



Monitoring report form
(Version 04.0)

Complete this form in accordance with the Attachment "Instructions for filling out the monitoring report form" at the end of this form.

MONITORING REPORT

Title of the project activity	Chao Khun Agro Biogas Energy Project
Reference number of the project activity	2138
Version number of the monitoring report	01
Completion date of the monitoring report	27/11/2014
Registration date of the project activity	09/03/2009
Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period	4 th Monitoring period; 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)
Project participant(s)	Thai Biogas Energy Company Swedish Energy Agency
Host Party(ies)	Thailand
Sectoral scope and selected methodology(ies), and where applicable, applied standardized baseline(s)	<u>Sectoral scope 13</u> : Waste handling and disposal <u>Applied Methodology</u> AM0022: Avoided Wastewater and On-site Energy Use Emissions in the Industrial Sector, Version 04
Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for this monitoring period in the registered PDD	40,117 tCO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period	55,398 tCO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period up to 31 December 2012(if applicable)	187,489 tCO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (if applicable).	67,904 tCO ₂ e

SECTION A. Description of project activity

A.1. Purpose and general description of project activity

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The Chao Khun Agro Biogas Energy Project was developed by Thai Biogas Energy Company Ltd is an industrial anaerobic wastewater treatment which treats wastewater from the cassava processing factory located in Saraburi, Thailand. The Covered In-Ground Anaerobic Reactor (CIGAR) has been installed as an anaerobic digester before the series of open lagoons. As the wastewater flow in to CIGAR, organic material is digested and resulting biogas. Then the generated biogas is captured and utilized. The capture biogas replaces the fossil fuel using for heat generation and surplus biogas is flared in open flaring system. The detail description of the main equipment is given in the section "B.1 Implementation status of the project description of the project activity".

The purpose of the project activity is to reduce the greenhouse gas emission from the anaerobic open lagoons wastewater treatment. The methane generated from anaerobic digesting was directly released to atmosphere and not utilized. Also the fossil fuel was used in heat generation and generated the greenhouse gas to atmosphere; however, the fossil fuel is replaced by biogas generated from new anaerobic wastewater treatment technology. Therefore, the project activity can reduce the greenhouse gas emission from direct methane emission and replacing the fossil fuel consumption from heat generation.

Since the project activity has been started from 16/12/2006, the relevant dates for the project activity are presented in the Table 1.

Table 1: The relevant date for the project activity

Status	Date	Description
Operation start date of project Activities	16/12/2006	The new anaerobic wastewater treatment facility had started its operation.
Start date of boiler/burner operation	16/12/2006	The new burner had started its operation.
UNFCCC Registered date	09/03/2009	The project activity was registered as CDM project.

The amount of emission reductions during this monitoring period; 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 55,398 tCO₂e.

A.2. Location of project activity

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- (a) Thailand
- (b) Saraburi province
- (c) Kaengkoi city / Songkorn district
- (d) Physical location: Chao Khun Agro Products Project,
44 Moo 2, Songkorn, Kaengkoi, Saraburi, 18110, Thailand
- (e) Geographical location: Latitude 14°35'59.28"N Longitude 101°00'41.30"E

The geographical map of the project activity has been showed in the Figure 1.



Figure 1: The geographical map of project activity

A.3. Parties and project participant(s)

Party involved (host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants (as applicable)	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
Kingdom of Thailand (Host)	Thai Biogas Energy Company	No
Sweden	Swedish Energy Agency	No

The Asian Development Bank, as trustee of the Asian Pacific Carbon Fund, a representative of Spain and Sweden, and Kingdom of Spain have been withdrawn according to MoC Annex2 (Withdrawn Project Participant). All details can be found on the UNFCCC website;

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/DB/DNV-CUK1218616482.16>

A.4. Reference of applied methodology and standardized baseline

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- (a) AM0022 “Avoided Wastewater and On-site Energy Use Emissions in the Industrial Sector” (Version 04)
- (b) “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane” (EB28, Annex13)

The applied methodology and tool refer to UNFCCC website;

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/DB/BM4NZO7YAH9373G9POUZH6G1XM3IW/view.html>

A.5. Crediting period of project activity

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Type of crediting period: Fixed at 10 years
 Starting date of the crediting period: 09/03/2009
 The corresponding to this monitoring period: 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

A.6. Contact information of responsible persons/ entities

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Entity name

Contact Person: Mr. Gustaf Godenhielm
 Organization Name: Thai Biogas Energy Company Limited (TBEC)
 Address:¹ 888/109, 10th Fl., Mahatun Plaza Bldg., Ploenchit Rd.,
 Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 THAILAND
 E-mail: gustaf@tbec.co.th

Responsible persons for completing the CDM-MR-FORM

Contact Person: Mr. Sittisak Sugsaisakon / Mr. Pasu Sirisareewan
 Organization Name: Thai Biogas Energy Company Limited (TBEC)
 Address: 888/109, 10th Fl., Mahatun Plaza Bldg., Ploenchit Rd.,
 Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 THAILAND
 E-mail: sittisak@tbec.co.th / pasu@tbec.co.th

¹ The address has been change. Refer Annex MoC at UNFCCC project page;

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/ModalitiesOfCommunication/forms/YFZOTVIRGJC20QQAFH9CH11IL0JQQH8I/pdf>

SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

B.1. Description of implemented registered project activity

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This section will include a description of the implementation and operation status of the project as of this monitoring period. The project activity has installed the main machines with a specification as shown in Table 2 and fully been operating since 16/12/2006 as mentioned in section A.1. In addition, a diagram of the project activity is shown in Figure 2.

Table 2: The specification of main machines installed in the project activity

Main machine	Type of equipment	Specification
New wastewater treatment reactor	CIGAR	41,000 m ³
Boiler	Steam boiler	15,000 kg/hr, 13 bar, 195°C
Burner	Weishaupt WKGMS 70/2-A	S/N: 5591839 Rating: min1400kW/max10800kW
Flare system	Open flare	Flow rate 2000 m ³ /hr

However, during this monitoring period there were downtimes of equipment which mainly due to no supplies of wastewater from the host factory. There were several reasons to stop operation of the host factory such as raw material shortage. The total downtime of the project activity during this monitoring period is presented in the Table 3.

Table 3: The summary of downtimes during 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

Total downtimes (mins)
23,040

From the above table, it can be summarized that the total downtimes during this monitoring period of equipment is approximately 16 days. All information on the downtimes is provided in Annex I.

B.2. Post registration changes

B.2.1. Temporary deviations from registered monitoring plan, applied methodology or applied standardized baseline

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There was a temporary deviations in the 1st monitoring period (09/03/2009 – 31/03/2011, both dates are included), referred to the UNFCCC PRC approval reference# PRC-2138-001.

However, there are no temporary deviations in this monitoring period.

B.2.2. Corrections

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No corrections in this monitoring period.

B.2.3. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan, applied methodology or applied standardized baseline

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No permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology.

B.2.4. Changes to project design of registered project activity

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No changes to project design of registered project activity.

B.2.5. Changes to start date of crediting period

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No changes to start date of crediting period.

B.2.6. Types of changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity

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N/A

SECTION C. Description of monitoring system

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The monitoring diagram of the project activity

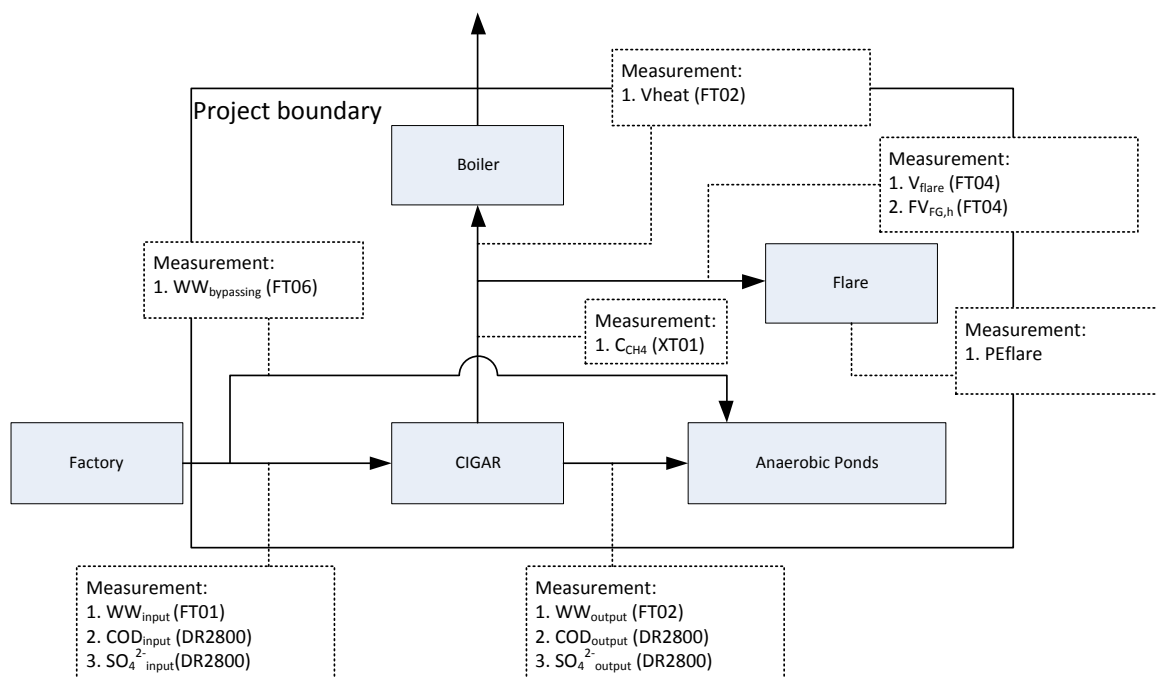


Figure 2: The project activity process diagram

TBEC is the responsible person for the on-site monitoring and implementation of the quality assurance and quality management system (ISO: 9001/2008) that has been certified since June 2011 both ISO 9001-2008 and ISO 14001-2004, and compiling the CDM monitoring report for verification. Its objectives are to achieve assured quality and consistency of the output. The standard prescribes formal documentation of procedures, performance measurements and records, which can be audited internally and externally. TBEC focus on statements of requirements, prevention and detection of problems, corrective actions, inspection and testing, and monitoring and review. TBEC is practical documents, emphasizing workplace acceptance. The operational and management structure that is implemented to monitor emission reductions is described in the following diagram.

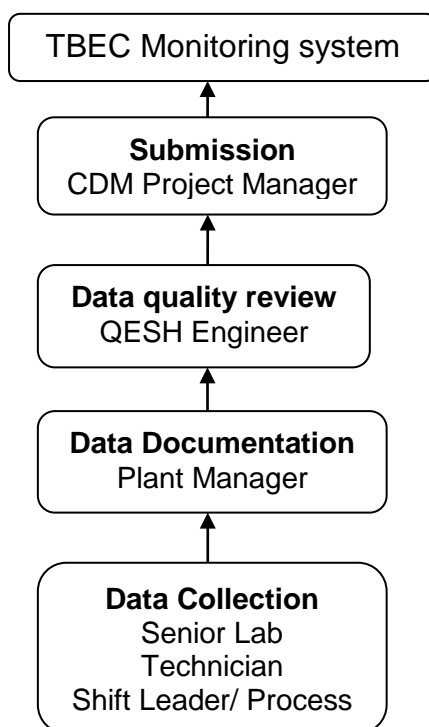


Figure 3: The organization structure to monitor the emission reductions

The roles and responsibility of positions presented in the diagram above has been clearly identified below;

a. Shift Leader/Process Operator

TBEC will designate shift leader/process operator to fulfill the primary monitoring activities. The shift leader/Process operator will be responsible for checking SCADA midnight report, Electricity reports, and daily gas & liquid system daily check sheet on daily basis and share data with Senior Lab technician.

b. Senior Lab Technician

TBEC will designate Senior Lab Technician to fulfill the primary monitoring activities, mostly on wastewater analysis. Senior Lab Technician will be responsible for checking wastewater analysis report on daily basis and share with Shift leader. The Senior Lab technician is also responsible for collating all monitored data into the monitoring and verification workbook and submitting to the plant manager daily.

c. Plant Manager

Plant manager will be responsible for checking all monitoring data which they receive from the senior lab technician daily and ensure that the data continues to be recorded as per the monitoring requirements for each parameter. The Plant manager is responsible for sending the data on a weekly basis to QEHS Engineer.

d. QESH Engineer

TBEC will designate a QESH Engineer to administer the monitoring plan and ensure Quality Assurance and Quality Control Procedures are adherent. The QESH Engineer will be responsible for internal integrating the Monitoring Plan to TBECs operation and maintenance procedures for the site. The QESH Engineer will be responsible for training the Shift leader/Process operator and Senior lab technician in the correct procedures and to ensure that they understand the requirements of the monitoring plan.

Prior to operation of the project, the QESH Engineer will ensure that all meters and monitoring equipment meet the required accuracy and manufacturing standards. During the project, they will ensure the on-going maintenance and calibration of the all meters and monitoring equipment. Any equipment faults recorded by the Shift leader/Process operator and Senior lab technician will be followed up by the QESH Engineer who will ensure that the equipment is repaired/replaced as necessary. QESH Engineer is responsible for compiling the quarterly report and submitting it to TBEC management. Periodically the QESH undertake a cross check with the data report and the raw data.

e. CDM Project Manager

TBEC will designate a Senior Engineer/CDM Project Manager to oversee the preparation of the project annual Monitoring Report. They will review the monitored data provided quarterly by the Quality Control Officer and write the report for submission to the Designated Operational Entity (DOE). The Manager may also participate in and review the annual audit in co-ordination with the QESH Engineer

All data required for verification and issuance will be kept for at least two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs of this project, whichever occurs later. Data will be archived electronically and data backup will be maintained. Paper data backup will also be available.

All equipment calibrated and maintained in accordance to the manufacturer's recommendations to ensure accuracy of measurements. Records of calibration certificates and maintenance retained as part of the CDM monitoring system.

Data collection procedures

Procedures of Monitoring Plan

The proposed monitoring plan for the Project activity should be implemented and followed by the Project developer on-site. The methods and parameters to be monitored are as described in Section D.2 The monitoring plan should be implemented based on the following criteria:

- Data Collection – the parameters should be measured according to the monitoring plan. The frequency of monitoring proposed should be followed based on the proposed monitoring schedule. The results of the monitoring should be recorded and a set of these data should be kept on-site for easier retrieval and reference for operational and maintenance purposes.

The list of procedure is indicated below:

- Procedure for Document control
- Procedure for Clean Development Mechanism
- Procedure for Quality Analysis
- Procedure for Biogas operation process (Liquid & Gas phase)
- Procedure for preventive maintenance
- Procedure for Instrument calibration
- Other documentations

- Reporting and documentation – All results and observations made during the monitoring should be reported and documented based on a standardized format. The collected data of the monitored parameters should be arranged, filed and documented for easy reference and better management. The retention/ archiving period for verification and CER issuance documents should be kept for at least 2 years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs for this project activity whichever occurs later.

- The documents will be kept in both hard and soft copies (where available). For manual recording of monitoring data, the data sheets will be scanned/keyed into computer in soft-copy for safe-keeping.

- Quality Assurance / Quality Control (QA/QC) – The QA/QC procedures should be carried out during each monitoring exercise to ensure best quality and reliable data are obtained. Manual recording will be recorded and verified by different personnel as a cross-checking measure. Observations during the monitoring exercise should be recorded and reported to the CDM manager immediately. The CDM manager should review the findings and update/improve the monitoring plan from periodically to suit the project's development.

- Communication, training and supervision – the monitoring plan should be communicated with relevant staff at all levels within the company. Relevant staff involved in the monitoring plan should be trained to implement the monitoring plan more effectively. Constant supervision and audits will be conducted to cross-check the results of the monitoring plan.

- Data protection, the data will be protected by creating the password and plant manager is authorize to access the data.

- In case of data loss; all data have been scanned and written into a DVD-rom as backup data. These data are kept at two places, one at site and another one at Headquarters. If any corrupted of data, the backup data will be used to replace the broken section.

- In case of data corruption; the operator check-sheet will be used as source of data.

SECTION D. Data and parameters

D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

Data / Parameter:	EF _{CH4}
Unit:	kgCH4/kg COD
Description:	Methane emission factor
Source of data:	AM0022 ver.04
Value(s) applied):	0.21
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	The 2006 IPCC default of 0.25 kg CH4/kg COD has been corrected to 0.21 kg CH4/kg COD to account for uncertainties. This is also the value applied in AM0022.

Data / Parameter:	GWP _{CH4}
Unit:	-
Description:	Methane emission factor
Source of data:	AM0022 ver.04
Value(s) applied):	25
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	According to the UNFCCC, EB69, Annex3, the GWP _{CH4} is approved to change from 21 t _{CH4} /t _{CO2} to 25 t _{CH4} /t _{CO2} starting from the 2 nd commitment period (1 st January 2013 onward)

Data / Parameter:	M _{lagoon aerobic}
Unit:	kg COD/ha/day
Description:	Amount of organic material degraded aerobically in the lagoon system
Source of data:	AM0022 ver.04
Value(s) applied):	254
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	As provided by the Methodology and tested by the sensitivity analysis

Data / Parameter:	R _{lagoon}
Unit:	%
Description:	Total organic material removal ratio of the lagoon
Source of data:	Project developer
Value(s) applied):	96

Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	Determined in accordance with AM0022 prior to the start of the project activity through on-site biochemical testing in the lagoon system

Data / Parameter:	$R_{\text{deposition}}$
Unit:	%
Description:	Organic material deposition ratio of the lagoon
Source of data:	Project developer
Value(s) applied:	1.78
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	In accordance with AM0022, testing was done prior to the start of the project activity which determined the rate of deposition

Data / Parameter:	$NCV_{\text{fuel,oil}}$
Unit:	TJ/dm ³
Description:	Net calorific value of fuel oil
Source of data:	IPCC 2006 and density from Engineer's Edge
Value(s) applied:	39.996×10^{-6}
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated baseline emission; $E_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ heat}}$
Additional comment:	IPCC default value from Table 1.2 of Chapter 1 of Vol.2 used for the NCV of fuel oil expressed in TJ/t. This value is multiplied by the density value of 0.99Kg/l from Engineer's Edge (http://www.engineersedge.com/fluid_flow/fluid_data.htm)

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{\text{fuel,oil}}$
Unit:	tCO ₂ /TJ
Description:	Carbon emission factor of the fuel oil
Source of data:	IPCC 2006
Value(s) applied:	77.367
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated baseline emission; $E_{\text{CO}_2 \text{ heat}}$
Additional comment:	IPCC default value from Table 1.3 of Chapter 1 of Vol.2 gives an EF for residual fuel oil of 21.1kg _{carbon} /GJ _{fueloil} . Applying the coefficient 44 g of CO ₂ /12 g of Carbon gives 77.367 tCO ₂ /TJ

Data / Parameter:	Lagoon surface area
Unit:	Ha
Description:	Total lagoon area
Source of data:	Project developer
Value(s) applied:	2.09
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	Flare efficiency
Unit:	%
Description:	Flare efficiency for open flare
Source of data:	Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane
Value(s) applied:	50

Purpose of data:	Used for calculated project emission calculation; PE_{flare}
Additional comment:	This is calculated according to the “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane” for open flares which consists of using a 50% default if a flame is detected for at least 20 min in the hour and ensuring that flare is operated properly

Data / Parameter:	$R_{SO_4^{2-}}$
Unit:	kg/tonne ($kg_{\text{COD}}/tSO_4^{2-}$)
Description:	Reduction factor for SO_4^{2-} oxidative substance
Source of data:	AM0022 ver.04
Value(s) applied):	651
Purpose of data:	Used for calculated both baseline emission and project emission calculation
Additional comment:	AM0022 ver.04 states in p.32 under the section <u>Determining losses of Chemical Oxygen Demand through chemical oxidation</u> : “where the concentration of sulphate is observed to be 1 kg/m^3 of waste water, 0.651 kg/m^3 of Chemical Oxygen Demand is removed through chemical reaction with the sulphate” hence the reduction factor is $0.651 \text{ kg}_{\text{COD}}/\text{kgSO}_4^{2-} \Rightarrow 651 \text{ kg}_{\text{COD}}/tSO_4^{2-}$

D.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data / Parameter:	WW _{input}								
Unit:	m ³								
Description:	Daily wastewater flows entering system boundary								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Daily reports by SCADA								
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Total (m³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>636,370</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Total (m ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	636,370				
Period	Total (m ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	636,370								
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: FT01 Manufacturer: ABB Type/Model: COPA-XE DE43F Serial No: Convert: 000469020/X002, Detector: 024436 Calibration frequency : every 2 years Accuracy class : +/- 0.50 % Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LC1208-085</td><td>16/08/2012</td><td>15/08/2014</td><td>Miracle International Technology (MIT)</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	LC1208-085	16/08/2012	15/08/2014	Miracle International Technology (MIT)
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
LC1208-085	16/08/2012	15/08/2014	Miracle International Technology (MIT)						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring continuously with a cumulative flow meter located at the incoming pipe to the CIGAR and reading recorded daily								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	Flow meters should be subject to a regular maintenance and testing regime to ensure accuracy								
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	WW _{output}				
Unit:	m ³				
Description:	Daily wastewater flows leaving treatment system				
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Daily reports by SCADA				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Total (m³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>631,384</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Total (m ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	631,384
Period	Total (m ³)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	631,384				

Monitoring equipment:	<u>Tag No: FT05</u> Manufacturer: ABB Type/Model: ProcessMaster Serial No: 3K672012180486 Calibration frequency : every 2 years Accuracy class : +/- 0.40 % Date of last calibration and validity:			
	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator
	12/2/2/500457	14/05/2012	13/05/2014	ABB
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring continuously with a cumulative flow meter located at the pipe leaving the CIGAR and reading recorded daily			
Calculation method (if applicable):	-			
QA/QC procedures:	Flow meters should be subject to a regular maintenance and testing regime to ensure accuracy			
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation			
Additional comment:	-			

Data / Parameter:	COD _{input}											
Unit:	kg _{COD} / m ³											
Description:	Wastewater organic material concentration entering the project boundary											
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured											
Source of data:	Daily analyzed by Lab-technician											
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table><tr><th colspan="2">Period</th><th colspan="2">Average (kgCOD/m³)</th></tr><tr><td colspan="2">01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td colspan="2">18.496</td></tr></table>				Period		Average (kgCOD/m ³)		01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)		18.496	
Period		Average (kgCOD/m ³)										
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)		18.496										
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: - Manufacturer: Hach Type/Model: Spectrophotometer / DR2800 Serial No. : 1156884 Calibration frequency : once a year Accuracy class : +/- 1.5 nm Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table><tr><th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr><tr><td>C06130307</td><td>18/09/2013</td><td>17/09/2014</td><td>SPC</td></tr></table>				Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator									
C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC									
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring daily by an internal laboratory and recording result daily											
Calculation method (if applicable):	The test result is reported in mg COD/l. This unit is converted to kg COD/m ³ by simple unit conversion											
QA/QC procedures:	Weekly samples are sent to an accredited analytical laboratory for cross-checking with onsite data to assure accuracy											
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions calculation											
Additional comment:	-											

Data / Parameter:	COD _{output}
Unit:	kg _{COD} / m ³

Description:	Wastewater organic material concentration leaving the treatment facility								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Daily analyzed by Lab-technician								
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Average (kgCOD/m³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>4.804</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Average (kgCOD/m ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	4.804				
Period	Average (kgCOD/m ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	4.804								
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: - Manufacturer: Hach Type/Model: Spectrophotometer / DR2800 Serial No. : 1156884 Calibration frequency : once a year Accuracy class : +/- 1.5 nm Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C06130307</td><td>18/09/2013</td><td>17/09/2014</td><td>SPC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring daily by an internal laboratory and recording result daily								
Calculation method (if applicable):	The test result is reported in mg COD/l. This unit is converted to kg COD/m ³ by simple unit conversion								
QA/QC procedures:	Weekly samples are sent to an accredited analytical laboratory for cross-checking with onsite data to assure accuracy								
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	V _{heat}								
Unit:	Nm ³								
Description:	Volume of biogas sent to facility heaters								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Daily reports by SCADA								
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Total (Nm³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>4,472,823</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Total (Nm ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	4,472,823				
Period	Total (Nm ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	4,472,823								
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: FT02 Manufacturer: ABB Type : Sensyflow FMT500 IG Serial No. : 241163131 X001 Calibration frequency : every 3 years Accuracy class : +/- 0.50 % Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0184-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-11</td><td>25/11/2011</td><td>24/11/2014</td><td>ABB</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	0184-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-11	25/11/2011	24/11/2014	ABB
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
0184-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-11	25/11/2011	24/11/2014	ABB						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	To be measured continuously, reading and recorded daily								

Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures:	Biogas meters should be subject to a regular maintenance and testing regime to ensure accuracy
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions calculation
Additional comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	V _{flare} (also FV _{FG,h})										
Unit:	Nm ³										
Description:	Biogas sent to flare										
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured										
Source of data:	Daily reports by SCADA										
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table><tr><th>Period</th><th>Total (Nm³)</th></tr><tr><td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>258,111</td></tr></table>			Period	Total (Nm ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	258,111				
Period	Total (Nm ³)										
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	258,111										
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: FT04 Manufacturer: ABB Type/Model: Sensyflow FMT500 IG Serial No. : Sensor: 241151957 X001 Converter: 241151957 Y001 Calibration frequency : every 3 years Accuracy class : +/- 0.50 % Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table><tr><th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr><tr><td>0186-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-12</td><td>15/12/2011</td><td>15/12/2011-14/12/2014</td><td>ABB</td></tr></table>			Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	0186-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-12	15/12/2011	15/12/2011-14/12/2014	ABB
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator								
0186-D-K-15081-01-00-2011-12	15/12/2011	15/12/2011-14/12/2014	ABB								
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	To be measured continuously, reading and recorded daily										
Calculation method (if applicable):	-										
QA/QC procedures:	Biogas meters should be subject to a regular maintenance and testing regime to ensure accuracy. This parameter is equivalent to the variable FV _{RG,h} (volumetric flow rate of the residual gas in dry basis at normal conditions) as described in the “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”										
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation										
Additional comment:	-										

Data / Parameter:	$\text{C}_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}^{\text{in}}$				
Unit:	Tonnes/ m^3				
Description:	Amount of chemical oxidizing agents entering system boundary				
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Daily analyzed by Lab-technical				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Average (tonnes/m^3)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>0.000253</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Average (tonnes/ m^3)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0.000253
Period	Average (tonnes/ m^3)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0.000253				

Monitoring equipment:	Tag No: - Manufacturer: Hach Type/Model: Spectrophotometer / DR2800 Serial No. : 1156884 Calibration frequency : once a year Accuracy class : +/- 1.5 nm Date of last calibration and validity: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C06130307</td><td>18/09/2013</td><td>17/09/2014</td><td>SPC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Samples are collected daily, mixed, and concentration measured weekly. For emission reduction calculations the most recent value from testing is kept until a new test result is received from the lab								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	-								
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	$C_{SO_4^{2-} out}$								
Unit:	Tonnes/m ³								
Description:	Amount of chemical oxidizing agents out of the digester								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Daily analyzed by Lab-technical								
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Average (tonnes/m³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>0.0000221</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Average (tonnes/m ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0.0000221				
Period	Average (tonnes/m ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0.0000221								
Monitoring equipment:	Tag No: - Manufacturer: Hach Type/Model: Spectrophotometer / DR2800 Serial No. : 1156884 Calibration frequency : once a year Accuracy class : +/- 1.5 nm Date of last calibration and validity: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>C06130307</td><td>18/09/2013</td><td>17/09/2014</td><td>SPC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
C06130307	18/09/2013	17/09/2014	SPC						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Samples are collected daily, mixed, and concentration measured weekly. For emission reduction calculations the most recent value from testing is kept until a new test result is received from the lab								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	-								
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	WW _{bypassing}
Unit:	m ³

Description:	Flow of wastewater directly to the current water treatment system, and bypassing the new wastewater treatment facility								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Daily analyzed by SCADA								
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Total (m³)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Total (m ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0				
Period	Total (m ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0								
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: FT06 Manufacturer: ABB Type/Model: ProcessMaster Serial No. : 3K672011450101 Calibration frequency : every 2 years Accuracy class : +/- 0.40% Date of last calibration and validity:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Certificate Number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LC1311-326</td><td>14/11/2013</td><td>13/11/2015</td><td>MIT</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	LC1311-326	14/11/2013	13/11/2015	MIT
Certificate Number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator						
LC1311-326	14/11/2013	13/11/2015	MIT						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring continuously and data recorded hourly								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	Regular maintenance and calibration of the flow meter								
Purpose of data:	-								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	Biogas loss from pipeline								
Unit:	%								
Description:	Loss of biogas from pipeline								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	Hydrostatic test report by an Accredited Laboratory								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Report Number</th><th>Testing date</th><th>Validity</th><th>Tester</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RP-P51-130924</td><td>09/08/2013</td><td>08/08/2014</td><td>STIC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Report Number	Testing date	Validity	Tester	RP-P51-130924	09/08/2013	08/08/2014	STIC
Report Number	Testing date	Validity	Tester						
RP-P51-130924	09/08/2013	08/08/2014	STIC						
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Biogas loss from pipeline</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	Biogas loss from pipeline	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0				
Period	Biogas loss from pipeline								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	0								
Monitoring equipment:	-								
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Integrity of biogas pipeline for losses of biogas methane is tested annually through pressurizing the system and establishing pressure drops through leakage								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	The standard method for testing has followed by Department of Energy's liquefied petroleum gas piping and equipped with storage tanks and gas.								
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	NCV _{biogas}								
Unit:	J/Nm ³								
Description:	Biogas calorific value								
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured								
Source of data:	NCV test report by Accredited Laboratory <table border="1"> <tr> <th>Testing report Number</th><th>Testing date</th><th>Validity</th><th>Tester</th></tr> <tr> <td>COA-EX-1309-00143</td><td>29/08/2013</td><td>28/08/2014</td><td>PTTGC</td></tr> </table>	Testing report Number	Testing date	Validity	Tester	COA-EX-1309-00143	29/08/2013	28/08/2014	PTTGC
Testing report Number	Testing date	Validity	Tester						
COA-EX-1309-00143	29/08/2013	28/08/2014	PTTGC						
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>NCV_{biogas} (J/Nm³)</th></tr> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>21,125,827</td></tr> </table>	Period	NCV _{biogas} (J/Nm ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	21,125,827				
Period	NCV _{biogas} (J/Nm ³)								
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	21,125,827								
Monitoring equipment:	-								
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	To be measured annually								
Calculation method (if applicable):	-								
QA/QC procedures:	-								
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions calculation								
Additional comment:	-								

Data / Parameter:	PE _{flare}				
Unit:	tCO ₂				
Description:	Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream				
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Emission reduction calculation sheet				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>PE_{flare} (tCO₂e)</th></tr> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>1,139.85</td></tr> </table>	Period	PE _{flare} (tCO ₂ e)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	1,139.85
Period	PE _{flare} (tCO ₂ e)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	1,139.85				
Monitoring equipment:	-				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Following the “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”				
QA/QC procedures:	-				
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation				
Additional comment:	-				

Data / Parameter:	F
Unit:	dm ³
Description:	Fossil fuel volume equivalent to generate the same amount of heat generated from the biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	Emission reduction calculation sheet

Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>Total (dm³)</th></tr> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>2,362,538.4</td></tr> </table>	Period	Total (dm ³)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	2,362,538.4
Period	Total (dm ³)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	2,362,538.4				
Monitoring equipment:	-				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-				
Calculation method (if applicable):	Calculated from the monitored V_{heat} multiplied by monitored NCV_{Biogas} and divided by fixed parameter NCV_{fuel}				
QA/QC procedures:	-				
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation				
Additional comment:	-				

Data / Parameter:	C _{CH4} (also FV _{CH4,y})											
Unit:	% of Nm ³ /Nm ³											
Description:	Biogas methane concentration											
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured											
Source of data:	SCADA midnight report											
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table><tr><th colspan="2">Period</th><th colspan="2">Average (% of Nm³/Nm³)</th></tr><tr><td colspan="2">01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td colspan="2">58.118</td></tr></table>				Period		Average (% of Nm ³ /Nm ³)		01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)		58.118	
Period		Average (% of Nm ³ /Nm ³)										
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)		58.118										
Monitoring equipment:	<p>Tag No: XT01 Manufacturer: JE Type : Guardian Plus Serial No. : 35184 Calibration frequency : 1 years Accuracy class : +/- 1 % Date of last calibration and validity: 19/06/2013 – 31/12/2013</p> <table><tr><th>Certificate number</th><th>Date of calibration</th><th>Validity</th><th>Calibrator</th></tr><tr><td>2013/04-18</td><td>18/04/2013</td><td>17/04/2014</td><td>JE</td></tr></table>				Certificate number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator	2013/04-18	18/04/2013	17/04/2014	JE
Certificate number	Date of calibration	Validity	Calibrator									
2013/04-18	18/04/2013	17/04/2014	JE									
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measured continuously, reading and recorded daily.											
Calculation method (if applicable):	-											
QA/QC procedures:	-											
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation											
Additional comment:	Also referred as fv _{CH4,h} (Volumetric fraction of component i in the biogas in the hour h, where i = CH ₄) in the “Tool to determine project emissions from flaring gases containing methane”. Only CH ₄ will be monitored, the remaining part will be considered as N ₂ (simplified approach according to Tool). The monitored value will actually have to be multiplied by the CH ₄ density of 0.0007168 tCH ₄ /m ³ CH ₄ from ACM0001 at normal conditions to obtain the value of CCH ₄ in tCH ₄ /Nm ³ .											

Data / Parameter:	f_{heat}
Unit:	%

Description:	Heating system combustion efficiency				
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured				
Source of data:	Combustion efficiency test report by External laboratory				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>f_{heat} (%)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>90.760</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	f _{heat} (%)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	90.760
Period	f _{heat} (%)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	90.760				
Monitoring equipment:	-				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring and recording at least annually				
Calculation method (if applicable):	-				
QA/QC procedures:	Boiler is maintained regularly by Weishaupt in order to ensure optimal performance. During the monitoring period, there is one boiler used which is Weishaupt.				
Purpose of data:	Project emissions calculation				
Additional comment:	-				

Data / Parameter:	M _{Removed}				
Unit:	t COD				
Description:	Organic material removed from wastewater facility				
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated				
Source of data:	Calculated based on monitored parameters COD _{input} and COD _{output}				
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Period</th><th>M_{Removed} (tCOD)</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)</td><td>8,736.98</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Period	M _{Removed} (tCOD)	01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	8,736.98
Period	M _{Removed} (tCOD)				
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	8,736.98				
Monitoring equipment:	-				
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-				
Calculation method (if applicable):	The parameter is calculated from COD _{input} and COD _{output} . $M_{\text{Removed}} = [(WW_{\text{input}} \times \text{COD}_{\text{in}}) - (WW_{\text{output}} \times \text{COD}_{\text{out}})]/1000$				
QA/QC procedures:	-				
Purpose of data:	-				
Additional comment:	-				

D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

>>

There is no data and parameter monitored described in section D.2 are determined by a sampling approach. Therefore, this section is not applicable for this project activity.

SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks

E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

>>

As per the equation set out in AM0022 version 04 which applied for registered project activity, the following equations are applied to calculate the baseline emissions.

Total Baseline emissions:

$$E_{BL} = E_{CH4_lagoons_BL} + E_{CO2_heat_BL} + E_{CO2_power_BL}$$

Where:

E_{BL}	=	total baseline emissions (tCO ₂ e).
$E_{CH4_lagoons_BL}$	=	the fugitive methane emissions from lagoons in the baseline case (tCO ₂ e).
$E_{CO2_heat_BL}$	=	CO ₂ emissions from on-site fossil heat in the baseline case (tCO ₂) that are displaced by generation based on biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility.
$E_{CO2_power_BL}$	=	CO ₂ emissions from on-site power generation in the baseline case (tCO ₂) that are displaced by generation based on biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility.

Since in this registered project activity, there are no any electricity generation that are displaced base on biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility, the $E_{CO2_power_BL} = 0$.

Then the follow equation has been applied for this case:

$$E_{BL} = E_{CH4_lagoons_BL} + E_{CO2_heat_BL}$$

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

E_{BL}	$E_{CH4_lagoon_BL}$	$E_{CO2_heat_BL}$	$E_{CO2_power_BL}$
tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e
64,136	56,825	7,311	0

Total baseline emissions during period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 64,136 tCO₂e.

a) On-site heat generation emission displaced by generation base on biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility.

In the calculation of CO₂ emission from on-site heat displaced by biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment, the use of fossil fuels is considered:

$$E_{CO2_heat} = F \cdot NCV \cdot EF$$

Where:

F	=	the corresponding amount of fossil fuel displaced by the use of biogas for the generation of on-site heat (dm ³). This is estimated as product of: (1) Average specific fuel consumption for the output of the facility and (2) The annual production.
NCV	=	the net calorific value of the fossil fuel considers (TJ/unit).
EF	=	the carbon emission factor of the fossil fuel considers (tCO ₂ /TJ).

According to heat balance equation, the corresponding amount of fossil fuel displaced by the use of biogas for the generation of on-site heat can be calculated as equation below:

$$F_{fueloil} \times NCV_{fueloil} = F_{biogas_heat} \times NCV_{biogas}$$

$$F_{fueloil} = F_{biogas_heat} \times \frac{NCV_{biogas}}{NCV_{fueloil}}$$

Then:

$$E_{CO2_heat} = \left(F_{biogas_heat} \times \frac{NCV_{biogas}}{NCV_{fueloil}} \right) \times NCV_{fueloil} \times EF$$

As equation above, the CO₂ emissions from on-site heat displaced by biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment, the use of fossil fuels is considered as:

$$E_{CO2_heat} = F_{biogas_heat} \times NCV_{biogas} \times EF$$

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

E _{CO2_heat}	F	NCV _{fuel oil}	EF
tCO ₂ e	Nm ³	TJ/Nm ³	tCO ₂ /TJ
7,311	236,254	3.99960E-04	77.367

Noted: 77.367 tCO₂/TJ has been applied for the carbon emission factor of the fuel oil referred to IPCC default value from Table 3.1, Chapter 1 vol.2

The total CO₂ emission from on-site heat displaced by biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment from 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 7,311 tCO₂e.

b) On-site and/or off site Grid Power Generation Emissions displaced by generation based on biogas collected in the anaerobic treatment facility

No electricity was generated.

c) Baseline organic material entering lagoon system from new anaerobic wastewater treatment system:

$$M_{lagoon_input_BL} = M_{input_total}$$

Where:

- M_{lagoon_input_BL} = the value used to specify the amount of organic material flowing into the lagoon System from the CIGAR in the project scenario equation (kg COD).
M_{input_total} = the total amount of organic material fed into the baseline waste water treatment facility (kg COD). It is same amount as fed into the project water treatment facility.

In the baseline, organic material from the facility enters directly into the lagoon system with no degradation of the wastewater before entering the lagoon system and all organic material to be treated enters the lagoon system. The pond based fugitive methane emissions are quantified by determining;

- How much material enters the lagoon system;
- How much is lost through aerobic and oxidative processes;
- How much is lost through sedimentation in the lagoon system; and
- How much is removed through anaerobic process.

All emission factors, surface aerobic losses of organic material, aerobic degradation, deposition or removal as well as chemical oxidation are determined in the same way as described for the project scenario in the section on project emission above.

Hence, the equation to determine the fugitive methane emission from lagoons for project emissions has been applied for baseline scenario according to the methodology.

Fugitive methane emission from lagoons in baseline scenario

$$E_{CH_4_lagoon_BL} = M_{lagoon_anaerobi} \cdot EF_{CH_4} \cdot GWP_{CH_4} / 1000$$

Where:

- $E_{CH_4_lagoon_BL}$ = the methane emission from the lagoons (tCO₂)
 $M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$ = the amount of organic material removed by anaerobic processes in the lagoon System (kg COD)
 EF_{CH_4} = the methane emission factor (kg CH₄ / kg COD)
 GWP_{CH_4} = the Global Warming Potential of methane ($GWP_{CH_4} = 25$)

Note: A default COD to methane conversion factor of 0.21 kg CH₄/kg COD is used referred to IPCC, Good Practice Guidance and Uncertainty Management in National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, page 5.16 and/or methodology AM0022/ Version 04, page 3.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$E_{CH_4_lagoon_BL}$	$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$	EF_{CH_4}	GWP_{CH_4}
tCO ₂ e	kg COD	-	-
56,825	10,823,889	0.21	25

Total fugitive methane emission from lagoons in baseline scenario in this monitoring period from 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both date are included) is 56,825 tCO₂e.

The total removal of COD from individual lagoons is a function of:

- Aerobic surface oxidation of COD
- Chemical oxidation in lagoons (where oxidative species such as sulphate are present)
- Sedimentation of material that microbes are unable to degrade before they form a bottom sediment
- COD degradation as a result of anaerobic micro bacterial activity

The mass balance in the considered lagoon system provides the amount of organic material by anaerobic process:

$$M_{lagoon_anaerobic} = M_{lagoon_total} - M_{lagoon_aerobic} - M_{lagoon_chemical_ox} - M_{lagoon_deposition}$$

Where:

- $M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$ = the amount of organic material removed by anaerobic processes in the lagoon system (kg COD)
 M_{lagoon_total} = the total amount of organic material removed in the lagoon system
 $M_{lagoon_aerobic}$ = the amount of organic material degraded aerobically in the lagoon system (kg COD).
 $M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$ = the amount of organic material lost through chemical oxidation in the lagoon system (kg COD)
 $M_{lagoon_deposition}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$	M_{lagoon_total}	$M_{lagoon_aerobic}$	$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$	$M_{lagoon_deposition}$
kg COD	kg COD	kg COD	kg COD	kg COD
10,823,889	11,299,648	161,381	104,864	209,514

In order to assess the amount of COD actually entering the anaerobic system (the lagoons) the amount of COD removed as a result of the new wastewater treatment facility must be determined. This is set out in equation below.

Project organic material entering lagoon system from new anaerobic water treatment system is:

$$M_{\text{lagoon_input}} = M_{\text{input_total}}$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$ = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)
- $M_{\text{input_total}}$ = the total amount of organic material fed into the new project water treatment facility (kg COD)
- R_{NAWTF} = the total organic material removal efficiency of the new project water treatment facility

Note: In case of baseline calculation, the $R_{\text{NAWTF}} = 0$ is applied because the new project water treatment was not implemented yet.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$	$M_{\text{input_total}}$	R_{NAWTF}
kg COD	kg COD	-
11,770,467	11,770,467	0

Total material removal in lagoon system is:

$$M_{\text{lagoon_total}} = M_{\text{lagoon_input}} \cdot R_{\text{lagoon}}$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_total}}$ = the total amount of organic material removed in the lagoon system through various routes (kg COD)
- $M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$ = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)
- R_{lagoon} = the total organic material removal ratio of the lagoon

Note: the total organic material removal ratio of the lagoon is equal to the proportion of organic material removed within the boundaries of the lagoon system under consideration. This factor should be determined by carrying out a series of biochemical tests period to project implementation. This test will determine the COD flows into the system, and the COD flows out of the system boundary. The relative difference of COD flowing in and out of the system over a period of time will allow determination of the Total Organic Material Removed Ratio which already tested during validation process. Refer to registered PDD-page 22, the R_{lagoon} is 96%.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_total}}$	$M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$	R_{lagoon}
kg COD	kg COD	%
11,299,648	11,770,467	96

Material degraded aerobically in the lagoon system

$$M_{lagoon_aerobic} = 254 \cdot pond_surface_area \cdot operation_time$$

Noted: Surface aerobic losses of organic material in pond based system equal to 254 kg COD per hectare of pond surface area and per day is assumed to be lost through aerobic processes.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{lagoon_aerobic}$	Constant value	Pond surface area	Operation day
kg COD	kg COD/ha/day	ha	day
161,381	254	2.09	304

Material lost through chemical oxidation in lagoon system

$$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox} = C_{SO_4^{2-}in} \cdot R_{SO_4^{2-}}$$

Where:

$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)

$C_{SO_4^{2-}in}$ = the concentration of sulphate is absorbed ($t\ SO_4^{2-}$)

$R_{SO_4^{2-}}$ = reduction factor for SO_4^{2-} oxidative substance

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$	$C_{SO_4^{2-}in}$	$R_{SO_4^{2-}}$
kg COD	$t\ SO_4^{2-}$	kg COD / $t\ SO_4^{2-}$
104,864	161.081	651

Material deposition in lagoon system is:

$$M_{lagoon_deposition} = M_{lagoon_input} \cdot R_{deposition}$$

Where:

$M_{lagoon_deposition}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)

M_{lagoon_input} = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)

$R_{deposition}$ = the organic material deposition ratio of the lagoon.

Noted: The organic material deposition ratio of the lagoon is equal to the proportion of organic material physically sediment in lagoons within the project boundaries. For the baseline, $R_{deposition}$ is 1.78% mentioned in registered PDD, page 23.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{lagoon_deposition}$	M_{lagoon_input}	$R_{deposition}$
kg COD	kg COD	%
209,514	11,770,467	1.78

According to the calculation above, the conclusion of baseline emissions in this monitoring period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) can be presented in the table below:

Time Period	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)
01/01/2014 - 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	64,136
Total	64,136

Nevertheless, to verify that the equation delivers a conservative estimate of emission reductions, the equation below is taken into account;

$$E_{CH4_lagoons_BL} - (E_{CH4_lagoon} + E_{CH4_nawtf} + E_{CH4_coll})$$

Where:

E_{CH4_coll} = the amount of methane expressed in (tCO₂e) contained in the biogas collected from the anaerobic treatment facility

Result	$E_{CH4_lagoon_BL}$	E_{CH4_lagoon}	E_{CH4_nawtf}	E_{CH4_coll}
-	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e
4,551	56,825	3,003	0	49,271

E_{CH4_coll} obtained from equation; $E_{CH4_coll} = (V_{heat} + V_{power} + V_{flare}) \times C_{CH4} \times \rho_{CH4} \times GWP_{CH4}$

E_{CH4_coll}	V_{heat}	V_{power}	V_{flare}	C_{CH4}	ρ_{CH4}	GWP_{CH4}
tCO ₂ e	Nm ³	Nm ³	Nm ³	%	tCH ₄ /Nm ³ CH ₄	-
49,271	4,472,823	0	258,111	58.118	0.0007168	25

Since the result is negative, no need to be deducted from the baseline emissions. Therefore, the baseline emissions during this monitoring period; 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 59,584 tCO₂e.

E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks

>>

Total project emissions are the sum of fugitive methane emissions from the existing lagoon based water treatment system, from possible methane emission from the new anaerobic wastewater treatment facility, from incomplete biogas combustion, biogas leaks.

Total project emissions: $E_{project} = E_{CH4_lagoons} + E_{CH4_NAWTF} + E_{CH4_IC+Leaks}$

Where:

$E_{project}$ = the total project emissions (tCO₂e)
 $E_{CH4_lagoons}$ = the fugitive methane emissions from lagoons (tCO₂e)
 E_{CH4_NAWTF} = the fugitive methane emissions from the new anaerobic wastewater treatment facility (tCO₂e)
 $E_{CH4_IC+Leaks}$ = the methane emissions from inefficient combustion and leaks (tCO₂e)

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$E_{project}$	E_{CH4_lagoon}	E_{CO2_NAWTF}	$E_{CO2_IC+Leaks}$
tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e
4,186	3,003	0	1,183

Total project emissions during of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 4,186 tCO₂e.

a. Fugitive methane emission from lagoons

$$E_{CH_4_lagoons} = M_{lagoon_anaerobic} \cdot EF_{CH_4} \cdot GWP_{CH_4} / 1000$$

Where:

$E_{CH_4_lagoon}$ = the methane emission from the lagoons (tCO₂)

$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$ = the amount of organic material removed by anaerobic processes in the lagoon System (kg COD)

EF_{CH_4} = the methane emission factor (kg CH₄ / kg COD)

GWP_{CH_4} = the Global Warming Potential of methane ($GWP_{CH_4} = 25$)

Noted: A default COD to methane conversion factor of 0.21 kg CH₄/kg COD is used referred to IPCC, Good Practice Guidance and Uncertainty Management in National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, page 5.16 and/or methodology AM0022/ Version 04, page 3.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$E_{CH_4_lagoon}$	$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$	EF_{CH_4}	GWP_{CH_4}
tCO ₂ e	kg COD	-	-
3,003	571,959	0.21	25

The total fugitive methane emission from lagoons during this monitoring period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) is 3,003 tCO₂e.

The total removal of COD from individual lagoons is a function of:

- Aerobic surface oxidation of COD;
- Chemical oxidation in lagoons (where oxidative species such as sulphate are present);
- Sedimentation of material that microbes are unable to degrade before they form a bottom sediment; and
- COD degradation as a result of anaerobic micro bacterial activity.

The mass balance in the considered lagoon system provides the amount of organic material by anaerobic process:

$$M_{lagoon_anaerobic} = M_{lagoon_total} - M_{lagoon_aerobic} - M_{lagoon_chemical_ox} - M_{lagoon_deposition}$$

Where:

$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$ = the amount of organic material removed by anaerobic processes in the lagoon system (kg COD)

M_{lagoon_total} = the total amount of organic material removed in the lagoon system

$M_{lagoon_aerobic}$ = the amount of organic material degraded aerobically in the lagoon system (kg COD).

$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$ = the amount of organic material lost through chemical oxidation in the lagoon system (kg COD)

$M_{lagoon_deposition}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{lagoon_anaerobic}$	M_{lagoon_total}	$M_{lagoon_aerobic}$	$M_{lagoon_chemical_ox}$	$M_{lagoon_deposition}$
kg COD	kg COD	kg COD	kg COD	kg COD
571,959	756,444	161,381	9,078	14,026

In order to assess the amount of COD actually entering the anaerobic system (the lagoons) the amount of COD removed as a result of the new wastewater treatment facility must be determined. This is set out in equation below.

Project organic material entering lagoon system from new anaerobic water treatment system is:

$$M_{\text{lagoon_input}} = M_{\text{input_total}} \cdot (1 - R_{\text{NAWTF}})$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$ = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)
 $M_{\text{input_total}}$ = the total amount of organic material fed into the new project water treatment facility (kg COD)
 R_{NAWTF} = the total organic material removal efficiency of the new project water treatment facility (-).

Note: For the project emission calculation, the R_{NAWTF} is determined in methodology AM0022/Version 04, page 31.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$	$M_{\text{input_total}}$	R_{NAWTF}
kg COD	kg COD	-
787,963	3,033,483	0.740

Total material removal in lagoon system is:

$$M_{\text{lagoon_total}} = M_{\text{lagoon_input}} \cdot R_{\text{lagoon}}$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_total}}$ = the total amount of organic material removed in the lagoon system through various routes (kg COD)
 $M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$ = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)
 R_{lagoon} = the total organic material removal ratio of the lagoon

Noted: the total organic material removal ratio of the lagoon is equal to the proportion of organic material removed within the boundaries of the lagoon system under consideration. This factor should be determined by carrying out a series of biochemical tests period to project implementation. This test will determine the COD flows into the system, and the COD flows out of the system boundary. The relative difference of COD flowing in and out of the system over a period of time will allow determination of the Total Organic Material Removed Ratio which already tested during validation process. Referred to registered PDD-page 22, the R_{lagoon} is 96%.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_total}}$	$M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$	R_{lagoon}
kg COD	kg COD	%
756,444	787,963	96

Material degraded aerobically in the lagoon system

$$M_{\text{lagoon_aerobic}} = 254 \cdot \text{pond_surface_area} \cdot \text{operation_time}$$

Noted: Surface aerobic losses of organic material in pond based system equal to 254 kg COD per hectare of pond surface area and per day is assumed to be lost through aerobic processes.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_aerobic}}$	Constant value	Pond surface area	Operation day
kg COD	kg COD/ha/day	ha	day
161,381	254	2.09	304

Material lost through chemical oxidation in lagoon system

$$M_{\text{lagoon_chemical_ox}} = C_{\text{SO4}^{2-}\text{-out}} \cdot R_{\text{SO4}^{2-}}$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_chemical_ox}}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)
 $C_{\text{SO4}^{2-}\text{-out}}$ = concentrate of oxidative substance SO_4^{2-} at the effluent of the digester (t/m^3)
 $R_{\text{SO4}^{2-}}$ = reduction factor for SO_4^{2-} oxidative substance

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_chemical_ox}}$	$C_{\text{so42-out}}$	$R_{\text{SO42-}}$
kg COD	$t_{\text{SO42-}}$	kg COD / $t_{\text{SO42-}}$
9,078	13.945	651

Material deposition in lagoon system is:

$$M_{\text{lagoon_deposition}} = M_{\text{lagoon_input}} \cdot R_{\text{deposition}}$$

Where:

- $M_{\text{lagoon_deposition}}$ = the amount of organic material lost through deposition in the lagoon system (kg COD)
 $M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$ = the input of organic material from the new project anaerobic wastewater treatment facility into the lagoon system (kg COD)
 $R_{\text{deposition}}$ = the organic material deposition ratio of the lagoon.

Noted: The organic material deposition ratio of the lagoon is equal to the proportion of organic material physically sedimented in lagoons within the project boundaries. For the baseline, $R_{\text{deposition}}$ is 1.78% mentioned in registered PDD, page 23.

Period of 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

$M_{\text{lagoon_deposition}}$	$M_{\text{lagoon_input}}$	$R_{\text{deposition}}$
kg COD	kg COD	%
14,026	787,963	1.78

b. Methane emissions from new anaerobic wastewater treatment facility

Methane emission from the specific anaerobic wastewater treatment facility that is implemented with the project should be assessed and estimated based on measurements, technology supplier data and expert estimates. They may be neglected if documented evidence for their insignificance is given.

In this case, the leakage of wastewater treatment facility has been inspected every day internally and inspecting and checking by other party annually. The result during this monitoring period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) found there were no leakages. Therefore, the methane emission from new anaerobic wastewater treatment facility is neglected in the project during this monitoring period.

c. Methane emissions from Inefficient Combustion Emissions

The combustion of biogas methane may give rise to significant methane emissions as a result of incomplete or inefficient combustion. The three predominant potential routes for the destruction of methane are:

- Biogas flaring;
- Biogas use in heating system
- Biogas use for onsite electricity generation

However, in this project activity there is no electricity generated from biogas; so, the methane emissions from biogas use for onsite electricity generation are not applicable and can be avoided.

$$E_{CH4_IC+Leaks} = E_{CH4_heat} + E_{CH4_power} + PE_{flare}$$

Since there is no electricity generated from biogas in this project, $E_{CH4_power} = 0$; therefore;

$$E_{CH4_IC+Leaks} = \left(\sum_r V_r \cdot C_{CH4_r} \cdot (1 - f_r) \cdot GWP_{CH4} \right) + PE_{flare}$$

$$E_{CH4_IC+Leaks} = E_{CH4_heat} + PE_{flare}$$

For this project activity, $r = \text{heat only}$; then

$$E_{CH4_heat} = V_{heat} \cdot C_{CH4_heat} \cdot (1 - f_{heat}) \cdot GWP_{CH4}$$

E_{CH4_heat}	V_{heat}	C_{CH4_heat}	f_{heat}	GWP_{CH4}
tCO ₂ e	Nm ³	tCH ₄ /Nm ³	%	-
43	4,472,823	0.000417	90.760	25

PE_{flare} is the project emission from flaring of the residual gas stream calculated following the procedure described in the “Tool to determine project emission from flaring gases containing Methane”. Since no continuous monitoring takes place, the default flare efficiency prescribed by the tool is utilized. The calculation steps for project emissions are as follows:

Step 1. Determination of the mass flow rate of the residual gas that is flared

This step calculates the residual gas mass flow rate in each hour h , based on the volumetric flow rate and the density of the residual gas. The density of the residual gas is determined based on the volumetric fraction of all components in the gas.

$$FM_{RG,h} = \rho_{RG,h} \cdot FV_{RG,h}$$

As stated in the “Tool to determine project emission from flaring gases containing Methane”, a simplified approach may be taken, in which only the volumetric fraction of methane is measured and the difference to 100% is considered as nitrogen (N₂). Hence step 2 is not applicable to the chosen methodological application of the tool and it is not included here for clarity purposes. As the methane combustion efficiency of the flare will not be continuously monitored as a default value for open flares will be used, step 3 and 4 are also not applicable and will not be included.

Step 5: Determination of methane mass flow rate in the residual gas on a dry basis

The quantity of methane in the residual gas flowing into the flare is the product of the volumetric flow rate of the residual gas ($FV_{RG,h}$), the volumetric fraction of methane in the residual gas ($fv_{CH4,RG,h}$) and the density of methane ($\rho_{CH4,n,h}$) in the same reference conditions.

$$TM_{RG,h} = FV_{RG,h} \cdot fv_{CH4,RG,h} \cdot \rho_{CH4,n}$$

Step 7: Calculation of annual project emissions from flaring

Project emissions from flaring are calculated as the sum of emission from each hour h , based on the methane flow rate in the residual gas ($TM_{RG,h}$) and the flare efficiency during each hour h , as follows:

$$PE_{flare,y} = \sum_{h=1}^{8760} TM_{RG,h} \cdot (1 - \eta_{flare,h}) \cdot \frac{GWP_{CH_4}}{1000}$$

Since the value is calculated on hourly basis, then only one day sample is taken in the monitoring report; however, the detail for calculation is provided in the calculation sheet.

26-Jun-14	1:00	1426	57.6	60	510	588.76	50	7.360	21.520
	2:00	1414	57.6	60	510	583.81	50	7.298	
	3:00	1408	57.8	60	509	583.35	50	7.292	
	4:00	1410	57.6	60	510	582.16	50	7.277	
	5:00	1528	57.8	60	510	633.07	50	7.913	
	6:00	1112	57.8	60	509	460.71	50	5.759	
	7:00	1238	57.6	60	510	511.14	50	6.389	
	8:00	1240	57.8	60	509	513.74	50	6.422	
	9:00	1210	57.8	60	510	501.32	50	6.266	
	10:00	1230	57.6	60	510	507.84	50	6.348	
	11:00	1250	57.6	60	509	516.10	50	6.451	
	12:00	1240	57.8	60	510	513.74	50	6.422	
	13:00	1230	57.6	60	509	507.84	50	6.348	
	14:00	1250	57.8	60	510	517.89	50	6.474	
	15:00	1240	57.6	60	509	511.97	50	6.400	
	16:00	1250	57.6	60	510	516.10	50	6.451	
	17:00	1256	57.8	60	510	520.37	50	6.505	
	18:00	1255	57.6	60	509	518.16	50	6.477	
	19:00	1265	57.8	60	510	524.10	50	6.551	
	20:00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.000	
	21:00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.000	
	22:00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.000	
	23:00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.000	
	0:00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.000	

The sum of emission from flaring of the residual gas stream is presented below:

Period	PE _{flare} (tCO ₂ e)
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	1,139.8475

The fugitive methane emission from inefficient combustion and leaks; $E_{CH_4_IC+leaks}$ is presented as:

$E_{CH_4_IC+leaks}$	$E_{CH_4_heat}$	$E_{CH_4_power}$	PE _{flare}
tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e	tCO ₂ e
1,183	43	0	1,140

According to the calculation above, the conclusion of project emissions in this monitoring period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) can be presented in the table below:

Time Period	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (tCO ₂ e)
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	4,186
Total	4,186

E.3. Calculation of leakage

>>

Leaks in the biogas system include leaks from any anaerobic digester and leaks from the biogas pipeline delivery system. Leaks monitored on a daily basis and the pipeline pressurized testing annually, as required by AM0022. A conservative value of 1 % was included in the ex-ante emissions reductions calculations. However, as the annual test report for pressure test at pipelines could be confirmed that 0% or no leakage can be account for this project.

Methane emissions from the CIGAR are zero in this project. Because the CIGAR is being operated effectively under sub atmospheric pressures, it is reasonable to expect that air will actually be sucked in as opposed to biogas leaking out. The biogas delivery pipe to the off-taker site is also less than 2km, and thus there is no expectation that there will be significant leaks of biogas.

E.4. Summary of calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Item	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	Leakage (t CO ₂ e)	Emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)
01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)	59,584	4,186	0	55,398
Total	59,584	4,186	0	55,398

E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

Item	Values estimated in ex-ante calculation of registered PDD	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	40,117	55,398

E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

>>

An actual emission reductions achieved during this monitoring period 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included) are higher than the ex-ante. This is occurred from a significant difference of project emissions between ex-ante and ex-post calculation. According to the project emissions in the ex-ante ER calculation on the UNFCCC project webpage, the COD of treated water from reactor to open lagoon was 26,099 mgCOD/l (registered PDD, page 47), which is the same amount as COD_{input} for baseline emissions calculation. In fact, this amount of COD should be deducted from the efficiency of new anaerobic reactor to be the COD used for project emissions calculation. The actual amount of COD out from the new anaerobic reactor to open lagoon was 4,804 mgCOD/m³ (ER calculation sheet tab 'Raw data' cell G376). Hence, it makes the project emissions significantly lower than the calculation in the registered PDD.

Another reason that makes the emission reductions higher than the estimate in the registered PDD is about the change of methane emission factor (GWP_{CH₄}), referred to the UNFCCC; EB69, Annex3. The GWP_{CH₄} has been changed from 21 t_{CH₄}/t_{CO₂} to 25 t_{CH₄}/t_{CO₂}. Therefore, the emission reductions are found increased 16.16%, from 47,693 tCO₂e to be 55,398 t CO₂e.

E.7. Actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks during the first commitment period and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards

Item	Actual values achieved up to 31 December 2012	Actual values achieved from 1 January 2013 onwards
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	187,489	67,904

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ANNEX 1

The downtimes of the project during 01/01/2014 – 31/10/2014 (both dates are included)

Month	Date	Event	Reason
JAN	01/01/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	02/01/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	03/01/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	04/01/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
APR	11/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	12/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	13/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	14/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	15/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	16/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	17/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	18/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	19/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	20/04/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
AUG	08/08/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday
	10/08/13	Host factory shutdown, no influent to the biogas system	Public holiday

Appendix 1. Contact information of project participants and responsible persons/ entities

Project participant and/or responsible person/ entity	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Project participant <input type="checkbox"/> Responsible person/ entity for completing the CDM-MR-FORM
Organization name	Thai Biogas Energy Company Limited
Street/P.O. Box	888/109
Building	10 th Floor, Mahatun Plaza Building, Lumpini
City	Pathumwan
State/Region	Bangkok
Postcode	10330
Country	Thailand
Telephone	+66 2650 9150
Fax	+66 2650 9149
E-mail	gustaf@tbec.co.th
Website	www.tbec.co.th
Contact person	
Title	Mr.
Salutation	
Last name	Godenhielm
Middle name	
First name	Gustaf
Department	
Mobile	
Direct fax	
Direct tel.	
Personal e-mail	

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Document information

<i>Version</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
04.0	25 June 2014	Revisions to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Include the Attachment: Instructions for filling out the monitoring report form (these instructions supersede the "Guideline: Completing the monitoring report form" (Version 04.0)); • Include provisions related to standardized baselines; • Add contact information on a responsible person(s)/ entity(ies) for completing the CDM-MR-FORM in A.6 and Appendix 1; • Change the reference number from <i>F-CDM-MR</i> to <i>CDM-MR-FORM</i>; • Editorial improvement.
03.2	5 November 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in page 1.
03.1	2 January 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in section E.5.
03.0	3 December 2012	Revision required to introduce a provision on reporting actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for the period up to 31 December 2012 and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (EB70, Annex 11).
02.0	13 March 2012	Revision required to ensure consistency with the "Guidelines for completing the monitoring report form" (EB 66, Annex 20).
01	28 May 2010	EB 54, Annex 34. Initial adoption.
Decision Class: Regulatory Document Type: Form Business Function: Issuance Keywords: monitoring report		