

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE)

Monitoring Report – Version 01
9th Verification
Monitoring Period: 01/07/2008 to 30/09/2008

São Paulo, October 1st 2008

Sustainability_the key for the future



Clean Development Mechanism

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Biogás Energia Ambiental SA

São Paulo
October, 1st 2008

Table of Contents

1. General Project Activity Information	1
1.1. Title and Registration Number of the Project Activity	1
1.2. Short Description of the Project Activity:	1
1.3. Real Project Implementation	1
1.4. Changes against the PDD	4
1.5. Monitoring Period.....	4
1.6. Methodology applied to the project activity.....	4
1.6.1. Baseline methodology	4
1.6.2. Monitoring methodology	4
1.7. Changes since last verification	4
1.8. Person(s) responsible for the preparation and submission of the monitoring report	4
2. Monitoring of the Project Activity	5
2.1. Monitoring Plan	5
2.2. Monitoring Equipment.....	6
2.2.1. Data Acquisition	9
2.2.2. Involvement of Third Parties	12
2.3. Quality assurance and quality control measures.....	12
2.3.1. Internal Procedures and ISO14001	12
2.3.2. Organizational Structure, responsibilities and competencies.....	13
2.3.3. Data Protection Measures	14
3. Application of GHG determination methods.....	15
3.1. Calculation of Emission Reductions	15
3.1.1. Calculation of FE – Flare Efficiency.....	16
4. Monitored and Calculated Data	20
4.1. Table presenting the monitored data.....	20
4.2. Events registered.....	24
4.3. Description and consideration of measurement uncertainties and error propagation.....	25
4.4. Calculation of $LFG_{\text{flared}, y}$	26
4.5. Calculation of $LFG_{\text{electricity}, y}$	26
4.6. Calculation of EG_y	27
4.7. List of default values	27
4.8. Table providing the formulas used	27
4.9. GHG emission reductions.....	28

List of Figures

Figure 1-1. Bandeirantes Landfill Cells	1
Figure 1-2. Degassing Station (A) and Power Plant (B).....	2
Figure 1-3. Compressors (blue) and dryers (metal).....	3
Figure 1-4. Turbine Flow-meter	3
Figure 1-5. Generators used to produce electricity	3
Figure 1-6. Flare used to destroy the surplus gas collected	3
Figure 2-1. Lay-out of the Degassing Station	7
Figure 2-2. PLC Controlling System panel.....	9
Figure 2-3. General Organogram and Responsibility Matrix of Biogás Energia Ambiental	13

Glossary

CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CDM-EB	Clean Development Mechanism Executive Board
PDD	Project Design Document
CER	Certified Emission Reduction
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
GWP	Global Warming Potential
CH ₄	Methane
EF	Grid CO ₂ Electricity Emission Factor

1. General Project Activity Information

1.1. Title and Registration Number of the Project Activity

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE), Registration Number 0164

OBS: the presentation of values in this Monitoring Report, including those used for emission reductions, are in international standard format e.g 1,000 representing one thousand and 1.0 representing one.

1.2. Short Description of the Project Activity:

Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE) is a project designed to explore the landfill gas produced in Bandeirantes landfill, one of the biggest landfills in Brazil. This landfill is located in the metropolitan region of São Paulo, Brazil's biggest city and financial center of the country. With an estimated population of around 10 million citizens in 2000, São Paulo generates nearly 15,000 tons of waste daily. Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE)'s goal is to explore the gas produced in Bandeirantes landfill, using it to generate electricity.

1.3. Real Project Implementation

Bandeirantes landfill is divided into 5 cells, named AS-1, AS-2, AS-3, AS-4 and AS-5. The former 3 are the oldest ones, which operated from 1978 until 1995. Bandeirantes Landfill Gas to Energy Project (BLFGE) has since its start been extracting gas from the newest cells, where there is still waste being disposed. Three main units can be detached: the substation, the degassing stations and the power plant.

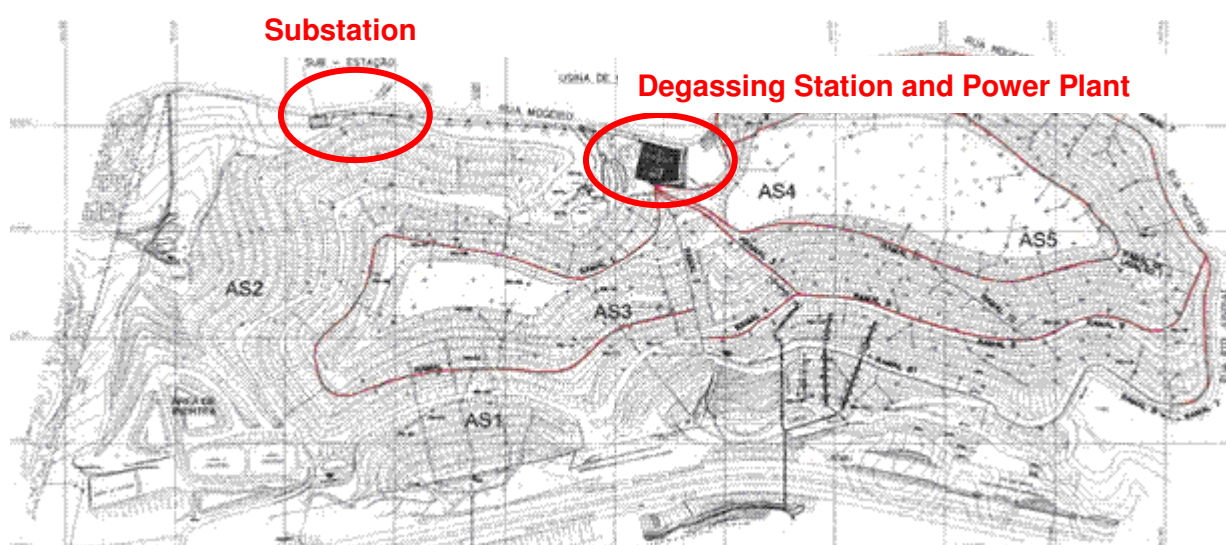


Figure 1-1. Bandeirantes Landfill Cells

The degassing stations are responsible for extracting the landfill gas from the landfill and transport it to the gas engines in the power plant. During the transportation, the gas goes through a treatment to allow its use as fuel for energy generation. Other functions of the degassing stations are: drying landfill gas by gas coolers; and measuring and analyzing the quantity and quality of the landfill gas for safety, process and operating purposes.



Figure 1-2. Degassing Station (A) and Power Plant (B)

The landfill gas cools down when transported from the landfill, resulting in a condensate. This is drained to condensate shafts, placed nearby the gas pipes. Once in the degassing stations, the landfill gas has to be cooled again to remove moisture. This is a very important step in the gas treatment process, since the condensate, which contains silicium components, could block the gas pipes and also damage the gas engines, due to the silicium. After this step, the gas is heated again through a second heat exchanger, or economizer, to a temperature of around 25°C, far enough from the dew point of 4°C to avoid further condensation.

Considering demisting is fundamental for the energy generation, as per the reasons mentioned in the previous paragraph, a demister has been installed for extra-safety reasons. The demister is a stainless steel high density filter which separates liquid particles (small amounts of condensate) from the landfill gas. This liquid is to be drained off to a condensate shaft as well.

The blowers are used for transportation of the landfill gas from the landfill to the gas engines, under correct suction and pre-pressure. Capacity and pressure are adjusted through frequency controlled electromotors. Moreover, the blowers are equipped with all the necessary safety equipment, including a noise reducing housing.



Figure 1-3. Compressors (blue) and dryers (metal)

On the pressure side of the degassing station, all kinds of gas analyzing and gas measuring instruments are present. These instruments are very important for safety, process and operating purposes. After the described treatment, analyzing and measurement, the landfill gas is transported as a fuel to the gas engines. These drive electrical generators in order to generate electrical power. An occasional surplus of the landfill gas can be burned off by the flares.



Figure 1-4. Turbine Flow-meter



Figure 1-5. Generators used to produce electricity



Figure 1-6. Flare used to destroy the surplus gas collected

For electricity generation, a total of 24 Caterpillar engines, nominal capacity of 925 kW, model 3516 A were installed. They will burn the gas and generate energy, which is to be sent to

Eletropaulo's – the electric distributor supplying São Paulo metropolitan region – grid, measured at the substation. This electricity will in fact not be commercialized directly; it will supply Unibanco's branches over São Paulo state.

1.4. Changes against the PDD

A revised Monitoring Plan was approved in order to reconsider the following changes from the previous Monitoring Plan:

- Installation of 4 new flow-meters to measure the gas flow to the power house;
- periodical monitoring of methane content in the exhaust flare gas, made by a specialized company on gas analysis;
- changes in the gas station's lay-out. This change was necessary in order to adapt the gas station to treat an increase of landfill gas collected (average 17,000 Nm³/h) – changes were presented in the Monitoring Report from the 4th Verification.

1.5. Monitoring Period

The monitoring period is from 01/07/2008 to 30/09/2008.

1.6. Methodology applied to the project activity

1.6.1. Baseline methodology

The baseline applied to this project activity is **ACM0001 – version 2: “Consolidated baseline methodology for landfill gas project activities”**.

1.6.2. Monitoring methodology

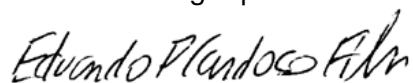
The monitoring methodology applied to this project activity is **ACM0001 – version 2: “Consolidated monitoring methodology for landfill gas project activities”**.

1.7. Changes since last verification

No major changes were identified since the last verification.

1.8. Person(s) responsible for the preparation and submission of the monitoring report

This monitoring report was developed and reviewed by:



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2. Monitoring of the Project Activity

2.1. Monitoring Plan

The Monitoring Plan was developed based on **version 02** of the “**Consolidated monitoring methodology for landfill gas project activities**” – **ACM0001**. A review of this plan was submitted to the EB 36th Meeting and approved on 29/01/2008. The data to be collected or used to monitor emissions from the project activity, and how this data will be archived are presented below:

Methodology ID	Data variable	Data Unit	Measured (M) Calculated (C) Estimated (E)	Recording frequency	Proportion of data to be monitored	Data archivement: Electronic (E) Paper (P)	For how long is archived data kept?	Comment
LFG _{Total, y}	Total amount of landfill gas captured	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by a flow meter. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
LFG _{Flare, y}	Total amount of landfill gas flared	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by a flow meter, located in the gas line. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly. After the installation of the mini-blower, the measurements will be made by two flow meters – the first one was presented above and the second one located in a dedicated line connected to a mini-blower. Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Total amount of landfill gas combusted in power plant	Nm ³	M	Continuously	100%	E / P	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by 4 flow meters. Data will be aggregated monthly and yearly.



Methodology ID	Data variable	Data Unit	Measured (M) Calculated (C) Estimated (E)	Recording frequency	Proportion of data to be monitored	Data archivement: Electronic (E) Paper (P)	For how long is archived data kept?	Comment
								Normal cubic meters represent the gas volume in cubic meters at STP.
FE	Flare/combustion efficiency, determined by: the operation hours (1) and methane content in the exhaust gas (2)	%	M / C	(1) Continuously, (2) quarterly, monthly if unstable	N/A	E	During the crediting period and two years after	(1) Continuous measurement of operation time of flare (e.g. with temperature). (2) Periodic measurement of methane content of flare exhaust gas.
W _{CH₄} , y	Methane fraction in the landfill gas	%	M	Continuously	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years after	Measured by continuous gas quality analyzer.
	Regulatory requirements relating to landfill gas projects	Test	N/A	Annually	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years after	Required for any changes to the adjustment factor (AF) or directly MD _{reg,y}
EG _y ¹	Net Electricity Exported to the Grid	MWh	M	Continuously	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years	The net quantity of electricity displaced will be measured by an electricity meter. BLFGE will measure the total electricity fed into the grid (via an electricity-meter).
EF _y ¹	Emission Factor	tCO ₂ /MWh	C	At baseline renewal	100%	E	During the crediting period and two years	This data will be updated at the baseline renewal, in accordance with the considered methodology.

2.2. Monitoring Equipment

The following equipment were installed in the Degassing Station, as per the revised Monitoring Plan:

¹ Monitoring parameters as per methodology ACM0002 – version 03 to calculate emission reductions due to the displacement of fossil-fuel based energy in the Brazilian S-SE-CO Grid.

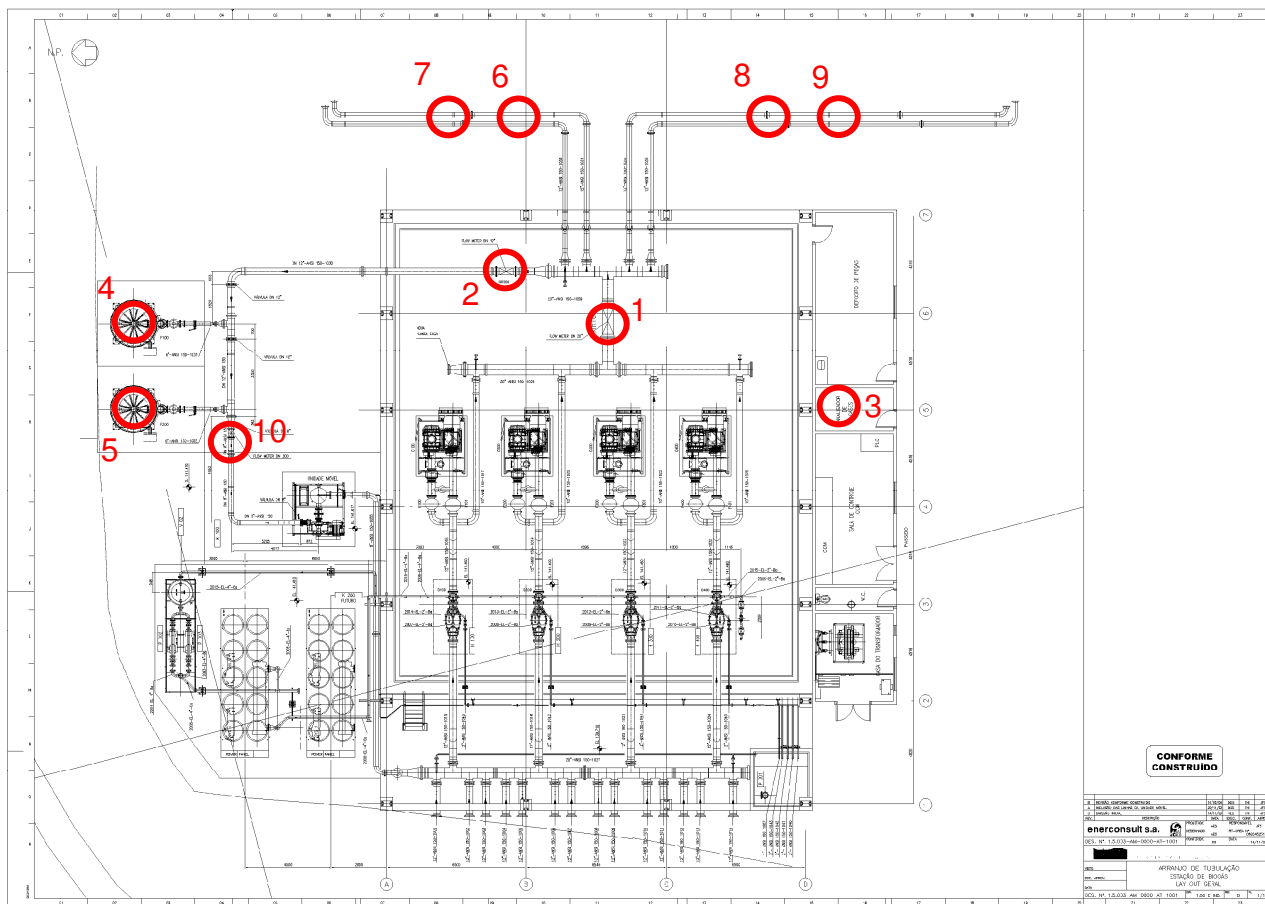


Figure 2-1. Lay-out of the Degassing Station



Method. ID	Equipment Number	Equipment	Location	TAG	Manufacturer	Model	Range	Error (%)
LFG _{Total, y}	1	Turbine Flow-meter ²	Main Line	FIR100	Instromet	SM-RI-X-K	800-16,000 m ³ /h	0.600
LFG _{Flare, y}	2	Turbine Flow-meters ²	Line to Flare F100	FIR200	Instromet	SM-RI-X-K	320-6,500 m ³ /h	0.600
	10		Secondary Line	FIR700	Actaris	Fluxi TZG1600	180-2,500 m ³ /h	0.330
LFG _{Electricity, y}	6	Turbine Flow-meters ²	Line to the Power House	FIR300	Incontrol	VTGEX	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.772
	7		Line to the Power House	FIR400	Incontrol	VTGEX	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.596
	8		Line to the Power House	FIR500	Incontrol	VTGEX	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.810
	9		Line to the Power House	FIR600	Incontrol	VTGEX	170-8,156 m ³ /h	0.632
FE _{F100}	4	(1) Temperature transmitter	Flare F100	(1) TT-702	(1) Jumo	(1) type "S" L750	(1) 0-1500°C	N/A
		(2) Chromatographer – analysis made by a Third Party		(2)N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	
FE _{F200}	5	(1) Temperature transmitter	Flare F200	(1) TT-703	(1) Jumo	(1) type "S" L750	(1) 0-1500°C	N/A
		(2) Chromatographer – analysis made by a Third Party		(2)N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	(2) N/A	
W _{CH4, y}	3	Methane Analyzer	Analysis Room	A100	NUK	Binos 100	0-100%	1.000
EG _y		Electricity Meter	Substation	N/A	Merlin Gerin	Power Logic - CM 4000	240V/300V - 96mA MAX.	1.000

² The Turbine flow-meters installed are connected to a pressure and temperature transmitters, which allows the device to use those variables to make the conversion automatically to Nm³. Thus, readings from pressure and temperature were not monitored; however the erros from the transmitters were discounted from the final calculation.

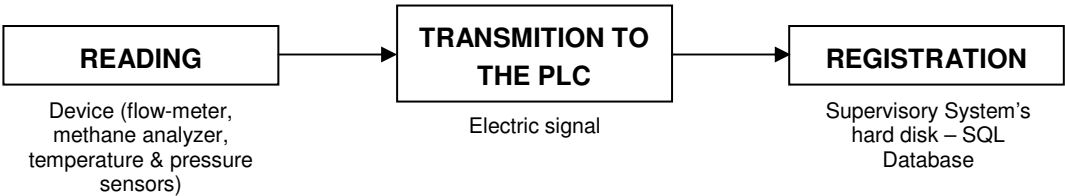
2.2.1. Data Acquisition

All variables monitored are controlled by an electrical control system. This control system is provided with a PLC (Programmable Logical Computer). All the measured process signals are processed by the PLC to output signals for the gas-coolers, blowers, flares and gas-engines. Also the system counts on a SCADA system (process visualization on a personal computer). With this system it is possible to control and monitor the installation at a distance, including through the internet.



Figure 2-2. PLC Controlling System panel

For each parameter operationally monitored, the PLC makes a routine of reading / transmitting / registering in the Supervisory's System hard disk as presented in the figure below:



Depending on the parameter, the frequency of the PLC's routine may vary, as presented in the table below:



Methodology ID	Equipment TAG	Reading Frequency	Transmission Frequency	Registration Frequency	Comments
LFG _{Total, y}	FIR100	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Data accumulated every 1 day in the Supervisory System's hard disk, in Nm³; - Every 00:00, the PLC's counter is reseted; - The flow-computer installed in the flow-meter keeps registering the accumulated flow; - Every 00:00, the accumulated flow (in Nm³) is manually registered by the operators; - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and plant supervisor (monthly)
LFG _{Flare, y}	FIR200 FIR700	Every 5 seconds Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes Every 5 minutes	
LFG _{Electricity, y}	FIR300	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR400	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR500	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes	
	FIR600	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 seconds	Every 5 minutes	
FE _{F100}	(1) TT-702	(1) Every 5 seconds	(1) Every 5 seconds	(1) Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Temperatures below 900°C indicates that the flare is running out of the specified combustion temperature range; - A sudden decrease of temperature indicates that the main valve of the flare is closed and no gas is being sent to the flare (please, refer to item 3.1.1) - The methane analysis in the exhaust gas is made according with internal procedures from the hired company
	(2) N/A	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	
FE _{F200}	(1) TT-703	(1) Every 5 seconds	(1) Every 5 seconds	(1) Every 5 minutes	
	(2) N/A	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	(2) Every 3 months, by a specialized company on gas analysis	
W _{CH4, y}	A100	Every 5 minutes	Every 5 minutes	Every 5 minutes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - By the end of the day, an average of CH₄ concentration (registered every 5 minutes) is calculated. - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and plant supervisor (monthly)
EG _y	N/A	Every 5 minutes	Every 5 minutes	Every 15 minutes	- Sotreq's PLC registers the accumulated electricity sent to the grid every

Methodology ID	Equipment TAG	Reading Frequency	Transmission Frequency	Registration Frequency	Comments
					00:00. Data is compared with Eletropaulo's invoices. - Responsibilities of the routine: PLC (continuously) and Sotreq's plant supervisor (monthly)

2.2.2. Involvement of Third Parties

BFLGE has three third parties involved:

- Specialized company on gas analysis, to perform the analysis of methane concentration in the exhaust gas. For this monitoring period, Biogás hired CORPLAB, a certified national laboratory.
- Sotreq, the company responsible for the electricity production in the power house, using the gas from the landfill. Sotreq's PLC is responsible to monitor the electricity displaced to the local grid.
- ARCADIS Tetraplan is the company responsible to develop the Monitoring Report and is part of the quality assurance/quality control procedures.

2.3. Quality assurance and quality control measures

2.3.1. Internal Procedures and ISO14001

Biogás counts with the internal procedure SGA IT 4.4.6-26 which objective is to specify the monitoring procedures made inside the Degassing Station, as gas flows, temperature, pressure, electricity generation and methane concentration.

As presented in item 2.2.1, all parameters monitored inside the Degassing Station have the same reading / transmitting / registration routine and all routines have one person responsible: the plant supervisor.

Every month, the plant supervisor downloads all data registered from the PLC and make a complete check to identify unconformities, such as unread registrations or troubles with the PLC (this unconformities happens mainly due to electricity black-outs). All unconformities raised are promptly compared with operational events, registered by the operators in the Operation Diary. The event is informed to the Production Manager of Biogás, which is responsible for taking the necessary actions to avoid it to happen again.

In order to avoid data loss, the operators are oriented to register all gas flow data manually in proper sheets on a daily basis (0:00 hour), which are verified by the production manager weekly for legibility.

Also, the BLGFE counts with a third-party, non-responsible for the project's monitoring: ARCADIS Tetraplan, which is the responsible for the development of the Monitoring Report. ARCADIS Tetraplan's role in the Project is to assure the quality of the registered data, through a double-check process, and to assure the quality of the calculation of ERs and is in constant contact with the Production Manager of Biogás.

Moreover, Biogás is implementing ISO 14001 certification, as per raised during the 1st Verification, on March 2006. With this certification, erros will be minimized through reinforcement of the procedures, such as:

- Document Control;
- Data safety measures (backup and sabotage);
- Monitoring Report Preparation (frequency, responsibilities, crosschecking measures, legal binding signature in monitoring reports,etc.);
- Data Spreadsheets;
- Error management (including software errors, material errors, etc.);

2.3.2. Organizational Structure, responsibilities and competencies

Positions and roles for this CDM project activity are well defined. From the point of view of the plant operation, positions and roles are defined. Duties, personel replacement in the case of non-availability of the supervisor of monitoring and/or the eletrical supervisor and hiring requirements for job positions are determined in documented procedures, as presented in the figures below:

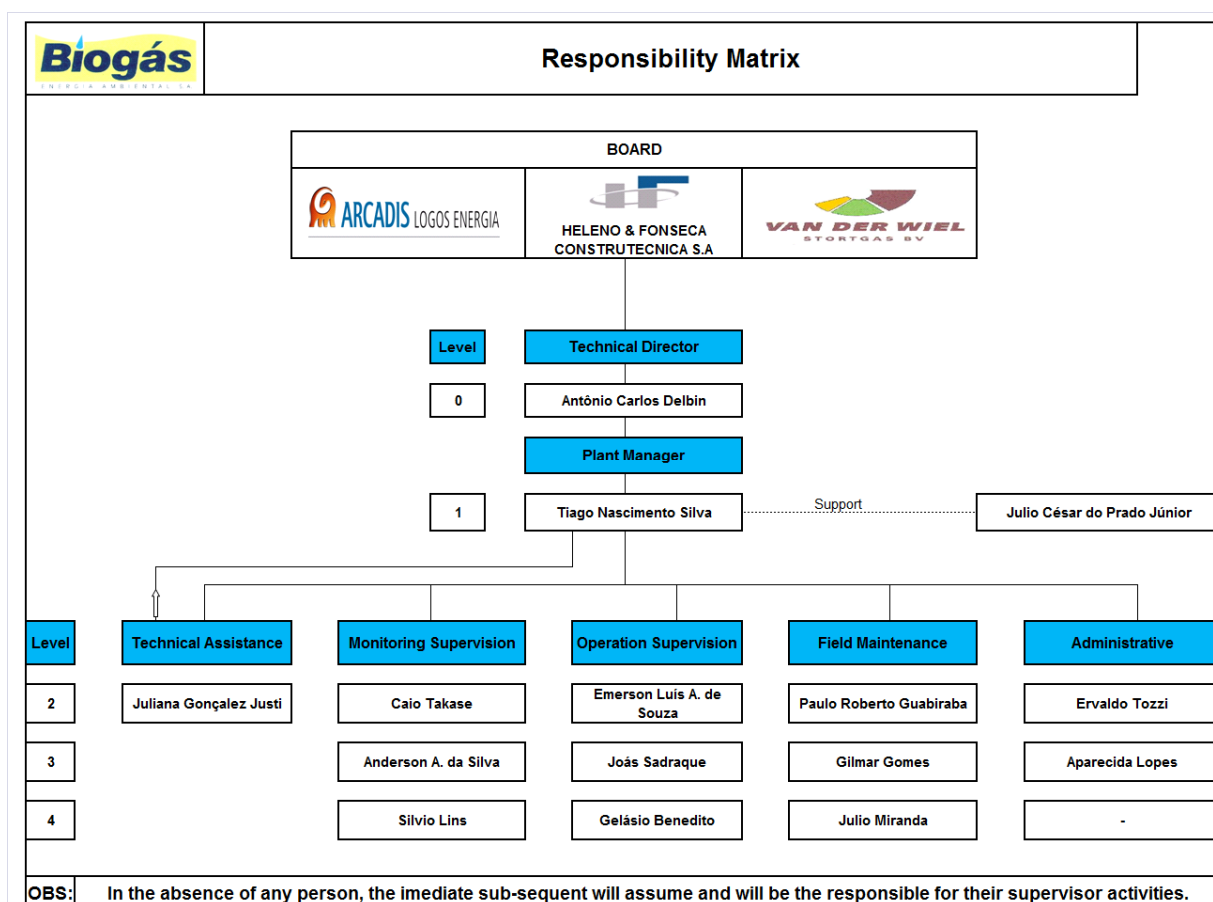


Figure 2-3. General Organogram and Responsibility Matrix of Biogás Energia Ambiental

2.3.3. Data Protection Measures

As all data registered in the Supervisory System's hard disk is subjected to sabotage and technical failure, Biogás developed the following actions to protect the monitoring system:

- The PLC is not connected to the Internet, thus the risk of virus is minimized;
- Only defined persons have access to the data base of the system;
- Antivirus programmes are installed at the system;
- Data backup:
 - A weekly CD backup of the Supervisory System's hard disk;
 - A weekly backup of the Supervisory System's hard disk is made by the server of Heleno & Fonseca (one of Biogás shareholders);
 - Van der Wiel (another Biogás shareholder) has radio access to the Supervisory System, via a CARS (Central Alarming and Registration System);
 - ARCADIS Tetraplan downloads regularly the primary data for the elaboration of the monitoring report.

3. Application of GHG determination methods

3.1. Calculation of Emission Reductions

According with baseline methodology ACM0001 – version 02, Emission Reductions are calculated as follows:

$$ER_y = (MD_{project, y} - MD_{reg, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF + ET_y \times CEF_{thermal, y} \quad (1)$$

Where:

ER_y = Emission reductions achieved by the project activity during a given year y (tCO₂e);

$MD_{project, y}$ = Amount of methane actually destroyed/combusted during the year y (tCH₄);

$MD_{reg, y}$ = Amount of methane that would have been destroyed/combusted during the year y in the absence of the project activity (tCH₄);

GWP_{CH_4} = Global Warming Potential value for methane (tCO₂e/tCH₄);

EG_y = Net quantity of electricity displaced during the year y (MWh)

$CEF_{electricity, y}$ = CO₂ emissions intensity of the electricity displaced (tCO₂e/MWh)

ET_y = Quantity of thermal energy displaced during the year y (TJ)

$CEF_{thermal, y}$ = CO₂ emissions intensity of the thermal energy displaced (tCO₂e/TJ).

$MD_{project, y}$ is calculated as the sum of methane flow destroyed in the flares, in the power house and in the heat generation, as follows:

$$MD_{project, y} = MD_{flared, y} + MD_{electricity, y} + MD_{thermal, y} \quad (2)$$

Where:

$MD_{flared, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed in the flares in year y (tCH₄)

$MD_{electricity, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed by the generation of electricity y (tCH₄);

$MD_{thermal, y}$ = quantity of methane destroyed for the generation of thermal energy in year y (tCH₄)

As the BLFGE does not use the methane to generate thermal energy, $MD_{thermal, y} = 0$.

$MD_{flared, y}$ is calculated as follows:

$$MD_{flared, y} = LFG_{flared, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times FE \quad (3)$$

Where:

$MD_{flared, y}$ = Quantity of methane destroyed by flaring (tCH₄);

$LFG_{flared, y}$ = Quantity of landfill gas flared during the year measured in cubic meters (Nm³);

$w_{CH_4, y}$ = Average methane fraction of the landfill gas as measured during the year and expressed as a fraction (m³_{CH₄}/m³LFG)

FE = Flare efficiency (%);

D_{CH_4} = Methane density expressed in tonnes of methane per cubic meter of methane (tCH₄/m³_{CH₄});

$MD_{electricity, y}$ is calculated as follows:

$$MD_{electricity, y} = LFG_{electricity, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \quad (4)$$

Where:

$MD_{electricity, y}$ = Quantity of methane destroyed by generation of electricity (tCH₄);

$LFG_{flare, y}$ = quantity of landfill gas fed into electricity generator (Nm³);

$w_{CH_4, y}$ = Average methane fraction of the landfill gas as measured during the year and expressed as a fraction (m³_{CH₄}/m³LFG)

D_{CH_4} = Methane density expressed in tonnes of methane per cubic meter of methane (tCH₄/m³_{CH₄});

Thus, $MD_{project, y}$ is equal to:

$$MD_{project, y} = (LFG_{flared, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times FE) + (LFG_{electricity, y} \times w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4}) \quad (5.1)$$

$$MD_{project, y} = w_{CH_4} \times D_{CH_4} \times (LFG_{flared, y} \times FE + LFG_{electricity, y}) \quad (5.2)$$

The amount of methane that would have been destroyed/combusted during the year y in the absence of the project activity ($MD_{reg, y}$) is calculated adopting an "Adjustment Factor" (AF), as no regulatory or contractual requirements specifying a quantity of methane destruction exists. As will be presented below, the AF adopted for the 1st Crediting Period is equal to 20% of total gas collected. Thus, equation (1) is updated to:

$$ER_y = (MD_{project, y} - 0,2 \times MD_{project, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF \quad (6.1)$$

$$ER_y = (0,8 \times MD_{project, y}) \times GWP_{CH_4} + EG_y \times CEF \quad (6.2)$$

A detailed step-by-step of the calculation is presented in item 3.6.

3.1.1. Calculation of FE – Flare Efficiency

To calculate the Flare Efficiency, the following formulae were applied, based on the mass-balance (an Excel spreadsheet was evidenced to the Verification Team):

a) Calculate the volume of CH₄ sent to flares F_i ($Flow_{methane}$), measured by the equipment FIR_i :

$$Flow_{methane} = Flow_{FIR_i} \times \frac{\%_{methane}}{100}, \text{ where:}$$

- $Flow_{methane}$ = methane flow sent to the flare F_i (Nm³/h);
- $Flow_{FIR_i}$ = total flow measured by the flow-meter FIR_i sent to the flare F_i (Nm³/h);
- % methane = methane measured by the gas analyzer (%);

b) Calculate the volume of other gases (residual gases) sent to flares ($Flow_{remaining}$):

$$\text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{FIR}_i} - \text{Flow}_{\text{methane}}, \text{ where:}$$

- $\text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}}$ = flow of residual gases sent to the flare F_i (Nm^3/h);

c) Calculate the total flow entering the flare F_i ($\text{Flow}_{\text{Total}}$):

$$\text{Flow}_{\text{Total}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} + (\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times \text{air}_{\text{ratio}}) + \text{Flow}_{\text{remaining}},$$

where:

- $\text{Flow}_{\text{total}}$ = total gas sent to the flare F_i (Nm^3/h);
- $\text{air}_{\text{ratio}}$ = theoretical air ratio³;

d) Calculate the mass of methane in the exhaust gas (M_{methane}):

$$M_{\text{methane}} = \text{Flow}_{\text{Total}} \times \frac{\text{CH}_{4, \text{eg}}}{1000}, \text{ where:}$$

- M_{methane} = amount of methane remaining in the exhaust gas (g), calculated using the result of the analysis;
- $\text{CH}_{4, \text{eg}}$ = methane concentration in the exhaust gas (mg/Nm^3) – data acquired from the analysis form the specialized company;

e) Calculate the Flare Efficiency (FE):

$$\text{FE} = \frac{(\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times 0.7168) - \frac{M_{\text{methane}}}{1000}}{(\text{Flow}_{\text{methane}} \times 0.7168)} \times 100, \text{ where:}$$

- FE = Flare Efficiency (%);
- 0.7168 = density of methane, at STP (kg/Nm^3).

CORPLAB made two analysis of the methane content in the exhaust gas of the flares F200 and F100 on 24/04/2008 and on 24/07/2008.

Flare	April/2008 ⁴	July/2008 ⁵
F100	5.1 mg/Nm^3	1.2 mg/Nm^3
F200	4.6 mg/Nm^3	3.8 mg/Nm^3

Other parameters used to calculate the flare efficiency were:

³ $\text{Air}_{\text{ratio}}$ is equal to 5, as recommended by Hoffstetter, the flare manufacturer.

⁴ The values presented from the analysis of April/2008 correspond to the highest value detected among 25 measurements

⁵ The values presented from the analysis of July/2008 correspond to the highest value detected among 25 measurements

Measurement	Flow _{FIRi}		Methane %	
	FIR200	FIR700	F100	F200
April/2008	2,100 Nm ³ /h	1,809 Nm ³ /h	49.10%	48.10%
July/2008	780 Nm ³ /h	1,144 Nm ³ /h	47.10%	47.20%

The results were:

Measurement	Flare Efficiency Calculated	
	F100	F200
April/2008	99.9950%	99.9955%
July/2008	99.9988%	99.9962%

The flare efficiency adopted from 01/07/2008 to 23/07/2008 is 99.9950% and the flare efficiency adopted from 24/07/2008 to 30/09/2008 was 99.9962% (the lowest efficiencies calculated).

Monitoring of the operation time of the flares is made continuously by the PLC and every 5 minutes the instantaneously temperature is registered by the supervisory system. In order to guarantee the real destruction of the gas, the flares are equipped with an automatic system which can detect the existence of flame. The following operational procedure is applied:

- a signal of gas being collected is sent to the PLC, which sends a signal to a solenoid valve;
- the valve is opened and a small amount of gas is delivered to an ignition burner;
- the ignition burner ignites the gas;
- an UV-sond (part of the ignition burner) verifies the existence of a stable flame – if not, the flare is stopped;
- if the stable flame detection is successful, the UV-sond sends a signal to the PLC, which then opens the main valve, located in the entrance of the flare;
- the main burner is ignited and gas begins to be destroyed;
- after a few seconds, the ignition burner is switched off and UV-sond begins to monitor the existence of flame in the flare – if no flame is detected, the flare will be automatically stopped by a signal sent from the UV-sond to the PLC;

According with the manufacturer, if the temperature of the flare is higher than 1,350°C, the flare will be stopped automatically and if the temperature is below 900°C an alarm is indicating the operator that the flare is running out of the specified combustion temperature range.

If temperature decreases significantly from one registration to another (5 minutes interval), it means that the main valve is closed – the flare is stopped and no gas is being burned. It can be confirmed that no gas is being burned by the instant reading of gas flow from the flow-meters FIR200 and FIR700.

However, in some readings it was detected that the flare accepted gas, but with a combustion chamber temperature below 900°C. It happened because between a 5 minutes interval the

flare might have stopped and turned on again (p.e. the flare was stopped at 10:01 and tuned on on 10:04, not remaining enough time to register a temperature above 900°C). To discount the values below 900°C, the following procedure was applied:

- an hourly average of flares temperature was calculated, considering the temperature registers when the instant gas-flow was above 0 Nm³/h (flares are accepting gas);
- If the average temperature is below 900°C, the gas-flow registered during this certain hour is considered equal to zero and excluded from ERs calculation.

Proper Excel sheets applying the above mentioned procedure were presented to the Verification Team.

Moreover, the flares are equipped with an hour-meter, which measures the accumulated operating hours of the flares. Despite of not being registered by BLFGE's computer supervisory system, Van der Wiel, one of Biogás shareholders, makes the registration of these accumulated operating hours of the flares every 00:01 via a CARS, a system which allows Van der Wiel to have total access to the PLC of BLFGE. This evidence was sent to the Verification Team.



4. Monitored and Calculated Data

4.1. Table presenting the monitored data

For the whole monitoring period, the following table presents all measured data and the calculation of methane destroyed.

DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Elctricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	
01/07/2008	256,056	48.0596	123,059.4893	99.9950%	538	258.5606	258.5476	0	0.0000	0.0000	54,084	25,992.5540	58,429	28,080.7436	62,706	30,136.2527	80,820	38,841.7687	387.68
02/07/2008	261,871	47.4545	124,269.5736	99.9950%	5,951	2,824.0172	2,823.8759	0	0.0000	0.0000	60,356	28,641.6380	66,712	31,657.8460	50,016	23,734.8427	74,769	35,481.2551	382.64
03/07/2008	254,530	48.0519	122,306.5010	99.9950%	1,905	915.3886	915.3428	0	0.0000	0.0000	44,934	21,591.6407	62,678	30,117.9698	64,129	30,815.2029	79,208	38,060.9489	384.82
04/07/2008	253,424	47.6832	120,840.6727	99.9950%	2,525	1,204.0008	1,203.9405	0	0.0000	0.0000	44,113	21,034.4900	52,110	24,847.7155	74,207	35,384.2722	81,428	38,827.4760	383.86
05/07/2008	252,946	47.6442	120,514.0981	99.9950%	2,790	1,329.2731	1,329.2066	0	0.0000	0.0000	42,150	20,082.0303	58,935	28,079.1092	68,726	32,743.9528	78,765	37,526.9541	380.75
06/07/2008	253,526	47.3567	120,061.5472	99.9950%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	48,999	23,204.3094	69,911	33,107.5425	51,491	24,384.4383	80,202	37,981.0205	384.56
07/07/2008	254,101	47.1834	119,893.4912	99.9950%	1,964	926.6819	926.6355	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,172	23,201.0214	70,415	33,224.1911	62,208	29,351.8494	67,013	31,619.0118	380.88
08/07/2008	253,326	47.2458	119,685.8953	99.9950%	1,130	533.8775	533.8508	0	0.0000	0.0000	38,407	18,145.6944	72,361	34,187.5333	67,104	31,703.8216	73,430	34,692.5909	380.88
09/07/2008	253,804	46.8722	118,963.5184	99.9950%	3,395	1,591.3111	1,591.2315	0	0.0000	0.0000	38,714	18,146.1035	69,241	32,454.7800	81,726	38,306.7741	59,103	27,702.8763	374.58
10/07/2008	249,427	47.0985	117,476.3755	99.9950%	2,114	995.6622	995.6124	0	0.0000	0.0000	41,371	19,485.1204	72,262	34,034.3180	79,568	37,475.3344	51,026	24,032.4806	372.03
11/07/2008	243,315	47.5750	115,757.1112	99.9950%	1,793	853.0197	852.9770	0	0.0000	0.0000	45,817	21,797.4377	71,449	33,991.8617	70,212	33,403.3590	47,818	22,749.4135	363.41
12/07/2008	237,835	48.0582	114,299.2199	99.9950%	1,213	582.9459	582.9167	0	0.0000	0.0000	48,282	23,203.4601	72,667	34,922.4521	67,824	32,594.9935	41,017	19,712.0318	361.86
13/07/2008	219,775	48.3411	106,241.6525	99.9950%	1,185	572.8420	572.8133	0	0.0000	0.0000	42,076	20,340.0012	63,120	30,512.9023	61,706	29,829.3591	46,294	22,379.0288	332.78
14/07/2008	238,611	48.0437	114,637.5530	99.9950%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	51,617	24,798.7166	64,070	30,781.5985	55,661	26,741.6038	63,827	30,664.8523	365.09
15/07/2008	243,982	47.2647	115,317.3603	99.9950%	267	126.1967	126.1903	0	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		0.0000	364.74
16/07/2008	224,305	48.3427	108,435.0932	99.9950%	9,644	4,662.1699	4,661.9367	5,006	2,420.0355	2,419.9144	41,126	19,881.4188	54,921	26,550.2942	55,921	27,033.7212	60,823	29,403.4804	321.92



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION									Electricity Exported (MWh)
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600			
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)		
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B		
17/07/2008	245,342	47.7679	117,194.7212	99.9950%	823	393.1298	393.1101	0	0.0000	0.0000	48,098	22,975.4045	70,433	33,644.3650	59,254	28,304.3914	63,961	30,552.8265	369.62	
18/07/2008	243,668	47.2223	115,065.6339	99.9950%	3,015	1,423.7523	1,423.6811	0	0.0000	0.0000	38,922	18,379.8636	72,221	34,104.4172	56,380	26,623.9327	71,252	33,646.8331	362.77	
19/07/2008	240,140	47.4583	113,966.3616	99.9950%	3,061	1,452.6985	1,452.6258	445	211.1894	211.1788	46,337	21,990.7524	59,069	28,033.1432	64,407	30,566.4672	66,331	31,479.5649	356.67	
20/07/2008	242,463	47.1403	114,297.7855	99.9950%	1,531	721.7179	721.6818	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,761	23,457.4846	59,677	28,131.9168	65,563	30,906.5948	64,628	30,465.8330	362.18	
21/07/2008	243,824	47.0647	114,755.0341	99.9950%	4,882	2,297.6986	2,297.5837	0	0.0000	0.0000	57,656	27,135.6234	57,903	27,251.8732	60,168	28,317.8886	61,216	28,811.1267	357.66	
22/07/2008	240,632	46.9131	112,887.9307	99.9950%	3,385	1,588.0084	1,587.9289	0	0.0000	0.0000	53,152	24,935.2509	62,834	29,477.3772	61,852	29,016.6906	54,330	25,487.8872	348.62	
23/07/2008	242,376	46.5226	112,759.6169	99.9950%	2,558	1,190.0481	1,189.9885	0	0.0000	0.0000	52,176	24,273.6317	57,546	26,771.8953	63,673	29,622.3350	65,002	30,240.6204	356.91	
24/07/2008	237,566	46.4672	110,390.2683	99.9962%	2,683	1,246.7149	1,246.6675	2,380	1,105.9193	1,105.8772	55,891	25,970.9827	50,264	23,356.2734	60,186	27,966.7489	67,742	31,477.8106	348.54	
25/07/2008	237,850	46.6933	111,060.0140	99.9962%	1,331	621.4878	621.4641	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,594	23,157.0752	49,052	22,903.9975	67,136	31,348.0138	70,394	32,869.2816	352.66	
26/07/2008	236,708	46.7826	110,738.1568	99.9962%	3,963	1,853.9944	1,853.9239	308	144.0904	144.0849	59,065	27,632.1426	44,937	21,022.6969	55,703	26,059.3116	69,914	32,707.5869	342.00	
27/07/2008	242,764	46.4307	112,717.0245	99.9962%	408	189.4372	189.4300	0	0.0000	0.0000	58,400	27,115.5288	50,278	23,344.4273	58,417	27,123.4220	73,870	34,298.3580	357.09	
28/07/2008	219,193	47.4985	104,113.3871	99.9962%	6,840	3,248.8974	3,248.7739	1,889	897.2466	897.2125	38,917	18,484.9912	41,525	19,723.7521	47,005	22,326.6699	76,075	36,134.4838	304.85	
29/07/2008	234,913	46.9028	110,180.7745	99.9962%	1,321	619.5859	619.5623	0	0.0000	0.0000	51,897	24,341.1461	48,063	22,542.8927	57,027	26,747.2597	77,113	36,168.1561	350.59	
30/07/2008	238,283	46.4240	110,620.4999	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	54,512	25,306.6508	49,990	23,207.3576	54,028	25,081.9587	79,082	36,713.0276	354.43	
31/07/2008	236,081	46.3054	109,318.2513	99.9962%	975	451.4776	451.4604	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,622	22,977.6655	51,199	23,707.9017	56,793	26,298.2258	78,516	36,357.1478	350.74	
01/08/2008	233,707	46.4207	108,488.4253	99.9962%	4,975	2,309.4298	2,309.3420	0	0.0000	0.0000	45,655	21,193.3705	50,055	23,235.8813	58,852	27,319.5103	75,175	34,896.7612	341.10	
02/08/2008	229,348	46.4448	106,520.2199	99.9962%	1,117	518.7884	518.7686	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,947	23,197.7842	41,472	19,261.5874	58,148	27,006.7223	81,278	37,749.4045	342.74	
03/08/2008	229,352	46.5585	106,782.8509	99.9962%	1,516	705.8268	705.7999	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,811	23,191.2544	36,254	16,879.3185	68,548	31,914.9205	75,970	35,370.4924	340.05	
04/08/2008	237,329	46.1996	109,645.0486	99.9962%	2,378	1,098.6264	1,098.5846	0	0.0000	0.0000	55,253	25,526.6649	42,429	19,602.0282	65,247	30,143.8530	72,175	33,344.5613	347.18	
05/08/2008	241,894	45.8662	110,947.5858	99.9962%	859	393.9906	393.9756	0	0.0000	0.0000	46,255	21,215.4108	42,979	19,712.8340	74,888	34,348.2798	77,596	35,590.3365	352.53	
06/08/2008	238,460	46.6454	111,230.6208	99.9962%	648	302.2621	302.2506	0	0.0000	0.0000	35,804	16,700.9190	41,544	19,378.3649	81,343	37,942.7677	84,924	39,613.1394	354.45	
07/08/2008	240,594	47.4062	114,056.4728	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	36,559	17,331.2326	47,341	22,442.5691	73,973	35,067.7883	86,225	40,875.9959	363.81	
08/08/2008	243,274	48.7735	118,653.2443	99.9962%	1,213	591.6225	591.6000	0	0.0000	0.0000	38,518	18,786.5767	45,260	22,074.8861	81,631	39,814.2957	79,616	38,831.5097	376.74	
09/08/2008	241,681	49.0580	118,563.8649	99.9962%	307	150.6080	150.6022	0	0.0000	0.0000	63,435	31,119.9423	43,010	21,099.8458	78,500	38,510.5300	56,293	27,616.2199	377.92	
10/08/2008	240,089	49.4840	118,805.6407	99.9962%	31,023	15,351.4213	15,350.8379	0	0.0000	0.0000	28,099	13,904.5091	28,444	14,075.2289	80,842	40,003.8552	69,408	34,345.8547	311.41	
11/08/2008	240,568	49.3076	118,618.3071	99.9962%	7,673	3,783.3721	3,783.2283	0	0.0000	0.0000	54,508	26,876.5866	42,365	20,889.1647	80,223	39,556.0359	55,251	27,242.9420	363.68	



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Eletricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm²)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm²)	Methane measured (Nm²)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm²)	
	A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	
12/08/2008	248,935	47.5466	118,360.1287	99.9962%	1,932	918.6003	918.5653	0	0.0000	0.0000	65,863	31,315.6171	45,992	21,867.6322	75,376	35,838.7252	59,406	28,245.5331	369.25
13/08/2008	244,039	47.3372	115,521.2295	99.9962%	335	158.5796	158.5735	0	0.0000	0.0000	56,634	26,808.9498	45,425	21,502.9231	70,465	33,356.1579	70,376	33,314.0278	363.31
14/08/2008	253,359	46.7568	118,462.5609	99.9962%	315	147.2839	147.2783	0	0.0000	0.0000	61,917	28,950.4078	48,863	22,846.7751	85,379	39,920.4882	56,560	26,445.6460	388.58
15/08/2008	245,631	47.5863	116,886.7045	99.9962%	169	80.4208	80.4177	0	0.0000	0.0000	70,427	33,513.6035	42,895	20,412.1433	73,693	35,067.7720	56,808	27,032.8253	375.42
16/08/2008	221,372	49.2625	109,053.3815	99.9962%	17,358	8,550.9847	8,550.6597	2,225	1,096.0906	1,096.0489	57,026	28,092.4332	37,883	18,662.1128	57,541	28,346.1351	50,645	24,948.9931	315.41
17/08/2008	239,703	47.8212	114,628.8510	99.9962%	1,398	668.5403	668.5148	4,907	2,346.5862	2,346.4970	71,500	34,192.1580	47,013	22,482.1807	62,989	30,122.0956	54,059	25,851.6625	370.37
18/08/2008	242,488	47.3456	114,807.3985	99.9962%	1,156	547.3151	547.2943	0	0.0000	0.0000	57,019	26,995.9876	46,694	22,107.5544	70,378	33,320.8863	67,414	31,917.5627	371.97
19/08/2008	244,869	46.9593	114,988.7683	99.9962%	1,362	639.5856	639.5612	0	0.0000	0.0000	59,288	27,841.2297	49,153	23,081.9047	62,612	29,402.1569	71,039	33,359.4171	362.11
20/08/2008	245,095	46.9049	114,961.5646	99.9962%	122	57.2239	57.2217	0	0.0000	0.0000	56,672	26,581.9449	60,127	28,202.5092	58,184	27,291.1470	68,318	32,044.4895	372.88
21/08/2008	218,055	48.4555	105,659.6405	99.9962%	13,501	6,541.9770	6,541.7284	6,721	3,256.6941	3,256.5703	50,675	24,554.8246	45,494	22,044.3451	57,772	27,993.7114	48,924	23,706.3688	310.91
22/08/2008	234,320	47.1531	110,489.1439	99.9962%	5,484	2,585.8760	2,585.7777	0	0.0000	0.0000	53,097	25,036.8815	58,596	27,629.8304	72,806	34,330.2859	46,091	21,733.3353	342.18
23/08/2008	244,182	47.0859	114,975.2923	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	38,715	18,229.3061	72,289	34,037.9262	79,740	37,546.2966	51,042	24,033.5850	362.78
24/08/2008	243,045	47.3943	115,189.4764	99.9962%	448	212.3264	212.3183	0	0.0000	0.0000	36,850	17,464.7995	65,515	31,050.3756	81,725	38,732.9916	57,915	27,448.4088	364.64
25/08/2008	245,218	47.0171	115,294.3922	99.9962%	2,256	1,060.7057	1,060.6653	0	0.0000	0.0000	44,244	20,802.2457	67,744	31,851.2642	78,330	36,828.4944	49,945	23,482.6905	362.64
26/08/2008	236,005	47.3874	111,836.6333	99.9962%	2,808	1,330.6381	1,330.5875	597	282.9027	282.8919	42,708	20,238.2107	61,157	28,980.7122	75,860	35,948.0816	49,444	23,430.2260	346.72
27/08/2008	234,028	47.7017	111,635.3344	99.9962%	232	110.6679	110.6636	0	0.0000	0.0000	44,209	21,088.4445	54,397	25,948.2937	82,265	39,241.8035	52,290	24,943.2189	354.45
28/08/2008	229,738	47.8146	109,848.3057	99.9962%	2,590	1,238.3981	1,238.3510	0	0.0000	0.0000	48,513	23,196.2968	58,724	28,078.6457	73,929	35,348.8556	44,183	21,125.9247	344.42
29/08/2008	242,362	46.8352	113,510.7274	99.9962%	2,337	1,094.5386	1,094.4970	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,827	23,336.5751	51,075	23,921.0783	75,070	35,159.1846	65,253	30,561.3730	356.85
30/08/2008	238,712	46.2954	110,512.6752	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,240	22,795.8549	48,443	22,426.8806	72,811	33,708.1436	67,186	31,104.0274	345.55
31/08/2008	244,333	47.0161	114,875.8476	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	37,192	17,486.2279	62,011	29,155.1537	72,089	33,893.4363	71,594	33,660.7066	357.38
01/09/2008	240,414	46.4207	111,601.8616	99.9962%	1,529	709.7725	709.7455	0	0.0000	0.0000	41,383	19,210.2782	50,238	23,320.8312	64,975	30,161.8498	83,515	38,768.2476	354.72
02/09/2008	235,386	46.4448	109,324.5569	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	53,109	24,666.3688	60,000	27,866.8800	56,026	26,021.1636	64,619	30,012.1653	352.46
03/09/2008	234,723	46.5585	109,283.5079	99.9962%	139	64.7163	64.7138	0	0.0000	0.0000	54,054	25,166.7315	51,442	23,950.6235	66,049	30,751.4236	57,687	26,858.2018	342.77
04/09/2008	234,212	46.7932	109,595.2895	99.9962%	3,373	1,578.3346	1,578.2746	0	0.0000	0.0000	57,009	26,676.3353	47,278	22,122.8890	63,881	29,891.9640	62,134	29,074.4868	341.62
05/09/2008	233,739	46.7541	109,282.5657	99.9962%	1,590	743.3901	743.3618	0	0.0000	0.0000	60,438	28,257.2429	48,369	22,614.4906	59,719	27,921.0809	62,551	29,245.1570	344.75
06/09/2008	232,356	46.6256	108,337.3791	99.9962%	2,856	1,331.6271	1,331.5764	0	0.0000	0.0000	65,515	30,546.7618	55,108	25,694.4356	47,987	22,374.2266	57,945	27,017.2039	340.86



DATE	MAIN PIPELINE							SECONDARY PIPELINE			ELECTRICITY GENERATION								
	COLLECTING SYSTEM				FLARE F100			FLARE F200			FIR300		FIR400		FIR500		FIR600		Eletricity Exported (MWh)
	LFG measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Methane (%)	Methane measured FIR100 (Nm³)	Flares Efficiencies (%)	LFG measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR200 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed in F100 (Nm³)	LFG measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methane measured FIR700 (Nm³)	Methne Destroyed F200 (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	LFG measured (Nm³)	Methane measured (Nm³)	
A	B	C = A . B	D	E	F = E . B	G = F . D	H	I = H . B	J = I . D	K	L = K . B	M	N = M . B	O	P = O . B	Q	R = Q . B	S	
07/09/2008	233,131	46.4876	108,377.0067	99.9962%	215	99.9483	99.9445	0	0.0000	0.0000	61,980	28,813.0144	59,119	27,483.0042	51,889	24,121.9507	55,662	25,875.9279	340.29
08/09/2008	231,285	46.5434	107,647.9026	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	47,823	22,258.4501	58,850	27,390.7909	69,378	32,290.8800	52,770	24,560.9521	338.90
09/09/2008	226,144	47.2212	106,787.9105	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	40,892	19,309.6931	59,660	28,172.1679	67,656	31,947.9750	56,566	26,711.1439	335.84
10/09/2008	221,781	47.8591	106,142.3905	99.9962%	2,860	1,368.7702	1,368.7181	0	0.0000	0.0000	53,567	25,636.6840	50,200	24,025.2682	49,700	23,785.9727	63,850	30,558.0353	330.62
11/09/2008	218,710	47.4388	103,753.3994	99.9962%	3,073	1,457.7943	1,457.7389	0	0.0000	0.0000	51,620	24,487.9085	45,430	21,551.4468	59,210	28,088.5134	57,593	27,321.4280	325.92
12/09/2008	221,620	46.8816	103,899.0019	99.9962%	1,196	560.7039	560.6825	0	0.0000	0.0000	59,228	27,767.0340	44,540	20,881.0646	45,595	21,375.6655	69,482	32,574.2733	333.15
13/09/2008	222,792	46.0362	102,564.9707	99.9962%	426	196.1142	196.1067	0	0.0000	0.0000	55,220	25,421.1896	57,270	26,364.9317	46,792	21,541.2587	60,737	27,961.0067	331.81
14/09/2008	156,950	48.9847	76,881.4866	99.9962%	34,175	16,740.5212	16,739.8850	28,183	13,805.3580	13,804.8333	42,960	21,043.8271	42,294	20,717.5890	9,696	4,749.5565	20,695	10,137.3836	181.95
15/09/2008	223,067	46.7365	104,253.7084	99.9962%	10,450	4,883.9642	4,883.7786	3,872	1,809.6372	1,809.5684	61,046	28,530.7637	59,304	27,716.6139	33,182	15,508.1054	52,662	24,612.3756	310.43
16/09/2008	220,221	47.6500	104,935.3065	99.9962%	1,759	838.1635	838.1316	0	0.0000	0.0000	60,020	28,599.5300	54,810	26,116.9650	48,633	23,173.6245	50,717	24,166.6505	321.86
17/09/2008	216,412	46.5996	100,847.1263	99.9962%	166	77.3553	77.3523	0	0.0000	0.0000	59,350	27,656.8626	51,739	24,110.1670	51,894	24,182.3964	49,102	22,881.3355	323.23
18/09/2008	216,847	46.4739	100,777.2579	99.9962%	327	151.9696	151.9638	0	0.0000	0.0000	62,494	29,043.3990	53,188	24,718.5379	43,328	20,136.2113	52,861	24,566.5682	320.74
19/09/2008	213,616	46.8634	100,107.7205	99.9962%	609	285.3981	285.3872	0	0.0000	0.0000	50,349	23,595.2532	53,587	25,112.6901	36,788	17,240.1075	69,550	32,593.4947	318.14
20/09/2008	168,898	47.4300	80,108.3214	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	39,897	18,923.1471	55,605	26,373.4515	36,173	17,156.8539	68,015	32,259.5145	302.62
21/09/2008	194,277	49.9020	96,948.1085	99.9962%	4,761	2,375.8342	2,375.7439	1,986	991.0537	991.0160	47,576	23,741.3755	43,114	21,514.7482	45,246	22,578.6589	50,682	25,291.3316	290.78
22/09/2008	211,509	47.8459	101,198.3846	99.9962%	0	0.0000	0.0000	0	0.0000	0.0000	50,025	23,934.9114	47,995	22,963.6397	46,001	22,009.5924	66,515	31,824.7003	321.57
23/09/2008	193,456	47.9142	92,692.8947	99.9962%	9,227	4,421.0432	4,420.8752	4,461	2,137.4524	2,137.3711	60,422	28,950.7179	34,601	16,578.7923	33,437	16,021.0710	52,259	25,039.4817	277.82
24/09/2008	214,262	46.6870	100,032.4999	99.9962%	1,193	556.9759	556.9547	0	0.0000	0.0000	68,958	32,194.4214	31,157	14,546.2685	44,365	20,712.6875	66,849	31,209.7926	319.14
25/09/2008	211,729	47.0908	99,704.8799	99.9962%	563	265.1212	265.1111	0	0.0000	0.0000	73,124	34,434.6765	28,842	13,581.9285	37,120	17,480.1049	70,522	33,209.3739	316.96
26/09/2008	214,938	47.1516	101,346.7060	99.9962%	2,752	1,297.6120	1,297.5626	2,348	1,107.1195	1,107.0774	68,064	32,093.2650	33,496	15,793.8999	49,982	23,567.3127	58,884	27,764.7481	320.48
27/09/2008	217,960	47.1848	102,843.9900	99.9962%	775	365.6822	365.6683	0	0.0000	0.0000	67,838	32,009.2246	32,332	15,255.7895	53,891	25,428.3605	62,050	29,278.1684	328.58
28/09/2008	217,974	46.8971	102,223.4847	99.9962%	509	238.7062	238.6971	0	0.0000	0.0000	52,403	24,575.4873	40,740	19,105.8785	61,726	28,947.7039	61,349	28,770.9018	324.19
29/09/2008	217,478	47.2807	102,825.1207	99.9962%	840	397.1578	397.1427	0	0.0000	0.0000	49,423	23,367.5403	53,782	25,428.5060	60,039	28,386.8594	49,268	23,294.2552	322.27

Obs: the calculation of *methane measured* and *methane destroyed* was conservatively made, using Excel tool “ROUND DOWN” with four decimal rounds.

If during a certain hour the average flare temperature (F100 or F200) is below 900°C **and** the instant gas-flow measured by FIR200 and FIR700 is higher than zero, this gas-flow is excluded from ERs calculation.

Total Methane Destroyed in Flare F100 (Nm ³)	126,825.7415
Total Methane Destroyed in Flare F200 (Nm ³)	31,610.1421
Total Methane Measured by FIR300 (Nm ³)	2,213,518.2937
Total Methane Measured by FIR400 (Nm ³)	2,266,218.6508
Total Methane Measured by FIR500 (Nm ³)	2,646,667.0733
Total Methane Measured by FIR600 (Nm ³)	2,712,792.3119
Total Electricity Exported (MWh)	31,845.3540

4.2. Events registered

For this monitoring period, no major events were registered.

4.3. Description and consideration of measurement uncertainties and error propagation

The readings from all equipments are subjected to internal errors from a standard value. These errors are measured and described in the Calibration Certificates, in terms of \pm % from the standard adopted.

All calibrations usually have an expiration date, however the manufacturers of the flow-meters and pressure-temperature transmitters are Europeans and there are no rule in Europe specifying the calibration periodicity. Biogás decided to adopt a 5 years calibration frequency for every equipment.

The errors and the date of the calibration for each equipment are presented in the table below:

Methodology ID	Equipment	TAG	Error (%)	Date of the last calibration	Date of the next calibration
LFG _{Total, y}	Turbine Flow-meter	FIR100	0.600	Sep/2004	Sep/2009
LFG _{Flare, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR200 FIR700	0.600 0.330	Sep/2004 Jun/2007	Sep/2009 Jun/2012
LFG _{Electricity, y}	Turbine Flow-meters	FIR300 FIR400 FIR500 FIR600	0.772 0.596 0.810 0.632	Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007	Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012
W _{CH₄, y}	Methane Analyzer	A100	1.000	Dec/2003	Weekly, with a standard gas
T ⁶	Temperature Transmitter	TT100 TT200 TT700 TT300 TT400 TT500 TT600	0.233 0.180 - 0.050 0.050 0.050 0.050	Oct/2007 Oct/2007 Jun/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007	Oct/2012 Oct/2012 Jun/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012
p ⁶	Pressure Transmitter	PT100 PT200 PT700 PT300 PT400 PT500 PT600	0.010 0.010 - 0.034 0.038 0.370 0.444	Sep/2004 Sep/2004 Jun/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007 Jan/2007	Sep/2009 Sep/2009 Jun/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012 Jan/2012
EG _y	Electricity Meter	N/A	1.000	Sep/2004	Sep/2009

⁶ Despite of not being included in the revised Monitoring Plan, pressure and temperature errors were considered in the error calculation as they are used to convert the measured flow to Nm³ (STP conditions)

Adopting a conservative approach on Emission Reduction calculation, the equivalent error calculated was discounted from the amount of methane calculated for each flow-meter, according with the equations below:

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR200}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR700}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow, Pressure, Temperature}_{\text{FIR700}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR300}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR300}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR400}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR400}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR500}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR500}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2} \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR600}} &= \sqrt{(\epsilon_{\text{Gas Flow}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Temperature}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Pressure}_{\text{FIR600}}})^2 + (\epsilon_{\text{Methane Analysis}})^2}\end{aligned}$$

4.4. Calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y}}$

The calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y}}$ is the sum of all measurements from FIR200 and FIR700 made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the flow-meters, as follows:

$$\text{LFG}_{\text{flared, y, corrected}} = \sum \text{FIR}_{200} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{700} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR700}}}{100}\right)$$

Applying the errors from the table below in the equations previously presented:

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{\text{FIR200}} &= \sqrt{0.600^2 + 0.1801^2 + 0.010^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.1801\% \\ \epsilon_{\text{FIR700}} &= \sqrt{0.330^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.0531\%\end{aligned}$$

4.5. Calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y}}$

The calculation of $\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y}}$ is the sum of all measurements from FIR300, FIR400, FIR500 and FIR600 made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the flow-meters, as follows:

$$\text{LFG}_{\text{electricity, y, corrected}} = \sum \text{FIR}_{300} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR300}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{400} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR400}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{500} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR500}}}{100}\right) + \sum \text{FIR}_{600} \times \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon_{\text{FIR600}}}{100}\right)$$

Applying the errors from the table below in the equations previously presented:

$$\begin{aligned}\varepsilon_{\text{FIR300}} &= \sqrt{0.772^2 + 0.050^2 + 0.0337^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.2648\% \\ \varepsilon_{\text{FIR400}} &= \sqrt{0.596^2 + 0.050^2 + 0.0381^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.1659\% \\ \varepsilon_{\text{FIR500}} &= \sqrt{0.810^2 + 0.050^2 + 0.370^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.3400\% \\ \varepsilon_{\text{FIR600}} &= \sqrt{0.632^2 + 0.050^2 + 0.444^2 + 1.000^2} = 1.2646\%\end{aligned}$$

4.6. Calculation of EG_y ,

The calculation of EG_y is the sum of all measurements from the electricity-meter made during the monitoring period, minus the uncertainties of the electricity-meter, as follows:

$$EG_{y, \text{corrected}} = \sum EG_y \times \left(1 - \frac{\varepsilon_{EG}}{100}\right)$$

4.7. List of default values

- *Global Warming Potential of CH_4 (GWP_{CH_4})* = 21 tCO₂e/tCH₄;
- *Emission Factor of the S-SE-CO Brazilian Grid (EF)* = 0.2677 tCO₂e/MWh;
- *Density of Methane, at STP (D_{CH_4})* = 0.0007168 tons/Nm³
- *AF* = Adjustment Factor (changes in the landfill legislation). For this monitoring period, no changes in the legislation were identified, thus the AF remains as the validated value (20%).

4.8. Table providing the formulas used

	Variable	Description
Flare F100	A_{F100} (see last table from item 4.1)	Total methane destroyed in flare F100 (Nm ³)
	B_{F100}	Total error from measuring equipment (%) – see item 4.4
	$C_{F100} = A_{F100} \cdot (1 - B_{F100})$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the flare F100 (Nm³)
Flare F200	A_{F200} (see last table from item 4.1)	Total methane destroyed in flare F200 (Nm ³)
	B_{F200}	Total error from measuring equipment (%) – see item 4.4
	$C_{F200} = A_{F200} \cdot (1 - B_{F200})$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the flare F200 (Nm³)
Power House	A_{FIRi}^7 (see last table from item 4.1)	Methane flow to the power house measured by FIRi (Nm ³)
	B_{FIRi}^7	Total measuring error from FIRi (%) – see item 4.5
	$C_{FIRi}^7 = A_{FIRi} \cdot (1 - B_{FIRi})$	Total methane corrected measured by FIRi (Nm³)
	$D_{\text{power house}} = C_{FIR300} + C_{FIR400} + C_{FIR500} + C_{FIR600}$	Total methane corrected destroyed at the electricity (Nm³)

⁷ Obs: calculation made individually for each Flow-Meter (FIR₃₀₀, FIR₄₀₀, FIR₅₀₀ and FIR₆₀₀)

CO₂e Methane	$A = C_{F100} + C_{F200} + D_{\text{power house}}$	Total methane destroyed in the period (Nm ³)
	$B = 0.0007168$	Density of Methane at the STPC (tCH ₄ /Nm ³)
	$C = A \cdot B$	Total weight of methane destroyed (tCH ₄)
	$D = 21$	CO ₂ equivalency (tCO ₂ e/tCH ₄)
	$E = C \cdot D$	Total equivalent carbon (tCO ₂ e)
	$F = 20\%$	Adjustment Factor (%)
	$G = E \cdot (1-F)$	Total Liquid Carbon (tCO₂e)
CO₂e Electricity	H (see last table from item 4.1)	Total electricity exported (MWh)
	I	Electricity-meter error (%)
	$J = H \cdot (1 - I)$	Total electricity corrected (MWh)
	$K = 0.2677$	Emission Factor (tCO ₂ e/MWh)
	$L = J \cdot K$	Total CO₂e from the energy exported (tCO₂e)
TOTAL	$M = G + L$	TOTAL CREDITS DURING THE PERIOD (tCO₂e)

Cells in red means that the calculation was made using the Excel tool "DOWN.ROUND" with zero decimal rounds, in order to assure conservativeness.

4.9. GHG emission reductions

	TOTAL
Total CO ₂ e from methane destroyed	118,860
Total CO ₂ e from electricity dispatched	8,439
TOTAL CO₂e	127,299

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