

**MONITORING REPORT FORM (F-CDM-MR)**
Version 02.0**MONITORING REPORT**

Title of the project activity	“N2O Emission Reduction in Paulínia, SP, Brazil”
Reference number of the project activity	UNFCCC 0116
Version number of the monitoring report	1.2
Completion date of the monitoring report	20/08/2012
Registration date of the project activity	25/12/2005
Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period	Monitoring period #54 16/05/2012 to 15/08/2012 (92 days)
Project participant(s)	Rhodia Energy Brazil Ltda. Rhodia Energy SAS (renamed Solvay Energy Services SAS) Rhodia Energy GHG SAS Société Générale ORBEO NATIXIS NATIXIS Environnement & Infrastructure Noble Carbon Credits Limited Rhodia Japan Ltd.
Host Party(ies)	Brazil
Sectoral scope(s) and applied methodology(ies)	Scope 5 Methodology AM0021, Version 1
Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for this monitoring period in the registered PDD	1,502,537 t CO ₂ eq
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period	590,185 t CO ₂ eq



SECTION A. Description of project activity

A.1. Purpose and general description of project activity

Nitrous oxide (N₂O) is a by-product of adipic acid production. It is of low toxicity but is a greenhouse gas (GHG), whose GWP is large (GWP=310 in the IPCC 2nd Assessment Report). Emissions of N₂O are considered under the Kyoto Protocol and there are no national or regional regulations or restrictions on the emission of N₂O in Brazil.

In this project, the thermal decomposition process equipment has been added to the adipic acid manufacturing plant. This installation reduces the GHG emissions, which would otherwise be released to the atmosphere if the project was not implemented.

The thermal decomposition facility was installed and commissioned in the manufacturing factory site of Paulínia Rhodia Poliamida e Especialidades Ltda. during October and November 2006 and the destruction of N₂O was started in 19/11/2006. The N₂O destruction unit is in continuous operation since its start-up and has only stopped for short periods due to planned and corrective maintenance operations.

In the monitoring period #54 the emission reductions achieved are: 590,185 tCO₂e

A.2. Location of project activity

Host Party: Brazil

State: São Paulo

City: Paulínia

GPS coordinates: -22.753611 -47.158889

A.3. Parties and project participant(s)

Party involved ((host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants (as applicable)	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as Project participant (Yes/No)
Brazil (host)	Private entity : Rhodia Energy Brazil Ltda.	No



France	Private entity: Rhodia Energy SAS (renamed Solvay Energy Services SAS ¹) Private entity: Rhodia Energy GHG SAS Private entity: Société Générale ² Private entity: ORBEO Private entity: NATIXIS	No
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Private entity: NATIXIS Environnement & Infrastructures Private entity: NATIXIS Private entity: ORBEO Private entity: Noble Carbon Credits Limited	No
Netherlands	Private entity: ORBEO	No
Japan	Private entity: Rhodia Japan Ltd	No
Switzerland	Private entity: ORBEO; Private entity: Société Générale, Private entity: Rhodia Energy GHG SAS, Private entity: Rhodia Japan Ltd.	No

A.4. Reference of applied methodology

AM0021/version 1 – “Baseline Methodology for decomposition of N₂O from existing adipic acid production plants”

"Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" agreed by the Executive Board (Annex 1, EB16).

A.5. Crediting period of project activity

The first crediting period (on-going) is from 19/11/2006 to 18/11/2013 (renewable).

¹ Rhodia Energy SAS has changed of entity name to Solvay Energy Services SAS. The company has already started the process of regularization with UNFCCC and DNA, as per EB66/Annex 64.

² Société Générale has been withdrawn as a Project Participant. The company has already started the withdrawal process with UNFCCC, as per EB66/Annex 64.

SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

B.1. Description of implemented registered project activity

The project is fully implemented according to the description presented in the PDD. The project activity is completely operational since the start date of operation on 19/11/2006.

A thermal oxidizer with 2 chambers is the technology used to decompose N_2O at the Rhodia Paulínia site.

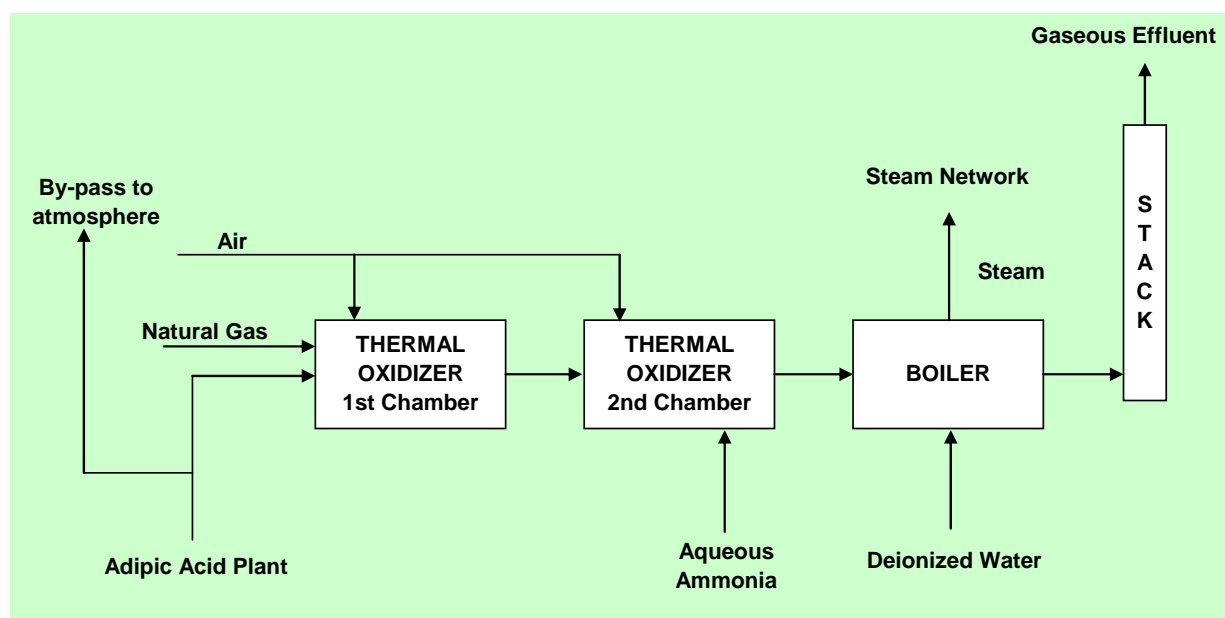
Natural gas is fed with the off gas from the adipic acid production containing N_2O and a controlled amount of air in a reduction chamber, where it burns (oxidizes) to carbon dioxide (CO_2) and water vapour. N_2O is used as an oxidizer. Being oxygen deficient, the oxidation is not complete and carbon monoxide and hydrogen are present.



The temperature in the furnace is kept at about 1300°C and under fuel rich conditions, so as to promote the complete decomposition of N_2O while minimizing the formation of unwanted combustion by-products such as NO and NO_2 .

The gas is then quenched with air to complete the combustion of carbon monoxide and hydrogen at a temperature of about 950°C in a second chamber. Aqueous ammonia is injected to control the emission of NO and NO_2 .

Before release to the stack, the flue gas coming from the thermal oxidizer is used to produce superheated steam, which is fed into the existing on-site steam network.



During this monitoring period # 54 no particular event occurred that could impact the applicability of the methodology.



There was no emission of N₂O for 53 days, due to the adipic acid plant shutdown following an explosion in the electrical room on 16/05/2012 at 20:34 (so 17/05/2012). The N₂O plant reconnection was performed before the Adipic Acid plant start-up on 08/07/2012 at 17:34. Therefore, as the % online is the % of time that N₂O is connected to the destruction facility while the AA plant is running, the value remained 100%. The N₂O destruction unit was not damaged by the accident.

B.2. Post registration changes

B.2.1. Temporary deviations from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology

No request for temporary deviation from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology was applied to this monitoring period.

B.2.2. Corrections

No correction related to project information or parameters fixed at validation was approved during this monitoring period or submitted with this monitoring report.

B.2.3. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology

No permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology was approved during this monitoring period or submitted with this monitoring report.

B.2.4. Changes to project design of registered project activity

No changes to the project design of registered project activity was approved during this monitoring period or submitted with this monitoring report.

B.2.5. Changes to start date of crediting period

No changes to the start date of the crediting period was approved during this monitoring period or submitted with this monitoring report.

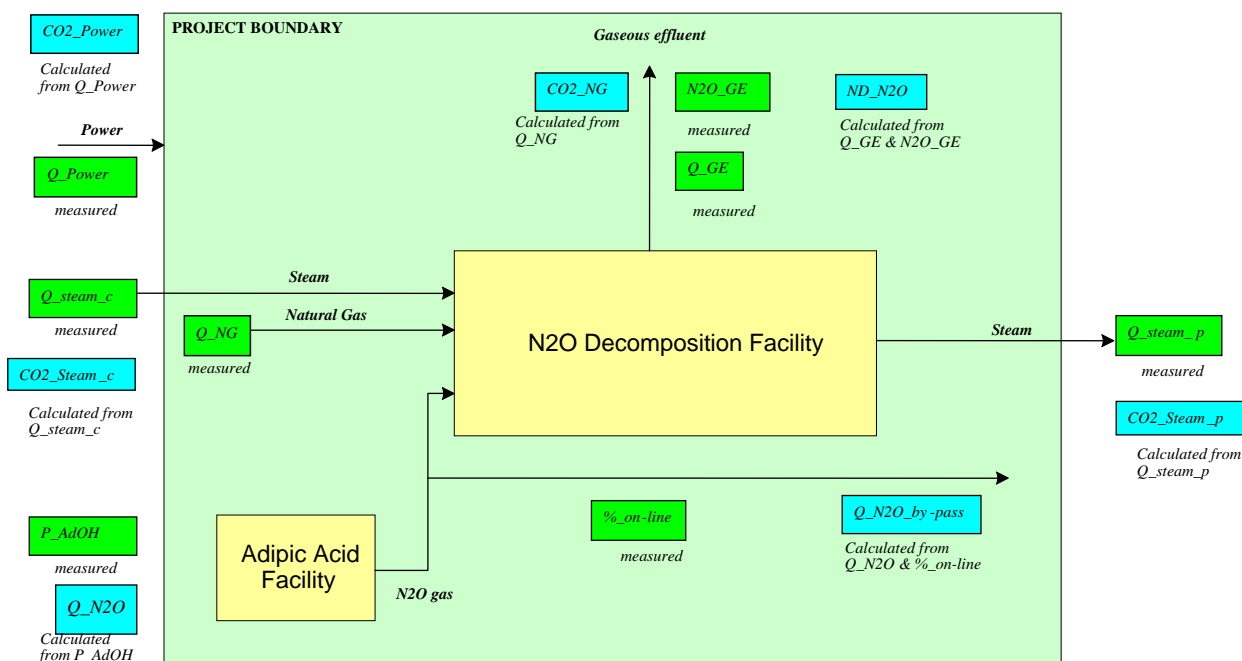
B.2.6. Types of changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity

Not applicable

SECTION C. Description of monitoring system

The project boundary related to the baseline methodology is shown below and this project boundary is used and explained in the PDD.

Potential sources of anthropogenic emissions by sources of GHG within the project boundary and emissions which are not included in the project boundary are also shown in below and the details of the parameters are informed in the section D.



All data collection procedures, the organizational structure, the roles and responsibilities and procedures for dealing with abnormal situations are described in detail in the Data Handling Protocol and Data Review Protocol which are documents of Rhodia Quality System. Rhodia Paulínia plant is ISO9001 and ISO14001 certified.

The responsibilities of all persons dealing with information and data used to prepare the monitoring report are clearly indicated in the internal quality management system.

The Adipic Acid Plant Manager is responsible for implementing and maintaining the monitoring procedures on site (Data Handling Protocol, training, calibration and maintenance, data review) and for validating all data. The overall responsibility of the project belongs to the CO₂ Operations Director of Rhodia Energy GHG located in Paris, France.

All measuring instruments used in this project are calibrated and maintained according to the specifications provided by the manufacturers and/or relevant national and international standards.

All the data used for monitoring the baseline, project and leakage emissions are collected in the PIMS (Plant Information Management System). Two types of data are stored in the PIMS:

- Process data (flow rates, pressures, temperatures etc.) are continuously acquired by the DCS (Distributed Control System) and automatically stored by the PIMS;
- Packaged dry adipic acid production, slurry production and laboratory analysis used for daily production calculation are obtained from dedicated excel files and are manually entered into the PIMS database every working day by the authorized staff.

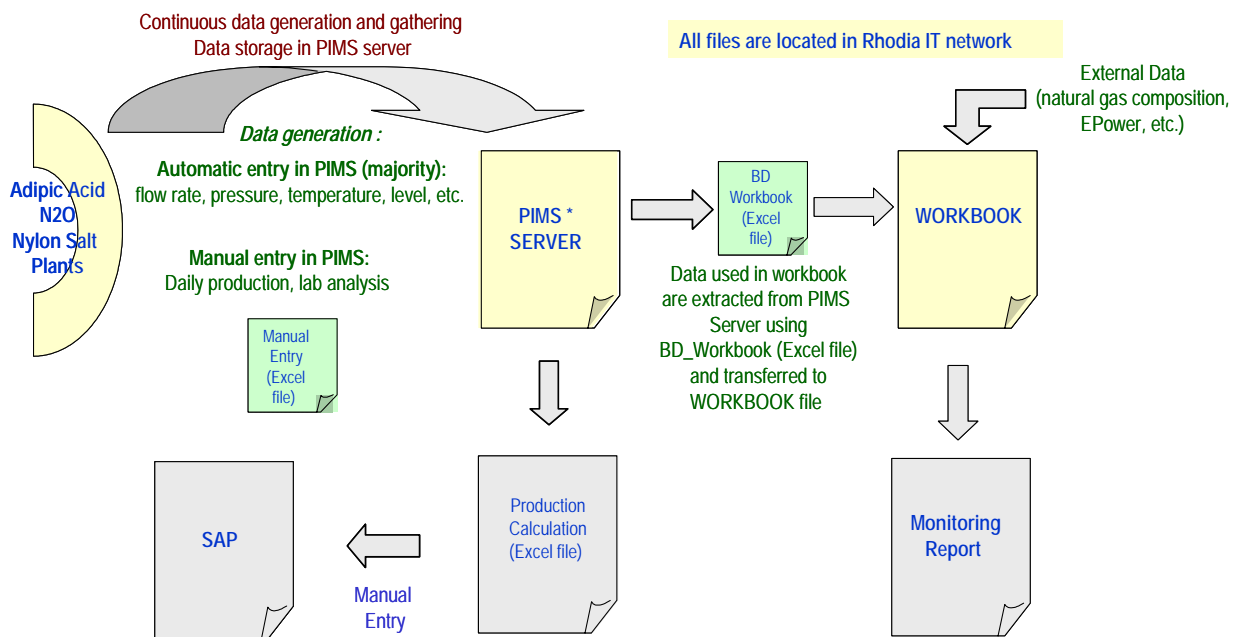
The calculation of the daily production of adipic acid and of the nitric acid consumption is carried out using the data stored in PIMS. The results obtained are transferred to the SAP (System, Applications and products

for Data Processing) system which is the official system used by Rhodia for production management and accounting purposes.

The emission reductions calculations are performed in a dedicated excel Workbook. Data are periodically extracted from PIMS using an excel tool and transferred to the Workbook. Some external data are input directly into the Workbook (e.g.: natural gas composition).

The calculations made in the Workbook are used for the preparation of the monitoring report.

The following diagram illustrates the entire process of data acquisition, storage and transfer to the Workbook and preparation of the monitoring report:



* PIMS = Plant Information System (Supplier: OSI)

Figure 2. Data Flow Diagram

SECTION D. Data and parameters**D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period**

Data / Parameter:	GWP_N₂O
Unit:	tCO ₂ e per tN ₂ O
Description:	Global Warming Potential of N ₂ O
Source of data used	Kyoto Protocol (Decision 2/CP.3) and IPCC
Value(s) applied :	310
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks; (b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional comment:	

Data / Parameter:	KE_N₂O
Unit:	tN ₂ O per tonne of adipic acid produced
Description:	N ₂ O Emission factor
Source of data:	IPCC Good Practice Guidance
Value(s) applied:	0.27
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	Cap value for N ₂ O_/AdOH emission factor

Data / Parameter:	ΔH
Unit:	kJ/t of steam
Description:	Enthalpy of super heated steam at a pressure level of 40 Bar
Source of data:	Monitoring Plan Section B.3
Value(s) applied:	2,624,000
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional comment:	Use to calculate E_Steam

Data / Parameter:	η
Unit:	%
Description:	Operational efficiency of the natural gas steam boiler
Source of data:	Monitoring Plan Section B.3
Value(s) applied:	97
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	Not Applicable



D.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data / Parameter:	P_AdOH				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Amount of adipic acid production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
	Several instruments are used				
Source of data:	DCS data and Production log sheets				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	P_AdOH Produced	P_AdOH Eligible*
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	7,057.125	7,057.125
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	197.929	197.929
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0.000	0.000
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	3,696.498	3,696.498
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	3,162.698	3,162.698
	P_AdOH Current year		46,166		
	P_AdOH Annual Cap:		87,308		
* Adipic acid production for baseline emission calculation, after cap application					
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Packaging machine (Z-3110) Serial Number 6046	Load cell 50 kg	+/- 0.02 kg	1/month	Last calibration
					02/08/2012
					Valid until
					01/09/2012
	Packaging machine (G-2532) Serial Number 10869A	Load cell 100 kg	+/- 0.02 kg	1/month	Last calibration
					02/08/2012
					Valid until
					01/09/2012
	Weigh scale (Z-3120) Serial Number 104BA4	Load cell 1,000 kg	+/- 0.5 kg	4/year	Last calibration
					06/06/2012
					Valid until
					05/09/2012
	Truck weigh scale (BB-0090) Serial Number 7597	Load cell 80,000 kg	+/- 15 kg	2/year	Last calibration
					07/04/2012
					Valid until
06/10/2012					
Truck weigh scale (BB-0335) Serial Number 28812	Load cell 80,000 kg	+/- 15 kg	2/year	Last calibration	
				15/04/2012	
				Valid until	
				14/10/2012	



	Level tank R-5300 (LT-4500) Serial Number U505269	Pressure bubbling level – differential. Pressure	+/- 0.075 %	1/year	Last calibration
					11/07/2012
					Valid until
					10/07/2013
	Level tank R-5310 (LT-4509) Serial Number U308909	Pressure bubbling level – differential Pressure	+/- 0.075 %	1/year	Last calibration
					23/02/2012
					Valid until
					22/02/2013
	Lab equipment RFM-340 Serial Number BT99344	Refractometer	+/- 0.02 %	1/week (Rhodia verification)	Last calibration
					09/08/2012
					Valid until
					following week
				2/year (Third party calibration)	Last calibration
					14/08/2012
					Valid until
					13/02/2013
Level tank RE-2422 (LI-2422) Serial Number 6/341921001	Radar level device	+/- 0.3 %	1/year	Last calibration	
				31/08/2011	
				Valid until	
				30/08/2012	
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly and yearly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The daily adipic acid production is the sum of the dry adipic acid + slurry adipic acid used in the Nylon salt production + the in-process inventory variation. This calculation is automatically performed in the PIMS every day at 5:00 p.m. From the PIMS data bank the daily production is automatically extracted using an Excel file and is manually input into the SAP.</p> <p>The dry adipic acid is the product packed determined by weigh scales.</p> <p>The slurry adipic acid cannot be measured directly. In accordance with the EB guidance issued in the 45th EB meeting the production of slurry adipic acid is obtained by multiplying the Nylon Salt produced by the ratio 0.55748 between adipic acid and Nylon Salt, consistent with the steady composition of the Nylon Salt (reflected by a constant and precise value of the pH).</p> <p>The Nylon Salt produced is measured by weigh scales of trucks and inventory variation of the Nylon Salt.</p> <p>The cumulated production of Adipic acid over the current year (starting last November 19th and ending with the last day of this period) is below the cap value of 87,308 tonnes as stated by the EB 47th meeting decision.</p>				



	<p>The value of 87,308 tonnes was calculated in the Validation Report as the maximum daily production in 2004 x 365 x the operational rate (260 t/day x 365 x 92%) which is consistent with the clarification of EB 48th meeting report §24 of 17/07/2009. The Executive Board has confirmed on EB36 the application of a yearly Adipic acid production cap as required by the methodology. This approach is consistent with the definitions and requirements of the "Guidance on accounting eligible HFC-23" AM0001 (EB39 Annex 8): the year of the crediting period is defined on the basis of the starting date of the crediting period of a project activity (November 19th); the current period ends on November 18th, which is the end date of the year of the crediting period.</p> <p>The overall accuracy on P_AdOH is calculated, sheet UC_AdOH, and was found to be around 0.30% which is consistent with the PDD requirement of +/- 1%.</p>
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks; (b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Nitric acid consumption (HNO3_consumption)				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Nitric acid consumption for the calculation of HNO3 chemical				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured Several instruments are used				
Source of data	DCS data and Production log sheets				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO3_consumption		
	Rolling year	15/08/2012	59,693		
	From	To			
	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	186		
	01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0		
	01/07/2012	31/07/2012	3,637		
	01/08/2012	15/08/2012	2,824		
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Nitric acid mass flow meter (FQ-2179) Serial number 12000364 3748161	Mass flow meter	+/- 0.1 %	2 years	Last calibration
					30/05/2012
					Valid until
					29/05/2014



	Fresh nitric acid concentration analyzer (AI-2179) Serial number 12000364 3748161	Device integrated to mass flow meter FQ-2179	+/- 0.5 %	2 years	Last calibration
					30/05/2012
					Valid until
					29/05/2014
	Level of nitric acid storage tank F-1769 (LI-3350) Serial number 91F345787-611	Air bubble gauge (back-up from FQ-2179)	+/- 0.065 %	1/year	Last calibration
					19/04/2012
					Valid until
					18/04/2013
	Flow meter of fresh nitric acid to storage (FQ-3318) Serial number 880162188 (Flow meter) 0304645 (Transmitter)	Magnetic Flow Meter (back-up from FQ-2179)	+/- 1 %	1/year	Last calibration
					29/02/2012
					Valid until
					27/02/2013
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly and yearly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The nitric acid consumption is based upon the quantity of nitric acid fed to the adipic acid plant during given period and the holding volume and concentration of the process storage tanks (mother acid tank, Oxidation acid tank, Concentration acid tank), which is obtained directly from the DCS and stored at PIMS data base.				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks; (b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	Physical losses in the adipic acid production process (HNO₃_physical)
Data unit:	tonnes
Description:	Physical losses in the adipic acid production process data required for calculation of HNO ₃ chemical and the N ₂ O emission factor N ₂ O_AdOH
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured Several instruments are used
Source of data	DCS data and lab data



Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO ₃ _physical		
	Rolling year	15/08/2012	1,006		
	From	To			
	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	3		
	01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0		
	01/07/2012	31/07/2012	86		
	01/08/2012	15/08/2012	147		
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Flow meter of effluent to biological WWT (FQ-2973) Serial number 91F321071-608	Orifice plate flow - Differential pressure	+/- 0.60 %	1/year	Last calibration
					11/07/2012
					Valid until
					10/07/2013
	Flow meter of effluent to neutralization (FQ-2974) Serial Number 91F321074-608	Orifice plate flow - Differential pressure	+/- 0.85 %	1/year	Last calibration
					11/07/2012
					Valid until
					10/07/2013
	Waste gas flow meter (FQ-3450) Serial Number 91G511075-720	Orifice plate flow - Multivariable transmitter	+/- 1.6 %	1/year	Last calibration
					30/11/2011
					Valid until
					29/11/2012
	Waste gas flow meter (FIC-3401) Serial Number JEJAAR772-625	Pitot tube flow meter - Differential pressure (back-up from FQ-3450)	+/- 1.45 %	1/year	Last calibration
					05/10/2011
					Valid until
					04/10/2012
	Nitric analyzer on effluent to neutralization (AI-2974) Serial Number 45201	pHmeter	+/- 0.05 %	2/month	Last calibration
					09/08/2012
					Valid until
					Following 15 days
	Nitric analyzer on effluent to neutralization (AI-2974B) Serial number 39237	pHmeter (back-up from AI-2974)	+/- 0.07 %	2/month	Last calibration
					02/08/2012
					Valid until
					Following 15 days



	NOx Analyzer (AI-2195AB) Serial Number 40056145953 3	Gas Analyzer - infrared and ultraviolet NOx measurement Sum of AI-2195A (NO) and AI-2195B (NO ₂)	+/- <1 %	1/week	Last calibration
					09/08/2012
					Valid until
					Following week
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly and yearly.				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Physical losses (HNO ₃ _physical) are calculated as the sum of the losses of nitric acid or its derivatives in the aqueous wastes, the off gases, the adipic acid product (impurity) and the by-products				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks; (b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	HNO₃_Chemical				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Chemical consumption of Nitric acid required for the calculation of the N ₂ O emission factor N ₂ O_AdOH				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data	Excel Workbook based on HNO ₃ _consumption and HNO ₃ _physical				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO ₃ _consumption	HNO ₃ _physical	HNO ₃ _chemical
	Rolling year	15/08/2012	59,693	1,006	58,687
	From	To			
	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	186	3	183
	01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	0	0
	01/07/2012	31/07/2012	3,637	86	3,551
	01/08/2012	15/08/2012	2,824	147	2,677
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded monthly and yearly				



Calculation method (if applicable):	To obtain the chemical consumption (HNO ₃ _chemical), the physical losses are deducted from the nitric acid consumption. HNO ₃ _chemical = HNO ₃ _consumption - HNO ₃ _physical
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks; (b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	N₂O_/AdOH				
Data unit:	t N ₂ O/t adipic acid				
Description:	Actual N ₂ O emission factor for adipic acid production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on HNO ₃ chemical and P_AdOH				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Period or Month	N₂O_/AdOH (Calculated for month/period)	N₂O_/AdOH (Calculated for rolling year)	N₂O_/AdOH (Applied for baseline emissions)	N₂O_/AdOH (Applied for project emissions)
	16/05/2012 15/08/2012	0.305	0.295	0.270	0.305
	16/05/2012 31/05/2012	0.311	0.293	0.270	0.311
	01/06/2012 30/06/2012	0.000	0.293	0.000	0.293
	01/07/2012 31/07/2012	0.322	0.296	0.270	0.296
	01/08/2012 15/08/2012	0.284	0.296	0.270	0.295
	The calculation of the by-pass emissions uses the monthly values of the emission factor N ₂ O_/AdOH applied for project emissions. The by-pass emissions for the period are calculated as the sum of the monthly values, and do not use the N ₂ O_/AdOH value of the period, given here for information only.				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Recorded monthly and yearly				



Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The N₂O emission factor is calculated in two ways:</p> <p>(1) with the month/period values of HNO₃_chemical and P_AdOH</p> <p>(2) using the rolling year cumulated data of HNO₃_chemical and P_AdOH</p> <p>The formula used according to AM0021/version 1 equation (4) is:</p> $N_2O_AdOH = HNO_3_chemical / P_AdOH / 63 / 2 \times 0.96 \times 44$ <p>For Baseline Emissions, the lowest among the 2 above calculated values and 0.27 is used conservatively, as specified in the PDD table D.2.1.3 and required by the methodology AM0021/version 1 (page 4).</p> <p>To be conservative, the highest value of the three (two calculated values and 0.27) is applied to calculate Q_N2O_by-pass (see this parameter for details)</p>
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	<p>(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;</p> <p>(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;</p>
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Q_N₂O				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Quantity of N ₂ O produced				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated value				
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on P_AdOH and N ₂ O_/AdOH data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_N ₂ O	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	1,905,422	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	53,440	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	998,054	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	853,928	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Recorded monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	$Q_N_2O = P_AdOH \times N_2O_/AdOH$ <p>the adipic acid production after cap application is used to determine the baseline emission</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Only</p>				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(a)Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					



Data / Parameter:	Q_N₂O reg
Data unit:	kg
Description:	Allowed N ₂ O emission
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	Brazilian legislation
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures:	Rhodia follows the evolution of Brazilian legislation about N ₂ O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N ₂ O_reg / AdOH, Q_N ₂ O reg, or ry as part of the ISO 14000 requirements. Experts on environmental matters from Rhodia Brazil follow closely any project or change in the laws and regulations. They participate in external organizations such as ABIQUIM (Brazilian Association of Chemical Industries) and meetings organized by CETESB (local environmental agency).
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	N₂O reg/AdOH
Data unit:	kg/kg
Description:	kg of allowed N ₂ O emission / kg of adipic acid produced
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	Brazilian legislation
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable



QA/QC procedures:	Rhodia follows the evolution of Brazilian legislation about N ₂ O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N ₂ O_reg / AdOH, Q_N ₂ O reg, or ry as part of the ISO 14000 requirements. Experts on environmental matters from Rhodia Brazil follow closely any project or change in the laws and regulations. They participate in external organizations such as ABIQUIM (Brazilian Association of Chemical Industries) and meetings organized by CETESB (local environmental agency).
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	r _y
Data unit:	%
Description:	Share of N ₂ O emissions required to be destroyed
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	Brazilian legislation
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures:	Rhodia follows the evolution of Brazilian legislation about N ₂ O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N ₂ O_reg / AdOH, Q_N ₂ O reg, or ry as part of the ISO 14000 requirements. Experts on environmental matters from Rhodia Brazil follow closely any project or change in the laws and regulations. They participate in external organizations such as ABIQUIM (Brazilian Association of Chemical Industries) and meetings organized by CETESB (local environmental agency).
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	



Data / Parameter:	P N₂O
Data unit:	€/t
Description:	Market price of N ₂ O
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Estimated
Source of data:	Market Survey (last up-date August 2012)
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Zero (0) (there is no N ₂ O market for the N ₂ O produced as by-product of adipic acid in Paulinia)
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Annual update based on permanent market survey
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures:	Not applicable
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Q_Steam_p				
Data unit:	kg of steam				
Description:	Amount of steam produced by the decomposition process				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Steam_p	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	9,042,500	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	266,100	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	5,064,400	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	3,712,000	



Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	40 bar steam flow meter (FQ-3470) Serial number 7072986	Orifice plate flow – Multi variable transmitter	+/- 1.2 %	1/year	Last calibration
					28/09/2011
					Valid until
					27/09/2012
	Boiler feed water flow meter (FQ-3410) Serial number 91F34899061 2	Orifice plate flow - Differential pressure (back-up from FQ-3470)	+/- 0.65 %	1/year	Last calibration
					27/09/2011
					Valid until
					26/09/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	E_Steam
Data unit:	kg CO ₂ /kg of steam
Description:	CO ₂ emission factor of steam produced by facility
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on QNG_tsteam and E_NG
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.144
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/ Updated for each monitoring period



Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The rolling year value of E_Steam is calculated with the data available for the 12 months prior to the beginning of the period in order to assure to have the data. The emission factor is obtained by the formula below:</p> $E_Steam = (QNG_tsteam/1,000) * E_NGy$ $QNG_steam = \Delta H \text{ (kJ/t)} / (LHV \text{ (kJ/Nm}^3\text{)} \times \eta \text{ (\%)})$ <p>Where:</p> <p>QNG_steam: amount of natural gas required to generate steam (Nm³/t)</p> <p>The LHV data is the yearly average value for the gas supplied by COMGAS.</p> <p>The yield η (%) of the boiler is conservatively taken as 97%, while the yield is generally below 90%</p> <p>E_NGy: yearly average value for the gas supplied by COMGAS (kg CO₂/Nm³)</p> <p>Year Ending on: 01/05/2012</p>				
	LHV kJ/Nm ³	ΔH kJ/t	η %	QNG_tsteam Nm ³ /t of steam	E_NGy kg-CO ₂ /Nm ³
	38,591	2,624,000	97	65.96	2.198
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	CO₂_Steam_p				
Data unit:	t CO ₂ e				
Description:	CO ₂ Emissions from Steam Production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on Q_Steam_p and E_Steam data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO ₂ _Steam_p	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	1,301	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	38	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	729	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	534	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Steam_p and E_Steam</p> $CO2_Steam_p = Q_Steam_p \times E_Steam$				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol - ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				



Purpose of data:	(a) Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Q_GE				
Data unit:	Nm ³				
Description:	Volume of effluent gas leaving the stack				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_GE	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	10,628,728	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	282,725	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	6,521,297	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	3,824,706	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Gas flow meter (FQ-3490) Serial number 7072985	Annubar gas flow meter-Multivariable transmitter on wet basis	+/- 2.5 %	1/year	Last calibration
					30/09/2011
					Valid until
					29/09/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	N₂O_GE
Data unit:	vppm
Description:	Concentration of N ₂ O in the effluent gas
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS



Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	N ₂ O_GE	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	10.5	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	14.7	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0.0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	9.7	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	11.6	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	N ₂ O analyzer (AI-3490B) Serial number 17008	Gas analyzer, type in-situ and laser diode on wet basis	+/- 5 % of reading	2/year	Last calibration
					28/03/2012
					Valid until
					27/09/2012
	N ₂ O analyzer (AI-3490G) Serial number 450561464363	Back-up Analyzer Gas analyzer, type extractive and infrared	+/- <1.0 %	1/week	Last calibration
					09/08/2012
					Valid until
					following week
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The daily average concentration on wet basis is calculated in the DCS as the flow averaged value of instantaneous concentration values measured every 10 sec: N ₂ O_GE = Σ (Q_GE x N ₂ O_GE) / Q_GE				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	ND_N ₂ O				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Quantity of N ₂ O in the effluent gas leaving the stack				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	ND_N ₂ O	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	221	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	9	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	124	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	88	



Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The daily value of non destroyed N₂O (N₂O_ND) is calculated on-line in the DCS by integrating the product of the instantaneous concentration of N₂O by the flow rate of the gaseous effluent, both measured on a wet basis (Method C of EB61 – “Tool to determine the mass flow of a greenhouse gas in a gaseous stream”) :</p> $ND_N_2O = Q_GE \times N_2O_GE \times Specific_gravity_of_N_2O$ <p>The specific gravity of N₂O = 44/22.414 x 10⁻⁶ is used to transform vppm in kg/Nm³</p> <p>When the instant value indicated by AI-3490B is lower than 5 vppm (detection limit), the value of 5 vppm is used in the equation above.</p>
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Q_NG				
Data unit:	Nm ³				
Description:	Amount of natural gas used by the decomposition process				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_NG	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	759,016	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	21,312	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	448,168	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	289,536	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Date of last calibration
	Gas flow meter (FQ-3408) Serial number IB-2298	Gas flow meter	+/- 0.5 %	2 years	Last calibration
					29/02/2012
					Valid until
					27/02/2014



	Gas flow meter (FQ-3460) (back-up from FQ-3408) Serial number IB-2095	Gas flow meter	+/- 0.5 %	2 years	Last calibration
					03/10/2011
					Valid until
					02/10/2013
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	E_NGy
Data unit:	kg CO ₂ /Nm ³
Description:	Emissions coefficient for natural gas combustion
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on NGC
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	2.198
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Updated each period
Calculation method (if applicable):	The emissions coefficient is calculated according to the PDD Monitoring Plan. For the 12 months preceding the monitoring period, the CO ₂ quantity emitted by the combustion of the natural gas from all the gas boilers is summed up and divided by the total quantity of natural gas consumed in Nm ³ over the same 12 months period. The CO ₂ quantity emitted is obtained by multiplying the emission factor of the month (based on the gas composition of the month) by the quantity of natural gas burned in the same month, using the formulae described in section E1 of the PDD.
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	



Data / Parameter:	NGC				
Data unit:	% vol				
Description:	Natural gas composition required for the calculation of E_NG				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured by COMGAS (supplier company)				
Source of data:	Natural gas supplier COMGAS				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	Component	Number of C	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12
	CH ₄ (Methane)	1	89.33	89.33	89.36
	C ₂ H ₆ (Ethane)	2	5.79	5.87	5.99
	C ₃ H ₈ (Propane)	3	1.79	1.82	1.75
	I-C ₄ H ₁₀ (i-Isobutane)	4	0.28	0.28	0.27
	N-C ₄ H ₁₀ (n-Butane)	4	0.40	0.39	0.38
	C ₅ H ₁₂ (i-Pentane)	5	0.11	0.12	0.11
	C ₅ H ₁₂ (n-Pentane)	5	0.10	0.10	0.08
	C ₆ H ₁₄ (Hexane)	6	0.08	0.07	0.07
	N ₂ (Nitrogen)	0	0.69	0.67	0.69
	CO ₂ (Carbon dioxide)	1	1.43	1.36	1.30
	Average number of C		1.12	1.12	1.12
	E_NG_m (kg CO₂/Nm³)		2.201	2.202	2.198
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Recorded monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>NGC is use to calculate the E_NG monthly value. The average number of C in a mole of NG is calculated from the composition = Σ (number of C in each mole) x (volume ratio). The CO₂ specific gravity in normal conditions is 1.965 kg/Nm³. $E_NG = 1.965 \times (\text{average number of C})$</p> <p>For this monitoring period, natural gas composition from August 2012 is not yet available, so to be conservative, the NGC of the month of August 2008 was used for August as it gives the highest E_NG value since the beginning of the crediting period (19/11/2006).</p>				



QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	CO₂_NG				
Data unit:	t CO ₂				
Description:	CO ₂ Emissions for Natural Gas				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Excel Workbook calculated from Q_NG and E_NG				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO ₂ _NG	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	1,677	
	Monthly values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	47	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	986	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	644	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	CO ₂ _NG is calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes using the monthly values of Q_NG and E_NG $\text{CO}_2_NG_m = Q_NG_m \times E_NG_m$ The value of the period is the sum of the monthly values of the period				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	%_on-line
Data unit:	% of production time
Description:	% of production time that N ₂ O is feeding the destruction facility
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.



Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	%_on-line	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	100.000	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	100.000	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0.000	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	100.000	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	100.000	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	By-pass valve (HV-3402) Serial number not applicable	Butterfly valve	below 1% relative accuracy on %_on-line parameter	1/year	Last calibration
					15/02/2012
					Valid until
					14/02/2013
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The %_on-line is recorded on a daily basis and is the ratio between the time of production of adipic acid while the unit is connected to the N₂O destruction facility and the time of production.</p> <p>At the end of the month/period (y), %_on-line is calculated as:</p> $\%_{\text{on-line}}_y = 1 - (Q_{\text{N}_2\text{O_by-pass}}_y / (P_{\text{AdOH}}_y \times \text{N}_2\text{O_}/\text{AdOH}_y))$ <p>where N₂O_/AdOH_y is the actual value of the month/period</p>				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	Q_N₂O_by-pass				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	N ₂ O by passing the decomposition facility				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_N ₂ O_bypass	N ₂ O_/AdOH Calculated (Actual)
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	0	0.305
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	0	0.311
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	0.293
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	0	0.322
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	0	0.295



Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The quantity of N₂O that by-pass the facility is calculated following AM0021/version1:</p> <p>· $Q_{N_2O_by-pass_d} = Q_{N_2O_d} \times (1 - \%_{on-line})$ for each day (d) $Q_{N_2O_d} = P_{AdOH_d} \times N_2O_{/AdOH}$ where N₂O_{/AdOH} is the actual value (considering that it is higher than 0.27) following the final ruling regarding the request for issuance of CERs "N₂O decomposition project of PetroChina Company Limited Liaoyang Petrochemical Company" (EB61).</p> <p>· $Q_{N_2O_by-pass_d} = P_{AdOH_d} \times N_2O_{/AdOH} \times (1 - \%_{on-line})_d$ At the end of the month or period the quantity of N₂O that by-passed the facility is summed for all days:</p> <p>· $Q_{N_2O_by-pass_y} = \Sigma (Q_{N_2O_by-pass_d})$</p>
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(b) Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks;
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	Q_Power				
Data unit:	kWh				
Description:	Electric consumption of the decomposition facility				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Power	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	42,126.9	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	1,199.3	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0.0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	25,401.2	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	15,526.4	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Electricity meter (JI-3461) Serial number 40072320-4	Electricity meter	+/- 0.20 %	2 years	Last calibration
					11/04/2012
					Valid until
					10/04/2014



	Electricity meter (JI-3461) Serial number 40115317	Electricity meter	+/- 0.20 %	2 years	Last calibration 25/04/2012 Valid until 24/04/2014
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The daily values are automatically generated in the DCS, the monthly values are obtained in the workbook by the sum of the daily values				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	E_Power
Data unit:	kg CO ₂ /kWh
Description:	CO ₂ intensity for electric generation
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on the data provided by Department of Utilities from Paulinia Site, considering the two sources of data obtained with: 1. ONS (Operador Nacional do Sistema Elétrico) http://www.ons.com.br/biblioteca_virtual/publicacoes_operacao_sin.aspx 2. Brazilian Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME) http://www.mme.gov.br/mme/menu/todas_publicacoes.html
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	0.818
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Calculated and recorded yearly



Calculation method (if applicable):	The E_Power was done using the latest available data from 2010. It is calculated according to the PDD monitoring plan based on ACM0002 version 2. E_Power is calculated by taking into account only the emission factors of the fossil-fuel electricity generation (simple OM). As explained in the PDD Monitoring Plan, ONS still does not supply the plant-specific data required for BM (build margin) calculation. This is a very conservative approach since only around 7% of the total electricity supplied to the grid is generated using fossil fuels in 2010 (93% of Hydro and Nuclear). The detailed calculation is available in the Excel file “Workbook ER Paulinia” of this period (in the worksheet “E_Power”) which is a confidential document communicated to the DOE and to the CDM Executive Board.
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	CO₂_Power				
Data unit:	t CO ₂				
Description:	CO ₂ Emissions from Electricity consumption				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Excel workbook based on Q_Power and E_Power data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO ₂ _Power	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	35	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	1	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	21	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	13	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Power and E_Power CO ₂ _Power= Q_Power x E_Power				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage				
Additional Comment:					



Data / Parameter:	Q_Steam_c				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Amount of steam consumed by the decomposition facility				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Steam_c	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	49,300	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	1,000	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	28,400	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	19,900	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	6.5 bar steam flow meter (FQ-3409) Serial number 6270424	Orifice plate flow - Multivariable transmitter	+/- 1.25 %	1/year	Last calibration
					03/01/2012
					Valid until
					02/01/2013
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	E_Steam_c
Data unit:	kg CO ₂ /kg of steam
Description:	CO ₂ intensity for steam consumed in the facility
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Excel workbook based on the E_Steam_c_NG, %GEN_NG, and E_Steam_c_chem&oil supplied by the Rhodia Paulinia Industrial Platform
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.214
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable



Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Updated for each period				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The steam consumed in the facility is supplied by existing boilers on site. E_Steam_c is calculated on a rolling year basis following the PDD in three steps. First we calculate E_Steam_c_NG, the CO₂ emission per kg of steam produced by the natural gas boilers. Second we calculate E_Steam_c_chem&oil, which is the CO₂ emission per kg of steam produced by the boilers running on by-products and fuel oil. Finally E_Steam_c is calculated by weighting E_Steam_c_NG and E_Steam_c_chem&oil with their real share in the total steam production</p> <p>The E_Steam_c is obtained by rounding up the following calculation: $E_Steam_c = E_Steam_c_NG \times \%GEN_NG + E_Steam_c_chem\&oil \times (1 - \%GEN_NG)$</p>				
	Year ending	E_Steam_c_NG kg CO ₂ / kg of steam	E_Steam_c_chem&oil kg CO ₂ / kg of steam	%GEN_NG	E_Steam_c kg CO ₂ / kg of steam
	01/05/2012	0.210	0.268	94.1	0.214
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007				
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage				
Additional Comment:					

Data / Parameter:	CO₂_Steam_c				
Data unit:	t CO ₂				
Description:	CO ₂ Emissions from Steam consumption				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Calculated from Q_Steam_c and E_Steam_c data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO ₂ _Steam_c	
	Period Value:	16/05/2012	15/08/2012	13	
	Monthly Values:	16/05/2012	31/05/2012	1	
		01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0	
		01/07/2012	31/07/2012	7	
		01/08/2012	15/08/2012	5	
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring not applicable/Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Steam_c and E_Steam_c $CO2_Steam_c = Q_Steam_c \times E_Steam_c$				



QA/QC procedures:	Data Handling Protocol ISAL-ADOH-QA-007
Purpose of data:	(c) Calculation of leakage
Additional Comment:	

Data / Parameter:	NOx				
Data unit:	vppm				
Description:	NO + NO ₂ concentration in the stack gas Monitoring of the NOx content in the waste gas is required by local environmental legislation stated in the Commitment Agreement (TAC) signed with the Public Attorney of the State of São Paulo. NOx in the gaseous effluent can be randomly checked by the environmental agency Cetesb through sampling and analysis by an external laboratory. Analytical data show that the plant complies with the established environmental standard.				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically acquired continuously by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Parameter	Unit	Limit	Analytical results in this period	
	NOx	vppm	300 max at least 95% of time	Average of 17 and less than 300 for 100.0% of time	
Monitoring equipment	Equipment	Type	Accuracy Class	Calibration frequency	Calibration information
	AI-3490A (NO) serial number 450561464363	3490A (Infrared)	+/- <1 %	1/week	Last calibration
					09/08/2012
					Valid until
					following week
	AI-3490F (NO ₂) serial number 450561464363	3490F (Ultraviolet)	+/- <1 %	1/week	Last calibration
					10/08/2012
					Valid until
following week					
Measuring/Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily/Aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Procedure UQP-3-ADO-QA-006				
Purpose of data:	Compliance with local regulation on NOx				
Additional Comment:					

For other additional informations about the equipments cited above consult the Annex 1.

D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

Not applicable: AM0021 methodology version 1 does not specify any requirement on sampling

SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks

E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

The amount of baseline emissions in the given period y is calculated using the following formula according to AM0021/version 1 equation (1):

$$BE_y = Q_{N_2O_y} \times GWP_{N_2O} + Q_{Steam_{py}} \times E_{Steam_y}$$

It has been checked that there are no Brazilian regulation in place that would limit the quantity of N₂O emitted that can be taken into account for the calculation of the baseline emissions (see D.2.1.4. in the PDD).

The quantity Q_{N₂O_y} of N₂O emitted over the period can then be calculated by (AM0021/version1 – equation (2)):

$$Q_{N_2O_y} = P_{AdOH_y} \times N_{2O_}/AdOH$$

Over the period of reference the emission factor of the adipic acid plant was above the capped value of 0.27 kg N₂O/kg AdOH (see: D.2). So the capped value is being used according to AM 0021/version 1. The baseline emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values detailed in section D.1 and D.2 above:

Parameter	Value	Unit
Q _{N₂O_y}	1,905,422	kg
P _{AdOH_y} (eligible)	7,057.125	t
N ₂ O __ /AdOH	0.270	kg N ₂ O/kg AdOH
GWP _{N₂O} (1)	310	kgCO ₂ e/kg N ₂ O
Q _{Steam_{py}}	9,042.500	t of Steam
E _{Steam_y}	0.144	tCO ₂ /t of Steam

(1) Kyoto Protocol Rule, Decision 2/CP.3 and IPCC

The Baseline Emissions over this monitoring period are calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned}
 BE_y &= P_{AdOH_y} \times N_{2O_}/AdOH \times GWP_{N_2O} + Q_{Steam_{py}} \times E_{Steam_y} \\
 &= 7,057.125 \times 0.270 \times 310 + 9,042,500 \times 0.144 \\
 &= 590,681 + 1,302 \\
 &= \mathbf{591,983 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

BE_y calculated in BE worksheet of the workbook is 591,980 tCO₂e due to rounding down effects in the workbook calculations to be conservative in the final calculation of ER.

(See Section D2 for details)

E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks

According to AM0021, version 1, the project emissions PE_y are the emissions in the period y due to:

- the N₂O that has not been sent to the decomposition process (i.e. the N₂O that by-passed the decomposition facility)
- the N₂O non-destroyed by the decomposition process
- the emissions due to the use of natural gas.

PE_y is calculated as follows:

$$PE_y = (Q_{N_2O_by-pass_y} + ND_{N_2O_y}) \times GWP_{N_2O} + Q_{NG_y} \times E_{NG_y} \text{ (AM0021/version 1 equation (5))}$$

With $CO_2_{NG_y} = Q_{NG_y} \times E_{NG_y}$ (PDD section E.1) we get:

$$PE_y = (Q_{N_2O_by-pass_y} + ND_{N_2O_y}) \times GWP_{N_2O} + CO_2_{NG_y}, \text{ where:}$$

$$Q_{N_2O_by-pass_y} = P_{AdOH_y} \times (1 - \%_{on-line_y}) \times N_{2O_AdOH_y}$$

As a conservative interpretation of the methodology $Q_{N_2O_by-pass_y}$ is calculated using the actual value of $N_{2O_AdOH_y}$

$$ND_{N_2O_y} = Q_{GE_y} \times N_{2O_GE_y} \times \text{Specific gravity of } N_2O \times 10^{-6}$$

The project emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values presented in detail in section D:

Parameter	Value	Unit
P _{AdOH_y}	7,057.125	t
N _{2O} /AdOH _y	0.305	t N ₂ O/t AdOH
% _{on-line_y}	100.00	%
ND _{N₂O_y}	0.221	t N ₂ O
GWP _{N₂O} (1)	310	tCO ₂ e/tN ₂ O
Q _{NG_y}	759,016	Nm ³
E _{NG_y}	2.198E-03	tCO ₂ e/Nm ³

(1) Kyoto Protocol Rule, Decision 2/CP.3 and IPCC

The Project Emissions over this monitoring period are calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned}
 PE_y &= (P_{AdOH_y} \times (1 - \%_{on-line_y}) \times N_{2O_AdOH_y}) + ND_{N_2O_y} \times GWP_{N_2O} + CO_2_{NG_y} \\
 &= ((7,057.125 \times (1 - 1.00) \times 0.305) + 0.221) \times 310 + (759,016 \times 0.002198) \\
 &= 69 + 1,668 \\
 &= \mathbf{1,738 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}}
 \end{aligned}$$

PE_y calculated in PE worksheet of the workbook is 1,747 tCO₂e due to rounding-up effects in the workbook calculations to be conservative in the final calculation of ER.

E.3. Calculation of leakage

Leakage emissions in a given period y comprise the emissions associated with the energy sources used to generate any steam and electricity used by the decomposition plant.



Leakage is calculated according to AM0021/version 1, equation (7):

The leakage emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values presented in the detail in section D:

Parameter	Value	Unit
Q_Power _y	42,126.9	kWh
E_Power	0.818	kg CO ₂ /kWh
Q_Steam_c _y	49,300	kg
E_Steam_c _y	0.214	kg CO ₂ /kg of steam

The Leakage Emissions over this monitoring period are calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned} L_y &= Q_{\text{Power}_y} \times E_{\text{Power}} + Q_{\text{Steam}_c y} \times E_{\text{Steam}_c y} \\ &= (42,126.9 \times 0.818) + (49,300 \times 0.214) \\ &= 34,452 \text{ kg} + 10,550 \text{ kg} \\ &= \mathbf{46 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}} \end{aligned}$$

L_y calculated in L worksheet of the workbook is 48 tCO₂e due to rounding-up effects in the workbook calculations to be conservative in the final calculation of ER.

E.4. Summary of calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Following the methodology AM0021/version 1 and the PDD section D.2.4, the total emission reductions achieved by this project activity during this monitoring period is:

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y - L_y$$

Time Period	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)	Leakage (tCO ₂ e)	Emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)
Total	591,980	1,747	48	590,185

E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

In the PDD section E the emission reduction is estimated to be 5,961,165 tCO₂e. So the PDD-estimated emission reduction relative to the monitoring period of 92 days is 1,502,537 tCO₂e higher than the emission reductions of the current monitoring period.

Item	Values applied in ex-ante calculation of registered PDD	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)	1,502,537	590,185

E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

During this period the ER values of the monitoring period are lower than the ex-ante estimate values of the PDD because of the complete shut-down of the adipic acid plant for 53 days following an accidental explosion on 16/05/2012. .

BE:	PDD value = 1,796,993 tCO ₂ e	Period = 591,980 tCO ₂ e
Variance	Explanation	
- 1,202,564	The difference between the ex-ante emission reduction estimated considering the PDD criteria and the actual value for this period was due to the complete Adipic Acid plant shutdown during 53 days (from 17/05 to 8/07).	
- 2,449	The steam produced during this period was lower than the PDD value due to the complete shut-down of the N ₂ O unit during 49 days (from 17/05 to 04/07)	
- 1,205,013	Total BE variance	

It is important to note that according to the methodology AM0021/version 1, the eligible adipic acid production that can be used in the baseline is yearly capped, so it limits on a yearly basis the emission reduction calculation claimed for CERs. Please refer to item E.1 for details.

PE:	PDD value = 294,147 tCO ₂ e	Period = 1,747 tCO ₂ e
Variance	Explanation	
269,026	The significant higher performance of the N ₂ O abatement unit (the actual %_on-line of 100.000% in this period is significantly higher than the value of 85% estimated in the PDD due to excellent operational performance and due to the complete shutdown of Adipic Acid and N ₂ O abatement plants during 53 and 49 days respectively).	
19,308	A higher destruction rate of the N ₂ O which is around 99.999% during this period versus 99% taken conservatively in the PDD is due to the higher performance of unit, but also due to the complete shutdown of Adipic Acid and N ₂ O abatement plants during 53 and 49 days respectively.	
4,066	Difference in the natural gas consumption estimate and actual in the period	
292,400	Total PE variance	

L:	PDD value = 309 tCO ₂ e	Period = 48 t CO ₂ e
Variance	Explanation	
261	Difference mainly due to the quantity of steam consumed	
261	Total L variance	

The actual emission reductions determined in this monitoring period are lower than the *pro rata* estimation based on the *ex-ante* calculation made in the PDD, basically due to the accident which provoked the complete shutdown of the adipic acid plant during 53 days and the subsequent lower baseline emissions. .



Annex 1. Table of Equipments/General Information

Related PDD parameter	Instrument Location/Description	Tag Number	Parameter in PDD	Reference	Frequency	Work Done by	Previous calibration dates	Last calibration date
P_AdOH	Packaging machine 25 kg	Z-3110	Dry AA (P_AdOH)	INMETRO - Brazil Standard Portaria no. 236 (22December1994)	1/month	Third party	10/05/2012 06/06/2012 05/07/2012	02/08/2012
P_AdOH	Packaging machine 25 kg	G-2532	Dry AA (P_AdOH)	INMETRO - Brazil Standard Portaria no. 236 (22December1994)	1/month	Third party	10/05/2012 06/06/2012 05/07/2012	02/08/2012
P_AdOH	Weigh scale 1000 kg	Z-3120	Dry AA (P_AdOH)	INMETRO - Brazil Standard Portaria no. 236 (22December1994)	4/year	Third party	29/09/2011 22/12/2011 15/03/2012	06/06/2012
P_AdOH	Trucks weigh scale	BB-0090	N-salt production (P_AdOH)	INMETRO - Brazil Standard Portaria no. 236 (22December1994)	2/year	Third party	21/10/2011	07/04/2012
P_AdOH	Trucks weigh scale	BB-0335	N-salt production (P_AdOH)	INMETRO - Brazil Standard Portaria no. 236 (22December1994)	2/year	Third party	06/11/2011	15/04/2012
P_AdOH	Level of tank R-5300	LT-4500	N-salt production (P_AdOH)	Manufacturer Specifications	1/year	Rhodia	14/07/2011	11/07/2012
P_AdOH	Level of tank R-5310	LT-4509	N-salt production (P_AdOH)	Manufacturer Specifications	1/year	Rhodia	03/03/2011	23/02/2012
P_AdOH	Refractometer	Lab equipment RFM-340	N-salt production (P_AdOH)	Manufacturer Specifications	1/week	Rhodia	03/05/2012 10/05/2012 17/05/2012 24/05/2012 31/05/2012 07/06/2012 14/06/2012 21/06/2012 28/06/2012 05/07/2012 12/07/2012 19/07/2012 26/07/2012 02/08/2012	09/08/2012
				Manufacturer Specifications	2/year	Third party	23/02/2012	14/08/2012
HNO ₃ _cons	Nitric acid mass flowmeter	FQ-2179	Nitric Cons	Manufacturer Specifications	2 years	Third party	21/07/2010	30/05/2012
HNO ₃ _cons	Fresh nitric acid conc analyzer	AI-2179	Nitric Cons	Manufacturer Specifications	2 years	Third party	03/08/2010	30/05/2012
HNO ₃ _physical	Flowmeter of effluent to biological WWT	FQ-2973	Nitric Loss	Manufacturer Specifications	1/year	Rhodia	21/07/2011	11/07/2012
HNO ₃ _physical	Flowmeter of effluent to neutralization	FQ-2974	Nitric Loss	Manufacturer Specifications	1/year	Rhodia	21/07/2011	11/07/2012
HNO ₃ _physical	Waste gas flowmeter	FQ-3450	Nitric Loss	Manufacturer Specifications	1/year	Rhodia	08/12/2010	30/11/2011
HNO ₃ _physical	Nitric analyzer on effluent to neutralization	AI-2974	Nitric Loss	Manufacturer Specifications	2/month	Rhodia	19/04/2012 03/05/2012 28/06/2012 12/07/2012 26/07/2012	09/08/2012
HNO ₃ _physical	Nitric analyzer on effluent to neutralization	AI-2974B	For failure of AI-2974	Manufacturer Specifications	2/month	Rhodia	26/04/2012 10/05/2012 28/06/2012 (1) 02/07/2012 19/07/2012	02/08/2012
HNO ₃ _physical	NOx analyzer in the waste gas stream	AI-2195AB	Nitric Loss	Manufacturer Specifications	1/week	Rhodia	03/05/2012 10/05/2012 02/07/2012 (2) 07/07/2012 (2) 12/07/2012 19/07/2012 26/07/2012 02/08/2012	09/08/2012

Annex 1. Table of Equipments/General Information

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History of the document

Version	Date	Nature of revision
02.0	EB 66 13 March 2012	Revision required to ensure consistency with the "Guidelines for completing the monitoring report form" (EB 66, Annex 20).
01	EB 54, Annex 34 28 May 2010	Initial adoption.
Decision Class: Regulatory Document Type: Form Business Function: Issuance		