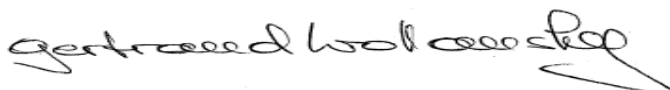
	<p align="center"><b>CDM: Recommendation Form for Small Scale Methodologies (version 01)</b>  <i>(To be used for presenting questions/proposals/amendments to the simplified methodologies for small-scale CDM project activity categories)</i></p>
Date of SSC WG meeting:	31 August - 1 September 2006
Title/Subject (give a small title or specify the subject of your submission, maximum 200 characters):	Request to revise cap on emission reductions under AMS.III.E -part II
Indicative methodology to which your submission relates (refer the items of Appendix B of the Simplified Modalities and Procedures), if applicable.	AMS.III.E Avoidance of methane production from biomass decay through controlled combustion
Name of the authors of the query:	Eratech Chile Ltda.
<p><b>Summary of the query:</b>          Please use the space below to summarize the query related to SSC methodologies/categories SSC Modalities and Procedures provide recommendation/analysis of the SSC WG.</p>	
<p>In response to the SSC WG06 query that pointed out the likely differences in the methane generation potential of biomass that would have been disposed in a waste disposal site and the 'old' biomass that is already decaying in the site, the author has provided additional information as below:</p> <p>'Usually sawmills (specially small &amp; medium ones) have very poor records about how much wood residues they dumped in their backyards. In addition sawdust are hygroscopic material and hence stockpile volume dramatically varies from winter to summer and vice versa. Therefore if no reliable historical data is available and because topographical data is not really representative, we suggest to use a conservative projection based on the sawmill historical production.'</p> <p>Authors have suggested using the relationship developed by Dr. David W. Patterson and Samuel M. Brock ( W. Va. Forestry Notes No 12, 1986) for the "average" production of residue per million board feet (Mbf) of lumber.</p> <p>Based on the above the authors suggest using the FOD model (using parameters provided in IPCC guidelines) to compute the methane emissions from the 'old' biomass.</p>	
<p><b>Recommendation by the SSC WG:</b>          Please use the space below to provide amendments /change (in your expert view, if necessary).          Please refer to paragraph 8 of the meeting report of the SSC WG 07  <a href="http://cdm.unfccc.int/Panels/ssc_wg">http://cdm.unfccc.int/Panels/ssc_wg</a></p>	
<p><b>Answer to authors of query by the SSC WG:</b>          Please use the space below to provide answer to the authors of the above query</p>	

The small scale-working group (SSC-WG) of the CDM Executive Board would like to thank the proponent for the submission.

In response of this query and other related submissions the SSC WG started developing a generic approach for calculating methane emissions from the 'old' biomass for inclusion in AMS III E taking into account the inputs on methodological issues provided by the proponents.

The proposed approach included several options to map the age distribution of the biomass (age distribution defined as the discrete partitioning of the total amount of waste into fractions that show the same age, i.e. the same time interval from the year when it was generated to the respective year in the crediting period).

In view of diverse situations in the baseline under which the methodology is likely to be applied, the SSC WG agreed to obtain additional expert advice on the proposal before considering it in its next meeting.



Signature of SSC WG Chair .....

Date: 06/ 09 /06

(Gertraud Wollansky)



Signature of SSC WG Vice-Chair .....

Date: 06/ 09 /06

(Richard Muyungi)

**Information to be completed by the secretariat**

SSC-Submission number	SSC_056
Date when the form was received at UNFCCC secretariat	6 September 2006
Date of transmission to the EB	6 September 2006
Date of posting in the UNFCCC CDM web site	6 September 2006