



**Monitoring report form for CDM project activity
(Version 07.0)**

Complete this form in accordance with the instructions attached at the end of this form.

MONITORING REPORT

Title of the project activity	Taegisan Wind Power Project	
UNFCCC reference number of the project activity	2302	
Version number of the PDD applicable to this monitoring report	05	
Version number of this monitoring report	01	
Completion date of this monitoring report	05/03/2021	
Monitoring period number	7 th monitoring	
Duration of this monitoring period	01/01/2019 ~ 14/05/2019	
Monitoring report number for this monitoring period	N/A	
Project participants	POSCO E&C Co., Ltd. Eurus Energy Holdings Corporation	
Host Party	Republic of Korea	
Applied methodologies and standardized baselines	ACM0002-Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources (version 07)	
Sectoral scopes	Scope 1 : Energy industries (renewable - / non-renewable sources)	
Amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals achieved by the project activity in this monitoring period	Amount achieved before 1 January 2013	Amount achieved from 1 January 2013
	N/A	23,547 tCO ₂ e
Amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the PDD	21,906 (134days) tCO ₂ e	

SECTION A. Description of project activity

A.1. General description of project activity

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- **Purpose of the project activity and the measures taken for GHG emission reductions**

Taegisan Wind Power Project activity involves construction and operation of 20 numbers of 2MW capacity wind mills at south western area of Gangwon-Do, Republic of Korea.

The type of technology being employed in this project is wind power generation technology thus the proposed project is a renewable energy project that utilizes wind power energy, a renewable energy releasing no greenhouse gases. The generated electricity from the project has been displacing the electricity from existing grid from fossil fuel based power plants. The actual emission reductions of the project activities reached 23,547 tCO₂e (tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent) during this monitoring period.

Wind power energy used as the electric generation source of the proposed project is one of the clean renewable energy resources without being depleted. Also currently in Korea, they make efforts to reduce fossil fuel usage in various ways and have great concerns about the renewable energy including wind power. Under this situation Taegisan Wind Power Project is expected to contribute to decrease the usage of electricity by fossil fuel based power plants. In 2006, those fossil fuel based power plants take 59.47% of electricity generation in Korea according to KEPCO. (KEPCO: Korea Electric Power Co.).

- **Brief description of the installed technology and equipment**

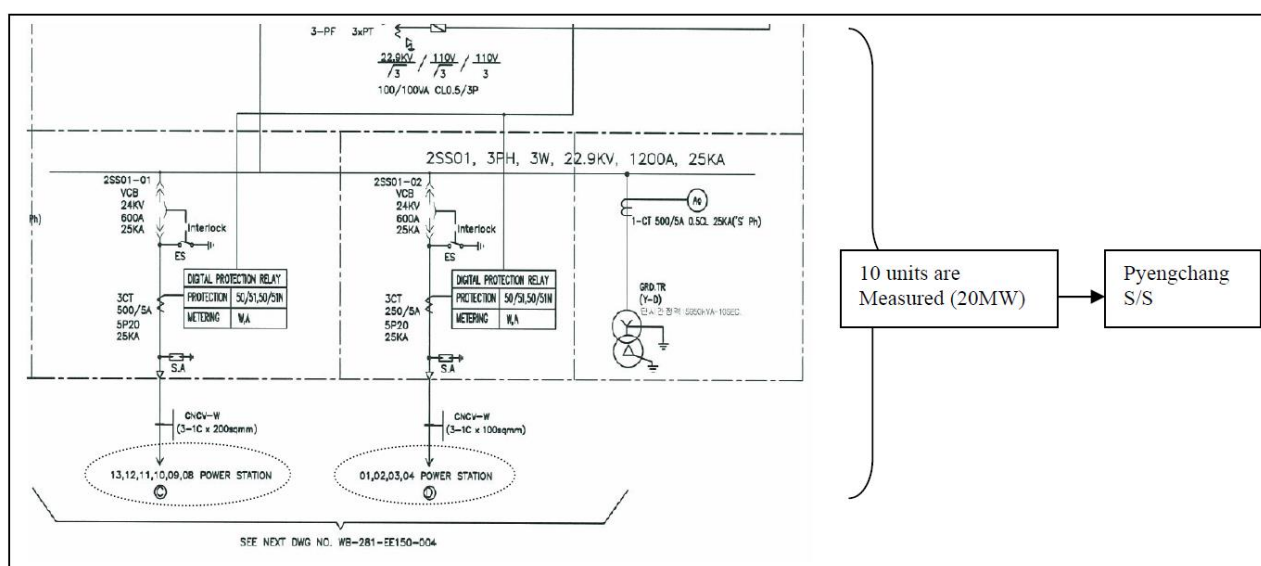
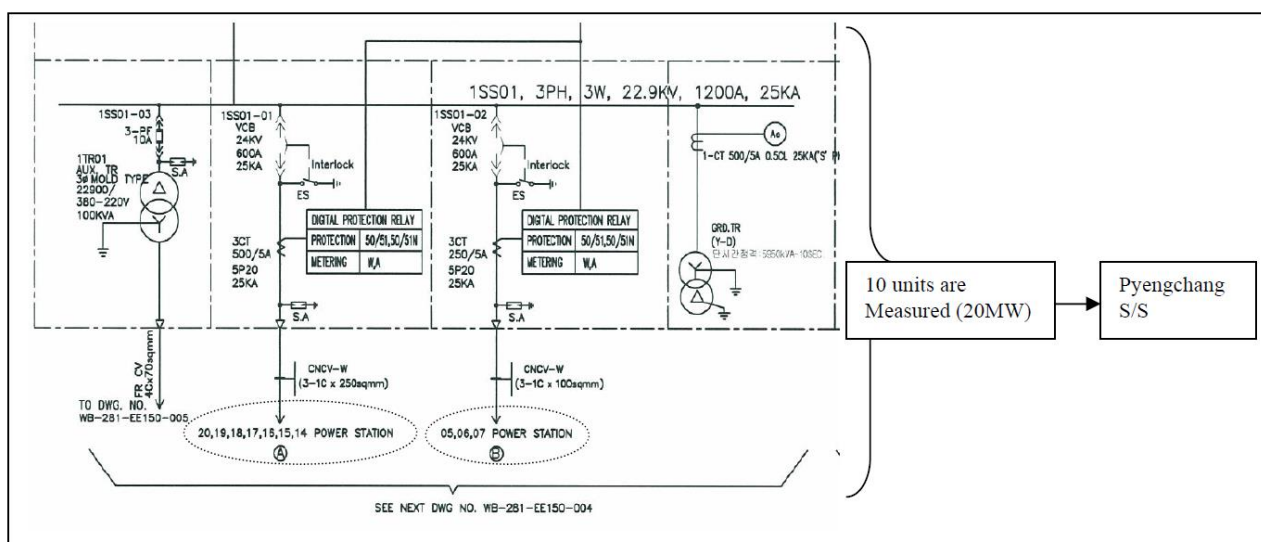
Total installed capacity of the proposed project is 40MW (2MW x 20). And the project is composed of 20 generators (wind power turbines) each with 2MW. 20 Units are classified as two ways which is the administrative district and the measuring electricity supplied to the grid.

For the administrative district, the project site is located between Hoengseong-gun and Pyeongchang-gun in Gangwon Province area. Therefore, 9 units are located in Hoengseon-gun and 11 units are located in Pyeongchang-gun.

- ▶ Hoengseong-gun, Gangwon-do: 2MW x 9 units = 18 MW (5,6,8,9,11~15-the number refers to below figure)
- ▶ Pyeongchang-gun, Gangwon-do: 2MW x 11 units = 22 MW (1~4,7,10,16~20-the number refers to below figure)

On the other hands, for the measuring electricity supplied to the grid, units are divided into two groups (A, B and C, D). The electricity generated from each group is measured by meters and supplied to the grid through two lines each with 20MW. Unit's number included in A, B, C and D are described as follows:

A: 14~20 / B: 5~7 / C: 8~13 / D: 1~4



Taegisan is the highest mountain in Hoengseong-gun and rises 1,261 meters above the sea level, thus the sites of the project have favorable conditions of location as a wind farm. Annual electric generation during the monitoring period was 95,240MWh. The electricity generated from the wind turbine is transmitted to the grid, KEPCO Pyeongchang transformer substation, through 22.9kV of transmission lines.

Moreover, the whole transmission lines reach 33km (Underground 8km and Overhead 25km). Among the whole lines; the 8 km block which goes through rural communities will be constructed underground and make the maximum use of existing roads for environmentally friendly development.

- Relevant dates for the project activity**

Event	Time
Starting date of the construction	25/07/2007
Completion of the construction	30/01/2009
Commissioning date	06/10/2008 ~ 26/12/2008

- Total GHG emission reductions achieved in this monitoring period**

The 7th monitoring period is from 01/01/2019 to 14/05/2019(134 days) and the total amount of GHG emission reductions achieved in the 7th monitoring period is 23,547 tCO₂e.

A.2. Location of project activity

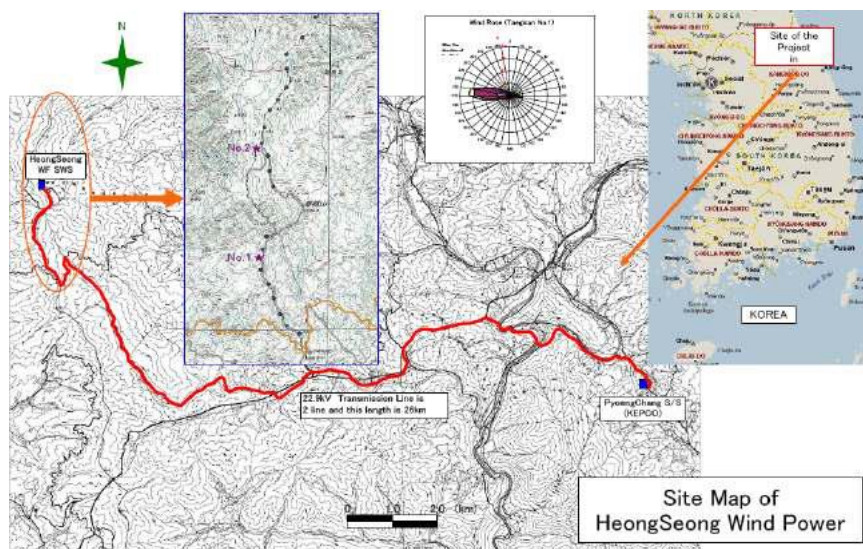
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The project site is located over the area of Taegi-ri, Dunnae-myun, Hoengseong-gun and Mui-ri, Bongpyeong-myun, Pyeongchang-gun in Gangwon Province in Republic of Korea. It is situated in the mountainous area of the Taebaek Mountains, neighboring easterly to Pyeongchang-gun and westerly Hoengseong-gun.

The site location's approximate coordinates are east longitude of 128°20' and north latitude of 37°32' as its substation goes.



<Figure A. 1> The location of Taegisan Wind farm



<Figure A. 2>The location of Taegisan Wind farm

A.3. Parties and project participants

Parties involved	Project participants	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
Republic of Korea (Host)	POSCO Engineering and Construction Co., Ltd.	No

Parties involved	Project participants	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
Japan	Eurus Energy Holdings Corporation	No

A.4. References to applied methodologies and standardized baselines

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Methodology title and version: ACM0002-“Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources”, Version 07

Reference: <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/DB/XP2LKUSA61DKUQC0PIWPGWDN8ED5PG>

Tools:

Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (version 01)

Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality (version 04)

Reference: <https://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/DB/XP2LKUSA61DKUQC0PIWPGWDN8ED5PG>

A.5. Crediting period type and duration

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Type of the crediting period: Fixed

Start date of the crediting period: 15/05/2009

The crediting period of the project: 15/05/2009 ~ 14/05/2019

The 7th monitoring period of the project: 01/01/2019 ~ 14/05/2019

SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

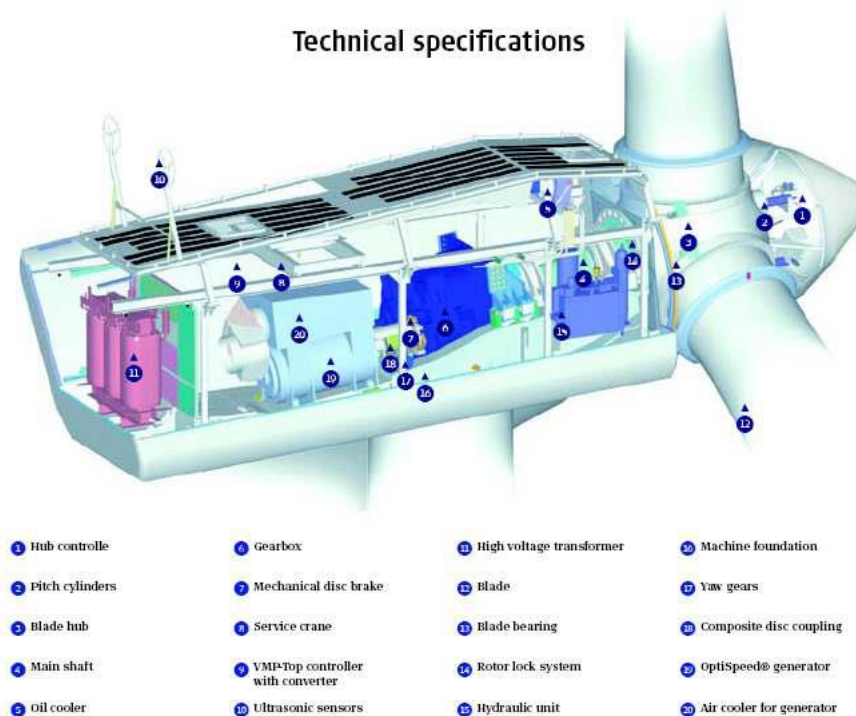
B.1. Description of implemented project activity

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- **Description of the installed technology, technical process and equipment**

Total installed capacity of the project is 40MW (2MW x 20), which is composed of 20 generators with 2MW. The project uses the turbine technology with OptiSpeed™ 1 and OptiTip®2 and these generator facilities were imported from Denmark. Additionally, the turbine model is VESTAS V80-2.0MW. The main facilities consist of rotor, nacelle, tower and generator. Moreover, the VESTAS V80-2.0MW turbine being used the project has following features.

The VESTAS V80-2.0MW is a pitch regulated upwind turbine with active yaw and a rotor with three blades. The rotor is converting kinetic energy of wind to rotatory power and effects on the efficiency of generator. Especially the design of each rotor blade is very important part of the facilities. This turbine has a rotor diameter of 80m and this feature enables the rotor to operate with variable speed (RPM). With pitch regulating system, the angles of the blades are constantly regulated so they are always pitched at the optimal angle for current wind conditions to optimize power production and noise levels. At higher wind speeds, the pitch regulating system keeps the power at normal, regardless of the air temperature and density. At lower wind speeds it optimizes the power output by selecting the optimal RPM and pitch angle. Also all functions of the wind turbine are monitored and controlled by microprocessor based control units. A detailed technical specification of VESTAS V80 is shown as followed.



<Figure A. 3>VESTAS V80 technical specification

<Table A. 1>Specification VESTAS V80-2.0MW wind turbine

Item	Details	
Rotor	Diameter	80 m
	Swept area	5027 m ²
	Rotational speed static, rotor	16.7 RPM
	Rotational speed operation interval rotor	9.0 – 19.0 RPM
	Rotational direction	Clockwise(front view)
	Orientation	Upwind
	Tilt	6°
	Blade coning	2°
	Number of blades	3
	Aerodynamic brakes	Full feathering
	Tip angle	Pitch regulated
	Turbulence	10%
Operational Data	Cut-in wind speed	4 m/ sec
	Normal wind speed	15 m/sec
	Cut-out wind speed	25 m/sec
Generator	Nominal output	2,000 kW
	Operation data	50 Hz /60 Hz 690 V
Weight	Nacelle	67 t
	Rotor	37 t

The generated electricity is 40,246.63 MWh/year and it was transmitted to KEPCO Pyeongchang transformer substation and replaces the electricity generated by fossil fuel in the grid, through 22.9kV of transmission lines which is described in ANNEX2. (Impedance map)

In Korea, KEPCO represents the grid system. Therefore, the boundary of the project could be identified as KEPCO and the proposed project site.

- Information on the implementation and actual operation**

Events/Month	1	2	3	4	5
Troubleshooting	4	7	6	2	8
Overhaul	10	5	6	18	2

Any events or situations that may impact the applicability of the methodology have occurred during this monitoring period.

B.2. Post-registration changes

B.2.1. Temporary deviations from the registered monitoring plan, applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents

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N/A

B.2.2. Corrections

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N/A

B.2.3. Changes to the start date of the crediting period

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N/A

B.2.4. Inclusion of monitoring plan

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N/A

B.2.5. Permanent changes to the registered monitoring plan, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines, or other methodological regulatory documents

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Monitoring plan of revision was approved on 30 Mar 2011. Relevant information refer to the UNFCCC website (<http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/DB/KFQ1226904451.62/view>).

B.2.6. Changes to project design

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N/A

B.2.7. Changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity

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N/A

SECTION C. Description of monitoring system

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Monitoring plan is setting up the series of monitoring works on GHG emission reduction of the proposed project.

Monitoring plan includes followings.

- Establishing and keeping the appropriate and transparent monitoring system for the generated electricity from the project
- Measuring instrument management, maintenance and quality control.
- Role and demands of the person in charge of monitoring
- Data management and storage system
- Preparations and coping with the third parties audit

- **Data collection procedure**

1. **Electricity supplied to the grid**

- 1) The electricity is generated by 20 sets of wind power generators using current of 4m/s~25m/s wind. In the control room, the status of output, direction of the wind, and wind speed is monitored in real time.
- 2) The electricity is transferred to Taegisan substation where the electricity generated is primarily gathered.
- 3) It goes through both of comparison meters and main meters. At this time, the amount of electricity generated from the generators is measured. The measured data is automatically sent to KPX's data base. A person in charge records the data every day through KPX's homepage and examines the receipt of the records against the data in six times a month.
- 4) The electricity is transferred to Pyeongchang transformer substation through transmission line.
- 5) It is sold to KPX.

2. **Electricity imported from the grid**

- 1) Taegisan Wind Power Plant uses electricity from the grid for its startup and operation. The amount of electricity consumed is measured by electric meter.
- 2) A person from KEPCO and Taegisan Wind Power records the data every month by reading the meter, and KEPCO sends the receipt to Taegisan Wind Power every month.
- 3) A person in Taegisan Wind Power compares the data with its receipt for accuracy.

- **Monitoring Organization**

The generated electricity supplied to the KEPCO grid is the main data to be monitored. And CDM project manager is in charge of all related matters including monitoring of reduction, collecting and keeping of the data, QA/QC and audit.

Project owner(s) of the Taegisan wind power plant are POSCO E&C and Eurus Energy Holdings Corporation. The former, POSCO E&C take charge of engineering, purchasing the equipment including generators and other construction work etc. The latter, Eurus Energy Holdings Corporation undertakes management of the SPC (Taegisan wind power company) and project financing. Taegisan wind Power Company takes charge of overall operation, monitoring and audit of the plant, and also there are two sections, one for monitoring and the other audit.

1. **Monitoring Section**

They conducts monitoring, gathering and storage required according to the monitoring plan. The gathered information is recorded and sent to the CDM project manager and auditor section monthly.

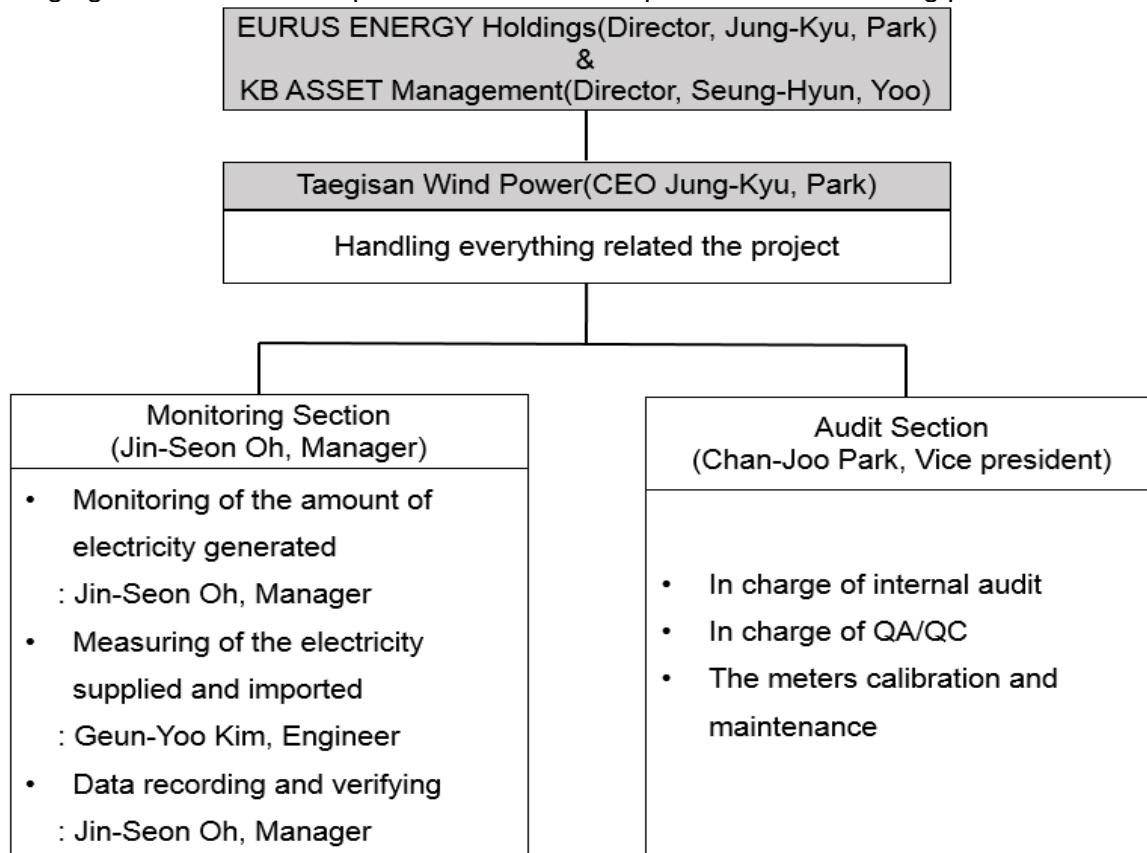
2. **Audit Section**

Auditor section manager has audit the monitoring section's work and proceeds QA/QC process according to the monitoring plan.

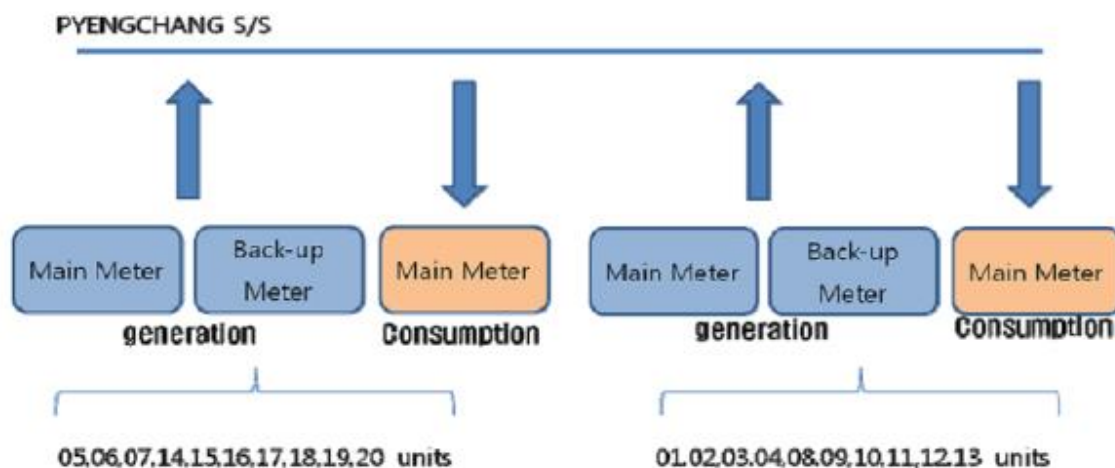
CDM project manager take the responsibility for entire compliance of the monitoring plan including confirmation of monitoring plan, emission reduction and report and also are in charge of making efforts to protect and manage information by appropriately distributing information and preparing measures to trespass and destroy information.

In addition, the CDM project manager does not use and process information in an inappropriate manner, and they should report any important changes of the outline and fulfillment of the entire monitoring plan to the project owner.

Following figure describes the operational structure to perform the monitoring plan.



• Monitoring Equipment



<Figure C. 1> Monitoring point

Electricity meters for measuring the amount of electricity was set up transparently in accordance with the Korean law “Law regarding measurement” and “Act on operation of electricity market”, and they are sealed after confirmation on the correct set up.

Calibration for meters that measure electricity supplied and imported are performed according to “Act on operation of electricity market” after the installation. The first calibration was conducted the

10 September 2008 when the meters were installed. Its result was confirmed by KPX (Korea Power Exchange) and KEPCO (Korea Electric Power Co.) and proven by the related document. The frequency of meter calibration is every 3.5 year (± 6 month) in accordance with standard of “Act on operation of electricity market”.

The proposed project is maintained in accordance with the process defined on the “Law regarding measurement” and “Act on operation of electricity market”. The electricity delivered to the grid and imported from the grid is measured by the meters installed on the project site. Furthermore, the relevant monitoring point is described in ANNEX1 and Figure C.2.

<Table C. 1> Inspection period of the measuring equipment by Act on operation of electricity market (December, 2011)

Capacity	More than 1MW	Less than 1MW
Test Period	3 years 6 months ± 6 months	Exemption

- Data Collection and Management**

The amount of electricity transmitted to the grid is measured automatically by the established meters as described above. The measured variables are simultaneously transferred to central control system of KPX. They are collected hourly, daily and monthly and are archived in electronic way. The electricity imported from the grid for startup of the generators is measured automatically by the meters. The measured data is recorded monthly and checked out against receipts for accuracy and reliance.

Additionally, according to “Act on operation of electricity market”, KPX shall keep and maintenance the transmitted data from the electricity meters of the proposed project in its data base. The measured amount of electricity is compared with receipt to ensure quality of the data. If the two variables compared are different, KPX checks its data base to compare the receipt with its data base. And the electricity meters and other equipment shall be checked if they are working properly by internal investigation and procedures regulated in the related laws. Then the results are reported to the CDM project manager for appropriate follow-up measures.

Even after the internal investigation and procedures in related laws, if the reason why those two variables are different is not found, then data stored in SCADA is used in the first place according to “Act on operation of electricity market” If SPC (Taegisan wind Power Company) cannot send the data to KPX through the line, SPC would send it by Fax or E-mail. If the data related to generated electricity cannot be sent to KPX because of failure in the meters and SCADA, the average on the data measured in recent 10 days is applied to calculate generated electricity but is applied differently at weekend and business day. Collected data record for monitoring will be archived electronically at least for 2 years after the crediting period (10 years) to which the records pertain.

- Training**

The project developers and manager have training and maintenance over the equipment of wind power plant. And people related the CDM project is trained with monitoring manual.

SECTION D. Data and parameters

D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

Data/Parameter	OM Emission Factor of Grid, $EF_{grid,OM,y}$
Unit	tCO ₂ e/MWh
Description	Operating Margin emission factor
Source of data	Calculated
Value(s) applied	0.7281 tCO ₂ e/MWh

Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	This value was calculated according to "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (version 01)." The applied value was calculated by referring Statistics of Electric Power in KOREA (2004, 2005, 2006) (KEPCO)
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculations
Additional comments	Emission factor will be fixed during the credit period of the project

Data/Parameter	BM Emission Factor of Grid, $EF_{grid,BM, y}$
Unit	tCO ₂ e/MWh
Description	Build Margin emission factor
Source of data	Calculated
Value(s) applied	0.3859 tCO ₂ e/MWh
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	This value was calculated according to "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (version 01)." The applied value was calculated by referring Statistics of Electric Power in KOREA (2004, 2005, 2006) (KEPCO)
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculations
Additional comments	Emission factor will be fixed during the credit period of the project

Data/Parameter	Combined Emission Factor of Grid, $EF_{grid,CM, y}$
Unit	tCO ₂ e/MWh
Description	CO ₂ emissions intensity of the electricity displaced
Source of data	Calculated
Value(s) applied	0.6426 tCO ₂ e/MWh
Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures	This value was calculated according to "Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system (version 01)." The applied value was calculated by referring Statistics of Electric Power in KOREA (2004, 2005, 2006) (KEPCO)
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculations
Additional comments	Emission factor will be fixed during the credit period of the project

D.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data/Parameter	Electricity Quantity, $EG_{output,y}$
Unit	MWh
Description	Electricity supplied to the grid
Measured/calculated/default	Measured
Source of data	Meters
Value(s) of monitored parameter	40,246.63 MWh

Monitoring equipment	Measurement equipment -Type: Watt-hour meter -Quantity: 4(Main:2 Backup:2) -Detailed specification for each equipment is below	
	#1 Main meter	
	Serial number	46026114
	Accuracy class	±0.5%
	Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month
	Date of previous calibration	21/08/2012
	Date of the latest calibration	10/07/2015
	Validity	10/07/2015 ~ 09/07/2019
	#1 Backup meter	
	Serial number	46026113
	Accuracy class	±0.5%
	Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month
	Date of previous calibration	21/08/2012
	Date of the latest calibration	10/07/2015
	Validity	10/07/2015 ~ 09/07/2019
	#2 Main meter	
	Serial number	46026112
	Accuracy class	±0.5%
	Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month
	Date of previous calibration	21/08/2012
	Date of the latest calibration	10/07/2015
	Validity	10/07/2015 ~ 09/07/2019
	#2 Backup meter	
	Serial number	46026111
Accuracy class	±0.5%	
Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month	
Date of previous calibration	21/08/2012	
Date of the latest calibration	10/07/2015	
Validity	10/07/2015 ~ 09/07/2019	
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	measured each hourly and recorded monthly	
Calculation method (if applicable)	Not applicable	
QA/QC procedures	The Measurement will be in compliance with the National Guidelines and requirement of the KPX(Korea Power Exchange) for accuracy and reliability. The calibration will be carried out according to Act on operation of electricity market by authorized organization. Double checked by receipt of sales.	
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculations	
Additional comments	-	

Data/Parameter	Electricity Quantity, $EG_{import,y}$
Unit	MWh
Description	Electricity purchased from the grid
Measured/calculated/default	Measured
Source of data	Recorded data
Value(s) of monitored parameter	59.41 MWh

Monitoring equipment	Measurement equipment -Type: Watt-hour meter -Quantity: 2(#1, #2) -Detailed specification for each equipment is below #1 Meter	
	Serial number	24176002316
	Accuracy class	±0.5%
	Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month
	Date of installation	31/08/2018
	Date of the latest calibration	31/08/2018
	Validity	31/08/2018~ 30/11/2021
	#2 Meter	
	Serial number	24176002326
	Accuracy class	±0.5%
	Calibration frequency	3 years 6month ±6month
	Date of installation	31/08/2018
	Date of the latest calibration	31/08/2018
	Validity	31/08/2018~ 30/11/2021
Measuring/reading/recording frequency	recorded monthly	
Calculation method (if applicable)	Not applicable	
QA/QC procedures	The Measurement will be in compliance with the National Guidelines. The allowable error of data must be within ±0.5%. Double checked by receipt of sales.	
Purpose of data/parameter	Baseline emission calculations	
Additional comments	-	

D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

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N/A

SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net removals

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 $BE_y = EG_y \times EF_y$

Where:

EG_y is net electricity supplied by the project activity to the grid in year y, in MWh

EF_y is baseline emission factor in year y, in tCO₂e/MWh (according to the registered PDD)

$EG_y = EG_{\text{output},y} - EG_{\text{import},y}$

Where;

EG_y - Net electricity supplied to the grid during the monitoring period (MWh);

$EG_{\text{output},y}$ - Electricity supplied to the grid (MWh);

$EG_{\text{import},y}$ - Electricity purchased from the grid (MWh).

The following table provides the calculation of the baseline emissions during the monitoring period. The monitoring period is from 1 Jan 2019 to 14 May 2019. Electricity supplied to the grid and purchased from the grid is measured based on the period from the first day of the month to the last day of the month except for May.

Date	EG _{output} (MWh)	EG _{import} (MWh)	EG _{output} – EG _{import} (MWh)
01/01/2019 ~ 31/01/2019	10,786.12	12.06	10,774.06
01/02/2019 ~ 28/02/2019	7,472.66	15.30	7,457.36
01/03/2019 ~ 31/03/2019	9,288.35	9.72	9,278.63
01/04/2019 ~ 30/04/2019	8,790.17	16.56	8,773.61
01/05/2019 ~ 14/05/2019	3,909.34	5.77	3,903.57
Total	40,246.63	59.41	40,187.22

The wind park is located on a mountain ridge and supplies electricity to the public grid using an internal 33km 22.9kV power line to the local substation of the Korea Electrical Power Corporation (KEPCO). The same power line is used for electricity obtained from the grid.

Since the approved methodology of ACM 0002 specifies “grid-connected electricity generation from renewable resource”, project participant provided the data on the transmission loss of the generated electricity power, there should be the clear evidence of either following case of the actual project situation;

Case-1: If there are no measuring meters of the State Grid and the generated electricity is monitored only by the Project-site meters,

1. PPA (purchase Power Agreement) clearly states that the position of the transferring the property of the generated electricity from the Project Owner to the State Grid as if there would be such measuring meters of the State Grid at that point.
2. Besides the relevant correctly calculated Transmission Loss from the Project site to that point.

Or

Case-2: If there are such measuring meters of the State Grid, then such places should be clearly specified in the PDD with the absolute position description and also in the summarized flow chart of the PDD.

In case of the Taegisan Wind Power Project, there are no measuring meters of the State Grid and the generated electricity is monitored only by the Project-site meters (Case-1). Thus the transmission loss described as below was calculated by EXCEL (calculating emission reduction) which will be provided to DOE. Also, transmission line map is explained in ANNEX2 and resistance is calculated in ANNEX3. Evidences about resistance and length of transmission line will be provided to DOE to explain transmission line (33 km) and resistance.

Taking into account the transmission loss,

The value of TL_y is calculated as follow:

$$\begin{aligned}
 TL_y &= I^2 R_3 \times T \\
 \text{kWh Loss} &= (I_p / P.F.)^2 R_3 \times T \\
 I &= I_p / P.F. \\
 I_p &= P / (1.732 \times 22.9 \times T) \\
 R_3 &= 3 \times R_1 \\
 R_1 &= (a \times 22) + (b \times 3) + (c \times 8); \text{ Refer to Annex2 and 3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Where,

I : Current on the transmission line (A)
P.F : Power Factor of electricity generation (=97%)

P : Electricity generation (kWh)
 T : Time (period) (= 24 × days)
 R₁ : the phase resistance (=3.4402 Ω) - One phase resistance
 R₃ : the phase resistance (Ω): - three transmission line
 22.9 : the voltage of power line from Taegisan Wind Park to the substation (kV)

Date	TL _{y,supply} (MWh)	Loss(%)	TL _{y,import} (MWh)	Loss(%)
01/01/2019 ~ 31/01/2019	1,090.32	10.11	0.0014	0.011
01/02/2019 ~ 28/02/2019	579.40	7.75	0.0024	0.016
01/03/2019 ~ 31/03/2019	808.53	8.70	0.0009	0.009
01/04/2019 ~ 30/04/2019	748.27	8.51	0.0027	0.016
01/05/2019 ~ 14/05/2019	317.15	8.11	0.0007	0.012
Total	3,543.66	-	0.008	-

Baseline emission is calculated as follow:

Date	EG _{output} – EG _{import} (MWh)	TL _{y,supply} (MWh)	TL _{y,import} (MWh)	EG _y (MWh)	EF _y (tCO _{2e} /MWh)	BE _y (tCO _{2e})
01/01/2019 ~ 31/01/2019	10,774.06	1,090.32	0.0014	9,683.74	0.6426	6,222.77
01/02/2019 ~ 28/02/2019	7,457.36	579.40	0.0024	6,877.96	0.6426	4,419.78
01/03/2019 ~ 31/03/2019	9,278.63	808.53	0.0009	8,470.09	0.6426	5,442.88
01/04/2019 ~ 30/04/2019	8,773.61	748.27	0.0027	8,025.34	0.6426	5,157.08
01/05/2019 ~ 14/05/2019	3,903.57	317.15	0.0007	3,586.42	0.6426	2,304.63
Total	40,187.22	3,543.66	0.0008	36,643.55	-	23,547.15

E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net removals

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According to the methodology ACM0002 version 07, for most renewable power generation project activities are 0. As a result, the amount of project emission is 0.

$$PE_y = 0 \text{ tCO}_2$$

E.3. Calculation of leakage emissions

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According to the ACM0002 (Version 07), the leakage from the project is zero.

$$LE_y = 0 \text{ tCO}_2$$

E.4. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

	Baseline GHG emissions or baseline net GHG removals (t CO _{2e})	Project GHG emissions or actual net GHG removals (t CO _{2e})	Leakage GHG emissions (t CO _{2e})	GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals (t CO _{2e})		
				Before 01/01/2013	From 01/01/2013	Total amount
Total	23,547	0	0	0	23,547	23,547

E.5. Comparison of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals achieved with estimates in the registered PDD

Amount achieved during this monitoring period (tCO ₂ e)	Amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the PDD (tCO ₂ e)
23,547	21,906

E.5.1. Explanation of calculation of “amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the PDD”

>>

The annual emission reduction estimated in the PDD is 59,669 tons.

This monitoring period (01/01/2019 ~ 14/05/2019) is 134 days. Therefore, amount estimated ex-ante for this monitoring period in the PDD is 21,906 tons.

E.6. Remarks on increase in achieved emission reductions

>>

The emission reduction achieved during this monitoring period is 23,547 tCO₂e. This value is 7.49 % more than estimated reduction value 21,906 tCO₂e.

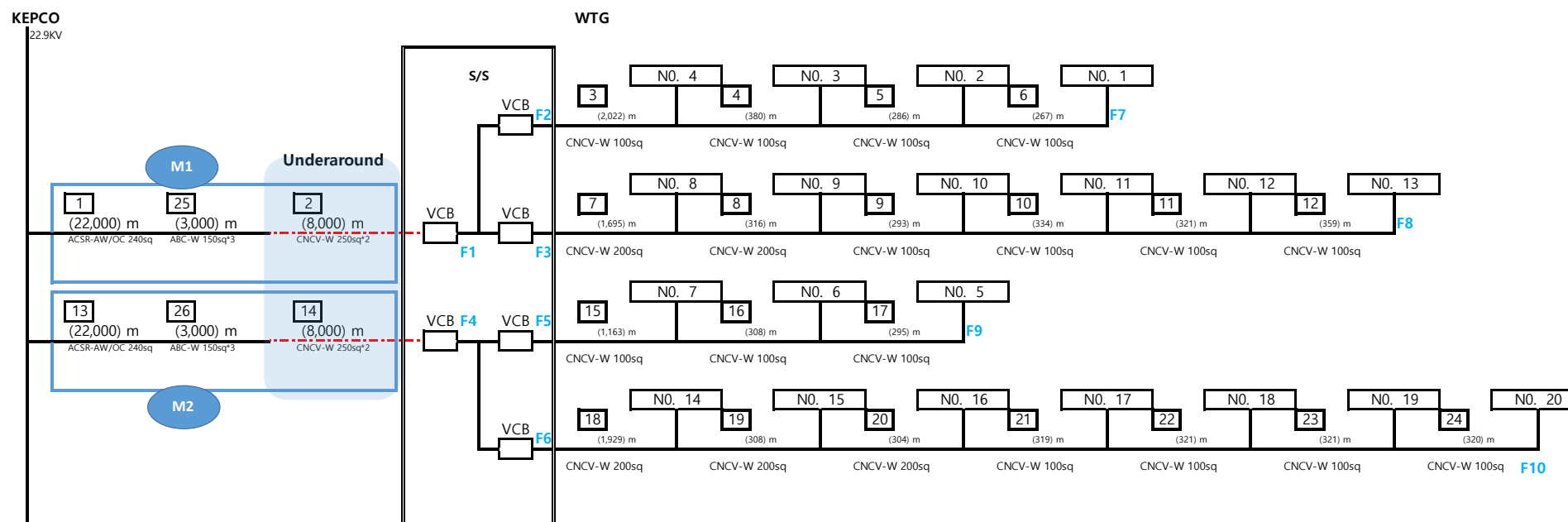
E.7. Remarks on scale of small-scale project activity

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N/A



Annex 2. Transmission line map



Annex 3. Data of Resistance

Line	Order	Specifications	Test result of resistance (Ω/km)	Cable length (km)	Total Resistance (Ω)	Overall resistance for overhead line and underground line (Ω)
Overhead line	1,13	ACSR-AW/OC 240sq	0.1183	22	2.6026	3.4402
	25,26	ABC-W 150sp*3	0.183	3	0.549	
Underground line	2,14*	CNCV-W 250sq	0.07215	8	0.2886	

*2 Parallel lines

**Source: Transmission cable specifications by manufacturer, Daeil Wire Co., Ltd., Conmolink Co., Ltd. and Taihan electric Wire Co., Ltd

Calculation of overall resistance (R₁)

$$\begin{aligned}
 R_1 &= (0.1183 \, \Omega/\text{km} \times 22 \, \text{km}) + (0.183 \, \Omega/\text{km} \times 3 \, \text{km}) + (0.007215 \, \Omega/\text{km} \times 8 \, \text{km} \div 2) \\
 &= 2.6026 \, \Omega + 0.549 \, \Omega + 0.2886 \, \Omega \\
 &= 3.4402 \, \Omega
 \end{aligned}$$

Document information

<i>Version</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
07.0	31 May 2019	Revision to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure consistency with version 02.0 of the “CDM project standard for project activities” (CDM-EB93-A04-STAN); • Add a section on remarks on the observance of the scale limit of small-scale project activity during the crediting period; • Add "changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity" as a possible post-registration changes; • Clarify the reporting of net anthropogenic GHG removals for A/R project activities between two commitment periods; • Make editorial improvements.
06.0	7 June 2017	Revision to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure consistency with version 01.0 of the “CDM project standard for project activities” (CDM-EB93-A04-STAN); • Make editorial improvements.
05.1	4 May 2015	Editorial revision to correct version numbering.
05.0	1 April 2015	Revisions to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Include provisions related to delayed submission of a monitoring plan; • Provisions related to the Host Party; • Remove reference to programme of activities; • Overall editorial improvement.
04.0	25 June 2014	Revisions to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Include the Attachment: Instructions for filling out the monitoring report form (these instructions supersede the "Guideline: Completing the monitoring report form" (Version 04.0)); • Include provisions related to standardized baselines; • Add contact information on a responsible person(s)/ entity(ies) for completing the CDM-MR-FORM in A.6 and Appendix 1; • Change the reference number from <i>F-CDM-MR</i> to <i>CDM-MR-FORM</i>; • Editorial improvement.
03.2	5 November 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in page 1.
03.1	2 January 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in section E.5.
03.0	3 December 2012	Revision required to introduce a provision on reporting actual emission reductions or net GHG removals by sinks for the period up to 31 December 2012 and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (EB 70, Annex 11).
02.0	13 March 2012	Revision required to ensure consistency with the "Guidelines for completing the monitoring report form" (EB 66, Annex 20).
01.0	28 May 2010	EB 54, Annex 34. Initial adoption.

<i>Version</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
Decision Class: Regulatory Document Type: Form Business Function: Issuance Keywords: monitoring report		