

**MONITORING REPORT FORM (CDM-MR)**  
**Version 01 - in effect as of: 28/09/2010****CONTENTS**

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**MONITORING REPORT  
VERSION 1.1 – 02/09/2011****“N<sub>2</sub>O EMISSION REDUCTION IN ONSAN, REPUBLIC OF KOREA”  
UNFCCC 0099  
MONITORING REPORT #51 (from 01/07/2011 to 31/08/2011)****SECTION A. General description of the project activity****A.1. Brief description of the project activity:**

Nitrous oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O) is a by-product of adipic acid production. It is of low toxicity but is a greenhouse gas (GHG), whose GWP is large (GWP=310 in the IPCC 2nd Assessment Report). Emissions of N<sub>2</sub>O are considered under the Kyoto Protocol and there are no national or regional regulations or restrictions on the emission of N<sub>2</sub>O in Korea.

In this project, a thermal decomposition process equipment has been added to the adipic acid manufacturing plant. This installation reduces the GHG emissions, which would otherwise be released to the atmosphere if the project was not implemented.

The thermal decomposition facility was installed and commissioned in the manufacturing site of Onsan Rhodia Poliamide Co. Ltd. during May 2006 and the destruction of N<sub>2</sub>O was started in September 2006. The N<sub>2</sub>O destruction unit is in continuous operation since its start-up and has only stopped for short periods due to planned and corrective maintenance operations.

In this monitoring period #51 the destruction unit has been operated continuously. The emission reductions achieved in this period are: 379,107 tCO<sub>2</sub>e

**A.2. Project Participants**

KEMCO (Korea Energy Management Corporation)  
Rhodia Energy Korea Co,Ltd,  
Rhodia Energy SAS, Rhodia Energy GHG SAS  
Rhodia Japan Ltd,  
ORBEO  
NATIXIS, Natixis Environment and Infrastructures,  
Société Generale  
Noble Carbon Credits

**A.3. Location of the project activity:**

Host Party: The Republic of Korea  
Region: Ulju-gun, Ulsan  
City: Onsan  
GPS coordinates: 35.412778 129.341667

#### A.4. Technical description of the project

A thermal oxidizer with 2 chambers is the technology used to decompose N<sub>2</sub>O at the Rhodia Onsan site.

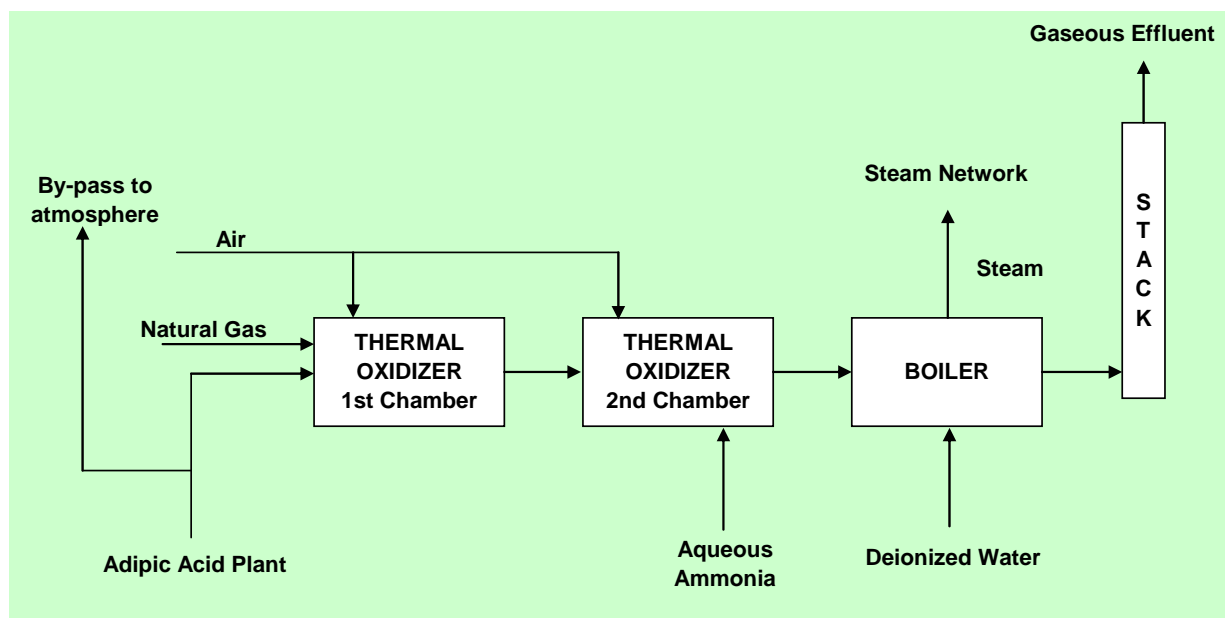
Natural gas is fed with the off gas from the adipic acid production containing N<sub>2</sub>O and a controlled amount of air in a reduction chamber, where it burns (oxidizes) to carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) and water vapour. N<sub>2</sub>O is used as an oxidizer. Being oxygen deficient, the oxidation is not complete and carbon monoxide and hydrogen are present.



The temperature in the furnace is kept at about 1300°C and under fuel rich conditions, so as to promote the complete decomposition of N<sub>2</sub>O while minimizing the formation of unwanted combustion by-products such as NO and NO<sub>2</sub>.

The gas is then quenched with air to complete the combustion of carbon monoxide and hydrogen at a temperature of about 950°C in a second chamber. Steam and ammonia are injected to control the emission of NO and NO<sub>2</sub>.

Before release to the stack, the flue gas coming from the thermal oxidizer is used to produce saturated steam, which is fed into the existing on-site steam network.



**A.5. Title, reference and version of the baseline and monitoring methodology applied to the project activity:**

Approved baseline and monitoring methodology:

AM0021/version 1 – “Baseline Methodology for decomposition of N<sub>2</sub>O from existing adipic acid production plants”

Referenced Tool(s):

- EB 61 Annex 11 “Tool to determine the mass flow for GHG gaseous streams” version 2, 03/06/2011
- ACM0002/version 2 – “Consolidated methodology for Grid-Connected electricity generation from renewable resources” – Calculation of the CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of the power generation

Project Design Document:

N<sub>2</sub>O Emission Reduction in Onsan, Republic of South Korea.

Version number of the document: 8

Date: 01/09/2005

EB guidance directly related to adipic acid production:

EB45 Annex13 “Guidance to calculate adipic acid production in cases where it cannot be measured directly” version 1, 13/02/2009

**A.6. Registration date of the project activity:**

The project was registered by the UNFCCC on 27/11/2005.

**A.7. Crediting period of the project activity and related information (start date and choice of crediting period):**

The first crediting period (on-going) is from 01/09/2006 to 31/08/2013 (renewable).

**A.8. Name of responsible person(s)/entity(ies):**

Philippe Kehren, Rhodia Energy GHG  
Tour La Pacific. 11, cours Valmy La Defense 7  
92977 Paris La Defense, France  
TEL : +33 1 53 56 61 02  
FAX : +33 1 53 56 61 10

**SECTION B. Implementation of the project activity****B.1. Implementation status of the project activity**

The project is fully implemented according to the description presented in the PDD. The project activity is completely operational since the start date of operation on 01/09/2006.

During this monitoring period #51 no particular event occurred that could impact the applicability of the methodology.

In this period the N<sub>2</sub>O destruction unit:

- has been disconnected on 02/07/2011 during 35min59seconds. The oxidation reactors in the adipic acid plant were tripped in the adipic acid plant causing a safety trip in the N<sub>2</sub>O unit.
- has been shutdown from 21/08/2011 to 30/08/2011 as part of the planned maintenance operation

**B.2. Revision of the monitoring plan**

No revision to the monitoring plan has been sought since the beginning of project activity.

**B.3. Request for deviation applied to this monitoring period**

No request for deviation of the approved methodology was applied to this monitoring period.

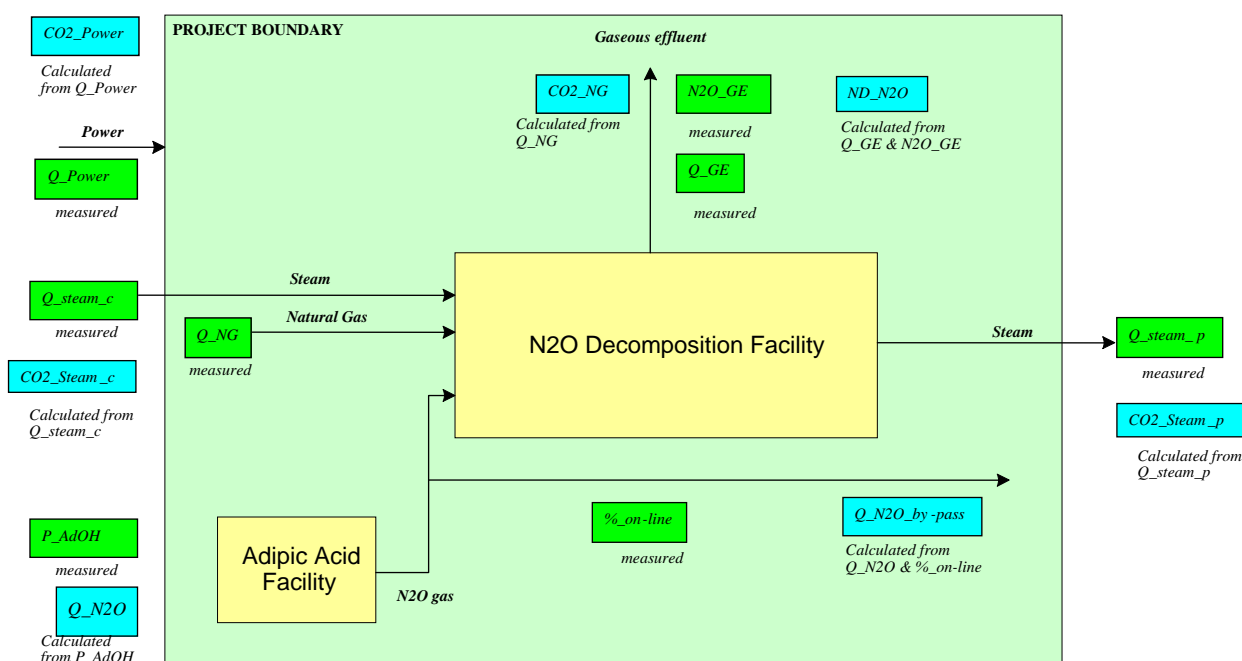
**B.4. Notification or request of approval of changes**

No changes to the project activity as described in the registered CDM-PDD have been requested.

## SECTION C. Description of the monitoring system

The project boundary related to the baseline methodology is shown below with the measured parameters in green color.

Potential sources of anthropogenic emissions by sources of GHG within the project boundary and emissions which are not included in the project boundary are also shown in below and the details of the parameters are informed in the section D.



All data collection procedures, the organizational structure, the roles and responsibilities and procedures for dealing with abnormal situations are described in detail in the Data Handling Protocol and Data Review Protocol which are documents of Rhodia Quality System. Rhodia Onsan plant is ISO9001 and ISO14001 certified.

The Adipic Acid Plant Manager is responsible for implementing and maintaining the monitoring procedures on site (Data Handling Protocol, training, calibration and maintenance, data review) and for validating all data. The overall responsibility of the project belongs to the CO<sub>2</sub> Operations Director of Rhodia Energy GHG located in Paris, France.

All the data used for monitoring the baseline, project and leakage emissions are collected in the PIMS (Plant Information Management System). Two types of data are stored in the PIMS:

(a) Process data (flow rates, pressures, temperatures etc.) are continuously acquired by the DCS (Distributed Control System) and automatically stored by the PIMS;

(b) Packed dry adipic acid daily data from log sheets are entered in dedicated excel files (Daily Packaging Reports). These reports are validated by the daily foreman and the supply chain manager before being manually transferred into the PIMS database every working day by the authorized staff.

All measuring instruments used in this project are calibrated and maintained according to the specifications provided by the manufacturers and/or the relevant national and international standards.



The calculation of the daily production of adipic acid is carried out using the data stored in PIMS and daily packing report, and the daily nitric acid consumption quantity is calculated by using the data stored in PIMS and raw data stored in an excel sheet called Raw-org. The results obtained are collected in a Daily Production Report (excel sheet) and transferred to the Workbook. In parallel the packed quantities are entered in SAP system (System, Applications and Products for Data Processing) which is the official system used by Rhodia for production management, supply chain management and accounting purposes.

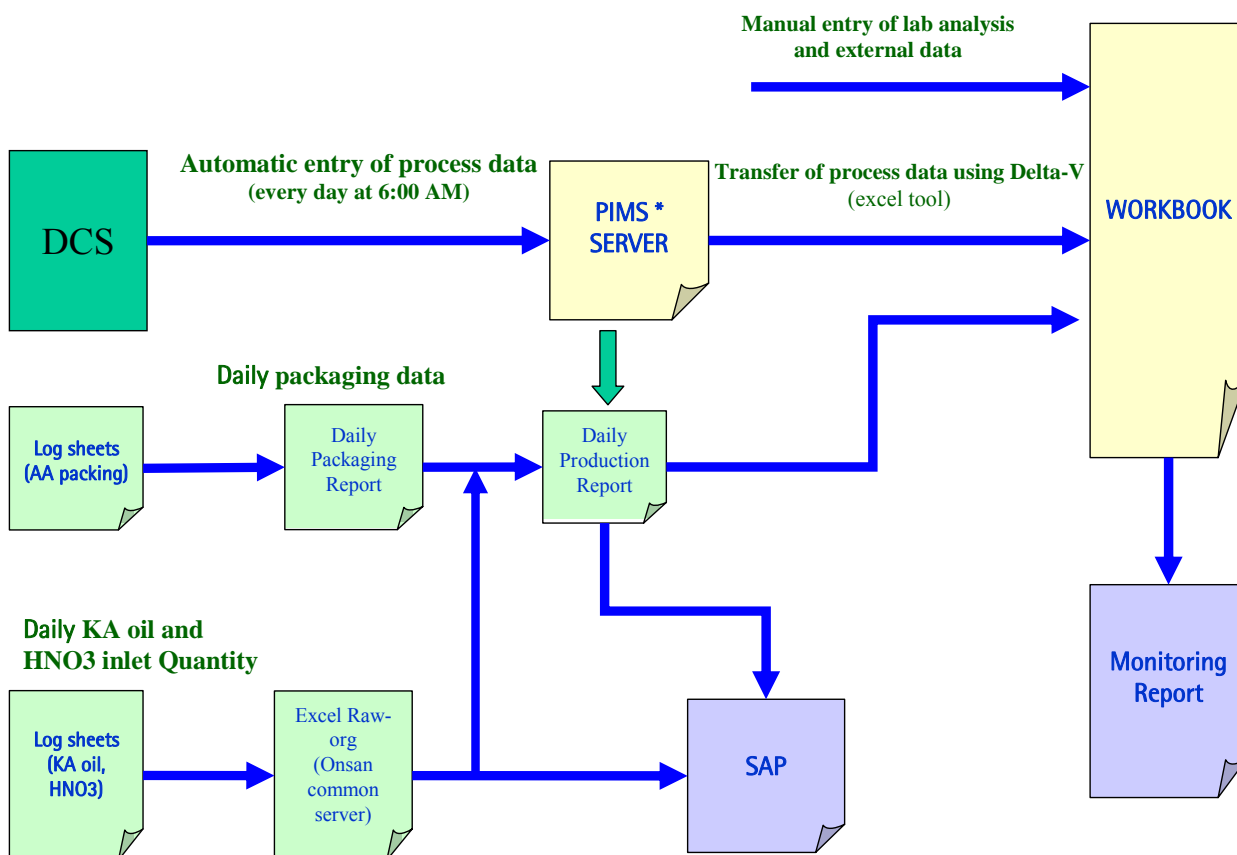
The emission reductions calculations are performed in a dedicated excel spreadsheet called the Workbook.

Process data are periodically extracted from PIMS using an excel tool called Delta-V and transferred to the Workbook.

The laboratory and some external data such as natural gas composition are entered manually directly into the Workbook (e.g.: natural gas composition).

The calculations made in the Workbook are used for the preparation of the monitoring report.

The following diagram illustrates the entire process of data acquisition, storage and transfer to the Workbook and preparation of the monitoring report:



\* PIMS = Plant Information Management System (Supplier: OSI)

**SECTION D. Data and parameters****D.1 Data and parameters determined at registration and not monitored during the monitoring period, including default values and factors**

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>GWP_N2O</b>
Data unit:	tCO <sub>2</sub> e per tN <sub>2</sub> O
Description:	Global Warming Potential of N <sub>2</sub> O
Source of data used:	Kyoto Protocol (Decision 2/CP.3) and IPCC
Value (s):	310
Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions
Additional Comment:	Not applicable

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>KE_N2O</b>
Data unit:	t N <sub>2</sub> O per tonne of adipic acid produced
Description:	N <sub>2</sub> O Emission factor
Source of data used:	IPCC Good Practice Guidance
Value (s):	0.27
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Additional Comment:	Cap value for N <sub>2</sub> O /AdOH emission factor

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>ΔH</b>
Data unit:	kcal/t of steam
Description:	Enthalpy of vaporization of water
Source of data used:	Steam table for boiler feed water temperature 100°C and 6kg/cm <sup>2</sup> steam production
Value (s):	557,960
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Additional Comment:	Use to calculate E_Steam

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>η</b>
Data unit:	%
Description:	Operational efficiency of the boiler for steam production
Source of data used:	Monitoring Plan Section 6.3
Value (s):	97
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Additional Comment:	Use to calculate E_Steam





D.2 Data and parameters monitored					
Data / Parameter:	P_AdOH				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Amount of adipic acid production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured value. Several instruments are used				
Source of data:	DCS data and packaging log sheets				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	P_AdOH Produced	P_AdOH Eligible *
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	23,413.025	4,692.550
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	14,366.935	4,692.550
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	9,046.090	0.000
	P_AdOH Current year:		161,271		
	P_AdOH Annual Cap:		142,551		
	* Adipic acid production for baseline emission calculation, after cap application				
Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Small bags and bags balance (W42811) Serial Number: 96C208	Load cell weighing indicator	+/- 0.03 kg	Annually	Last calibrations
					28/04/2010 21/04/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					20/04/2012
	Big bags and bags balance (W43741) Serial Number: 2003105	Load cell weighing indicator	+/- 0.3 kg	Annually	Last calibrations
					28/04/2010 21/04/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					20/04/2012
	Big bags and bags balance (W43742) Serial Number: 044134	Load cell weighing indicator	+/- 0.3 kg	Annually	Last calibrations
					28/04/2010 21/04/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					20/04/2012
	SILO R42500 (W42505) Serial Number: 9009132	Load cell weighing indicator	+/- 3 t	Annually	Last calibrations
					28/03/2011 22/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					21/08/2012



Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured daily, aggregated monthly and yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The daily Adipic Acid production is measured directly by the weight of packed finished product and the silo weight difference between two consecutive days. The EB45 guidance Annex 13 in reference does not apply to such cases. The Executive Board has confirmed on EB36 the application of a yearly Adipic acid production cap as required by the methodologies (issue 1 of the Request for review for the Monitoring Period #9 08/08/2007 ~ 31/08/2007).</p> <p>The cumulated production of Adipic acid over the current year (starting last September 1st and ending with the last day of this period) is 161,271 t. This production is above the cap clarified in the EB48 and only 4,692.6 t out of the 23,413.0 t of adipic acid produced are used for defining the baseline emissions</p> <p>Following EB48 clarification, the cap is 142,551 t/y calculated as <math>415 \text{ t/d} \times 365 \times 94.109 \%</math> (information available in the Excel Workbook "ER ONSAN", sheet BE, submitted to UNFCCC). The operational rate is given by the hours of plant operation in 2004 divided by the total hours in 2004. As verified in the monitoring period #26 (see Verification Report No. 1279748 issued on 23 July 2009) the adipic acid plant was operational for 8266.5 hours in 2004 taking out the annual maintenance shut down in November and the other unplanned shutdowns (hours verified with the help of daily data from "Daily AA operation rate 2004" and the daily production reports of 2004).</p> <p>The resulting operational rate is <math>8266.5/8784 = 94.109\%</math>.</p> <p>The Executive Board has confirmed on EB36 the application of a yearly Adipic acid production cap as required by the methodology. This approach is consistent with the definitions and requirements of the "Guidance on accounting eligible HFC-23" AM0001 (EB39 Annex 8): the year of the crediting period is defined on the basis of the starting date of the crediting period of a project activity (September 1st); the current period ends on August 31st, which is the end date of the year of the crediting period.</p>
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

Data / Parameter:	Nitric acid consumption (HNO3_consumption)				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Nitric acid consumption for the calculation of HNO3 chemical				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured Several instruments are used				
Source of data	DCS data and log sheets				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO3_consumption		
	Rolling Year	31/08/2011	139,355		
	From	To			
	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	12,450		
	01/08/2011	31/08/2011	7,514		
Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions				



Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Fresh nitric acid HANWHA (FT6C069) Serial Number: 6C069602000	Mass flow meter	+/- 0.65%	Annually	Last calibrations
					16/09/2010 04/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					03/08/2012
	Fresh nitric acid HANWHA (FT760CD) Serial Number: 760CDF02000	Mass flow meter	+/- 0.65%	Annually	Last calibrations
					26/10/2009 21/10/2010
					Last calibration valid until
					20/10/2011
	Fresh nitric acid tank (LT92005) Serial Number: 90A-15477	Flash type level transmitter	+/- 2%	Annually	Last calibrations
					16/04/2010 13/04/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					12/04/2012
	Fresh nitric acid tank (LT92015) Serial Number: 12B900530-232	Flash type level transmitter	+/- 2%	Annually	Last calibrations
					16/04/2010 13/04/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					12/04/2012
	Truck scale (W90000) Serial Number: '03-07	Load cell weighing indicator	+/- 10 kg	Annually	Last calibrations
					26/09/2009 11/09/2010
					Last calibration valid until
					10/09/2011
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, recorded daily. Aggregated monthly and yearly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The Nitric acid consumption quantity is calculated based on sum of daily fresh HNO3 incoming quantity from Hanwha and Hu-chems, and holding volume and concentration variation of the fresh HNO3 storage tank (R92000 & R92010) and process storage tank (Mother acid tank, concentration acid tank and Oxidation acid tank)				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Physical losses in the adipic acid production process (HNO<sub>3</sub>_physical)</b>
Data unit:	tonnes



Description:	Physical losses in the adipic acid production process data required for calculation of HNO3 chemical and the N2O emission factor N2O_ /AdOH				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured Several instruments are used				
Source of data	DCS data and laboratory analysis data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO3_physical		
	Rolling Year	31/08/2011	3,100		
	From	To			
	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	279		
	01/08/2011	31/08/2011	197		
Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Potentiometric Titrator	Potentio mettic	0.10%	Weekly	Last calibrations
					Every week
					Last calibration valid until
					Following week
	HPLC	Chromato graphy	< 0.3% RSD	Daily	Last calibrations
					Every day
					Last calibration valid until
					Following day
	NOx gas DCN inlet (AYA51526) Serial Number: W0625001	NDIR (Non Dispersive Infrared)	+/- 3%	4/year	Last calibrations
					27/06/2011 21/07/2011 04/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					03/11/2011
	LNOX E56010 to A56020 (AYA-56026) Serial Number: W0624984	NDIR (Non Dispersive Infrared)	+/- 5%	4/year	Last calibrations
					27/06/2011 21/07/2011 04/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					03/11/2011
	KAOP to Oxidation (FT12701) Serial Number: D1073D02000	Mass flow meter	+/- 1%	Annually	Last calibrations
					30/03/2010 08/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/03/2012



	LNOX D51500 to E55030 (FQ51525) Serial Number: 91EC29665 551	Orifice type flow transmitter	+/- 5%	Annually	Last calibrations
					11/12/2009 06/12/2010
					Last calibration valid until
					05/12/2011
	LNOX D52400 to E56030 (FQ52428) Serial Number: 12B605179-224	Orifice type flow transmitter	+/- 5%	Annually	Last calibrations
					11/12/2009 06/12/2010
					Last calibration valid until
					05/12/2011
	HPCE R61380 to K83160 (FQ61782) Serial Number: 26BA02004 243	Magnetic Flow Meter	+/- 1%	Annually	Last calibrations
					10/03/2010 08/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/03/2012
	DBA to F81200 (FQ81115) Serial Number: 0870152709	Magnetic Flow Meter	+/- 1.50%	Annually	Last calibrations
					12/03/2010 08/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/03/2012
	DBA R81100 to K83300 (FQ82351) Serial Number: 91K906367 036	Magnetic Flow Meter	+/- 1%	Annually	Last calibrations
					12/03/2010 08/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/03/2012
	Waste water to R83200 (FQ83401) Serial Number: 26B401923 217	Magnetic Flow Meter	+/- 1%	Annually	Last calibrations
					10/03/2010 08/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/03/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, recorded daily. Aggregated monthly and yearly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Nitric acid physical losses (HNO3_physical) in the aqueous wastes, the off gases, the adipic acid and the by-product are monitored. Those physical losses are subtracted from the nitric acid consumption (HNO3_consumption) to get the chemical consumption.				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				



<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>HNO3_Chemical</b>				
Data unit:	tonnes				
Description:	Chemical consumption of Nitric acid required for the calculation of the N2O emission factor N2O_/AdOH				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data	Excel Workbook based on the raw material consumption, DCS data and lab data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:			HNO3_cons umption	HNO3_physical	HNO3_chemical
	Rolling Year	31/08/2011	139,355	3,100	136,255
	From	To			
	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	12,450	279	12,171
	01/08/2011	31/08/2011	7,514	197	7,317
Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not Applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded monthly and yearly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	To obtain the chemical consumption (HNO3_chemical), the physical losses are deducted from the nitric acid consumption. HNO3_chemical = HNO3_consumption - HNO3_physical				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>N2O_/AdOH</b>				
Data unit:	t N2O/t adipic acid				
Description:	Actual N2O emission factor for adipic acid production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Not applicable				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	N2O_/AdOH Calculated	N2O_/AdOH Applied
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	0.283	0.270
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	0.284	0.270
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	0.283	0.270
	P_AdOH Rolling Year (t)		161,271		
	HNO3_Chemical Rolling Year (t)		136,255		
	N2O_/AdOH capped at		0.270		



Data used for:	Baseline and Project Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded monthly
Calculation method (if applicable):	The N <sub>2</sub> O emission factor is calculated monthly using the rolling year data (AM0021/version 1 equation (4)): $N_2O\_AdOH = HNO_3\_chemical / P\_AdOH / 63 / 2 \times 0.96 \times 44$ The calculated value for this period is above 0.270 and is then capped by the value of KE_N <sub>2</sub> O, as specified in the PDD table D.2.1.3 and required by the methodology AM0021/version 1 referring to the IPCC Good Practice Guidance.
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_N2O</b>				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Quantity of N <sub>2</sub> O produced				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated value				
Source of data:	Calculated from P_AdOH and N <sub>2</sub> O_AdOH data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_N2O	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	1,266,988	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	1,266,988	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	0	
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	$Q\_N_2O = P\_AdOH \times N_2O\_AdOH$ Only the adipic acid production after cap application is used to define the baseline emission				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_N2O reg</b>
Data unit:	kg
Description:	Allowed N <sub>2</sub> O emissions
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	South Korean legislation



Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures applied:	<p>Rhodia follows the evolution of Korean legislation about N<sub>2</sub>O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>reg</sub> / AdOH, Q<sub>N<sub>2</sub>O</sub> reg, or ry as part of its RCMS (Rhodia Care Management System), RCMS+ is covering ISO14000 standard which requires to follow any update on Environmental regulations. For the monitoring of the new HSE (Hygiene, Safety and Environment) local and national regulations, Rhodia Korea has joined two committees: "Onsan Environment Management Society" and "Korea Environmental Engineers Federation".</p> <p>The Framework Act on Low Carbon and Green Growth has become effective on 14/04/2010. Within the scope of this Governmental law the list of controlled companies has been announced in September 2010. Then such designated "controlled" companies will have to submit a 3 years historical data on GHG emissions and energy consumption, and will have to submit reduction plans in September 2011.</p> <p>Until detailed implementation rules and calendar are known there is no applicable limitation from this new regulation on the N<sub>2</sub>O emissions of the Onsan Adipic plant.</p>

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>N<sub>2</sub>O reg/AdOH</b>
Data unit:	kg/kg
Description:	Allowed N <sub>2</sub> O emission / kg of adipic acid produced
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	South Korean legislation
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable





QA/QC procedures applied:	<p>Rhodia follows the evolution of Korean legislation about N<sub>2</sub>O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>reg</sub> / AdOH, Q<sub>N<sub>2</sub>O</sub> reg, or ry as part of its RCMS (Rhodia Care Management System), RCMS+ is covering ISO14000 standard which requires to follow any update on Environmental regulations. For the monitoring of the new HSE (Hygiene, Safety and Environment) local and national regulations, Rhodia Korea has joined two committees: "Onsan Environment Management Society" and "Korea Environmental Engineers Federation".</p> <p>The Framework Act on Low Carbon and Green Growth has become effective on 14/04/2010. Within the scope of this Governmental law the list of controlled companies has been announced in September 2010. Then such designated "controlled" companies will have to submit a 3 years historical data on GHG emissions and energy consumption, and will have to submit reduction plans in September 2011.</p> <p>Until detailed implementation rules and calendar are known there is no applicable limitation from this new regulation on the N<sub>2</sub>O emissions of the Onsan Adipic plant.</p>
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<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>r<sub>y</sub></b>
Data unit:	%
Description:	Share of N <sub>2</sub> O emissions required to be destroyed
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default value
Source of data:	South Korean legislation
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Not applicable
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	At date of the regulatory value introduction or change of the regulation
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures applied:	<p>Rhodia follows the evolution of Korean legislation about N<sub>2</sub>O emissions that could affect the project Emission Reduction through the parameters N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>reg</sub> / AdOH, Q<sub>N<sub>2</sub>O</sub> reg, or ry as part of its RCMS (Rhodia Care Management System), RCMS+ is covering ISO14000 standard which requires to follow any update on Environmental regulations. For the monitoring of the new HSE (Hygiene, Safety and Environment) local and national regulations, Rhodia Korea has joined two committees: "Onsan Environment Management Society" and "Korea Environmental Engineers Federation".</p>



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<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>P N<sub>2</sub>O</b>
Data unit:	€/t
Description:	Market price of N <sub>2</sub> O
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Estimated
Source of data:	Market Survey (last update September 2010)
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Zero (0) (there is no N <sub>2</sub> O market for the N <sub>2</sub> O produced as by-product of adipic acid in Onsan plant)
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Annual up-date based on permanent market survey
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures applied:	Not applicable

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_Steam_p</b>				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Amount of steam produced by the decomposition process				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	The data are automatically and continuously acquired by DCS and stored in the PIMS.				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Steam_p	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	32,720,489	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	20,156,324	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	12,564,165	
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions				



Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Steam production by N2O system (FIQ58213) Serial Number: 294795/003/01	Vortex flow meter	+/- 1%	Annually	Last calibrations
					31/03/2010 25/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					24/03/2012
	Boiler feed water flow rate (FIQ58204) Serial Number: 294795/002/01	Vortex flowmeter (Back up for FIQ58213)	+/- 0.3%	Annually	Last calibrations
					30/03/2010 24/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					23/03/2012
	Boiler continuous purge flow rate (FIQ58303) Serial Number: 91K713049 027	Orifice type flowmeter (Back up for FIQ58213)	+/- 0.6%	Annually	Last calibrations
					30/03/2010 15/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					14/03/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, recorded daily and aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

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<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>E_Steam</b>
Data unit:	kg CO2/kg of steam
Description:	CO2 emission factor of steam produced by facility
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Excel workbook
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.122
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Not Applicable/each monitoring period



Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The rolling year value of E_Steam is calculated with the data available for the year prior to the end of the period in order to assure to have the data. The emission factor is obtained by the formula below:</p> $E\_Steam = (QNG\_tsteam/1,000) * E\_NG_y$ $QNG\_tsteam = \Delta H \text{ (kcal/t)} / (HHV \text{ (kcal/Nm}^3\text{)} \times \eta \text{ (\%)})$ <p>Where:</p> <p>QNG_tsteam: amount of natural gas required to generate steam (Nm<sup>3</sup>/t)</p> <p>The HHV data is the yearly average value for the gas supplied by KYUNG DONG City Gas Ltd.</p> <p>The yield <math>\eta</math> (%) of the boiler is conservatively taken as 97%, while the yield is generally below 90%</p> <p>E_NG<sub>y</sub>: yearly average value for the gas supplied by KYUNG DONG City Gas Ltd. (kg CO<sub>2</sub>/Nm<sup>3</sup>)</p>				
	Year ending on: 30/06/2011				
	HHV Kcal/Nm <sup>3</sup>	$\Delta H$ kcal/t	$\eta$ %	QNG_tsteam Nm <sup>3</sup> /t of steam	E_NG <sub>y</sub> kg-CO <sub>2</sub> /Nm <sup>3</sup>
	10,405	557,960	97	55.28	2.206
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>CO2_Steam_p</b>				
Data unit:	t CO <sub>2</sub> e				
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions from Steam Production				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Calculated from Q_Steam_p and E_Steam data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO <sub>2</sub> _Steam_p	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	3,991	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	2,459	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	1,532	
Data used for:	Baseline Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated Monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Steam_p and E_Steam CO <sub>2</sub> _Steam_p = Q_Steam_p x E_Steam				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				



<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_GE</b>				
Data unit:	Nm3				
Description:	Volume of effluent gas leaving the stack				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_GE	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	27,171,310	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	16,347,776	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	10,823,534	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	<b>Equipment</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Accuracy class</b>	<b>Calibration frequency</b>	<b>Calibration Information</b>
	Effluent gas (FIQ58407) Serial Number: GMF-104F(080421-1)	Pitot tube differential pressure flow meter	+/- 3%	Annually	Last calibrations
					22/03/2010 28/02/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					27/02/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily, aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>N2O_GE</b>				
Data unit:	vppm				
Description:	Concentration of N2O in the effluent gas				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	N2O_GE	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	12.3	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	12.4	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	12.1	



Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Stack N2O analyzer (AIT58408) Serial Number: 17005	Gas analyzer, type in-situ and laser diode on wet basis	+/- 1 vppm	2/year	Last calibrations
					15/09/2010 10/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					09/09/2011
	Stack N2O analyzer (AI58418) Serial Number: W01894257	NDIR (Non Dispersive Infrared)	+/- 1 vppm	weekly	Last calibrations
					Every week
					Last calibration valid until
Following week					
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously and recorded daily, aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The daily average concentration on wet basis is calculated in the DCS as the flow averaged value of concentration values measured every 10 sec: $N2O\_GE = \frac{\int (Q\_GE \times N2O\_GE) \ dt}{Q\_GE}$				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

Data / Parameter:	ND_N2O				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Quantity of N2O in the effluent gas leaving the stack				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	ND_N2O	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	656	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	398	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	258	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and recorded daily, aggregated monthly				



Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The daily value of non destroyed N<sub>2</sub>O (ND_N<sub>2</sub>O) is calculated on-line in the DCS using 10 second data of the concentration of N<sub>2</sub>O and the flow rate of the gaseous effluent, both measured on a wet basis (Equivalent to method C of EB61 “Tool to determine the mass flow of a greenhouse gas in a gaseous stream”):</p> $ND\_N_2O = Q\_GE * N_2O\_GE * Specific\_gravity\_of\_N_2O$ <p>The specific_gravity_of_N<sub>2</sub>O = 44/22.414 x 10<sup>-6</sup> is used to transform vppm in kg/Nm<sup>3</sup></p> <p>When the instant value indicated by AIT58408 is lower than 5 vppm (detection limit), the value of 5 vppm is used in the equation above.</p>
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

Data / Parameter:	Q_NG				
Data unit:	Nm3				
Description:	Amount of natural gas used by the decomposition process				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_NG	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	2,029,076	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	1,132,046	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	897,030	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Natural Gas burning (FQ91485A) Serial Number: 80067664/2005	Turbine flow meter	+/- 0.3%	Annually	Last calibrations
					17/03/2010 09/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					08/03/2012
	Natural Gas burning (FQ91485B) (Back up flow meter) Serial Number: 80093966	Turbine flow meter	+/- 0.3%	Annually	Last calibrations
					29/09/2010 31/05/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					30/05/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuous, recorded daily and aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				



<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>E_NGy</b>
Data unit:	kg CO <sub>2</sub> /Nm <sup>3</sup>
Description:	Emissions coefficient for natural gas combustion
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Data provided by natural gas supplier (KYUNG DONG City Gas Ltd.)
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	2.206
Data used for:	Project Emissions
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Up-dated at each monitoring period
Calculation method (if applicable):	The emissions coefficient is calculated according to the PDD Monitoring Plan. For the 12 months preceding the monitoring period, the CO <sub>2</sub> quantity emitted by the combustion of the natural gas from all the gas boilers is summed up and divided by the total quantity of natural gas consumed in Nm <sup>3</sup> over the same 12 months period. The CO <sub>2</sub> quantity emitted is obtained by multiplying the emission factor of the month (based on the gas composition of the month) by the quantity of natural gas burned in the same month, using the formulae described in section E1 of the PDD.
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>NGC</b>				
Data unit:	% vol				
Description:	Natural gas composition required for the calculation of E_NG				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data provided by natural gas supplier (KYUNG DONG City Gas Ltd.)				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	<b>Component</b>	<b>Number of C</b>	<b>Jul-11</b>	<b>Aug-11</b>	
	CH <sub>4</sub> (Methane)	1	91.58	90.51	
	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> (Ethane)	2	5.15	5.74	
	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> (Propane)	3	2.18	2.55	
	I-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> (I-Butane)	4	0.46	0.51	
	N-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> (N-Butane)	4	0.48	0.51	
	I-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub> (I-Pentane)	5	0.02	0.02	
	N-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>12</sub> (N-Pentane)	5	0.00	0.00	
	N <sub>2</sub> (Nitrogen)	0	0.12	0.16	
	CO <sub>2</sub> (Carbon dioxide)	1	0.00	0.00	





	T O T A L		100.00	100.00	
	Average number of C		1.123	1.138	
	E_NGm (kg-CO2/Nm3)		2.207	2.237	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring	<p>NGC is use to calculate the E_NG monthly value. The average number of C in a mole of NG is calculated from the composition = S (number of C in each mole) x (volume ratio). The CO2 specific gravity in standard state is 1.965.</p> <p>For this monitoring period, natural gas composition from August 2011 are not yet available, so to be conservative, the NGC of the month of November 2006 was used for August as it gives the highest E_NG value since the beginning of the crediting period (01/09/2006).</p>				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Recorded monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	E_NG = 1.965 x (average number of C) 1.965 is the specific gravity of CO2 in standard conditions in kg/Nm3				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>CO<sub>2</sub>_NG</b>				
Data unit:	t CO <sub>2</sub>				
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions for Natural Gas				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Calculated in the excel workbook from Q_NG and E_NG data				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO <sub>2</sub> _NG	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	4,506	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	2,499	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	2,007	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated Monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>CO<sub>2</sub>_NG is calculated monthly using the monthly values of Q_NG and E_NG</p> <p>CO<sub>2</sub>_NG<sub>m</sub> = Q_NG<sub>m</sub> x E_NG<sub>m</sub></p>				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>%_on-line</b>
Data unit:	% of production time



Description:	% of production time that the N2O is sent to the decomposition facility.				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	%_on-line	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	99.38%	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	99.93%	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	98.50%	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	<b>Equipment</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Accuracy class</b>	<b>Calibration frequency</b>	<b>Calibration Information</b>
	By-pass valves position detectors (HV57001) Serial Numbers: 603100335	Butterfly type On-off valve	Not applicable	Annually	Last calibrations
					08/03/2011 08/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					07/08/2012
	By-pass valves position detectors (HV57003) Serial Numbers: 603100337	Butterfly type On-off valve	Not applicable	Annually	Last calibrations
					08/03/2011 26/08/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					25/08/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuous, recorded daily and aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The %_on-line is recorded on a daily basis and is the ratio between the time of production of adipic acid while the unit is connected to the N2O destruction facility and the time of production. At the end of the month/period (y), %_on-line is calculated as: $\% \text{ _on-line}_y = 1 - (Q_{\text{N}_2\text{O\_by-pass}_y} / (P_{\text{AdOH}_y} \times \text{N}_2\text{O\_AdOH}))$				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_N<sub>2</sub>O_by-pass</b>
Data unit:	kg
Description:	N <sub>2</sub> O by passing the decomposition facility
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.



Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_N2O_by-pass	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	41,063	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	2,726	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	38,337	
Data used for:	Project Emissions				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, recorded daily and aggregated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The quantity of N2O that by-pass the facility is calculated daily (d) following AM0021/version1 page 4</p> <p>· <math>Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_d} = Q_{N_2O_d} \times (1 - \%_{on-line})_d</math> for each day (d)</p> <p><math>Q_{N_2O_d} = P_{AdOH_d} \times N_2O_{/AdOH}</math> with <math>N_2O_{/AdOH}</math> is the actual value (considering that it is higher than 0.27) following the final ruling regarding the request for issuance of CERs "N2O decomposition project of PetroChina Company Limited Liaoyang Petrochemical Company" (EB61)</p> <p>· <math>Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_d} = P_{AdOH_d} \times N_2O_{/AdOH} \times (1 - \%_{on-line})_d</math></p> <p>At the end of the period the quantity of N2O that by-passed the facility is summed for all days:</p> <p>· <math>Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y} = \Sigma (Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_d})</math></p>				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

Data / Parameter:	Q_Power				
Data unit:	kWh				
Description:	Electric consumption of the decomposition facility				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Power	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	258,756	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	157,199	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	101,557	
Data used for:	Leakage				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Electricity meter (LV22WH) Serial Number: 0216021	Incremental Electricity meter	+/- 15 kWh	7 years	Last calibrations
					21/10/2008
					Last calibration valid until
					20/10/2015



Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, recorded daily and aggregated monthly
Calculation method (if applicable):	The daily amounts are automatically calculated online on the DCS.
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>E_Power</b>
Data unit:	kg CO2/kWh
Description:	CO2 intensity for electric generation
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	KEPCO data make publicly available by the Korean Energy Economics Institute (KEEI) for 2010
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	0.708
Data used for:	Leakage
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and up-dated yearly
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>Calculated using the combined margin (CM) approach according to ACM0002 version 2 in the file (Grid_EF_SouthKorea 2010 rev0.xls). AM00021 version 1 requires calculation of E_Power as “the highest of the operating margin and the build margin according to ACM0002 version 2 for the grid connected to the facility”. The way the emission factor is calculated follows exactly the requirement of the methodology for the following reasons:</p> <p>(i) “according to ACM0002” means among other things to follow the combined margin CM approach (CM is the weighted average of OM and BM, with default weights of 50%/50%),</p> <p>(ii) “the highest of the operating margin” means the simple OM as it is the highest operating margin of all alternatives listed in ACM0002 for calculation of the OM since the simple OM excludes all low-operating costs and must-run power plants which are nuclear power plants, hydro power plants and all renewable energy power plants, and</p> <p>(iii) “the build margin” means the build margin (option 2 updated annually ex post) as required to be calculated following ACM0002 version 2.</p>
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>CO2_Power</b>
Data unit:	t CO2e
Description:	CO2 Emissions from Electricity consumption



Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on Q_Power and E_Power data				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO2_Power	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	184	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	112	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	72	
Data used for:	Leakage				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Power and E_Power CO2_Power= Q_Power x E_Power				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>Q_Steam_c</b>				
Data unit:	kg				
Description:	Amount of steam consumed by the decomposition facility				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Data are automatically acquired continuously by the DCS and stored in the PIMS data base.				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	Q_Steam_c	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	172,330	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	101,158	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	71,172	
Data used for:	Leakage				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	<b>Equipment</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Accuracy class</b>	<b>Calibration frequency</b>	<b>Calibration Information</b>
	Steam import to N2O system (FIQ58082) Serial Number: S5F206714 609	Vortex flow meter	+/- 1.0%	Annually	Last calibrations
					30/03/2010 25/03/2011
					Last calibration valid until
					24/03/2012
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuous, recorded daily and aggregated monthly				



Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>E_Steam_c</b>			
Data unit:	kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kg of steam			
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> intensity for steam consumed in the facility			
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated			
Source of data:	Excel Workbook based on natural gas and steam data			
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	0.14			
Data used for:	Leakage			
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable			
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated and up-dated at each monitoring period			
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>The steam consumed in the facility is supplied by existing boilers on site. Steam production and natural gas consumption are continuously monitored. From the monthly natural gas consumption and the monthly value of E_NG, monthly emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> for steam production are calculated and cumulated over the year.</p> <p>Q_NG_tsteam in Nm<sup>3</sup>/t of steam is obtained from the ratio of annual natural gas consumption over the annual steam production.</p> <p>The E_Steam_c is obtained from:</p> $E\_Steam\_c = E\_NG_y \times Q\_NG\_tsteam$			
	Year ending	Q_NG_tsteam Nm <sup>3</sup> /t of steam	E_NG kg CO <sub>2</sub> /Nm <sup>3</sup>	E_Steam_c kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kg steam
	01/07/2011	63.285	2.207	0.14
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30			

<b>Data / Parameter:</b>	<b>CO<sub>2</sub>_Steam_c</b>
Data unit:	t CO <sub>2</sub> e
Description:	CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions from Steam consumption
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Calculated from Q_Steam_c and E_Steam_c



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Value(s) of monitored parameter:		From	To	CO2_Steam_c	
	Period Value:	01/07/2011	31/08/2011	25	
	Monthly values:	01/07/2011	31/07/2011	15	
		01/08/2011	31/08/2011	10	
Data used for:	Leakage				
Monitoring equipment	Not applicable				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Calculated monthly				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated monthly and expressed in tonnes, using Q_Steam_c and E_Steam_c CO2_Steam_c= Q_Steam_c x E_Steam_c				
QA/QC procedures applied:	Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30				

Data / Parameter:	NOx				
Data unit:	vppm				
Description:	NO + NO2 concentration in the stack gas required by Korean legislation.				
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	On-line analyser				
Value (s) of monitored parameter:	Parameter	Unit	Limit	Analytical results in this period	
	NOx	vppm	200 max at least 95% of time	Average of 81.0 and less than 200 for 100% of time	
Data used for:	Compliance with local regulation on NOx				
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Equipment	Type	Accuracy class	Calibration frequency	Calibration Information
	Stack NOx analyzer (AT58401) Serial Number: N1- U2- 0176	NDIR (Non Dispersive Infrared)	+/- 1.0%	Weekly	Last calibrations
					Every week
					Last calibration valid until
					Following week
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuous/Daily and monthly According to local government environmental law, NOx value is transmitted to local government agency as a part of the TeleMonitoring System (TMS) from 01/07/2007.				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Not applicable				



QA/QC procedures  
applied:

To make sure of the on-line analysis value, KumHo Environmental Co, Ltd had carried out the analysis of the gas discharged from the N<sub>2</sub>O stack during this monitoring period. The analysis values were under the control specification limit of the Korea environmental regulation (KumHo Company has an analysis license for air emission which is permitted by the Korean environmental government)  
Data Handling Protocol - RP-Q1-706-30



**SECTION E. Emission reductions calculation****E.1. Baseline emissions calculation**

The amount of baseline emissions in the given period  $y$  is calculated using the following formula according to AM0021/version 1 equation (1):

$$BE_y = Q_{N_2O_y} \times GWP_{N_2O} + Q_{Steam_{p_y}} \times E_{Steam_y}$$

It has been checked that there are no South Korean regulation in place that would limit the quantity of  $N_2O$  emitted that can be taken into account for the calculation of the baseline emissions (see D.2.1.4. in the PDD).

The quantity  $Q_{N_2O_y}$  of  $N_2O$  emitted over the period can then be calculated by:

$$Q_{N_2O_y} = P_{AdOH_y} \times N_2O_{/AdOH}$$

Over the period of reference the emission factor of the adipic acid plant was above the capped value of 0.27 kg  $N_2O$ /kg AdOH. So the capped value is being used according to AM 0021/version 1. The baseline emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values detailed in section D.2 above:

Parameter	Value	Unit
$Q_{N_2O_y}$	1,266,988	kg
$P_{AdOH_y}$ (eligible)	4,692.550	t
$N_2O_{/AdOH}$	0.270	kg $N_2O$ /kg AdOH
$Q_{N_2O \text{ reg}}$	No limit	
$N_2O_{\text{reg}} / AdOH$	No limit	
$r_y$	NA	
$GWP_{N_2O} (1)$	310	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e/kg $N_2O$
$Q_{Steam_{p_y}}$	32,720,489	kg of Steam
$E_{Steam_y}$	0.122	kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kg of Steam
<b><math>BE_y</math></b>	<b>396,757</b>	<b>tCO<sub>2</sub>e</b>

(1) Kyoto Protocol Rule, Decision 2/CP.3 and IPCC

By manual calculation of  $BE_y$  the result may differ slightly from the more accurate value of the workbook shown above due to rounding down effects applied to remain conservative.

## E.2. Project emissions calculation

According to AM0021, version 1, the project emissions  $PE_y$  are the emissions in the period  $y$  due to:

- the  $N_2O$  that has not been sent to the decomposition process (i.e. the  $N_2O$  that by-passed the decomposition facility)
- the  $N_2O$  non-destroyed by the decomposition process
- the emissions due to the use of natural gas.

$PE_y$  is calculated as follows:

$PE_y = (Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y} + ND_{N_2O_y}) \times GWP_{N_2O} + Q_{NG_y} \times E_{NG_y}$  (AM0021/version 1 equation (5))

With  $CO_2_{NG} = Q_{NG} \times E_{NG}$  (PDD section E.1) we get:

$PE_y = (Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y} + ND_{N_2O_y}) \times GWP_{N_2O} + CO_2_{NG_y}$ , where:

$Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y} = P_{AdOH_y} \times (1 - \%_{on-line_y}) \times N_2O_{/AdOH_y}$

As a conservative interpretation of the methodology  $Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y}$  is calculated using the actual value of  $N_2O_{/AdOH_y}$

$ND_{N_2O_y} = Q_{GE_y} \times N_2O_{GE_y} \times \text{Specific gravity of } N_2O \times 10^{-6}$

The project emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values presented in detail in section D:

Parameter	Value	Unit
$P_{AdOH_y}$	23,413.025	t
$N_2O_{/AdOH}$	0.283	kg $N_2O$ /kg AdOH
$\%_{on-line_y}$	99.38	%
$Q_{N_2O\_by-pass_y}$	41,063	kg
$Q_{GE_y}$	27,171,310	Nm <sup>3</sup>
$N_2O_{GE_y}$	12.3	vppm
Specific gravity of $N_2O$	1.963	kg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
$ND_{N_2O_y}$	656	kg $N_2O$
$GWP_{N_2O} (1)$	310	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e/kg $N_2O$
$CO_2_{NG_y}$	4,506	tCO <sub>2</sub> e
<b><math>PE_y</math></b>	<b>17,441</b>	tCO <sub>2</sub> e

(1) Kyoto Protocol Rule, Decision 2/CP.3 and IPCC

$Q_{N_2O\_by-pass}$  and  $ND_{N_2O}$  in kg need to be divided by 1,000 to get PE in t CO<sub>2</sub>e

By manual calculation of  $PE_y$  the result may differ slightly from the more accurate value of the workbook shown above due to rounding up effects to remain conservative.

**E.3. Leakage calculation**

Leakage emissions in a given period  $y$  comprise the emissions associated with the energy sources used to generate any steam and electricity used by the decomposition plant.

Leakage is calculated according to AM0021/version 1, equation (7):

$$L_y = Q\_Power_y \times E\_Power + Q\_steam\_c_y \times E\_steam\_c_y$$

The leakage emissions in this monitoring period are calculated in the table below using the values presented in the detail in section D:

Parameter	Value	Unit
$Q\_Power_y$	258,756	kWh
$E\_Power$	0.708	kg CO2/kWh
$Q\_Steam\_c_y$	172,330	kg
$E\_Steam\_c_y$	0.140	kg CO2/kg of steam
$L_y$	<b>209</b>	tCO2e

By manual calculation of  $L_y$  the result may differ slightly from the more accurate value of the workbook shown above due to rounding up effects to remain conservative.

**E.4. Emission reductions calculation / table**

Following the methodology AM0021/version 1 and the PDD section D.2.4, the total emission reductions achieved by this project activity during this monitoring period is:

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y - L_y$$

Thus:

$$ER_y = (396,757 - 17,441 - 209) \text{ tCO2e}$$

$$ER_y = 379,107 \text{ tCO2e}$$

**E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions with estimates in the CDM-PDD**

In the PDD section E the emission reduction is estimated to be 9,147,301 tCO<sub>2</sub>e. So the PDD-estimated emission reduction relative to the monitoring period of 62 days is 1,553,785 tCO<sub>2</sub>e lower than the emission reductions of the current monitoring period.

Item	Values applied in ex-ante calculation of the registered CDM-PDD	Actual values reached during the monitoring period
BE <sub>v</sub> (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	1,851,299	396,757
PE <sub>v</sub> (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	297,116	17,441
L <sub>v</sub> (tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	398	209
<b>Emission reductions (tCO<sub>2</sub>e)</b>	<b>1,553,785</b>	<b>379,107</b>

**E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value**

Despite of the good performance of the N<sub>2</sub>O abatement unit (%\_online of 99.38% instead of the conservative value of 85% in the PDD) the actual emission reduction claimed for this period is lower than the PDD estimate, because the adipic acid production for the year ending on 31/08/2011 has been capped for the baseline calculation. The eligible production for the baseline emission has been limited to 4,692.550 t while the actual production for the period was 23,413.025 t. Project emissions and leakage have been taken into account over the full production of the monitoring period.

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