFGE's computer supervisory system, Van der Wiel, one of Biogás shareholders, makes the registration of these accumulated operating hours of the flares every 00:01 via a CARS, a system which allows Van der Wiel to have total access to the PLC of BLFGE. This evidence was sent to the Verification Team.

4. Monitored and Calculated Data

4.1. Table presenting the monitored data

For the whole monitoring period, the following table presents all measured data and the calculation of methane destroyed.

DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Elctricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	
01/04/2009	185.331	46,8430	86.814,6003	99,9970%	751	351,7909	351,7803	0	0,0000	0,0000	51.684	24.210,3361	30.306	14.196,2395	47.594	22.294,4574	55.531	26.012,3863	267,232
02/04/2009	181.971	47,1454	85.790,9558	99,9970%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	43.241	20.386,1424	35.208	16.598,9524	53.724	25.328,3946	50.033	23.588,2579	265,056
03/04/2009	166.788	47,9107	79.909,2983	99,9970%	18.392	8.811,7359	8.811,4715	0	0,0000	0,0000	38.271	18.335,9039	27.462	13.157,2364	45.726	21.907,6466	37.013	17.733,1873	215,968
04/04/2009	178.960	48,2239	86.301,4914	99,9970%	5.449	2.627,7203	2.627,6414	0	0,0000	0,0000	35.665	17.199,0539	48.137	23.213,5387	49.542	23.891,0845	38.786	18.704,1218	256,192
05/04/2009	175.387	48,3569	84.811,7162	99,9970%	1.458	705,0436	705,0224	0	0,0000	0,0000	47.184	22.816,7196	39.106	18.910,4493	60.422	29.218,2061	26.233	12.685,4655	260,544
06/04/2009	178.694	48,7243	87.067,4006	99,9970%	220	107,1934	107,1901	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.283	20.114,8527	35.666	17.378,0088	67.365	32.823,1246	34.245	16.685,6365	269,920
07/04/2009	180.533	48,8937	88.269,2634	99,9970%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	43.868	21.448,6883	30.419	14.872,9746	55.874	27.318,8659	51.462	25.161,6758	273,920
08/04/2009	188.929	47,6708	90.063,9657	99,9970%	144	68,6459	68,6438	0	0,0000	0,0000	50.051	23.859,7121	43.308	20.645,2700	63.824	30.425,4113	29.762	14.187,7834	277,984
09/04/2009	185.844	46,9541	87.261,3776	99,9970%	374	175,6083	175,6030	0	0,0000	0,0000	54.089	25.397,0031	29.193	13.707,3104	69.304	32.541,0694	33.303	15.637,1239	272,064
10/04/2009	184.034	47,0656	86.616,7063	99,9970%	1.388	653,2705	653,2509	0	0,0000	0,0000	62.204	29.276,6858	28.385	13.359,5705	59.584	28.043,5671	33.700	15.861,1072	270,144
11/04/2009	174.593	47,6315	83.161,2647	99,9970%	546	260,0679	260,0600	0	0,0000	0,0000	56.110	26.726,0346	38.173	18.182,3724	41.276	19.660,3779	31.073	14.800,5359	246,272
12/04/2009	187.470	46,1416	86.501,6575	99,9970%	1.251	577,2314	577,2140	0	0,0000	0,0000	53.802	24.825,1036	37.710	17.399,9973	61.565	28.407,0760	33.489	15.452,3604	269,536
13/04/2009	183.493	46,6204	85.545,1705	99,9970%	45	20,9791	20,9784	0	0,0000	0,0000	34.719	16.186,1366	34.800	16.223,8992	70.846	33.028,6885	46.466	21.662,6350	266,400
14/04/2009	179.567	47,9472	86.097,3486	99,9970%	419	200,8987	200,8926	0	0,0000	0,0000	33.761	16.187,4541	48.941	23.465,8391	51.209	24.553,2816	49.808	23.881,5413	269,728
15/04/2009	186.667	46,7281	87.225,9424	99,9970%	540	252,3317	252,3241	0	0,0000	0,0000	44.499	20.793,5372	38.438	17.961,3470	40.298	18.830,4897	65.869	30.779,3321	271,136
16/04/2009	187.311	46,7687	87.602,9196	99,9970%	180	84,1836	84,1810	0	0,0000	0,0000	57.771	27.018,7456	33.807	15.811,0944	42.519	19.885,5835	54.731	25.596,9771	273,248



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION									Electricity Exported (MWh)
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600			
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm²)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)		
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	S	
17/04/2009	185.363	47,4020	87.865,7692	99,9970%	2.488	1.179,3617	1.179,3263	0	0,0000	0,0000	52.497	24.884,6279	29.282	13.880,2536	52.849	25.051,4829	50.429	23.904,3545	270,144	
18/04/2009	184.639	47,5385	87.774,6110	99,9970%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.726	23.163,6095	40.915	19.450,3772	52.861	25.129,3264	44.616	21.209,7771	273,056	
19/04/2009	180.559	47,3822	85.552,8264	99,9970%	3.561	1.687,2801	1.687,2294	0	0,0000	0,0000	46.652	22.104,7439	35.740	16.934,3982	45.335	21.480,7203	49.880	23.634,2413	258,496	
20/04/2009	184.962	46,8829	86.715,5494	99,9970%	658	308,4894	308,4801	0	0,0000	0,0000	43.753	20.512,6752	52.523	24.624,3055	48.703	22.833,3787	40.589	19.029,3002	268,864	
21/04/2009	186.315	45,9809	85.669,3138	99,9970%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	53.648	24.667,8332	37.545	17.263,5289	41.003	18.853,5484	55.500	25.519,3995	267,584	
22/04/2009	185.683	46,7618	86.828,7130	99,9970%	6.763	3.162,5005	3.162,4056	0	0,0000	0,0000	50.752	23.732,5487	39.910	18.662,6343	39.129	18.297,4247	49.412	23.105,9406	259,040	
23/04/2009	189.413	46,4281	87.940,8570	99,9995%	1.788	830,1344	830,1302	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.212	18.205,3865	52.726	24.479,6800	58.665	27.237,0448	35.002	16.250,7635	264,320	
24/04/2009	189.911	46,3614	88.045,3983	99,9995%	922	427,4521	427,4499	0	0,0000	0,0000	35.846	16.618,7074	63.086	29.247,5528	59.432	27.553,5072	15.669	7.264,3677	273,792	
25/04/2009	189.054	46,3486	87.623,8822	99,9995%	609	282,2629	282,2614	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.016	19.010,3417	53.572	24.829,8719	57.349	26.580,4586	54.702	25.353,6111	272,928	
26/04/2009	188.717	46,1982	87.183,8570	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.029	22.188,5334	42.834	19.788,5369	54.705	25.272,7253	62.810	29.017,0894	271,744	
27/04/2009	181.838	46,8152	85.127,8233	99,9995%	588	275,2733	275,2719	0	0,0000	0,0000	61.177	28.640,1349	17.156	8.031,6157	59.412	27.813,8466	50.374	23.582,6888	265,440	
28/04/2009	177.877	47,4371	84.379,6903	99,9995%	78	37,0009	37,0007	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.238	23.357,0792	26.652	12.642,9358	58.094	27.558,1088	44.116	20.927,3510	264,992	
29/04/2009	182.875	46,3666	84.792,9197	99,9995%	403	186,8573	186,8563	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.777	23.079,9024	31.205	14.468,6975	58.311	27.036,8281	43.859	20.335,9270	266,688	
30/04/2009	175.476	46,7104	81.965,5415	99,9995%	174	81,2760	81,2755	0	0,0000	0,0000	52.232	24.397,7761	31.232	14.588,5921	58.142	27.158,3607	32.060	14.975,3542	258,880	
01/05/2009	175.122	47,0788	82.445,3361	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	60.260	28.369,6848	25.854	12.171,7529	44.609	21.001,3818	42.927	20.209,5164	261,312	
02/05/2009	174.986	46,9972	82.238,5203	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	57.699	27.116,9144	27.925	13.123,9681	43.474	20.431,5627	44.703	21.009,1583	261,600	
03/05/2009	173.601	47,3128	82.135,4939	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	57.037	26.985,8017	27.901	13.200,7443	42.944	20.318,0088	44.336	20.976,6030	261,472	
04/05/2009	173.169	47,0569	81.487,9631	99,9995%	5.586	2.628,5984	2.628,5852	0	0,0000	0,0000	54.478	25.635,6579	27.304	12.848,4159	39.611	18.639,7086	44.358	20.873,4997	247,328	
05/05/2009	173.316	46,7201	80.973,4085	99,9995%	305	142,4963	142,4955	0	0,0000	0,0000	45.169	21.103,0019	38.720	18.090,0227	34.530	16.132,4505	49.486	23.119,9086	248,608	
06/05/2009	175.958	46,2961	81.461,6916	99,9995%	166	76,8515	76,8511	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.238	22.332,3127	37.582	17.399,0003	43.150	19.976,7671	45.523	21.075,3736	258,048	
07/05/2009	174.557	46,2281	80.694,3845	99,9995%	867	400,7976	400,7955	0	0,0000	0,0000	52.377	24.212,8919	34.616	16.002,3190	45.917	21.226,5566	39.005	18.031,2704	255,392	
08/05/2009	177.186	46,9541	83.196,0916	99,9995%	753	353,5643	353,5625	0	0,0000	0,0000	52.947	24.860,7873	25.020	11.747,9158	53.225	24.991,3197	45.068	21.161,2737	261,120	
09/05/2009	177.814	47,0850	83.723,7219	99,9995%	586	275,9181	275,9167	0	0,0000	0,0000	36.853	17.352,2350	44.380	20.896,3230	36.677	17.269,3654	59.192	27.870,5532	263,264	
10/05/2009	177.215	47,1538	83.563,6066	99,9995%	311	146,6483	146,6475	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.831	23.025,6720	25.476	12.012,9020	40.858	19.266,0996	61.414	28.959,0347	261,440	
11/05/2009	176.972	47,0864	83.329,7438	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	45.436	21.394,1767	38.426	18.093,4200	53.371	25.130,4825	33.306	15.682,5963	261,984	
12/05/2009	176.148	47,1947	83.132,5201	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	38.164	18.011,3853	36.725	17.332,2535	54.155	25.558,2897	42.958	20.273,8992	261,408	



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Eletricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm²)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	
13/05/2009	180.197	46,7958	84.324,6277	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.063	18.279,8433	35.102	16.426,2617	48.665	22.773,1760	53.763	25.158,8259	265,632
14/05/2009	180.341	48,0052	86.573,0577	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	40.427	19.407,0622	41.229	19.792,0639	47.439	22.773,1868	44.794	21.503,4492	267,136
15/05/2009	178.684	47,8871	85.566,5857	99,9995%	164	78,5348	78,5344	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.545	23.725,6636	34.994	16.757,6117	44.002	21.071,2817	44.967	21.533,3922	263,840
16/05/2009	174.972	47,8093	83.652,8883	99,9995%	436	208,4485	208,4474	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.946	23.878,8329	29.784	14.239,5219	43.842	20.960,5533	46.233	22.103,6736	253,440
17/05/2009	169.789	48,5482	82.429,5032	99,9995%	218	105,8350	105,8344	0	0,0000	0,0000	44.768	21.734,0581	32.389	15.724,2764	38.714	18.794,9501	48.257	23.427,9048	247,904
18/05/2009	170.847	48,4753	82.818,5957	99,9995%	388	188,0841	188,0831	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.036	18.922,8181	29.157	14.133,9432	52.225	25.316,2254	46.590	22.584,6422	248,736
19/05/2009	172.991	48,1711	83.331,6676	99,9995%	2.578	1.241,8509	1.241,8446	0	0,0000	0,0000	46.803	22.545,5199	32.825	15.812,1635	35.403	17.054,0145	49.670	23.926,5853	247,616
20/05/2009	175.068	46,2718	81.007,1148	99,9995%	247	114,2913	114,2907	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.250	19.087,1175	38.268	17.707,2924	42.254	19.551,6863	47.110	21.798,6449	251,648
21/05/2009	171.656	45,9204	78.825,1218	99,9995%	54	24,7970	24,7968	0	0,0000	0,0000	31.366	14.403,3926	45.057	20.690,3546	44.031	20.219,2113	45.048	20.686,2217	249,536
22/05/2009	162.847	46,6659	75.994,0181	99,9995%	389	181,5303	181,5293	0	0,0000	0,0000	33.070	15.432,4131	33.536	15.649,8762	47.299	22.072,5040	44.348	20.695,3933	239,328
23/05/2009	165.480	46,5270	76.992,8796	99,9995%	1.125	523,4287	523,4260	0	0,0000	0,0000	36.984	17.207,5456	32.727	15.226,8912	50.007	23.266,7568	40.392	18.793,1858	239,648
24/05/2009	163.112	47,0482	76.741,2599	99,9995%	322	151,4952	151,4944	0	0,0000	0,0000	37.274	17.536,7460	27.833	13.094,9255	39.202	18.443,8353	56.354	26.513,5426	243,456
25/05/2009	163.289	46,7968	76.414,0267	99,9995%	312	146,0060	146,0052	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.324	19.338,3096	33.393	15.626,8554	45.527	21.305,1791	38.131	17.844,0878	243,264
26/05/2009	161.413	46,5194	75.088,3591	99,9995%	350	162,8179	162,8170	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.482	22.553,5355	27.187	12.647,2292	53.272	24.781,8147	28.338	13.182,6675	239,584
27/05/2009	160.376	46,4815	74.545,1704	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.264	22.898,6461	24.677	11.470,2397	42.338	19.679,3374	40.448	18.800,8371	238,272
28/05/2009	161.700	46,3038	74.873,2446	99,9995%	1.779	823,7446	823,7404	0	0,0000	0,0000	59.657	27.623,4579	37.137	17.195,8422	28.702	13.290,1166	24.700	11.437,0386	236,000
29/05/2009	165.231	46,0968	76.166,2036	99,9995%	576	265,5175	265,5161	0	0,0000	0,0000	65.974	30.411,9028	34.793	16.038,4596	39.850	18.369,5748	14.589	6.725,0621	242,816
30/05/2009	164.897	46,6670	76.952,4829	99,9995%	472	220,2682	220,2670	0	0,0000	0,0000	59.680	27.850,8656	27.525	12.845,0917	50.110	23.384,8337	21.035	9.816,4034	246,624
31/05/2009	164.610	46,5982	76.705,2970	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	59.432	27.694,2422	25.862	12.051,2264	47.918	22.328,9254	26.692	12.437,9915	248,640
01/06/2009	160.894	46,4156	74.679,9154	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	46.970	21.801,4073	34.233	15.889,4523	51.075	23.706,7677	23.074	10.709,9355	240,224
02/06/2009	156.822	46,5545	73.007,6979	99,9995%	1.638	762,5627	762,5588	0	0,0000	0,0000	34.404	16.016,6101	34.798	16.200,0349	51.794	24.112,4377	29.286	13.633,9508	228,416
03/06/2009	152.110	46,9093	71.353,7362	99,9995%	555	260,3466	260,3452	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.645	18.597,1919	27.756	13.020,1453	51.510	24.162,9804	28.038	13.152,4295	222,912
04/06/2009	134.277	47,0548	63.183,7737	99,9995%	5.046	2.374,3852	2.374,3733	4.653	2.189,4598	2.189,4488	28.900	13.598,8372	32.436	15.262,6949	40.618	19.112,7186	18.778	8.835,9503	192,384
05/06/2009	155.045	47,3045	73.343,2620	99,9995%	2.694	1.274,3832	1.274,3768	0	0,0000	0,0000	32.166	15.215,9654	50.270	23.779,9721	37.092	17.546,1851	18.679	8.836,0075	221,536
06/06/2009	102.718	47,0463	48.325,0184	99,9995%	706	332,1468	332,1451	0	0,0000	0,0000	32.323	15.206,7755	41.405	19.479,5205	16.255	7.647,3760	0	0,0000	161,088
07/06/2009	143.333	47,3908	67.926,6553	99,9995%	4.043	1.916,0100	1.916,0004	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.938	19.874,7537	42.329	20.060,0517	35.410	16.781,0822	8.901	4.218,2551	215,392



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Eletricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	
A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	S	
08/06/2009	150.867	47,4177	71.537,6614	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	26.953	12.780,4926	33.639	15.950,8401	59.817	28.363,8456	24.801	11.760,0637	226,112
09/06/2009	147.919	47,7951	70.698,0339	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	35.036	16.745,4912	24.239	11.585,0542	50.540	24.155,6435	34.878	16.669,9749	226,496
10/06/2009	151.591	47,4444	71.921,4404	99,9995%	422	200,2153	200,2142	0	0,0000	0,0000	34.608	16.419,5579	16.925	8.029,9647	55.605	26.381,4586	43.423	20.601,7818	229,728
11/06/2009	141.863	49,9013	70.791,4812	99,9995%	5.056	2.523,0097	2.522,9970	0	0,0000	0,0000	30.682	15.310,7168	25.244	12.597,0841	32.795	16.365,1313	43.214	21.564,3477	212,448
12/06/2009	148.781	49,0239	72.938,2486	99,9995%	514	251,9828	251,9815	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.906	19.563,4775	30.247	14.828,2590	51.042	25.022,7790	20.978	10.284,2337	231,968
13/06/2009	147.717	48,7524	72.015,5827	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	46.659	22.747,3823	35.258	17.189,1211	43.517	21.215,5819	13.742	6.699,5548	229,888
14/06/2009	140.879	49,0784	69.141,1591	99,9995%	3.204	1.572,4719	1.572,4640	0	0,0000	0,0000	43.812	21.502,2286	33.075	16.232,6808	39.446	19.359,4656	12.494	6.131,8552	209,568
15/06/2009	139.342	49,7364	69.303,6944	99,9995%	7.619	3.789,4163	3.789,3973	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.640	20.710,2369	14.550	7.236,6462	54.148	26.931,2658	17.281	8.594,9472	204,160
16/06/2009	158.398	47,6677	75.504,6834	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.420	23.080,7003	20.877	9.951,5857	37.600	17.923,0552	48.291	23.019,2090	242,400
17/06/2009	154.919	47,7197	73.926,8820	99,9995%	3.990	1.904,0160	1.904,0064	0	0,0000	0,0000	49.070	23.416,0567	21.066	10.052,6320	28.984	13.831,0778	48.162	22.982,7619	229,088
18/06/2009	154.511	47,9079	74.022,9753	99,9995%	2.881	1.380,2265	1.380,2195	0	0,0000	0,0000	63.220	30.287,3743	19.768	9.470,4336	21.846	10.465,9598	38.073	18.239,9747	227,264
19/06/2009	146.077	49,2767	71.981,9250	99,9995%	22.208	10.943,3695	10.943,3147	0	0,0000	0,0000	40.216	19.817,1176	11.115	5.477,1052	36.065	17.771,6418	36.323	17.898,7757	188,928
20/06/2009	160.919	47,1947	75.945,2392	99,9995%	3.627	1.711,7517	1.711,7431	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.930	18.844,8437	14.990	7.074,4855	51.784	24.439,3034	49.301	23.267,4590	233,728
21/06/2009	157.622	47,2642	74.498,7773	99,9995%	1.820	860,2084	860,2040	0	0,0000	0,0000	38.660	18.272,3397	23.832	11.264,0041	44.759	21.154,9832	44.097	20.842,0942	231,872
22/06/2009	157.383	47,2031	74.289,6548	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	41.717	19.691,7172	21.616	10.203,4220	48.496	22.891,6153	42.719	20.164,6922	236,928
23/06/2009	160.216	46,7618	74.919,8854	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	33.800	15.805,4884	32.501	15.198,0526	43.407	20.297,8945	46.004	21.512,2984	238,752
24/06/2009	161.178	46,4246	74.826,2417	99,9995%	0	0,0000	0,0000	0	0,0000	0,0000	32.325	15.006,7519	22.556	10.471,5327	61.517	28.559,0211	43.247	20.077,2467	239,520
25/06/2009	160.980	47,3590	76.238,5182	99,9995%	1.309	619,9293	619,9262	0	0,0000	0,0000	38.782	18.366,7673	27.504	13.025,6193	38.520	18.242,6868	51.174	24.235,4946	239,808
26/06/2009	157.147	48,3711	76.013,7325	99,9995%	217	104,9652	104,9646	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.949	19.323,7707	24.917	12.052,6269	29.389	14.215,7825	59.622	28.839,8172	238,464
27/06/2009	154.834	48,7708	75.513,7804	99,9995%	857	417,9657	417,9636	0	0,0000	0,0000	39.718	19.370,7863	15.040	7.335,1283	31.517	15.371,0930	67.727	33.030,9997	234,944
28/06/2009	151.536	49,7527	75.393,2514	99,9995%	842	418,9177	418,9156	0	0,0000	0,0000	57.340	28.528,1981	13.431	6.682,2851	31.096	15.471,0995	46.095	22.933,5070	233,472
29/06/2009	155.992	49,1562	76.679,7395	99,9995%	844	414,8783	414,8762	0	0,0000	0,0000	48.624	23.901,7106	22.109	10.867,9442	20.616	10.134,0421	54.570	26.824,5383	236,512
30/06/2009	158.708	47,8829	75.993,9929	99,9995%	3.592	1.719,9537	1.719,9451	0	0,0000	0,0000	47.865	22.919,1500	32.436	15.531,2974	21.937	10.504,0717	43.843	20.993,2998	227,744

Obs: the calculation of *methane measured* and *methane destroyed* was conservatively made, using Excel tool “ROUND DOWN” with four decimal rounds.

If during a certain hour the average flare temperature (F100 or F200) is below 900°C **and** the instant gas-flow measured by FIR200 and FIR700 is higher than zero, this gas-flow is excluded from ERs calculation.

Total Methane Destroyed in Flare F100 (Nm ³)	67.568,3542
Total Methane Destroyed in Flare F200 (Nm ³)	2.189,4488
Total Methane Measured by FIR300 (Nm ³)	1.943.002,4015
Total Methane Measured by FIR400 (Nm ³)	1.392.025,9208
Total Methane Measured by FIR500 (Nm ³)	1.993.531,2891
Total Methane Measured by FIR600 (Nm ³)	1.737.307,9860
Total Electricity Exported (MWh)	22.509,1520

4.2. Events registered

For this monitoring period, the following events were registered:

EVENT #	DESCRIPTION	HOW THE EVENT WAS CONSIDERED
01	In 02/04/2009, a new pressure transmitter from flow-meter FIR600 (duly calibrated by a certified laboratory) was installed and connected to the PLC, replacing the existing one.	From this day on, the erros from this transmitter were updated and considered in the ERs calculation.
02	In 07/04/2009, new temperatura transmitters from FIR300, FIR400, FIR500 and FIR600 were installed, replacing the existing ones.	From this day on, the erros from the respective transmitters were updated and considered in the ERs calculation.
03	In 09/04/2009, a new pressure transmitter from flow-meter FIR400 (duly calibrated by a certified laboratory) was installed and connected to the PLC, replacing the existing one.	From this day on, the erros from this transmitter were updated and considered in the ERs calculation.

04	In 14/04/2009, the new flow-meter FIR700 and the respective temperature and pressure transmitters were installed in the Auxiliary Line and was connected to the PLC in 11/05/2009. The equipment was sent to recalibration in 29/06/2009.	From 11/05/2009 to 29/06/2009, the gas-flow sent to flare F200 was monitored according with the revised Monitoring Plan.
05	In 12/05/2009, a new pressure transmitter from flow-meter FIR300 (duly calibrated by a certified laboratory) was installed and connected to the PLC, replacing the existing one.	From this day on, the erros from this transmitter were updated and considered in the ERs calculation.

4.3. Description and consideration of measurement uncertainties and error propagation

The readings from all equipments are subjected to internal errors from a standard value. These errors are measured and described in the Calibration Certificates, in terms of \pm % from the standard adopted.

All calibrations usually have an expiration date, however the manufacturers of the flow-meters and pressure-temperature transmitters are Europeans and there are no rule in Europe specifying the calibration periodicity. Biogás decided to adopt a 5 years calibration frequency for every equipment.

The errors and the date of the calibration for each equipment are presented in the tables below. As during the monitoring period, there were 4 events related to instruments replacement, erros were calculated in 5 Parts:

PART 01 (01/04/2009)

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 N/A	0.300 N/A	28/07/2004 N/A	28/07/2009 N/A
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.632 0.811	12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006	12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101 TTF201 TTF701 TTF301 TTF401 TTF501 TTF601	0.233 0.180 N/A 0.870 0.870 0.870 0.870	09/10/2007 09/10/2007 N/A 26/03/2009 ⁸ 26/03/2009 ⁸ 26/03/2009 ⁸ 26/03/2009 ⁸	09/10/2012 09/10/2012 N/A 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101 TPF201 TPF701 TPF301 TPF401 TPF501 TPF601	0.15 0.15 N/A 0.0337 0.0387 0.0381 0.0440	17/08/2004 17/08/2004 N/A 10/11/2006 10/11/2006 10/11/2006 10/11/2006	17/08/2009 17/08/2009 N/A 10/11/2011 10/11/2011 10/11/2011 10/11/2011
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009

⁷ Despite of not being included in the revised Monitoring Plan, pressure and temperature errors were considered in the error calculation as they are used to convert the measured flow to Nm³ (STP conditions)

⁸ No calibration certificate is available, as the same was not requested after calibration at factory, thus the Biogás decided to follow the recommendation of the verification team. According to the manual of the temperature transmitter PT-100 (manufacturer ASTA), the accuracy of the same is indicated with 0.5%. In order to be conservative, Biogás decided to use the maximum error identified in the calibration done for the follow up transmitters, namely 0.87%. The follow up transmitters are of exactly the same model, manufacturer and have the same characteristics as the temperature transmitters used for this given period.



PART 02 (from 02/04/2009 to 06/04/2009) – replacement of the TPF601

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 N/A	0.300 N/A	28/07/2004 N/A	28/07/2009 N/A
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300	0.772	12/12/2006	12/12/2011
		FIR400	0.596	12/12/2006	12/12/2011
		FIR500	0.632	12/12/2006	12/12/2011
		FIR600	0.811	12/12/2006	12/12/2011
W _{CH4, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101	0.233	09/10/2007	09/10/2012
		TTF201	0.180	09/10/2007	09/10/2012
		TTF701	N/A	N/A	N/A
		TTF301	0.870	26/03/2009 ⁸	26/03/2014
		TTF401	0.870	26/03/2009 ⁸	26/03/2014
		TTF501	0.870	26/03/2009 ⁸	26/03/2014
		TTF601	0.870	26/03/2009 ⁸	26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101	0.15	17/08/2004	17/08/2009
		TPF201	0.15	17/08/2004	17/08/2009
		TPF701	N/A	N/A	N/A
		TPF301	0.0337	10/11/2006	10/11/2011
		TPF401	0.0387	10/11/2006	10/11/2011
		TPF501	0.0381	10/11/2006	10/11/2011
		TPF601	0.0894	17/04/2008	17/04/2013
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009



PART 03 (from 07/04/2009 to 08/04/2009) – replacement of the TTF301, TTF401, TTF501 and TTF601

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 N/A	0.300 N/A	28/07/2004 N/A	28/07/2009 N/A
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.632 0.811	12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006	12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101 TTF201 TTF701 TTF301 TTF401 TTF501 TTF601	0.233 0.180 N/A 0.600 0.180 0.870 0.200	09/10/2007 09/10/2007 N/A 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009	09/10/2012 09/10/2012 N/A 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101 TPF201 TPF701 TPF301 TPF401 TPF501 TPF601	0.15 0.15 N/A 0.0337 0.0387 0.0381 0.0894	17/08/2004 17/08/2004 N/A 10/11/2006 10/11/2006 10/11/2006 17/04/2008	17/08/2009 17/08/2009 N/A 10/11/2011 10/11/2011 10/11/2011 17/04/2013
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009

PART 04 (from 09/04/2009 to 10/05/2009) – replacement of the TPF401

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 FIR700	0.300 N/A	28/07/2004 N/A	28/07/2009 N/A
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.632 0.811	12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006	12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101 TTF201 TTF701 TTF301 TTF401 TTF501 TTF601	0.233 0.180 N/A 0.600 0.180 0.870 0.200	09/10/2007 09/10/2007 N/A 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009	09/10/2012 09/10/2012 N/A 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101 TPF201 TPF701 TPF301 TPF401 TPF501 TPF601	0.15 0.15 N/A 0.0337 0.0643 0.0381 0.0894	17/08/2004 17/08/2004 N/A 10/11/2006 27/03/2009 10/11/2006 17/04/2008	17/08/2009 17/08/2009 N/A 10/11/2011 27/03/2014 10/11/2011 17/04/2013
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009

PART 05 (11/05/2009) – connection of the Flow-meter FIR700 and related instruments to the PLC

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 FIR700	0.300 50.64	28/07/2004 02/04/2009	28/07/2009 02/04/2014
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.632 0.811	12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006	12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101 TTF201 TTF701 TTF301 TTF401 TTF501 TTF601	0.233 0.180 0.647 0.600 0.180 0.870 0.200	09/10/2007 09/10/2007 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009	09/10/2012 09/10/2012 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101 TPF201 TPF701 TPF301 TPF401 TPF501 TPF601	0.15 0.15 0.213 0.0337 0.0643 0.0381 0.0894	17/08/2004 17/08/2004 27/03/2009 10/11/2006 27/03/2009 10/11/2006 17/04/2008	17/08/2009 17/08/2009 27/03/2014 10/11/2011 27/03/2014 10/11/2011 17/04/2013
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009



PART 06 (from 12/05/2009 to 30/06/2009) – replacement of the TPF301

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	22/06/2004	22/06/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 FIR700	0.300 50.64	28/07/2004 02/04/2009	28/07/2009 02/04/2014
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.632 0.811	12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006 12/12/2006	12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011 12/12/2011
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁷	Temperature Transmitter	TTF101 TTF201 TTF701 TTF301 TTF401 TTF501 TTF601	0.233 0.180 0.647 0.600 0.180 0.870 0.200	09/10/2007 09/10/2007 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009 26/03/2009	09/10/2012 09/10/2012 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014 26/03/2014
p ⁷	Pressure Transmitter	TPF101 TPF201 TPF701 TPF301 TPF401 TPF501 TPF601	0.15 0.15 0.213 0.118 0.0643 0.0381 0.0894	17/08/2004 17/08/2004 27/03/2009 06/05/2009 27/03/2009 10/11/2006 17/04/2008	17/08/2009 17/08/2009 27/03/2014 06/05/2014 27/03/2014 10/11/2011 17/04/2013
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009

Adopting a conservative approach on Emission Reduction calculation, the equivalent error calculated was discounted from the amount of methane calculated for each flow-meter, according with the equations below:

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR700}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR700}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR700}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR700}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR300}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR400}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR500}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR600}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2}\end{aligned}$$

OBS: the calculation of the error from FIR700 was considered only from 11/05/2009 on, as before this date the flow-meter was not connected to the PLC – thus no data was registered.

4.4. Calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y}}$

The calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y}}$ is the sum of all measurements from FIR200 and FIR700 made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the flow-meters, as follows:

$$\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y, corrected}} = \sum \text{FIR}_{200} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{700} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR700}}}{100}\right)$$

Applying the erros from the table below in the equations previously presented:

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}} &= \sqrt{0.300^2 + 0.1801^2 + 0.15^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.0701\% \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR700}} &= \sqrt{50.64^2 + 0.025^2 + 0.647^2 + 1.000^2} = 50.6541\%\end{aligned}$$

The measurements from the flow-meter FIR700 were considered only after 11/05/2009 on.

4.5. Calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y}}$

The calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y}}$ is the sum of all measurements from FIR300, FIR400, FIR500 and FIR600 made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the flow-meters, as follows:

$$\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y, corrected}} = \sum \text{FIR}_{300} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR300}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{400} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR400}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{500} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR500}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{600} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR600}}}{100}\right)$$

Applying the erros from the table below in the equations previously presented:

PART 01 (01/04/2009)

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR300}} = \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0337^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.5343\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR400}} = \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0387^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4539\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR500}} = \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4960\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR600}} = \sqrt{0.811^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0440^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.5546\%$$

PART 02 (from 02/04/2009 to 06/04/2009) – replacement of TPF601

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR300}} = \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0337^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.5343\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR400}} = \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0387^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4539\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR500}} = \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4960\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR600}} = \sqrt{0.811^2 + 0.870^2 + 0.0894^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.5565\%$$

PART 03 (from 07/04/2009 to 08/04/2009) – replacement of the TTF301, TTF401, TTF501 and TTF601

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR300}} = \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.5992^2 + 0.0337^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3987\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR400}} = \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.1774^2 + 0.0387^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.1783\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR500}} = \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.8716^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4699\%$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{\text{FIR600}} = \sqrt{0.811^2 + 0.1997^2 + 0.0858^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3058\%$$

PART 04 (from 09/04/2009 to 10/05/2009) – replacement of the TPF401

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR300}} = \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.5992^2 + 0.0337^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3987\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR400}} = \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.1774^2 + 0.0643^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.1794\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR500}} = \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.8716^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4699\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR600}} = \sqrt{0.811^2 + 0.1997^2 + 0.0858^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3058\%$$

PART 06 (from 12/05/2009 to 30/06/2009) – replacement of the TPF301

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR300}} = \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.5992^2 + 0.1180^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4032\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR400}} = \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.1774^2 + 0.0643^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.1794\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR500}} = \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.8716^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.4699\%$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{FIR600}} = \sqrt{0.811^2 + 0.1997^2 + 0.0858^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3058\%$$

4.6. Calculation of EG_y ,

The calculation of EG_y is the sum of all measurements from the electricity-meter made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the electricity-meter, as follows:

$$EG_{y, \text{corrected}} = \sum EG_y \times \left(1 - \frac{\varepsilon_{EG}}{100}\right)$$

4.7. List of default values

- Global Warming Potential of CH_4 (GWP_{CH_4}) = 21 tCO₂e/tCH₄;
- Emission Factor of the S-SE-CO Brazilian Grid (EF) = 0.2677 tCO₂e/MWh;
- Density of Methane, at STP (D_{CH_4}) = 0.0007168 tons/Nm³
- AF = Adjustment Factor (changes in the landfill legislation). For this monitoring period, no changes in the legislation were identified, thus the AF remains as the validated value (20%).

4.8. Table providing the formulas used

	Variable	Description
Flare F100	A_{F100} (see last table from item 4.1)	Total methane destroyed in flare F100 (Nm ³)
	B_{F100}	Total error from measuring equipment (%) – see item 4.4
	$C_{F100} = A_{F100} \cdot (1 - B_{F100})$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the flare F100 (Nm ³)
Flare F200	A_{F200} (see last table from item 4.1)	Total methane destroyed in flare F200 (Nm ³)
	B_{F200}	Total error from measuring equipment (%) – see item 4.4
	$C_{F200} = A_{F200} \cdot (1 - B_{F200})$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the flare F200 (Nm ³)
Power House	A_{FIRi}^9 (see last table from item 4.1)	Methane flow to the power house measured by FIRi (Nm ³)
	B_{FIRi}^9	Total measuring error from FIRi (%) – see item 4.5
	$C_{FIRi}^9 = A_{FIRi} \cdot (1 - B_{FIRi})$	Total methane corrected measured by FIRi (Nm ³)
	$D_{\text{power house}} = C_{FIR300} + C_{FIR400} + C_{FIR500} + C_{FIR600}$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the electricity (Nm ³)
CO ₂ e Methane	$A = C_{F100} + C_{F200} + D_{\text{power house}}$	Total methane destroyed in the period (Nm ³)
	$B = 0.0007168$	Density of Methane at the STPC (tCH ₄ /Nm ³)
	$C = A \cdot B$	Total weight of methane destroyed (tCH ₄)
	$D = 21$	CO ₂ equivalency (tCO ₂ e/tCH ₄)
	$E = C \cdot D$	Total equivalent carbon (tCO ₂ e)
	$F = 20\%$	Adjustment Factor (%)
	$G = E \cdot (1 - F)$	Total Liquid Carbon (tCO ₂ e)
CO ₂ e Electricity	H (see last table from item 4.1)	Total electricity exported (MWh)
	I	Electricity-meter error (%)
	$J = H \cdot (1 - I)$	Total electricity corrected (MWh)
	$K = 0.2677$	Emission Factor (tCO ₂ e/MWh)
	$L = J \cdot K$	Total CO ₂ e from the energy exported (tCO ₂ e)
TOTAL	$M = G + L$	TOTAL CREDITS DURING THE PERIOD (tCO ₂ e)

Cells in red means that the calculation was made using the Excel tool “DOWN.ROUND” with zero decimal rounds, in order to assure conservativeness.

4.9. GHG emission reductions

	PART 01	PART 02	PART 03	PART 04	PART 05	PART 06	TOTAL
Total CO ₂ e from methane destroyed	1.024	5.006	2.100	32.457	940	44.116	85.643
Total CO ₂ e from electricity dispatched	70	335	146	2.240	69	3.171	6.031
TOTAL CO₂e	1.094	5.341	2.246	34.697	1.009	47.287	91.674

⁹ Obs: calculation made individually for each Flow-Meter (FIR₃₀₀, FIR₄₀₀, FIR₅₀₀ and FIR₆₀₀)

The difference between the PDD estimatives and the gas-flow monitored is due to the landfill's poor final layer cover, which increases the gas leakage through the landfill's surface.

VERSION HISTORY

Version	Date	Nature of Revision(s)
01	02/07/2009	Initial Adoption

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