



## Monitoring report form (Version 03.1)

### Monitoring report

<b>Title of the project activity</b>	Industrial Wastewater Methane Recovery Project of Bengbu Tushan Thermoelectricity Co.,Ltd.
<b>Reference number of the project activity</b>	6988
<b>Version number of the monitoring report</b>	01
<b>Completion date of the monitoring report</b>	12/09/2013
<b>Registration date of the project activity</b>	15/08/2012
<b>Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period</b>	Period 1 15/08/2012-31/08/2013, about one year monitoring period
<b>Project participant(s)</b>	COFCO Biochemistry (Anhui) Co.,Ltd. LAKEWOOD CARBON CORP. (Purchaser) Umwelt-Projekt-Management GmbH(Purchaser)
<b>Host Party(ies)</b>	People's Republic of China
<b>Sectoral scope(s) and applied methodology(ies)</b>	ACM0014(Version 04.1.0): "Mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions from treatment of industrial wastewater" Sectoral Scope 13: Waste handling and disposal
<b>Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for this monitoring period in the registered PDD</b>	208,392tCO <sub>2</sub> e
<b>Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period</b>	166,746 tCO <sub>2</sub> e <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Actual values achieved up to 31 December 2012 is 52,083 tCO<sub>2</sub>e, and actual values achieved from 1 January 2013 onwards is 114,663 tCO<sub>2</sub>e

**SECTION A. Description of project activity****A.1. Purpose and general description of project activity**

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The Industrial Wastewater Methane Recovery Project of Bengbu Tushan Thermoelectricity Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Project") is to recover the biogas generated in the process of wastewater treatment as well as to create heat currently supplied by a fossil fuel. The Project is developed by the COFCO Biochemistry (Anhui) Co.,Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Project Owner"), which is located at the Bengbu City, Anhui Province.

The purpose of the project is to recover biogas generated from the open lagoons while considering the CDM revenue. The main constructions would be newly-built MIC anaerobic reactors, a biogas cleaning system, a co-firing system and a retrofitting aerobic treatment facility. After the implementation of the project, the biogas generated from MIC anaerobic reactors would firstly be sent to the purification system, then the purified biogas would be transported into the retrofitted coal-fired boilers to generate steam. The sludge from the wastewater treatment would be combusted in the boilers after dewatering and drying. When the boiler is in trouble due to failure or malfunction or under maintenance, biogas collected from the MIC reactor is open flared.

**A.2. Location of project activity**

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The Project is located in Bengbu City, Anhui Province, which is at the confluence of Jinpu line and Huaihe. The geographic coordinates are north 32° 56' 01" and east 117° 17' 11", respectively.

**A.3. Parties and project participant(s)**

Party involved ((host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants (as applicable)	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
People's Republic of China (host)	COFCO Biochemistry (Anhui) Co.,Ltd.	No
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Umwelt-Projekt- Management GmbH	No
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Lakewood Carbon Corp.	No

**A.4. Reference of applied methodology**

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The approved baseline and monitoring methodologies which are applicable to the project activity are as follows:

ACM0014: Mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions from treatment of industrial wastewater (version 04.1.0)  
Sectoral Scope 13: Waste handling and disposal

The methodology also refers to the following tools:

- Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality (Version 06.0.0)
- Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane;
- Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (Version 02.2.1);
- Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption (Version 01) ;

## A.5. Crediting period of project activity

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The project is registered on 15/08/2012. The start date of the crediting period is 15/08/2012 and choice of crediting period is 10 years, fixed crediting period.

## SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

### B.1. Description of implemented registered project activity

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#### Description of the installed technology, technical processes and equipments

The Project recovers the biogas from anaerobic wastewater treatment of ethanol fuel; the purified biogas co-fired with coal is transported to the boilers to generate steam. So, the technology employed by the Project is composed of wastewater treatment technology, a biogas cleaning system and a co-fired system.

#### (a) Wastewater treatment system

**Pre-treatment:** Wastewater of ethanol fuel is cooled through cooler and then is sent into the regulation pond for quality and quantity moderation.

**Anaerobic treatment:** After pre-treatment the wastewater is sent to the 1<sup>st</sup> stage MIC anaerobic reactor, where the wastewater is biodegraded completely (the removal rate of the COD can be up to 80%). Effluent from the first stage MIC anaerobic reactors is degassed through the degassing tower and then is sent to the second stage MIC anaerobic reactors for further organic decomposition (where the removal rate of COD is around 60%).

**Aerobic treatment:** Effluent from the 2<sup>nd</sup> stage anaerobic reactors goes into the bio-trickling filter tower, where the wastewater on the one hand is further cooled to ensure the environment of the aerobic micro organism in the two stage aerobic reactors is suitable, and on the other hand to reduce foam generation and sludge bulking. Effluent from the bio-trickling filter tower is put into the bio-double pool for aeration treatment, and then the wastewater is pumped to the existing oxidation ditch which is used as the second stage aerobic treatment facility. The treated waste water finally drains into the efficient sedimentation devices for sedimentation. After that, the precipitation sludge at the bottom of settler is pumped back to the sludge treatment system for further treatment, while the separated fresh water from the fresh water tank meeting primary discharged standards is discharged to the wastewater treatment plant.

MIC reactor (Multi-Internal Circulation), which is the third generation anaerobic reactor based on the second. It is composed of two vertical series-connected chambers. The first is the high load chamber of which the bottom zone includes a water inlet and a back flow zone. The second reactor is low load. There is a biogas collector between the first chamber and the second chamber. The three-phase separators are installed at the upper part of them in addition to a three-phase separation cap on the top of the anaerobic reactor. The two reaction chambers and the three-phase separation cap are connected with a lift pipe and a backflow pipe.

#### (b) Biogas purification and co-fired system

There is a biogas storage cabinet used to collect the biogas produced by degradation of organic matter from the MIC anaerobic reactors. The collected biogas is transported to the gas desulfurization system<sup>2</sup> for purification, and then the purified biogas is transported to Tushan Thermoelectricity Company's boiler room by the booster fan through the biogas mains and distributed to eight co-fired boilers. In both sides of each boiler are installed 2 biogas burner units. The biogas pipelines to the boilers is explosion-proof and anti-tempering, automatic turn off in case of fire and so on. The surplus sludge in the Project is combusted in the boilers after dehydration and drying.

The desulfurization system consists of an alkali washing tower and a bio-reactor. The alkaline liquid in the

<sup>2</sup> The concentration of CH<sub>4</sub> in the inlet of desulfurization system is 63.32%. After desulfurization, the H<sub>2</sub>S in the biogas (about 8.52g/m<sup>3</sup>) is removed.

bio-reactor can be recycled.

Furthermore, when the boiler is in trouble due to failure or malfunction, biogas collected from the MIC reactor is open flared.

The specifications of the major equipment after the implementation of the Project are shown in table B.1.1.

**Table B.1.1 Main technical parameters after the implementation of the Project**

Parameters		Value	
Wastewater treatment system	1 <sup>st</sup> MIC reactor	Size	Φ15×22.8m
		Number	6 units
		Capacity/unit	4,000m <sup>3</sup>
		HRT	35h
	2 <sup>nd</sup> MIC reactor	Size	Φ15×22.8m
		Number	2 units
		Capacity/unit	4,000m <sup>3</sup>
		HRT	11.7h
	Bio-double pool	Size	73×30×6.3 m
	Bio-trickling filter tower	Size	Φ15×16m
Biogas utilization system	Biogas burner	Number	16units
		Model number	FRQ-21
		Manufacturer	Xuzhou Funi Control Fired Research Institute Co.,Ltd
	Co-fired steam boiler I	Number	3
		Model number	DG-260/9.81-2
		Manufacturer	Dongfang Boiler Plant
		Boiler efficiency	91%
		Water temperature	215℃
		Rated steam pressure	9.81MPa
		Rated steam temperature	540℃
		Rated output	260t/h
		Date of manufacture	2004.05/2004.06/2004.12
	Co-fired steam boiler II	Number	2
		Model number	CG-130/3.82-M×5
		Manufacturer	Sichuan Boiler Plant
		Boiler efficiency	90.21%
		Water temperature	150℃
		Rated steam pressure	3.82MPa
		Rated steam temperature	450℃
		Rated output	130t/h
		Date of manufacture	2003.03/2003.04
	Co-fired steam boiler III	Number	3
		Model number	SG-130/3.82-M247
		Manufacturer	Shanghai Boiler Plant
		Boiler efficiency	90.63%
		Water temperature	158℃
		Rated steam pressure	3.82MPa
		Rated steam temperature	450℃
		Rated output	130t/h
		Date of manufacture	2000.08/2000.08/2000.08

#### Flow Diagram after the Implementation of the Project

The figure B.1.1 in annex 1 shows general arrangement after the implementation of the project activity.

#### Information on the implementation and actual operation of the project activity

Start date of the project: 18/03/2008

Starting date of continued operation of the Project: 05/06/2012

#### **Actual operation of the project activity during this monitoring period**

There were no special events during the monitoring period. No equipment was exchanged or overhauled. The project participant does not submit any request for approval of changes to the registered CDM project.

#### **Events affecting the applicability of the methodology**

No events or situations occurred that affected the applicability of the methodology.

### **B.2. Post registration changes**

#### **B.2.1. Temporary deviations from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology**

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The monitoring plan is the same as described in the registered CDM-PDD. None of the monitoring plan is revised.

#### **B.2.2. Corrections**

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No correction is applied during this monitoring period.

#### **B.2.3. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology**

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The monitoring of volume of biogas collected at the outlet of the anaerobic reactors is changed from one biogas flow meter into two biogas flow meters. And the methane content of the biogas at the outlet of the anaerobic reactors then was monitored at the two monitoring points as a result.

#### **B.2.4. Changes to project design of registered project activity**

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N/A

#### **B.2.5. Changes to start date of crediting period**

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As the registration date of the Project is August 15, 2012, the start date of crediting period is applied to be changed to August 15, 2012 from October 15, 2012.

#### **B.2.6. Types of changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity**

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N/A

### **SECTION C. Description of monitoring system**

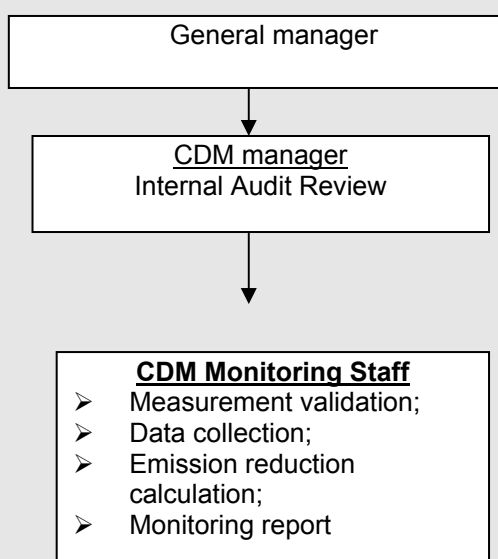
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The Monitoring Plan for the Project is developed to ensure complete and reliable data is collected and archived in well organized manner.

#### **1. Monitoring Organization and Staff Training**

An organization dedicated for monitoring of CDM project activity has been set up. The president of the COFCO Biochemistry (Anhui) Co.,Ltd. appointed one CDM monitoring manager and several CDM monitoring staff. The CDM monitoring group implemented data collection, calibration of meters, recording, archiving of collected data and preparation of monitoring report, etc. The managing structure is shown below.

Figure C.1 Managing structure of the CDM monitoring



The CDM monitoring manager carried out instruction and training of CDM monitoring staff while receiving a necessary support from third party technical experts. The CDM monitoring manager made the CDM monitoring staff understand the importance of monitoring for the CDM project activity as well as instruct technical matters such as how to use, maintain and calibrate monitoring equipment (including on-site training), procedure for error detection, data processing for calculation of emissions reductions, data archiving system (storage media, frequency of recording and backup, etc.), preparation of internal monitoring report and data entry method.

## 2. Monitoring equipment and installation

Monitoring instrument installation position are shown in Figure B.1.1 in annex 1, monitoring instrument introduction are shown in Table C.1.

Table C.1 Summary of monitoring equipment

No.	Parameter	Location	Remark
Q-101	Wastewater flow	Inlet of anaerobic digester	
C-101	Inflow COD of anaerobic reactor	Inlet of anaerobic digester	Measured periodically
Q-102	Wastewater flow	outlet of anaerobic digester	
C-102	Outflow COD of anaerobic reactor	outlet of anaerobic digester	Measured periodically
C-104	Methane content	outlet of anaerobic digester, biogas pipe	Measured periodically
C-105	Methane content	Biogas boiler entrance pipe / Torch entrance pipe	Measured periodically
Q-104	Biogas flow meter	Outlet of anaerobic reactor	
Q-105	Biogas flow meter	Inlet of co-fired boiler	
Q-103	Biogas flow meter	Inlet of flaring system	

Q-106	Wastewater flow	Outlet of aerobic reactor	
C-106	Outflow COD of aerobic reactor	Outlet of aerobic reactor	
E	Total energy meter	Power distribution cabinet	
T-101	Temperature of the flare	The open flare	

### 3. Data Collection and Archiving

Data collection and archiving is carried out in conformity with the method stated in section B.7.2.1 of the registered PDD and the monitoring manual was prepared by the starting date of CDM monitoring implementation. Dedicated data entry sheets as well as calculation spreadsheets are prepared. When the data is not temporarily available because of breakdown and/or failure of equipment, conservatively estimated value was used alternatively in transparent and reasonable manner. At the same time, the CDM monitoring manager took actions for prompt recovery from abnormal conditions and minimization of negative impact on production according to the procedures stipulated in the CDM manual. For example, when biogas could not be combusted in the co-fired boiler due to boiler malfunction, the CDM monitoring chief soon directed a CDM monitoring staff to take measures for recovery as well as to record the time when the boiler stops and restarts, and at the same time, informed it to relevant department to adjust plant operation.

### 4. Data Management

Data monitored for CDM purposes was aggregated, summarized, calculated and recorded as an electronic file at the end of every month. Backup was saved in a digital recording media like CD and as print out. All relevant documents such as maps, drawings, applicable standards, monitoring guidance, etc. are systematically stored in order to use to check appropriateness of data and data management. The collected data and relevant documents were made available to the verifier so that the reliability of the information can be checked. All the data shall be kept until two (2) years after the end of credit period.

### 5. Quality Assurance and Quality Control

All monitoring equipment was maintained and calibrated in line with manufacturers' instruction or national standards. Calibration was implemented once a year. These activities assure that the equipment operates at the stated level of accuracy.

Data collected by CDM monitoring staff was cross-checked by the CDM monitoring chief and the CDM monitoring manager to detect and correct errors in accordance with the predetermined procedure. In order to check if daily monitoring activities are implemented in compliance with the CDM monitoring manual, and to continuously improve monitoring practice, internal audit was also implemented on once a year. In the internal audit, document survey concerning procedures of data collection, management and archiving, status of calibration, education and training, etc. and onsite audit are made. Corrective action was taken on any deviations from the manual identified through the internal audit.

### 6. Monitoring Report

COFCO Biochemistry (Anhui) Co.,Ltd. prepared a monitoring report for verification by DOE. The monitoring report included monitoring data biogas flow rate, fraction of methane in biogas, record of calibration of meters, calculations of emission reductions, etc.

## SECTION D. Data and parameters

### D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

Data / Parameter:	COD <sub>out,x</sub>
Unit:	tCOD/y or m
Description:	COD of the effluent in the period x (a year of m)
Source of data:	FSR
Value(s) applied:	4,830tCOD/y
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation

Additional comment:	In the FSR, the quantity of the open lagoons effluent COD is less than 1400mg/l, the COD value is conservative.
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<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>COD<sub>in,x</sub></b>
Unit:	tCOD/y or m
Description:	COD directed to the open lagoons in the period x (a year)
Source of data:	FSR
Value(s) applied:	120,750 tCOD/y
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	In FSR, the value is monitored actually and conservative

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Bo</b>
Unit:	tCH <sub>4</sub> /tCOD
Description:	Maximum methane producing capacity, expressing the maximum amount of CH <sub>4</sub> that can be produced from a given quantity of chemical oxygen demand (COD)
Source of data:	2006 IPCC Guidelines
Value(s) applied:	0.21
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>f<sub>d</sub></b>
Unit:	/
Description:	Factor expressing the influence of the depth of the lagoon or sludge pit on methane generation
Source of data:	ACM0014
Value(s) applied:	For the baseline: 50%
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>D</b>
Unit:	m
Description:	Average depth of the lagoon
Source of data:	Specification of the baseline anaerobic lagoon
Value(s) applied:	5
Purpose of data:	To determine the f <sub>d</sub>
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EF<sub>CO<sub>2</sub>,FF,boiler</sub></b>
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> /GJ
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of the fossil fuel type used in the boiler for heat generation in the absence of the project activity
Source of data:	IPCC 2006 default value for other bituminous coal
Value(s) applied:	0.0946



Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$\eta_{BL,boiler}$
Unit:	%
Description:	Efficiency of the boiler that would be used for heat generation in the absence of the project activity
Source of data:	FSR
Value(s) applied:	91
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$FL_{biogas,digest}$
Unit:	m <sup>3</sup> biogas leaked/ m <sup>3</sup> biogas produced
Description:	Fraction of biogas that leak from the digester
Source of data:	IPCC(2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, Volume 5, Chapter 4, Page 4.4)
Value(s) applied:	0.05
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	Applicable to the new anaerobic digester

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$GWP_{CH_4}$
Unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> /tCH <sub>4</sub>
Description:	Global warming potential for CH <sub>4</sub>
Source of data:	IPCC 2006 Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories
Value(s) applied:	21 before 31/12/2013 and 25 after 1/1/2013
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$A$
Unit:	Ha
Description:	Surface of the lagoon
Source of data:	Specification of the baseline anaerobic lagoon
Value(s) applied:	12.5
Purpose of data:	To determine the $f_d$
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$\rho_{CH_4,n}$
Unit:	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Description:	Density of methane gas at normal conditions
Source of data:	Tool to calculate the project emissions of the methane combustion

Value(s) applied):	0.716
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>TDL<sub>j,y</sub></b>
Unit:	%
Description:	Average technical transmission and distribution losses for providing electricity to source j
Source of data:	Tool to calculate baseline project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption
Value(s) applied):	0
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

## D.2. Data and parameters monitored

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>F<sub>PJ,dig,m</sub></b>
Unit:	m <sup>3</sup> /month
Description:	Quantity of wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester in the project activity in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured by electromagnetic flow meter
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	electromagnetic flow meter Type: HHD-350K3C1E2F1T1P1D1J2 Serial number:HH12012902 Accuracy class: 0.5 Calibration frequency: once every two years Date of the latest calibration: 18/6/2012 Validity:2 years
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Monitored continuously with a flow meter and recorded every day, but aggregated monthly and annually for calculation
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	The electromagnetic flow meter undergoes calibration in line with national standard JJG1033-2007.
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>W<sub>COD,dig,m</sub></b>
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Unit:	tCOD/ m <sup>3</sup>
Description:	Average chemical oxygen demand in the wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester in the project activity in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured by testing in lab
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Measured in lab
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured periodically and recorded every day, calculated monthly and annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	The arithmetic mean value in month "m" is used for baseline emission calculation
QA/QC procedures:	Measured periodically according to the national standard of Water quality-Determination of the chemical oxygen demand-Dichromate method (GB11914-89), aggregated monthly and annually for calculation
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>F<sub>PJ,effl,dig,m</sub></b>
Unit:	m <sup>3</sup> /month
Description:	Quantity of effluent from the digester in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured by electromagnetic flow meter
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Electromagnetic flow meter Type: HHD-350K3C1E2F1T1P1D1J2 Serial number:HH12012903 Accuracy class: 0.5 Calibration frequency: once every two years Date of the latest calibration: 18/6/2012 Validity:2 years
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Monitored continuously with a flow meter and recorded every day, but aggregated monthly and annually for calculation
Calculation method (if applicable):	/

QA/QC procedures:	The meter will be calibrated according to national standard of Verification regulation of electromagnetic flowmeters (JJG1033-2007). According to this regulation, the meter was calibrated every two years.
Purpose of data:	Project emissions
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>W_{\text{COD, effl, dig, m}}</math></b>
Unit:	tCOD/ m <sup>3</sup>
Description:	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the digester in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured by testing in lab
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Measured in lab
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured in lab and recorded everyday, calculated monthly and annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	The arithmetic mean value in month “m” is used for project emission calculation.
QA/QC procedures:	Maintain and calibrate COD according to the national standard of Water quality-Determination of the chemical oxygen demand-Dichromate method (GB11914-89), aggregated monthly and annually for calculation.
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>F_{\text{PJ, effl, lag, m}}</math></b>
Unit:	m <sup>3</sup> /month
Description:	Quantity of effluent from the open lagoon in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured by electromagnetic flow meter
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet

Monitoring equipment:	Electromagnetic flow meter Type: HHD-450K3C1E2F1T1P1D1J2 Serial number:HH12012904 Accuracy class: 0.5 Calibration frequency: once every two years Date of the latest calibration: 18/6/2012 Validity:2 years
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured by flow meter, monitored continuously but aggregated annually for calculations.
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	The electromagnetic flow meter undergoes calibration in line with national standards JJG1033-2007.
Purpose of data:	For project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>W<sub>COD, effl, lag,m</sub></b>
Unit:	tCOD/ m <sup>3</sup>
Description:	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the open lagoon in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Measured in lab
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Measured in lab
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measure the COD regularly, calculate average monthly and annually values
Calculation method (if applicable):	The arithmetic mean value in month “m” is used for project emission calculation.
QA/QC procedures:	The meter undergoes maintenance and calibration in line with manufacture’s recommendation
Purpose of data:	For project emission calculation
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>T<sub>2,m</sub></b>
Unit:	K
Description:	Average temperature at the project site in month m
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured

Source of data:	Weather statistic from Anhui Province Meteorological Administration
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Official statistic data
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously, aggregated in monthly average values
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	/
Purpose of data:	To calculate baseline emission and project emission
Additional comment:	/
<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>HG<sub>PJ,y</sub></b>
Unit:	GJ
Description:	Net quantity of heat generated in year y with biogas from the new anaerobic digester
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated on the basis of measurements of the volume of biogas captured and used for heat generation ( $F_{\text{boiler,biogas},y}$ ) multiplied by the methane content of the gas ( $W_{\text{CH}_4,\text{biogas},y}$ ), CV methane ( $\text{NCV}_{\text{CH}_4}$ ), and the efficiency of the boiler during the project (i.e. with biogas: $\eta_{\text{PJ,boiler}}$ ). The efficiency of the boiler during the project ( $\eta_{\text{PJ,boiler}}$ ) is set as 91.0%
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet

Monitoring equipment:	<p>For measuring <math>F_{\text{boiler, biogas, y}}</math> the biogas flow meter was used.  Type: YHNZ-1-1-500-121-112  Serial number: 120218  Accuracy class: 1.0  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 19/6/2012 and 9/5/2013  Validity: 1 year</p> <p>Temperature transmitter  Type: KRD-SBWZ-2480-240  Serial number: 181201002  Accuracy class: 0.5  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013</p> <p>Industrial platinum resistance  Type: Pt100  Serial number: 181201002  Accuracy class: B  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013</p> <p>Pressure transmitter  Type: T350  Serial number: T12160014  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013</p> <p>Pressure transmitter  Type: T350  Serial number: C12160013  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013</p> <p>For measuring <math>W_{\text{CH}_4, \text{biogas, y}}</math> gas analyzer was used.  Type: Gasboard-3200L  Serial number: 11302270206111000049  Accuracy class: 2.0  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 6/6/2012 and 10/5/2013  Validity: 1 year</p>
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	The volume of biogas captured and used for heat generation was measured continuously and the methane content of biogas was measured at 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and the end of every month.
Calculation method (if applicable):	$HG_{\text{PJ, y}} = F_{\text{boiler, biogas, y}} * W_{\text{CH}_4, \text{biogas, y}} * NCV_{\text{CH}_4} * \eta_{\text{PJ, boiler}}$
QA/QC procedures:	The meter undergoes maintenance and calibration in line with manufacture's recommendation
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>F_{\text{biogas},y}</math></b>
Unit:	$\text{m}^3$
Description:	Total amount of biogas collected in the outlet of the new digester
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Biogas flow volume
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	41,155,482 (23,683,314 in 2013 and 17,472,168 in 2012)



Monitoring equipment:	<p>Gas flow meter 1  Type: ANB-LS  Serial number: ANB12010501  Accuracy class: 1.5  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 19/6/2012 and 9/5/2013  Industrial platinum resistance  Type: Pt100  Serial number: 1201006  Accuracy class: B  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Pressure transmitter  Type: ZY-PMC  Serial number: ZY20120105001  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Type: EJA110A  Serial number: 91LC25311108  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Gas flow meter 2  Type: YHNZ-1-1-400-121-112  Serial number: 120217  Accuracy class: 1.0  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 19/6/2012 and 9/5/2013  Temperature transmitter  Type: KRD-SBWZ-2480-240  Serial number: 181201001  Accuracy class: 0.5  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Industrial platinum resistance  Type: Pt100  Serial number: 181201001  Accuracy class: B  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Pressure transmitter  Type: T350  Serial number: T12160015  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013  Type: EJA110A  Serial number: 91MB07617251  Accuracy class: 0.2  Calibration frequency: annually  Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013</p>	
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Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Monitored continuously and recorded daily, aggregated annually for calculation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Volume of biogas from anaerobic outlet 1 added that from outlet 2
QA/QC procedures:	Maintain and calibrate the meter according to national standard of Verification regulation of differential pressure type flowmeter (JJG640-1994). According to this standard, this meter was calibrated annually.
Purpose of data:	Applied to estimate emissions associated with physical leakage from the digester.
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>FV_{RG,h}</math></b>
Unit:	$m^3/h$
Description:	Volumetric flow rate of the biogas in the hour h
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Monitoring data by gas flow meter
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0
Monitoring equipment:	Gas flow meter Type: AVS-100/EX-30CG11DJ Serial number: 12022123 Accuracy class: 1.0 Calibration frequency: annually Date of the latest two calibration: 19/6/2012 and 9/5/2013 Validity: 1 year
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously, aggregated in monthly average values
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	/
Purpose of data:	To calculate project emission
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b><math>W_{CH_4,biogas,y}/W_{CH_4,y}</math></b>
Unit:	$kgCH_4/m^3/\%$
Description:	Concentration of methane in the biogas
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured

Source of data:	Monitoring data by gas analyzer
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Gas analyzer was used. Type: Gasboard-3200L Serial number: 11302270206111000049 Accuracy class: 2.0 Calibration frequency: annually Date of the latest two calibration: 6/6/2012 and 10/5/2013 Validity: 1 year
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously, aggregated in monthly average values
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	/
Purpose of data:	To calculate project emission
Additional comment:	The methane content was measured at boiler, at outlet 1 of the anaerobic reactors and outlet 2 of the anaerobic reactors.

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>EC<sub>PJ,I,y</sub></b>
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Quantity of electricity consumed by the project activity
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Monitoring data by electricity meter
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER sheet
Monitoring equipment:	Electricity meter was used. Type: DSSD566 Serial number: 0507970211 Accuracy class: 0.5 Calibration frequency: Every four years Date of the latest calibration: 11/6/2012 Validity: 4 years
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously, aggregated in monthly average values
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	/
Purpose of data:	To calculate project emission
Additional comment:	/

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	$T_{\text{flare},y}$
Unit:	°C
Description:	Temperature of the flare
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Monitoring data by thermocouple
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	There is no flare in this monitoring period.
Monitoring equipment:	Thermocouple Type: K Serial number: 181201003 Accuracy class: II Calibration frequency: annually Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013 Validity: 1 year  Temperature transmitter Type: KRD-SBWR-2400-200 Serial number: 181201003 Accuracy class: 0.5 Calibration frequency: annually Date of the latest two calibration: 20/6/2012 and 13/5/2013 Validity: 1 year
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously, aggregated in monthly average values
Calculation method (if applicable):	/
QA/QC procedures:	/
Purpose of data:	To calculate project emission
Additional comment:	/

### D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

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Compared with Standard for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programme of activities (version 03.0), "DRAFT GENERAL GUIDELINES ON SAMPLING AND SURVEYS" is conservative, because it uses the lower or upper bound of 95% confidence interval, not the average. Considering the Standard for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programme of activities (version 03.0), the sample mean (or proportion) value shall be used for the emissions reduction calculation, not the lower or upper bound of the confidence interval (paragraph 17 of the Standard).

In this monitoring period, the parameter  $\omega_{\text{CH}_4, \text{biogas}, y}$  and  $\omega_{\text{CH}_4, y}$  is monitored fixed on date 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and the end of each month. In order to calculate the result, the calculation method of annex 1 "Sampling formulas" of "Draft General Guidelines on Sampling and Surveys" of the EB47 annex 27 is adopted. The calculation process is:

**Data analysis of  $\omega_{\text{CH}_4, \text{biogas}, y}$**

## 1. Define the sampling population

In this monitoring period, the sampling population derives from the measurement (fixed on date 5 10 15 20 25 and the end of each month) which meets the requirement of the registered PDD's MP. The recorded datum is qualified.

Estimate the mean value of samples

$$\overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{w_{CH_4,biogas,i}}{n}$$

Where

$w_{CH_4,biogas,i}$  denotes the value of  $w_{CH_4,biogas}$  for measurement i;

$\overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}}$  denotes the mean value of all the sample value of  $w_{CH_4,biogas,i}$  ;

n denotes the sample size.

Through the calculation of the recorded samples, the mean value of  $w_{CH_4,biogas,i}$  is 60.0 % in 2013 and 59.7% in 2012.

## 2. Sample estimate for the population variance

$$S^2 = \frac{\sum (w_{CH_4,biogas,i} - \overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}})^2}{n-1}$$

Where

S denotes the standard deviation.

By calculation, the result of standard deviation of  $w_{CH_4,biogas,y}$  is 2.8794 in 2013 and 3.2110 in 2012.

3. Calculation the standard deviation of mean  $\overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}}$ 

$$s_y = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1-n/N}$$

Where:

$s_y$  denotes the standard deviation of mean  $\overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}}$  ;

N denotes the total measurement times. Referring to the paragraph 6 of annex1 "Sampling formulas" of the EB47 annex 27, one can assume that the population (N) is large, it can ignore the term  $\sqrt{1-n/N}$ .

By calculation,  $s_y = 0.4671$  in 2013 and 0.6068 in 2012

## 4. Calculation 95% confidence level

$$\text{prob} \left\{ \overline{w_{CH_4,y}} - \frac{ts}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1-n/N} \leq \overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}} \leq \frac{ts}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1-n/N} \right\} = \text{prob}(t) = 95\%$$

Where:

t denotes the normal deviate corresponding to prob(t). For sample size with 28 in 2012, the t value for the degree of freedom of 27 is 2.0518, for sample size with 38 in 2013, the t value for the degree of freedom of 37 is 2.0262 is adopted<sup>3</sup>.

## 5. Use the lower or upper bound of the 95% confidence interval obtained below to ensure conservativeness

$$w_{lb,CH_4,biogas,y} = \overline{w_{CH_4,biogas,y}} - \frac{ts}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Where:

$w_{lb,CH_4,biogas,y}$  the lower bound of the 95% confidence interval of methane fraction of biogas;

As per the datum recorded, the result of  $w_{lb,CH_4,biogas,y}$  is 59.0% in 2013 and 58.4% in 2012.

Estimate the mean value of samples

For the parameter of  $w_{CH_4,y}$  the analysis method is the same as  $w_{CH_4, bioqas, y}$ .

The calculation result is as follows,

Parameter	Average value	Standard deviation	Sample size	tn-1	Lower /upper bound	Precision (calculated )	Precision requirement
$w_{CH_4, bioqas, y}$ 2013	60.0	2.8794	38	2.0262	59.0%(lower bound)	1.58%	10%
$w_{CH_4, bioqas, y}$ 2012	59.7	3.2110	28	2.0518	58.4%(lower bound)	2.09%	10%
$w_{CH_4,y,1}$ 2013	60.0	2.8710	38	2.0262	61.0% (upper bound)	1.57%	10%
$w_{CH_4,y,1}$ 2012	59.6	3.1881	28	2.0518	60.9% (upper bound)	2.07%	10%
$w_{CH_4,y,2}$ 2013	60.0	2.8779	38	2.0262	60.9% (upper bound)	1.58%	10%
$w_{CH_4,y,2}$ 2012	59.6	3.1072	28	2.0518	60.8% (upper bound)	2.02%	10%

As demonstrated above, the confidence/precision has been met in accordance with the sampling plan. Further details can be seen from relevant electronic sheets.

## SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks

### E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

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$$BE_y = BE_{CH_4,y} + BE_{EL,y} + BE_{HG,y}$$

Where:

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$BE_y$	Baseline emissions in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e ).	68,123	145,732
$BE_{CH_4,y}$	Methane emissions from anaerobic treatment of the wastewater in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e).	33,549	98,365
$BE_{EL,y}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with electricity generation that is displaced by the project activity and/ or electricity consumption in the absence of the project activity in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> );	0	0
$BE_{HG,y}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with fossil fuel combustion for heating equipment that is displaced by the project in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> ).	34,574	47,367

$$BE_{CH_4,y} = GWP_{CH_4} \times MCF_{BL,y} \times B_o \times COD_{BL,y}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
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$BE_{CH_4,y}$	Methane emissions from anaerobic treatment of the wastewater in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in the monitoring period ( $tCO_2e$ )	33,549	98,365
$GWP_{CH_4}$	Global Warming Potential of methane valid for the commitment period ( $tCO_2e/tCH_4$ )	21	25
$MCF_{BL,y}$	Average baseline methane conversion factor (fraction) in the monitoring period, representing the fraction of ( $COD_{PJ,y} \times B_o$ ) that would be degraded to $CH_4$ in the absence of the project activity.	0.1681	0.3049
$B_o$	Maximum methane producing capacity, expressing the maximum amount of $CH_4$ that can be produced from a given quantity of chemical oxygen demand ( $tCH_4/tCOD$ )	0.21	0.21
$COD_{BL,y}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that would be treated in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in the monitoring period ( $tCOD$ )	45,256	61,450

$$COD_{BL,y} = AD_{BL} \times COD_{PJ,y}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$COD_{BL,y}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that would be treated in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in the monitoring period ( $tCOD$ )	45,256	61,450
$COD_{PJ,y}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity in the monitoring period ( $tCOD$ )	47,141	64,011
$AD_{BL}$	Effluent adjustment factor expression the percentage of COD that is degraded in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity.	0.96	0.96

$$AD_{BL} = 1 - \frac{COD_{out,x}}{COD_{in,x}}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$AD_{BL}$	Effluent adjustment factor expression the percentage of COD that is degraded in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity	0.96	0.96
$COD_{out,x}$	Design COD outflow from the baseline anaerobic lagoon in period x (a year) ( $tCOD/yr$ )	4,830	4,830
$COD_{in,x}$	Design COD inflow to the baseline anaerobic lagoon in period x (a year) ( $tCOD/yr$ )	120,750	120,750

$$COD_{PJ,y} = \sum_{m=1}^{12} F_{PJ,dig,m} \times w_{COD,dig,m}$$

Parameter	Description
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$COD_{PJ,y}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity (t COD)
$F_{PJ,dig,m}$	Quantity of wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester in the project activity in month m (m <sup>3</sup> /month)
$W_{COD,dig,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity in month m. (tCOD/m <sup>3</sup> )
m	Months of year y of the crediting period

$$MCF_{BL,y} = f_d \times f_{T,y} \times 0.89$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$MCF_{BL,y}$	Average baseline methane conversion factor (fraction) in the monitoring period, representing the fraction of ( $COD_{PJ,y} \times B_o$ ) that would be degraded to CH <sub>4</sub> in the absence of the project activity	0.1681	0.3049
$f_d$	Factor expressing the influence of the depth of the lagoon on methane generation	50%	50%
$f_{T,y}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in the monitoring period	0.3777 The calculation process is available in the ER sheet.	0.6851 The calculation process is available in the ER sheet.
0.89	Conservativeness factor		

#### Determination of $f_{T,y}$

$$COD_{available,m} = COD_{BL,m} + (1 - f_{T,m}) \times COD_{available,m-1} \text{ with}$$

$$COD_{BL,m} = AD_{BL} \times COD_{PJ,m}$$

$$COD_{PJ,m} = F_{PJ,dig,m} \times W_{COD,dig,m}$$

Where:

$COD_{available,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand available for degradation in the open lagoon in month m (t COD/month)
$COD_{BL,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that would be treated in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in month m (t COD/month)
$COD_{PJ,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity in month m (t COD/month)
$AD_{BL}$	Effluent adjustment factor expressing the percentage of COD that is degraded in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity
$F_{PJ,dig,m}$	Quantity of wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity in month m (m <sup>3</sup> /month)
$W_{COD,dig,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the wastewater that is treated in the anaerobic digester or under clearly aerobic conditions in the project activity in month m (t COD/m <sup>3</sup> )
$f_{T,m}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in month m
m	Months of year y of the crediting period

The monthly factor to account for the influence of the temperature on methane generation is calculated based on the following van.t Hoff. Arrhenius. Approach

$$f_{T,m} = 0 \text{ if } T_{2,m} < 283K$$

$$f_{T,m} = \exp\left(\frac{E^*(T_{2,m} - T_1)}{R*T_1*T_{2,m}}\right) \text{ if } 283K < T_{2,m} < 303K$$

$$f_{T,m} = 0 \text{ if } T_{2,m} > 303K$$

Where:



$f_{T,m}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in month m
E	Activation energy constant (15,175 cal/mol)
$T_{2,m}$	Average temperature at the project site in month m (K)
$T_1$	303.16 K (273.16 K + 30 K)
R	Ideal gas constant (1.987 cal/K mol)
M	Months of year y of the crediting period

Based on the monthly values  $f_{T,m}$ , the annual value  $f_{T,y}$  is calculated as follows:

$$f_{T,y} = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^m f_{T,m} \times COD_{available,m}}{\sum_{m=1}^m COD_{BL,m}}$$

Where:

$f_{T,y}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in year y
$f_{T,m}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in month m
$COD_{available,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand available for degradation in the open lagoon in month m (t COD/month)
$COD_{BL,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand that would be treated in open lagoons in the absence of the project activity in month m (t COD/month)
m	Months of year y of the crediting period

$$BE_{HG,y} = \frac{HG_{PJ,y} \times EF_{CO2,FF,boiler}}{\eta_{BL,boiler}}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$BE_{HG,y}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions associated with fossil fuel combustion for heating equipment that is displaced by the project in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> )	34,574	47,367
$HG_{PJ,y}$	Net quantity of heat generated in the monitoring period with biogas from the new anaerobic digester (GJ)	332,586	455,644
$EF_{CO2,FF,boiler}$	CO <sub>2</sub> emission factor of the fossil fuel type used in the boiler for heat generation in the absence of the project activity (tCO <sub>2</sub> / TJ)	0.0946	0.0946
$\eta_{BL,boiler}$	Efficiency of the boiler that would be used for heat generation in the absence of the project activity	91%	91%

$$HG_{PJ,y} = F_{biogas,y} \times w_{CH4,biogas,y} \times NCV_{CH4} \times \eta_{PJ,boiler}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$F_{biogas,y}$	Amount of biogas collected at the inlet of the boiler in year y(m <sup>3</sup> )	17,428,754	23,623,290
$w_{CH4,biogas,y}$	Concentration of methane in the biogas at the inlet of the boiler.	58.4%	59.0%
$NCV_{CH4}$	Net calorific value of methane (GJ/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.0359	0.0359
$\eta_{PJ,boiler}$	Efficiency of the boiler during in the Project (i.e. with biogas).	91%	91%

Based on the formula above, the baseline emissions are calculated to be

$$BE_y = BE_{CH_4,y} + BE_{EL,y} + BE_{HG,y} = 68,123 tCO_2e \text{ in 2012 and } 145,732 tCO_2e \text{ in 2013}$$

## E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks

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$$PE_y = PE_{CH_4,effluent,y} + PE_{CH_4,digest,y} + PE_{flare,y} + PE_{EC,y}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
PE <sub>y</sub>	Project emissions in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	16,040	31,069
PE <sub>CH<sub>4</sub>,effluent,y</sub>	Project emissions from treatment of wastewater effluent from the anaerobic digester in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	4,531	13,385
PE <sub>CH<sub>4</sub>,digest,y</sub>	Project emissions from physical leakage of methane from the anaerobic digester in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	7,996	12,919
PE <sub>flare,y</sub>	Project emissions from flaring of biogas generated in the anaerobic digester in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	0	0
PE <sub>EC,y</sub>	Project emissions from electricity consumption in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	3,513	4,765

$$PE_{CH_4,effluent,y} = GWP_{CH_4} \times MCF_{PJ,y} \times B_o \times (COD_{PJ,effl,dig,y} - COD_{PJ,effl,lag,y})$$

$$COD_{PJ,effl,dig,y} = \sum_{m=1}^{12} F_{PJ,effl,dig,m} \times W_{COD,effl,dig,m}$$

$$COD_{PJ,effl,lag,y} = \sum_{m=1}^{12} F_{PJ,effl,lag,m} \times W_{COD,effl,lag,m}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
PE <sub>CH<sub>4</sub>,effluent,y</sub>	Project emissions from treatment of wastewater effluent from the anaerobic digester in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	4,531	13,385
GWP <sub>CH<sub>4</sub></sub>	Global Warming Potential of methane valid for the commitment period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e / tCH <sub>4</sub> )	21	25
MCF <sub>PJ,y</sub>	Project methane conversion factor (fraction) in year y, representing the fraction of (COD <sub>PJ,effluent,y</sub> × B <sub>o</sub> ) that degraded to CH <sub>4</sub>	0.2643	0.4795
B <sub>o</sub>	Maximum methane producing capacity, expressing the maximum amount of CH <sub>4</sub> that can be produced from a given quantity of chemical oxygen demand (tCH <sub>4</sub> / tCOD)	0.21	0.21
COD <sub>PJ,effl,dig,y</sub>	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the digester in the monitoring period (tCOD)	3,991	5,407

$COD_{PJ,effl,lag,y}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand in the effluent of the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in the monitoring period (tCOD )	103	91
$F_{PJ,effl,dig,m}$	Quantity of effluent from the digester in month m(m <sup>3</sup> / month)	Data is available in the ER sheet	Data is available in the ER sheet
$W_{COD,effl,dig,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the digester in month m (t COD / m <sup>3</sup> )	Data is available in the ER sheet	Data is available in the ER sheet
$F_{PJ,effl,lag,m}$	Quantity of effluent from the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m	Data is available in the ER sheet	Data is available in the ER sheet
$W_{COD,effl,lag,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m	Data is available in the ER sheet	Data is available in the ER sheet

$MCF_{PJ,y}$  is calculated as follows:

$$MCF_{PJ,y} = f_d \times f_{PJ,T,y}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$MCF_{PJ,y}$	Project methane conversion factor (fraction), representing the fraction of ( $COD_{PJ,effluent,y} \times B_o$ ) that degraded to CH <sub>4</sub>	0.2643	0.4795
$f_d$	Factor expressing the influence of the depth of the lagoon or dewatering facility on methane generation	70%	70%
$f_{PJ,T,y}$	Factor expression the influence of the temperature on the methane generation under the project activity in year y	0.3775 The calculation process is available in the ER sheet.	0.6850 The calculation process is available in the ER sheet.

#### Determination of $f_{PJ,T,y}$

$$f_{PJ,T,y} = \frac{\sum_{m=1}^{12} f_{T,m} \times COD_{PJ,available,m}}{\sum_{m=1}^{12} (COD_{PJ,effl,dig,m} - COD_{PJ,effl,lag,m})}$$

$$COD_{PJ,available,m} = (COD_{PJ,effl,dig,m} - COD_{PJ,effl,lag,m}) + (1 - f_{T,m}) \times COD_{PJ,available,m-1}$$

$$COD_{PJ,effl,dig,m} = F_{PJ,effl,dig,m} \times W_{COD,effl,dig,m}$$

$$COD_{PJ,effl,lag,m} = F_{PJ,effl,lag,m} \times W_{COD,effl,lag,m}$$

#### Where:

$COD_{PJ,available,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand available for degradation in the open lagoon or dewatering facility under the project activity in month m (t COD/month)
$COD_{PJ,effl,dig,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the digester in month m (tCOD/month)
$COD_{PJ,effl,lag,m}$	Quantity of chemical oxygen demand in the effluent of the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m (tCOD/month)
$F_{PJ,effl,dig,m}$	Quantity of effluent from the digester in month m (m <sup>3</sup> /month)
$W_{COD,effl,dig,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the digester in month m (t COD/m <sup>3</sup> )

$F_{PJ,effl,laq,m}$	Quantity of effluent from the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m ( $m^3$ /month)
$W_{COD,effl,laq,m}$	Average chemical oxygen demand in the effluent from the open lagoon or dewatering facility in which the effluent from the digester is treated in month m (t COD/ $m^3$ )
$f_{T,m}$	Factor expressing the influence of the temperature on the methane generation in month m
m	Months of year y of the crediting period

$f_{T,m}$  is calculated based on the equation provided in calculation of baseline emission above.

$$PE_{CH_4,digest,y} = F_{biogas,y} \times FL_{biogas,digest} \times W_{CH_4,y} \times GWP_{CH_4} \times 0.001$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$PE_{CH_4,digest,y}$	Project emissions from physical leakage of methane from the anaerobic digester( tCO <sub>2</sub> e )	7,996	12,919
$F_{biogas,y,1}$	Amount of biogas collected in the outlet of the anaerobic outlet 1 ( $m^3$ )	14,803,475	20,067,020
$F_{biogas,y,2}$	Amount of biogas collected in the outlet of the anaerobic outlet 2 ( $m^3$ )	2,668,693	3,616,294
$FL_{biogas,digest}$	Fraction of biogas that leaks from the digester ( $m^3$ biogas leaked / $m^3$ biogas produced)	0.05 according to ACM0014 V04.1	0.05 according to ACM0014 V04.1
$W_{CH_4,y,1}$	Concentration of methane in the biogas in the outlet of the new digester 1 (kg CH <sub>4</sub> / $m^3$ ).	0.4359	0.4364
$W_{CH_4,y,2}$	Concentration of methane in the biogas in the outlet of the new digester 2 (kg CH <sub>4</sub> / $m^3$ ).	0.4354	0.4361
$GWP_{CH_4}$	Global Warming Potential of methane valid for the commitment period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e / tCH <sub>4</sub> )	21	25

$$PE_{flare,y} = \sum_{h=1}^{8760} TM_{RG,h} \times (1 - \eta_{flare,h}) \times \frac{GWP_{CH_4}}{1000}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$PE_{flare,y}$	Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	0	0
$TM_{RG,h}$	Mass flow rate of methane in the residual gas in the hour h (kg/h)	0	0
$\eta_{flare,h}$	Flare efficiency in hour h	--	--
$GWP_{CH_4}$	Global warming potential of methane valid for the commitment period (tCO <sub>2</sub> e/tCH <sub>4</sub> )	21	25

$$TM_{RG,h} = FV_{RG,h} \times fv_{CH_4,RG,h} \times \rho_{CH_4,n}$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$FV_{RG,h}$	Volumetric flow rate of the residual gas in dry basis at normal conditions in hour h ( $m^3$ /h)	0	0
$fv_{CH_4,RG,h}$	Volumetric fraction of methane in the residual gas on dry basis in hour h (i	--	--

	refers to methane).		
$\rho_{CH_4,n}$	Density of methane at normal conditions (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.716	0.716

$$PE_{EC,y} = \sum_j EC_{PJ,j,y} \times EF_{EL,j,y} \times (1 + TDL_{j,y})$$

Parameter	Description	Data before 31/12/2012	Data after 1/1/2013
$PE_{EC,y}$	Project emissions from electricity consumption in the monitoring period (tCO <sub>2</sub> )	3,513	4,765
$EC_{PJ,j,y}$	Quantity of electricity consumed by the project electricity consumption source j in year y (MWh)	2,702	3,666
$EF_{EL,j,y}$	Emission factor for electricity generation for source j in year y (tCO <sub>2</sub> /MWh)	1.3	1.3
$TDL_{j,y}$	Average technical transmission and distribution losses for providing electricity to source j in the monitoring period	0%	0%

Based on the formula above, project emissions are calculated to be

$$PE_y = PE_{CH_4,effluent,y} + PE_{CH_4,digest,y} + PE_{flare,y} + PE_{EC,y} = 16,040 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e in 2012 and } 31,069 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e in 2013}$$

### E.3. Calculation of leakage

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$$L_v = 0$$

### E.4. Summary of calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Item	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Leakage (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)	Emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks (t CO <sub>2</sub> e)
<b>Total</b>	213,855	47,109	0	166,746

### E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

In this monitoring period from 15/08/2012 to 31/08/2013, with 382 days in total, and the actual emission reduction is 166,746tCO<sub>2</sub>e. The estimation of this monitoring period based on the registered PDD is 199,118\*382/365=208,392tCO<sub>2</sub>e.

Item	Values estimated in ex-ante calculation of registered PDD	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
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<b>Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>	208,392	166,746
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**E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD**

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There is no essential difference between the actual project and the project design due to the wastewater quality and quantity that fluctuates around the designed value which influences the baseline and project emission.

No increase of actual GHG emissions from the registered PDD.

**E.7. Actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks during the first commitment period and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Actual values achieved up to 31 December 2012</b>	<b>Actual values achieved from 1 January 2013 onwards</b>
<b>Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>	52,083	114,663

