



Monitoring report form (Version 03.2)

Monitoring report

Title of the project activity	Poyang Kaidi Biomass Power Project
Reference number of the project activity	3056
Version number of the monitoring report	1.0
Completion date of the monitoring report	21/04/2014
Registration date of the project activity	06/01/2011
Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period	The 2 nd monitoring period, the first day is 01/01/2012, and the last day is 30/06/2013
Project participant(s)	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland , involved indirectly authorized Participants: Camco Clean Energy Plc, Camco Carbon Limited Switzerland , involved indirectly authorized Participant: Camco Clean Energy Plc China , project owner, Poyang Kaidi Green Energy Development Co., Ltd
Host Party(ies)	China
Sectoral scope(s) and applied methodology(ies)	Energy industries (renewable - / non-renewable sources) ACM0006 (Version 09) – “Consolidated methodology electricity generation from biomass residues” “Combined tool to identify the baseline scenario and demonstrate additionality”. (Version 02.2) ACM0002 (Version 10) – “Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources” “Tool to calculate project or leakage CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion” (Version 02) “Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption” (Version 01) “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system” (Version 02)
Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for this monitoring period in the registered PDD	174,782 tonnes CO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period	80,609 tonnes CO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period up to 31 December 2012(if applicable)	46,458 tonnes CO ₂ e
Actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks achieved during the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (if applicable).	34,151 tonnes CO ₂ e

SECTION A. Description of project activity

A.1. Purpose and general description of project activity

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Poyang Kaidi Biomass Power Project (hereafter referred to as the project) is a biomass utilization project developed by Poyang Kaidi Green Energy Development Co., Ltd. (hereafter referred to as the Project Owner) and is located in the Middle of Poyang Lake Grain Machining Industrial Base,

Poyang Industrial Park, Jiangxi Province, P.R. China. The project is designed to produce 126,720MWh of electricity per year from burning biomass residues, displacing electricity generated by Central China Power Grid (CCPG), which is dominated by fossil fuel-fired power plants, and thus reducing greenhouse gas (CO₂) emissions.

The project processes and burns biomass residue, of which rice husk, bamboo crumbs, wood scraps, branches, barks and stumps are the biomass fuel. 2 sets of 65t/h Circulating Fluidized Bed (CFB) boiler and 2 sets of 12MW steam turbines generator units are installed. Therefore, the total installed capacity of the Project is 24MW and the project is estimated to achieve 116,628 tonnes of CO₂e emissions reduction annually.

The project began to construct on 18 April 2008, and was put into operation since 03/01/2010. The project has been registered as a CDM project on 06/01/2011 .

The first monitoring period of 81,786 tonnes CERs was issued by EB on 07/02/2013. During current monitoring period (01/01/2012-30/06/2013), the project has achieved emission reductions of 80,609tonnes CO₂e.

A.2. Location of project activity

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The project activity is located in in the Middle of Poyang Lake Grain Machining Industrial Base, Poyang Industrial Park, Jiangxi Province, P.R. China, which is 15km east away from the county downtown, and west to industrial 1st Road, north to the industrial 4th road, south to the industrial 6throad, and east to the base boundary.

The centre of plant has geographical coordinates of 116° 34' 12" east longitude 28° 52' 12" north latitude.

Please refer to the following drawing for the geographic location of the project activity.

Figure 1: Map showing the location of the project site



A.3. Parties and project participant(s)

Party involved ((host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity(ies) project participants (as applicable)	Indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)

Peoples' Republic of China (host)	Poyang Kaidi Green Energy Development Co., Ltd	No
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Camco Clean Energy Plc	No
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Camco Carbon Limited	No
Switzerland	Camco Clean Energy Plc	No

A.4. Reference of applied methodology

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1. ACM0006 (Version 09) – “Consolidated methodology electricity generation from biomass residues”
2. “Combined tool to identify the baseline scenario and demonstrate additionality”. (Version 02.2)
3. ACM0002 (Version 10) – “Consolidated baseline methodology for grid-connected electricity generation from renewable sources”
4. “Tool to calculate project or leakage CO₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion” (Version 02)
5. “Tool to calculate baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption” (Version 01)
6. “Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system” (Version 02)

For more information regarding the methodology, please refer to the link:

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/approved.html>

A.5. Crediting period of project activity

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Crediting period: from 06/01/2011 to 05/01/2018(Renewable)

The start date of the crediting period is 06/01/2011.

This monitoring period: from 01/01/2012 to 30/06/2013.

SECTION B. Implementation of project activity

B.1. Description of implemented registered project activity

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The project consists of one site, which began to construct on April 2008, and put into operation since 03/01/2010. Please refer to the following table for details.

Activity	Date	
	1# Generator	2# Generator
Start of construction	04/2008	
Commissioning of core equipment	19/12/2009	23/10/2011
Operation of core equipment	03/01/2010	05/11/2011

During current period, the project has been operating normally as described in the registered PDD. 1# steam turbine generator and 2# steam turbine generator were respectively shutdown 4 times and 7 times from 01/01/2012 to 30/06/2013.

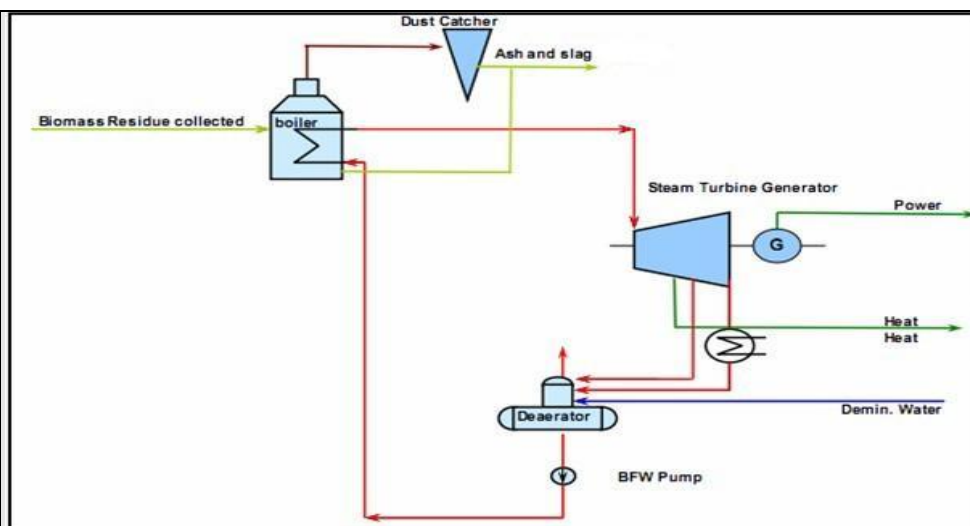
No events or situations, which may impact the applicability of the methodology, occurred during the current monitoring period.

The technology employed by the project is advanced domestic technology. The project installed two sets of 65t/h circulating fluid bed (CFB) boilers with medium temperature and sub-high pressure. At the same time, two 12MW steam turbines and two associated generators are applied in the project. The steam turbine employed is medium temperature and sub-high pressure extraction condensing steam turbine. The total installed capacity of the project is 24MW.

The key technical specifications of the boiler, turbine and generator are listed in the table below.

Boiler	
Manufacturer	Jiangxi Jianglian Energy and Environmental Protection Co., Ltd
Model	KG65-450/5.29-FSWZ- I
Type	Medium temperature and sub-high pressure Circulating Fluidized Bed
Maximum evaporation volume	65t/h
Rated steam pressure	5.29MPa
Rated steam temperature	450°C
Feed water temperature	153.2°C
Feed water pressure	5.72MPa
Efficiency	≥86 %
Quantity	2
STEAM TURBINE	
Manufacturer	Nanjing Turbine & Electric Machinery (Group) Co., Ltd
Model	C12-4.90/0.981-12/435°C
Type	Medium temperature and sub-high pressure extraction condensing steam turbine
Rated power	12MW
Main steam pressure	4.9MPa
Main steam temperature	435°C
Rate extraction steam volume	15t/h
Maximum Extraction steam volume when Rate electricity capacity is 6.59MW	45t/h
Quantity	2
GENERATOR	
Manufacturer	Nanjing Turbine & Electric Machinery (Group) Co., Ltd
Model	QFJ-15-2
Rated power	15MW ¹
Rated voltage	10.5KV
Power factor	0.8
Efficiency	≥97%
Rated rotating speed	3000r/min
Rated frequency	50Hz
Quantity	2
<p>The electricity generated is transmitted through an 110kV transformer at the site to 220kV Poyang substation and then supplied to Jiangxi power grid, which is a sub-grid of the Center China Power Grid (CCPG). The project can therefore replace the equivalent capacity of power plants on the CCPG, which is predominantly made up of coal fired power plants.</p> <p>The Flow Diagram of the Plant as follows:</p>	

¹ The generator is sized at 15MW and not 12MW to allow for possible peak generation and to avoid damage to the generation unit by sudden load change in abnormal situations.



B.2. Post registration changes

B.2.1. Temporary deviations from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology

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N/A

B.2.2. Corrections

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N/A

B.2.3. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan or applied methodology

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N/A

B.2.4. Changes to project design of registered project activity

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The request for post-registration changes to the PDD was approved by EB on 07 Feb 13.
Please refer to the link:

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/DB/TUEV-RHEIN1256136206.28/view>

B.2.5. Changes to start date of crediting period

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N/A

B.2.6. Types of changes specific to afforestation or reforestation project activity

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N/A

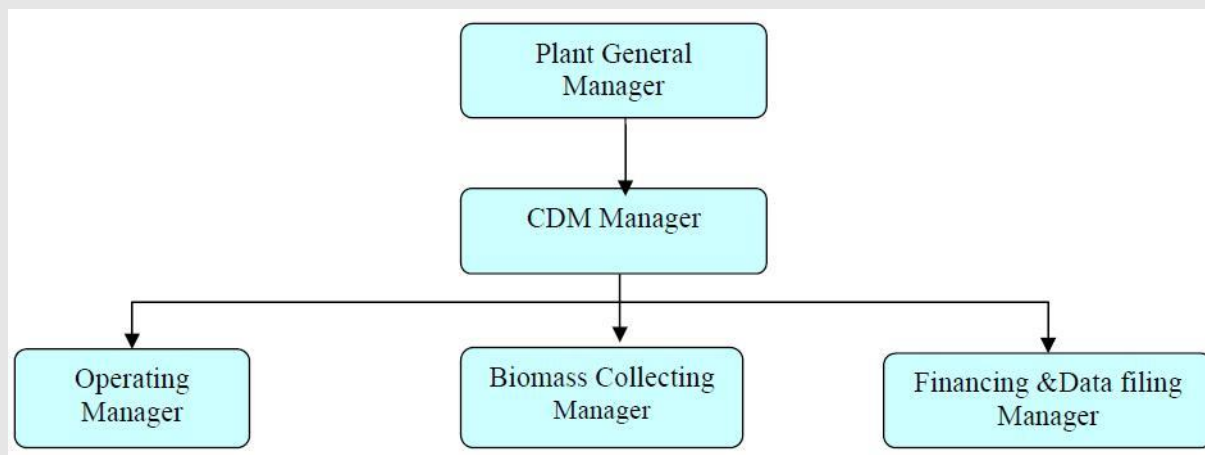
SECTION C. Description of monitoring system

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1 . The organizational structure, roles and responsibilities of personnel:

In order to ensure monitoring of the project is in accordance with the monitoring plan and methodology, a specific CDM office had been established before the registration of the project. Figure 2 shows the organizational structure of the CDM office.

Figure 2 Organizational structure of the CDM office



The responsibilities of the sections are briefly described as following:

The plant manager is in charge of approving the monitoring report, appointing the CDM manager and the relevant monitoring team members and responsible for the monitoring outcome.

The CDM manager is responsible for liaising with DOE and the buyers, organizing the relevant training, reviewing all the documents related with the monitoring of the project, correcting any errors in time and acting as the quality supervisor of the monitoring process.

The Operating Manager is responsible for the monitoring associated with operation of the plant, the net electricity generation, the start-up diesel consumption and the dry biomass combusted. In addition, the Operating Manager supervises meter maintenance and manages the calibration process.

The Biomass Collecting Manager is responsible for the monitoring associated with biomass collection, the transportation emission, the mechanical biomass pre-treatment emissions and assisting the annual leakage analysis.

The Financing & Data filing Manager prepares the available original invoices or receipts associated with the whole monitoring process. Besides, the Financing & Data filing Manager collects the relevant data from the Operating Manager and the Biomass Collecting Manager, summarize the data, file the data and submit reports to the CDM manager in time.

The monitoring report is generated based on the monthly reports before each verification. The monitoring report is reviewed by the office manager before submitted to DOE.

2 . Monitoring system:

2.1 Net electricity generation

There is a gate way meter installed on the project site monitoring the electricity supplied to the grid and purchased from the grid. There is a back up meter installed at the project site monitoring the electricity supplied to the grid and purchased from the grid too.

In addition, a 10KV backup power supply is available in site in the early time of the project and the amount of electricity imported through this line is monitored and checked by the invoice if available.

The data of electricity supplied to the grid and purchased from the grid is measured and crosschecked by the invoices and the power transaction note if available.

2.2 Biomass residues consumption and moisture of the biomass residues

The amount of biomass residues combusted in the boiler is monitored by the belt weigher. The moisture of the biomass residues combusted also is monitored by sampling continuously at fixed time period and analyzed daily. An energy balance is recorded monthly to assist verifying the biomass combusted.

2.3 Fossil Fuel Consumption in the power plant

For fossil fuel used for starting up, flow meters are equipped in the supply and return pipe to monitor the quantity of diesel consumption.

If there is any fossil fuel used for the shredders, forklifts or any other machines for the mechanical biomass pre-treatment in the project site (including the biomass collection sites) is monitored by the diesel purchase and consumption log book.

The purchase receipt is used for cross-check. If there is any data missing or significant error exists, the entire quantity of fossil fuel purchased in a particular monitoring period would be considered as combusted in the power plant for conservativeness.

2.4 Transportation of Biomass residues

The project developer of the project structures a recording and monitoring system within the biomass residues supply and management system covering all the biomass collection sites established by the project. Each time each truck transporting the biomass into the project site is counted and recorded in the log book. The transportation distance to the collection sites is recorded by company staffs at the sites and the data is recorded in the log books. The data on distance of fuel supply site from the plant can be verified by cross checking data records on the distances available with information from other sources (e.g. maps).

If data is missing for a particular round trip, the following backup data apply in their order:

- The round trip distance between the farthest biomass fuel supply site and the project plant is used.
- If the farthest biomass fuel supply site could not be verified, 200km would be used for conservativeness

2.5 Electricity consumed on site

When the biomass residue is mechanically pre-treated, the project needs a certain amount of electricity from grid. This amount is metered or calculated conservatively.

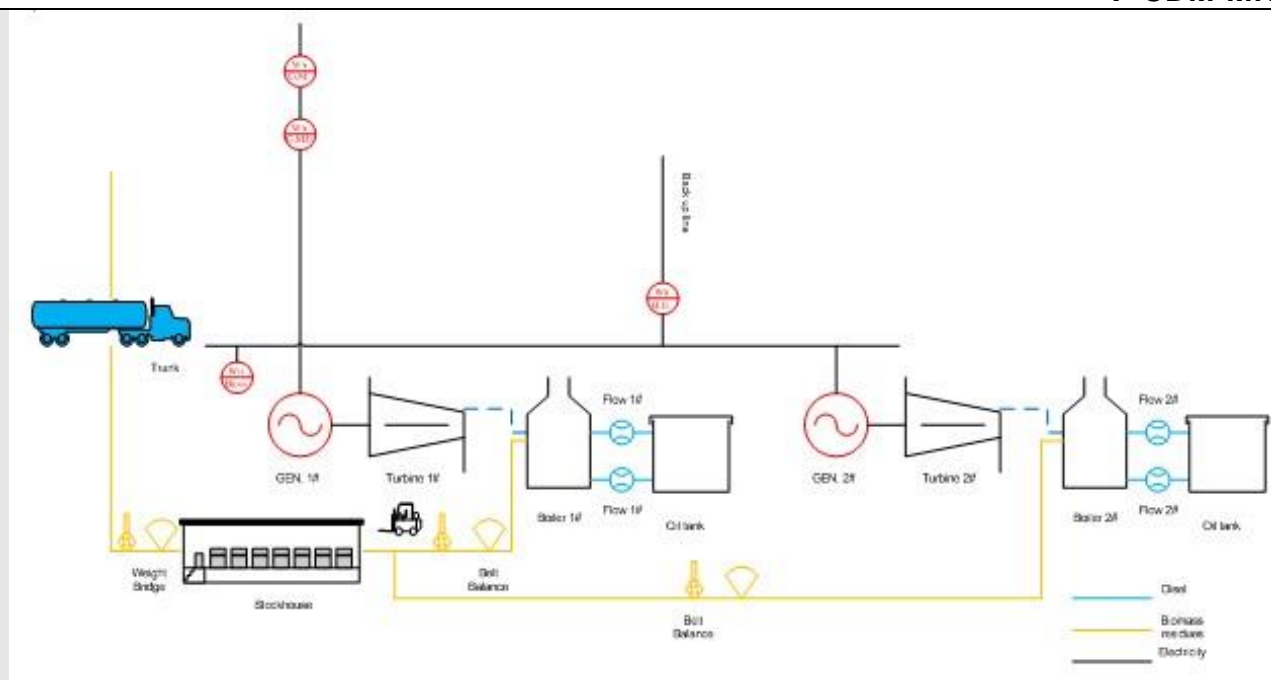
If the monitoring data is missing, or it is not feasible to install a dedicated meter to monitor this indicator, it is calculated conservatively as the weight of straws smashed in tons and the electricity consumption factor (kWh/ton). The electricity factor can be calculated as follows:

- 1) Collecting all the nameplates power (in kW) and capacity (t/h) of every straw crackers
- 2) Calculating the electricity factor corresponding to each cracker in kWh/t
- 3) Using the largest number as a conservative electricity factor for the calculation

2.6 Leakage

The project consumption and availabilities in the defined geographical area of each type of biomass residue not only the biomass types mentioned above but also other biomass residues utilized in the project is monitored to check the leakage effect brought by the operation of the project. This is obtained from surveys or statistics from local agricultural bureau or other official public resource. If they are not available, the project owner will ask specialized institute or consulting company to do biomass availability research.

Figure 3: The monitoring system and power system connection



Poyang Kaidi Biomass Power Plant

3. Data collection procedures

The meters or monitoring equipment installed in the monitoring system have been calibrated by a certified Party in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and National Regulations for ensuring reliability of the system. Calibrations shall be evidenced with certificates of calibration for the relevant meter(s) issued by a qualified body. A calibration and error log have been maintained to provide transparency and sound management.

All the electronic and paper documents relevant to CDM must be archived for more than two years since the end of the crediting period.

4. Emergency procedures for the monitoring system

4.1 Training

Members of staff who are involved in the CDM project have been given training on the CDM and reporting requirements, prior to registration of the project. New members of staff joining the CDM project team will also be given training in relation to their responsibilities. Full training procedures and a training plan have been detailed in the CDM Manual.

4.2 Record Keeping and Internal Reporting Procedure

The data associated with the emission reduction will be kept for at least 2 years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs, whichever occurs later.

4.3 Error Handling Procedure

In the event that a meter has lost calibration over the allowable error limit then this shall be corrected at the earliest opportunity and re-calibrated and the data recorded from this meter since the last successful calibration shall be ignored.

The check of the CDM Project manager and then the third party verifier prior to issuance of the CERs is considered adequate for errors in the calculations. Where errors in the calculations are discovered by either of these Parties, the monitoring report shall be modified and the corrected version shall be resubmitted to the verifier.

4.4 External Reporting Procedure

After signing by the CDM Project manager, the report is sent to the third party verifier who is contracted to verify the emissions reductions during the crediting period of the project.

4.5 Procedure for corrective actions arising

The CDM manager is responsible for identifying corrective actions arising from the above procedures and for liaising with the purchaser, the third party verifiers and other stakeholders to take necessary steps to implement the corrective actions.

4.6 Emergency procedures

In the unlikely event of an emergency, set procedures will be followed. Details of the procedures to be followed are described in the relevant Operation Manuals. The key points include:

The Distributed Control System (DCS) will automatically shut off the boilers upon detecting an emergency. The operators can also remotely shut off the boilers if they find an emergency situation has occurred.

SECTION D. Data and parameters**D.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period**

Data / Parameter:	EF_y
Unit:	t CO ₂ e/MWh
Description:	Baseline emission factor of Central China Power Grid
Source of data:	The revised PDD Version 6
Value(s) applied):	0.9735
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	GWP_{CH4}
Unit:	t CO ₂ e / t CH ₄
Description:	Global warming potential for CH ₄
Source of data:	IPCC 2006 Default Value in the first commitment period and standard for application of the global warming potential to clean development mechanism project activities and programmes of activities for the second commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol
Value(s) applied):	21 in the first commitment period and 25 in the second commitment period
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	TDL_{j,y}
Unit:	%
Description:	Average technical transmission and distribution losses for providing electricity to source j in year y.
Source of data:	The revised PDD Version 6
Value(s) applied):	20
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	EF_{CH4,BF}
Unit:	t CH ₄ /GJ
Description:	CH ₄ emission factor for controlled burning of the biomass residue in the project plant
Source of data:	The revised PDD Version 6
Value(s) applied):	41.1
Purpose of data:	Project emission calculation
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	NCV_k*EF_{burning,CH4,k,y}
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Unit:	t CH ₄ /tonne
Description:	CH ₄ emission factor for uncontrolled burning of the biomass residue
Source of data:	The revised PDD Version 6
Value(s) applied:	0.001971
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission calculation
Additional comment:	--

D.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data / Parameter:	BF _{k, y}																							
Unit:	Tons of dry matter																							
Description:	Quantity of each biomass residue type k combusted in the project plant in year, y.																							
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured																							
Source of data:	On-site measurements																							
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table><tr><td>Type</td><td>Units</td><td>Data</td></tr><tr><td>Rice husk</td><td>tonne</td><td>37,975.41</td></tr><tr><td>Bamboo crumbs</td><td>tonne</td><td>18,650.31</td></tr><tr><td>Wood scraps</td><td>tonne</td><td>38,785.50</td></tr><tr><td>Branches</td><td>tonne</td><td>30,296.24</td></tr><tr><td>Barks</td><td>tonne</td><td>25,644.23</td></tr><tr><td>Stumps</td><td>tonne</td><td>1,157.36</td></tr></table>			Type	Units	Data	Rice husk	tonne	37,975.41	Bamboo crumbs	tonne	18,650.31	Wood scraps	tonne	38,785.50	Branches	tonne	30,296.24	Barks	tonne	25,644.23	Stumps	tonne	1,157.36
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Monitoring equipment:	<table><tr><td>Meter name</td><td>Belt weigher 1#</td><td>Belt weigher 2#</td></tr><tr><td>Type/Model</td><td>ICS-ST4-1000</td><td>ICS-ST4-1000</td></tr><tr><td>Accuracy</td><td>0.5 (The maximum permissible error is 0.5%)</td><td>0.5 (The maximum permissible error is 0.5%)</td></tr><tr><td>SN</td><td>0811109</td><td>0811112</td></tr><tr><td>Last calibration date</td><td>04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13</td><td>04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13</td></tr><tr><td>Valid period</td><td>01-Jan-14</td><td>01-Jan-14</td></tr><tr><td>Calibration Frequency</td><td>once per year</td><td>once pre year</td></tr></table>			Meter name	Belt weigher 1#	Belt weigher 2#	Type/Model	ICS-ST4-1000	ICS-ST4-1000	Accuracy	0.5 (The maximum permissible error is 0.5%)	0.5 (The maximum permissible error is 0.5%)	SN	0811109	0811112	Last calibration date	04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13	04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13	Valid period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14	Calibration Frequency	once per year	once pre year
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Valid period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14																						
Calibration Frequency	once per year	once pre year																						
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously measurement and monthly recording; 100% of data is monitored and electronically archived.																							

Calculation method (if applicable):	Use weigh meters, adjust for the moisture content in order to determine the quantity of dry biomass	
QA/QC procedures:	The meter undergoes calibration/maintenance subject to appropriate industrial standards. Direct measurements at the plant site could be crosschecked with an annual energy balance that is based on purchased quantities and stock changes.	
Purpose of data:	Baseline and project emissions	
Additional comment:	--	

Data / Parameter:	Moisture content of the biomass residues																																												
Unit:	% water content																																												
Description:	Moisture content of the biomass residues																																												
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured																																												
Source of data:	Measured by balance and dry cabinet																																												
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to the spread sheet																																												
Monitoring equipment:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Meter name</td> <td colspan="2">Balance 1#</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type/Model</td> <td colspan="2">YB2001</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accuracy</td> <td colspan="2">0.1g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SN</td> <td colspan="2">0193</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Last calibration date</td> <td colspan="2">04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>valid Period</td> <td colspan="2">01-Jan-14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Calibration frequency</td> <td colspan="2">once per year</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Meter name</td> <td>Dry cabinet 1#</td> <td>Dry cabinet 2#</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type/Model</td> <td>GZXGF-9123A-GBS</td> <td>101-1B</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accuracy</td> <td>0.1 °C</td> <td>0.1 °C</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SN</td> <td>2011133</td> <td>081211</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Last calibration date</td> <td>04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13</td> <td>04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>valid Period</td> <td>01-Jan-14</td> <td>01-Jan-14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Calibration frequency</td> <td>once per year</td> <td>once per year</td> </tr> </table>			Meter name	Balance 1#		Type/Model	YB2001		Accuracy	0.1g		SN	0193		Last calibration date	04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13		valid Period	01-Jan-14		Calibration frequency	once per year		Meter name	Dry cabinet 1#	Dry cabinet 2#	Type/Model	GZXGF-9123A-GBS	101-1B	Accuracy	0.1 °C	0.1 °C	SN	2011133	081211	Last calibration date	04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13	04-Jan-11 03-Jan-12 02-Jan-13	valid Period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14	Calibration frequency	once per year	once per year
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valid Period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14																																											
Calibration frequency	once per year	once per year																																											
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Daily measurement and monthly recording; 100% of data is monitored and electronically archived.																																												
Calculation method (if applicable):	--																																												
QA/QC procedures:	The monitoring procedures in the laboratory of the plant is done according to authoritative guidance																																												
Purpose of data:	Baseline and project emissions																																												

Additional comment:	--																																										
Data / Parameter:	NCV_K																																										
Unit:	GJ/ton of dry matter																																										
Description:	Net calorific value of each biomass residue of type k																																										
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured																																										
Source of data:	Report from a reputed laboratory and according to relevant standards.																																										
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Type</th><th rowspan="2">Units</th><th colspan="3">Test Date</th></tr> <tr> <th>03/01/2012</th><th>02/07/2012</th><th>03/01/2013</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Rice husk</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>13.51</td><td>13.22</td><td>12.98</td></tr> <tr> <td>Bamboo crumbs</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>10.52</td><td>11.04</td><td>10.71</td></tr> <tr> <td>Wood scraps</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>10.83</td><td>12.18</td><td>11.76</td></tr> <tr> <td>Branches</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>13.27</td><td>12.72</td><td>12.97</td></tr> <tr> <td>Barks</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>12.07</td><td>11.68</td><td>11.93</td></tr> <tr> <td>Stumps</td><td>MJ/Kg</td><td>11.07</td><td>11.25</td><td>11.16</td></tr> </tbody> </table>					Type	Units	Test Date			03/01/2012	02/07/2012	03/01/2013	Rice husk	MJ/Kg	13.51	13.22	12.98	Bamboo crumbs	MJ/Kg	10.52	11.04	10.71	Wood scraps	MJ/Kg	10.83	12.18	11.76	Branches	MJ/Kg	13.27	12.72	12.97	Barks	MJ/Kg	12.07	11.68	11.93	Stumps	MJ/Kg	11.07	11.25	11.16
Type	Units	Test Date																																									
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Bamboo crumbs	MJ/Kg	10.52	11.04	10.71																																							
Wood scraps	MJ/Kg	10.83	12.18	11.76																																							
Branches	MJ/Kg	13.27	12.72	12.97																																							
Barks	MJ/Kg	12.07	11.68	11.93																																							
Stumps	MJ/Kg	11.07	11.25	11.16																																							
Monitoring equipment:	N/A																																										
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Twice a year (Every six months, taking three samples for each measurement, according to the description of the registered PDD).																																										
Calculation method (if applicable):	--																																										
QA/QC procedures:	<p>The consistency of the measurements is checked by comparing the measurement results with measurements from previous years, relevant data sources. If the measurement results differ significantly from previous measurements or other relevant data sources, Additional measurements are conducted.</p> <p>PO has checked consistency of measurements with default values by the IPCC.</p>																																										
Purpose of data:	Baseline emissions & project emission																																										
Additional comment:	--																																										
Data / Parameter:	AVD_y																																										
Unit:	km																																										
Description:	Average round trip distance (from and to) between the biomass fuel supply sites and the project plant during the year y																																										
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured																																										
Source of data:	On site records maintained in the log books																																										
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	50.24																																										

Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Each time every truck which transports biomass residue to the plant is counted and recorded in the log books. Monitoring frequency: Continuously
Calculation method (if applicable):	Aggregated monthly and taken the average
QA/QC procedures:	The data on distance of fuel supply site from the plant can be verified by cross checking data records on the distances available with information from other sources (e.g. maps). If data is missing for a particular round trip, the following backup data apply in their order: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ The round trip distance between the farthest biomass fuel supply site and the project plant will be used. ➤ If the farthest biomass fuel supply site could not be verified, 200km would be used for conservativeness.
Purpose of data:	Project emission
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	N_y
Unit:	--
Description:	Number of truck trips for the transportation of biomass
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	On site records maintained in the log books
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	21,238
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Each time every truck which transports biomass residue to the plant is counted and recorded in the log books. Monitoring frequency: Continuously
Calculation method (if applicable):	--
QA/QC procedures:	The consistency of the number of truck trips could be checked with the quantity of biomass combusted by the relation with previous years
Purpose of data:	Project emissions
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	EF_{km,CO2}
Unit:	tCO ₂ e/km

Description:	Average CO ₂ Emission Factor for transportation of biomass with trucks during year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default
Source of data:	IPCC default value
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.001097 Revised 1996 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (Table 1-32 on Page 1.75) of the Reference Manual (Estimated Emission Factors for US Heavy Duty Diesel Vehicles)
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Choose emission factors applicable for the truck types used from the literature in a conservative manner. The appropriateness of the data is reviewed annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	--
QA/QC procedures:	--
Purpose of data:	Project emission
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	EF_{CO₂,I,y}
Unit:	kg CO ₂ e/TJ
Description:	CO ₂ emission factor for fossil fuel type i (diesel)
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default
Source of data:	As local or national data are not available, the data 74,800 kg CO ₂ e/TJ is used for conservativeness, which is the IPCC default values at the upper limit of the uncertainty at a 95% confidence interval as provided in table 1.4 of Chapter1 of Vol. 2 (Energy) of the 2006 IPCC Guidelines on National GHG Inventories.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	74,800 The upper limit of IPCC 2006 default value , diesel emission factor
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	The appropriateness of the data i reviewed annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	--
QA/QC procedures:	The plant is designed to use diesel at this stage. Should any other fossil fuel be used during operation, the same monitoring procedures apply.
Purpose of data:	Project emission
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	NCV_i
Unit:	TJ/tonne
Description:	Net Calorific Value(NCV _i) of fossil fuel type i(diesel)
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Default
Source of data:	Reliable National Data
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.042652 China Energy Statistical Yearbook 2010,2011 Diesel NCV
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	The appropriateness of the data is reviewed annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	--
QA/QC procedures:	The plant is designed to use diesel at this stage. Should any other fossil fuel be used during operation, the same monitoring procedures apply.
Purpose of data:	Project emission
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	FF_{project plant ,i, y}
Unit:	tonne
Description:	Quantity of fossil fuel type i(diesel) combusted in the project plant during year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Flow meters
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	$10,277.06 \text{ litre} * 0.85 \text{ kg/litre} / 1000 = 8.74 \text{ tonne}$

Monitoring equipment:	<table><tr><td>Meter name</td><td>Flow meter 1#</td><td>Flow meter 2#</td></tr><tr><td>Type/Model</td><td>LWY-10C</td><td>LWY-10C</td></tr><tr><td>Accuracy</td><td>1.0%</td><td>1.0%</td></tr><tr><td>SN</td><td>08020</td><td>07115</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">Last calibration date</td><td>03-Jan-11</td><td>03-Jan-11</td></tr><tr><td>03-Jan-12</td><td>03-Jan-12</td></tr><tr><td>02-Jan-13</td><td>02-Jan-13</td></tr><tr><td>valid Period</td><td>01-Jan-14</td><td>01-Jan-14</td></tr><tr><td>Calibration frequency</td><td>Once per year</td><td>Once per year</td></tr></table>	Meter name	Flow meter 1#	Flow meter 2#	Type/Model	LWY-10C	LWY-10C	Accuracy	1.0%	1.0%	SN	08020	07115	Last calibration date	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-12	03-Jan-12	02-Jan-13	02-Jan-13	valid Period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14	Calibration frequency	Once per year	Once per year
	Meter name	Flow meter 1#	Flow meter 2#																							
Type/Model	LWY-10C	LWY-10C																								
Accuracy	1.0%	1.0%																								
SN	08020	07115																								
Last calibration date	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-11																								
	03-Jan-12	03-Jan-12																								
	02-Jan-13	02-Jan-13																								
valid Period	01-Jan-14	01-Jan-14																								
Calibration frequency	Once per year	Once per year																								
	<table><tr><td>Meter name</td><td>Flow meter 3#</td><td>Flow meter 4#</td></tr><tr><td>Type/Model</td><td>LWY-10C</td><td>LWY-10C</td></tr><tr><td>Accuracy</td><td>1.0%</td><td>1.0%</td></tr><tr><td>SN</td><td>L1019012</td><td>L1019030</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">Last calibration date</td><td>03-Jan-11</td><td>03-Jan-11</td></tr><tr><td>03-Jan-12</td><td>03-Jan-12</td></tr><tr><td>31-Oct-13</td><td>31-Oct-13</td></tr><tr><td>valid Period</td><td>30-Oct-14</td><td>30-Oct-14</td></tr><tr><td>Calibration frequency</td><td>Once per year</td><td>Once per year</td></tr></table> <p>The calibration of Flow meter 3# and Flow meter 4# was delayed from 03 January 2013 to 31 October 2013. The monitoring data of the gate meter during this period will be calculated conservatively.</p> <p>The accuracy of Flow meter 3# and Flow meter 4# is 1.0%, so the maximum permissible error is ±1.0%. According to “Clean development mechanism validation and verification standard”, and for the sake of conservative, the value of $FF_{\text{project plant},i,y}$ during the monitoring period(from 01 January 2013 to 30 June 2013) is multiplied by 101.0%,.</p>	Meter name	Flow meter 3#	Flow meter 4#	Type/Model	LWY-10C	LWY-10C	Accuracy	1.0%	1.0%	SN	L1019012	L1019030	Last calibration date	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-12	03-Jan-12	31-Oct-13	31-Oct-13	valid Period	30-Oct-14	30-Oct-14	Calibration frequency	Once per year	Once per year
Meter name	Flow meter 3#	Flow meter 4#																								
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SN	L1019012	L1019030																								
Last calibration date	03-Jan-11	03-Jan-11																								
	03-Jan-12	03-Jan-12																								
	31-Oct-13	31-Oct-13																								
valid Period	30-Oct-14	30-Oct-14																								
Calibration frequency	Once per year	Once per year																								
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously measuring, read the data of fuel consumption after boiler start-up every time and record accordingly.																									
Calculation method (if applicable):	The monitored volume quantity of diesel for start-up was multiplied by the standard density of diesel 0.85kg/litre according to the registered PDD.																									
QA/QC procedures:	The meters undergo calibration/maintenance subject to appropriate industrial standards. The measurements could be cross-checked by the purchased quantities and stock changes if available.																									
Purpose of data:	Project emission																									
Additional comment:	--																									

Data / Parameter:	$FF_{\text{project site},i,y}$
Unit:	tonne
Description:	Quantity of fossil fuel type i combusted in the project site(including the collection sites) for other purposes that are attributable to the project activity during year y

Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	On site consumption records maintained in the log books
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	$120,525.82 \text{ litre} \times 0.85 \text{ kg/litre} / 1000 = 102.45 \text{ tonne}$
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Each time consumption of fossil fuel in the project is recorded on the log books. Monitoring frequency: continuously.
Calculation method (if applicable):	The consumption of diesel is monitored using diesel purchase and consumption log book.
QA/QC procedures:	The data is cross checked by the purchase receipts.
Purpose of data:	Project emission
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	EC_{PJ, y}
Unit:	MWh
Description:	On-site electricity consumption (including the electricity consumption for the mechanical treatment of the biomass in the biomass collection sites and the project site) attributable to the project activity during the year y
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	On-site measurements by meter or calculated conservatively as the weight of straws smashed in tons and the electricity consumption factor (kWh/ton)
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	<p>799.03</p> <p>EC_{PJ, y} is conservatively calculated as follow: There are two machines installed on-site with the type BX2113 and Vermeer HG365E. The electricity consumption factor of BX2113 is $250 \text{ KW} / (30 \text{ t/h}) = 8.33333 \text{ KWh/t}$, and the electricity consumption factor of Vermeer HG365E is $224.546 \text{ KW} / (33 \text{ t/h}) = 6.8044 \text{ KWh/t}$. For the sake of conservative, all of the wood scraps, braches, barks and stumps consumed during the monitoring period are considered to be smashed. The quantity is 95,883.33t totally, so the EC_{PJ, y} can be calculated conservatively using the larger electricity factor 8.33333 KWh/t: $\text{EC}_{PJ, y} = 8.33333 \text{ KWh/t} \times 95,883.33 \text{ t} / 1000$ $= 799.03 \text{ MWh}$.</p>

Monitoring equipment:	<table><tr><td>Meter name</td><td>Meter 1#</td></tr><tr><td>Type/Model</td><td>DSSD1008</td></tr><tr><td>Accuracy</td><td>0.5S</td></tr><tr><td>SN</td><td>0807105</td></tr><tr><td>Last calibration date</td><td>24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12</td></tr><tr><td>Valid Period</td><td>23-Dec-13</td></tr><tr><td>Calibration Frequency</td><td>Once per year</td></tr></table>	Meter name	Meter 1#	Type/Model	DSSD1008	Accuracy	0.5S	SN	0807105	Last calibration date	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	Valid Period	23-Dec-13	Calibration Frequency	Once per year
	Meter name	Meter 1#													
	Type/Model	DSSD1008													
	Accuracy	0.5S													
	SN	0807105													
	Last calibration date	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12													
	Valid Period	23-Dec-13													
	Calibration Frequency	Once per year													
<p>In accordance with the QA/QC procedure in the registered PDD and methodology, $EC_{PJ,y}$ would be crosschecked with invoices for purchased electricity if available. But in fact, as part of internal electricity consumption system, there is not separate invoices of electricity consumption to crosscheck the quantity of electricity consumption, so the QA/QC procedure is not applicable to the PA. For the sake of conservative, $EC_{PJ,y}$ will be calculated as the weight of straws smashed in tons and the electricity consumption factor according to the registered PDD.</p>															
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously measuring and monthly recoding; 100% of data is monitored and electronically archived.														
Calculation method (if applicable):	<p>When the biomass residue is mechanically pretreated, the proposed project needs a certain amount of electricity from grid. This amount could be metered or calculated conservatively.</p> <p>If the monitoring data is missing, or it is not feasible to install a dedicated meter to monitor this indicator, it will be calculated conservatively as the weight of straws smashed in tons and the electricity consumption factor (kWh/ton). The electricity factor can be calculated as follows: Collecting all the nameplates power (in kW) and capacity(t/h) of every straw crackers Calculating the electricity factor corresponding to each cracker in kWh/t Using the largest number as a conservative electricity factor for the calculation</p> <p>Monitoring frequency: Continuously, aggregated at least monthly.</p>														
QA/QC procedures:	Cross-check measurement results with invoices for purchased electricity if available														
Purpose of data:	Project emission														
Additional comment:	--														

Data / Parameter:	$EG_{\text{project plant},y}$
Unit:	MWh
Description:	Net quantity of increased electricity generated in the project plant during the year y

Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured																															
Source of data:	On-site measurements																															
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	81,507.33																															
Monitoring equipment:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Meter name</td> <td>Gate meter</td> <td>Backup Meter</td> <td>10KV Meter</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type/Model</td> <td>ZMQ202C.4</td> <td>ZMQ202C.4</td> <td>DSSD135</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Accuracy</td> <td>0.2S</td> <td>0.2S</td> <td>0.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SN</td> <td>94826500</td> <td>94826502</td> <td>807341</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Calibration on</td> <td>24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12</td> <td>24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12</td> <td>24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Valid Period</td> <td>23-Dec-13</td> <td>23-Dec-13</td> <td>23-Dec-13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Frequency</td> <td colspan="3">Once per year</td> </tr> </table>				Meter name	Gate meter	Backup Meter	10KV Meter	Type/Model	ZMQ202C.4	ZMQ202C.4	DSSD135	Accuracy	0.2S	0.2S	0.5	SN	94826500	94826502	807341	Calibration on	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	Valid Period	23-Dec-13	23-Dec-13	23-Dec-13	Frequency	Once per year		
Meter name	Gate meter	Backup Meter	10KV Meter																													
Type/Model	ZMQ202C.4	ZMQ202C.4	DSSD135																													
Accuracy	0.2S	0.2S	0.5																													
SN	94826500	94826502	807341																													
Calibration on	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12	24-Dec-11 24-Dec-12																													
Valid Period	23-Dec-13	23-Dec-13	23-Dec-13																													
Frequency	Once per year																															
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Continuously measuring and monthly recoding; 100% of data is monitored and electronically archived.																															
Calculation method (if applicable):	The net electricity equals to electricity supplied to the grid minus electricity purchased from the grid minus electricity purchased from the 10kv backup power.																															
QA/QC procedures:	The consistency of the data is cross-checked with receipts from electricity sales and purchase invoices, if available; and the quantity of fuels fired to see whether the electricity generation divided by the quantity of fuels fired results in a reasonable efficiency.																															
Purpose of data:	Baseline emission																															
Additional comment:	--																															

Data / Parameter:	--
Unit:	Tonnes
Description:	Quantity of each biomass residues type k that are utilized in the defined geographical region
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Surveys or Statistics
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to Section E.3
Monitoring equipment:	N/A

Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	This parameter is reviewed annually according to the project data and official data.
Purpose of data:	Leakage
Additional comment:	--

Data / Parameter:	--
Unit:	Tonnes
Description:	Quantity of each biomass residues type k that are available in the region
Measured/ Calculated / Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Surveys or Statistics
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	Please refer to Section E.3
Monitoring equipment:	N/A
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Annually
Calculation method (if applicable):	N/A
QA/QC procedures:	This parameter is reviewed annually according to the project data and official data.
Purpose of data:	Leakage
Additional comment:	--

The monitored parameters are given in the following table 1.

Table 1: Monitored Parameters

		Rice husk			Bamboo crumbs		
		BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV	BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV
from	to	tonne	%	GJ/ton	Tonne	%	GJ/ton
		A	B	C	D	E	F
01/01/2012	31/01/2012	5,858.97	13.29	13.51	4,100.37	39.47	10.52
01/02/2012	29/02/2012	3,226.68	13.62	13.51	2,134.08	39.68	10.52

01/03/2012	31/03/2012	3,909.61	13.60	13.51	1,575.47	38.88	10.52
01/04/2012	30/04/2012	605.61	13.57	13.51	246.76	39.41	10.52
01/05/2012	31/05/2012	3,678.05	13.54	13.51	795.16	38.86	10.52
01/06/2012	30/06/2012	212.19	12.42	13.51	1,187.30	39.38	10.52
01/07/2012	31/07/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/08/2012	31/08/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/09/2012	30/09/2012	1,290.55	13.31	13.22	754.53	39.31	11.04
01/10/2012	31/10/2012	1,810.37	13.47	13.22	899.19	39.41	11.04
01/11/2012	30/11/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/12/2012	31/12/2012	3,438.69	12.92	13.22	1,071.06	39.05	11.04
01/01/2013	31/01/2013	1,673.17	14.03	12.98	1,207.14	38.97	10.71
01/02/2013	28/02/2013	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/03/2013	31/03/2013	3,103.62	12.99	12.98	806.38	39.36	10.71
01/04/2013	30/04/2013	2,985.15	14.13	12.98	1,126.35	39.32	10.71
01/05/2013	31/05/2013	2,412.45	14.25	12.98	896.59	39.26	10.71
01/06/2013	30/06/2013	3,770.30	13.65	12.98	1,849.93	40.26	10.71
Total		37,975.41	-	-	18,650.31	-	-

		Wood scraps			Branches		
		BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV	BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV
from	to	tonne	%	GJ/ton	Tonne	%	GJ/ton
		G	H	I	J	K	L
01/01/2012	31/01/2012	6397.91	34.51	10.83	6154.64	22.20	13.27
01/02/2012	29/02/2012	3074.67	34.53	10.83	1885.71	22.07	13.27
01/03/2012	31/03/2012	2413.60	34.91	10.83	356.75	21.79	13.27
01/04/2012	30/04/2012	888.38	34.81	10.83	1926.90	22.29	13.27
01/05/2012	31/05/2012	1440.79	35.10	10.83	2813.70	22.05	13.27
01/06/2012	30/06/2012	474.68	34.75	10.83	137.83	22.47	13.27
01/07/2012	31/07/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

01/08/2012	31/08/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/09/2012	30/09/2012	1370.44	34.91	12.18	914.49	22.28	12.72
01/10/2012	31/10/2012	1292.14	33.49	12.18	3056.22	22.28	12.72
01/11/2012	30/11/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/12/2012	31/12/2012	2065.87	34.98	12.18	451.03	21.42	12.72
01/01/2013	31/01/2013	2904.18	34.90	11.76	1211.77	22.37	12.97
01/02/2013	28/02/2013	0.00	0.00	0.00	1436.69	22.06	12.97
01/03/2013	31/03/2013	4324.61	34.65	11.76	852.55	20.92	12.97
01/04/2013	30/04/2013	4025.21	34.91	11.76	3227.43	22.20	12.97
01/05/2013	31/05/2013	4214.66	34.91	11.76	3862.41	22.03	12.97
01/06/2013	30/06/2013	3898.36	34.58	11.76	2008.12	22.18	12.97
Total		38,785.50	-	-	30,296.24	-	

		Barks			Stumps		
		BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV	BF _{k,y}	Moisture	NCV
		tonne	%	GJ/ton	Tonne	%	GJ/ton
from	to	M	N	O	P	Q	R
01/01/2012	31/01/2012	2,320.00	28.77	12.07	103.99	36.12	11.07
01/02/2012	29/02/2012	2,618.38	28.74	12.07	230.00	35.55	11.07
01/03/2012	31/03/2012	1,504.24	28.87	12.07	456.98	35.79	11.07
01/04/2012	30/04/2012	1,377.28	28.70	12.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/05/2012	31/05/2012	1,229.92	27.77	12.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/06/2012	30/06/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/07/2012	31/07/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/08/2012	31/08/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/09/2012	30/09/2012	326.03	28.93	11.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/10/2012	31/10/2012	1,961.21	29.10	11.68	366.39	35.84	11.25
01/11/2012	30/11/2012	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

01/12/2012	31/12/2012	1,830.75	28.87	11.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/01/2013	31/01/2013	2,025.10	28.97	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/02/2013	28/02/2013	837.02	28.94	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/03/2013	31/03/2013	1,577.66	28.83	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/04/2013	30/04/2013	2,774.61	29.10	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/05/2013	31/05/2013	2,497.76	29.39	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
01/06/2013	30/06/2013	2,764.27	28.78	11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total		25,644.23	-	-	1,157.36	-	

		VD _y	N _y	FF _{project plant,i,y}	FF _{project site,i,y}	EG _{export 110kv,y}	EG _{import 110kv,y}
from	to	km	-	Litre	Litre	MWh	MWh
		S	T	U	V	W	X
01/01/2012	31/01/2012	63,136	1,322	0.00	14,787.13	13,417.60	0.00
01/02/2012	29/02/2012	55,814	1,502	0.00	10,082.10	7,085.17	0.00
01/03/2012	31/03/2012	63,130	1,322	0.00	9,662.56	5,499.19	0.00
01/04/2012	30/04/2012	59,086	1,129	1,258.82	6,741.47	2,713.19	13.79
01/05/2012	31/05/2012	71,674	1,057	800.00	7,144.25	5,357.35	30.23
01/06/2012	30/06/2012	8,954	152	0.00	5,377.19	1,082.53	7.39
01/07/2012	31/07/2012	10	1	0.00	5,301.93	0.00	0.00
01/08/2012	31/08/2012	6,154	126	0.00	7,568.24	0.00	0.00
01/09/2012	30/09/2012	47,736	985	1,070.59	6,372.20	2,499.75	14.72
01/10/2012	31/10/2012	58,454	1,148	741.18	7,705.00	5,048.14	4.95
01/11/2012	30/11/2012	48,360	912	0.00	3,499.00	0.00	0.00
01/12/2012	31/12/2012	60,256	1,259	1,000.00	4,419.00	4,761.11	13.79
01/01/2013	31/01/2013	69,286	1,877	1,200.12	5,381.00	4,856.41	8.98
01/02/2013	28/02/2013	16,630	522	0.00	2,109.00	1,222.19	1.39
01/03/2013	31/03/2013	93,958	2,068	1,093.17	5,880.00	5,741.41	7.72
01/04/2013	30/04/2013	96,610	1,755	1,116.94	6,258.82	7,609.60	11.48
01/05/2013	31/05/2013	134,114	2,289	772.36	5,911.62	7,469.62	8.12

01/06/2013	30/06/2013	113,670	1,812	1,223.88	6,325.31	7,687.22	6.14
total		1,067,032	21,238	10,277.06	120,525.82	82,050.47	128.70

		EG _{import 10kv,y}	EG _{project plant,y}	EC _{PJ,y}
from	to	MWh	MWh	MWh
		Y	Z=W-X-Y	AA
01/01/2012	31/01/2012	0.00	13,417.60	124.80
01/02/2012	29/02/2012	0.00	7,085.17	65.07
01/03/2012	31/03/2012	0.00	5,499.19	39.43
01/04/2012	30/04/2012	15.12	2,684.28	34.94
01/05/2012	31/05/2012	7.28	5,319.84	45.70
01/06/2012	30/06/2012	30.60	1,044.54	5.10
01/07/2012	31/07/2012	75.18	-75.18	0.00
01/08/2012	31/08/2012	69.60	-69.60	0.00
01/09/2012	30/09/2012	34.50	2,450.53	21.76
01/10/2012	31/10/2012	7.14	5,036.05	55.63
01/11/2012	30/11/2012	58.50	-58.50	0.00
01/12/2012	31/12/2012	28.38	4,718.93	36.23
01/01/2013	31/01/2013	35.52	4,811.92	51.18
01/02/2013	28/02/2013	34.02	1,186.78	18.95
01/03/2013	31/03/2013	15.54	5,718.14	56.29
01/04/2013	30/04/2013	1.98	7,596.14	83.56
01/05/2013	31/05/2013	1.08	7,460.42	88.12
01/06/2013	30/06/2013	0.00	7,681.08	72.26
total		414.44	81,507.33	799.03

D.3. Implementation of sampling plan

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N/A

SECTION E. Calculation of emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks**E.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks**

>>

Baseline emissions are calculated as:

- a) Emission reduction due to displacement of electricity

$$ER_{electricity,y} = EG_y \times EF_{electricity,y} \quad (1)$$

Where:

$ER_{electricity,y}$	Emission reductions due to displacement of electricity during the year y (tCO ₂ /yr)
EG_y	Net quantity of increased electricity generation as a result of the project activity (incremental to baseline generation) during the year y (MWh)
$EF_{electricity,y}$	CO ₂ emission factor for the electricity displaced due to the project activity during the year y (tCO ₂ /MWh), which is 0.9735 tCO ₂ e/MWh (See registered PDD Version 5 available online at http://cdm.unfccc.int/Projects/DB/TUEV-RHEIN1256227214.78/view)

During the current monitoring period, the net electricity supplied to the grid is:

$$EG_y = 81,507.33 \text{ MWh}$$

Therefore,

$$ER_{electricity,y} = 81,507.33 \text{ MWh} \times 0.9735 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} / \text{MWh} = 79,347.39 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$$

- b) Emission reductions or increases due to displacement of heat

Since there is no steam is supplied to user, so the $ER_{heat,y} = 0$

- c) Baseline emissions due to natural decay or uncontrolled burning of anthropogenic sources of biomass residues

$$BE_{biomass,y} = GWP_{CH_4} \cdot \sum_k BF_{PJ,k,y} \cdot NCV_k \cdot EF_{burning,CH_4,k,y}$$

Where:

$BE_{biomass,y}$	Baseline emissions due to natural decay or burning of anthropogenic sources of biomass residues during the year y (tCO ₂ e/yr)
GWP_{CH_4}	Global Warming Potential of methane valid for the commitment period (tCO ₂ e/tCH ₄)
$BF_{PJ,k,y}$	Incremental quantity of biomass residue type k used as a result of the project activity in the project plant during the year y (tons of dry matter)
NCV_k	Net calorific value of the biomass residue type k (GJ/ton of dry matter)
$EF_{burning,CH_4,k,y}$	CH ₄ emission factor for uncontrolled burning of the biomass residue type k during the year y (tCH ₄ /GJ)
k	Types of biomass residues for which the identified baseline scenario is B1 or B3 and for which leakage effects could be ruled out with one of the approaches L1, L2 or L3 described in the leakage section

$$\begin{aligned} BE_{biomass,y} &= (21 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} / \text{tCH}_4 \times 65,151.30 \text{ t} + 25 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} / \text{tCH}_4 \times 46,891.31 \text{ t}) \times 0.001971 \text{ tCH}_4 / \text{t} \\ &= 5,007.25 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} \end{aligned}$$

So, the baseline emission reduction is:

$$BE_y = ER_{electricity,y} + ER_{heat,y} + BE_{biomass,y} = 79,347.39 + 0 + 5,007.25 = 84,354 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} (\text{Round down})$$

E.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks

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According to methodology ACM0006 version 6.2, the emissions of the project within the project boundary include:

- CO₂ emissions from transportation of biomass residues to the project site (PET_y),
- CO₂ emissions from on-site consumption of fossil fuels due to the project activity (PEFF_y),
- CO₂ emissions from consumption of electricity (PE_{EC,y}),
- Where this emission source is included in the project boundary and relevant: CH₄ emissions from the combustion of biomass residues (PE_{Biomass,CH4,y}),
- Where waste water from the treatment of biomass residues degrades under anaerobic conditions: CH₄ emissions from waste water.

Project emissions are calculated as follows:

$$PE_y = PET_y + PEFF_y + PE_{EC,y} + GWP_{CH4} \cdot PE_{biomass,CH4,y}$$

Where:

PET _y	CO ₂ emissions during the year y due to transport of the biomass residues to the project plant (tCO ₂ /yr)
PEFF _y	CO ₂ emissions during the year y due to fossil fuels co-fired by the generation facility or other fossil fuel consumption at the project site that is attributable to the project activity (tCO ₂ /yr)
PE _{EC,y}	CO ₂ emissions during the year y due to electricity consumption at the project site that is attributable to the project activity (tCO ₂ /yr)
GWP _{CH4}	Global Warming Potential for methane valid for the relevant commitment period
PE _{Biomass,CH4,y}	CH ₄ emissions from the combustion of biomass residues during the year y (tCH ₄ /yr)

- a) Carbon dioxide emissions from combustion of fossil fuels for transportation of biomass residues to the project plant (PET_y)

$$PET_y = N_y \cdot AVD_y \cdot EF_{km,CO2,y}$$

Where:

PET _y	CO ₂ emissions during the year y due to transport of the biomass residues to the project plant (tCO ₂ /yr)
N _y	Number of truck trips during the year y
AVD _y	Average round trip distance (from and to) between the biomass residue fuel supply sites and the site of the project plant during the year y (km)
EF _{km,CO2,y}	Average CO ₂ emission factor for the trucks measured during the year y (tCO ₂ /km)

Therefore,

$$PET_y = 21,238 \times 50.24 \times 0.001097 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} / \text{km} = 1,170.53 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$$

- b) Carbon dioxide emissions from on-site consumption of fossil fuels (PEFF_y)

$$PEFF_y = PE_{FC,j,y} = \sum_i FC_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,y}$$

Where:

PE _{FC,i,y}	Are the CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion in process j during the year y (tCO ₂ /yr);
FC _{i,j,y}	Is the quantity of fuel type i combusted in process j during the year y (mass or volume unit/yr);
COEF _{i,y}	Is the CO ₂ emission coefficient of fuel type i in year y (tCO ₂ /mass or volume unit)
i	Are the fuel types combusted in process j during the year y

$$COEF_{i,y} = NCV_{i,y} \times EF_{CO2,i,y}$$

Where:

COEF _{i,y}	Is the CO ₂ emission coefficient of fuel type i in year y (tCO ₂ /mass or volume unit)
NCV _{i,y}	Is the weighted average net calorific value of the fuel type i in year y (GJ/mass or volume unit)
EF _{CO2,i,y}	Is the weighted average CO ₂ emission factor of fuel type i in year y (tCO ₂ /GJ)
i	Are the fuel types combusted in process j during the year y

Therefore,

$$PEFF_y = \sum_i FC_{i,j,y} \times NCV_{i,y} \times EF_{CO_2,i,y}$$

$$= (10,277.06 + 120,525.82) \text{ L} \times 0.85 \text{ kg/L} / 1000 \times 0.042652 \text{ TJ/t} \times 74,800 \text{ kg CO}_2\text{e/TJ} / 1 \times 10^3$$

$$= 354.71 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$$

c) CO₂ emissions from electricity consumption (PE_{EC,y})

$$PE_{EC,y} = \sum_i EC_{PJ,j,y} \times EF_{EL,j,y} \times (1 + TDL_{j,y})$$

Where:

EC_{PJ,j,y} Quantity of electricity consumed by the project electricity consumption source j in year y (MWh/yr)

EF_{EL,j,y} Emission factor for electricity generation for source j in year y (tCO₂/MWh)

TDL_{j,y} Average technical transmission and distribution losses for providing electricity to source j in year y

Therefore,

$$PE_{EC,y} = 799.03 \text{ MWh} \times 0.9735 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e/MWh} \times (1 + 20\%) = 933.42 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$$

d) Methane emissions from combustion of biomass residues (PE_{Biomass,CH₄,y})

$$PE_{biomass,CH_4,y} = EF_{CH_4,BF} \cdot \sum_k BF_{k,y} \cdot NCV_k$$

Where:

BF_{k,y} Quantity of biomass residue type k combusted in the project plant during the year y (tons of dry matter)

NCV_k Net calorific value of the biomass residue type k (GJ/ton of dry matter)

EF_{CH₄,BF} CH₄ emission factor for the combustion of biomass residues in the project plant (tCH₄/GJ), according to ACM0006, Version 6.2, the EF_{CH₄,BF} = 41.1 kg CH₄/TJ

During the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2012, PE_{Biomass,CH₄,y} is calculated as follow:

$$PE_{biomass,CH_4,y1} = 41.1 \text{ kg CH}_4 / \text{TJ} \times 804,796.048 \text{ GJ} / 1 \times 10^6$$

$$= 33.077 \text{ tCH}_4$$

During the period from 1 January 2013 to 30 June 2013, PE_{Biomass,CH₄,y} is calculated as follow:

$$PE_{biomass,CH_4,y2} = 41.1 \text{ kg CH}_4 / \text{TJ} \times 575,764.837 \text{ GJ} / 1 \times 10^6$$

$$= 23.664 \text{ tCH}_4$$

According to the data calculated above,

$$PE_y = (1,170.53 + 354.71 + 933.42) \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} + (21 \times 33.077 + 25 \times 23.664) \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} = 3,745 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e} \text{ (Round up)}$$

E.3. Calculation of leakage

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According to methodology ACM0006 version 6.2, the main potential source of leakage for this project activity is an increase in emissions from fossil fuel combustion or other sources due to diversion of biomass residues from other uses to the project plant as a result of the project activity. Changes in carbon stocks in the LULUCF sector are expected to be insignificant since this methodology is limited to biomass residues.

A statistic is issued by a reputed institute on the biomass availability, and the data are as followed:

Table 2: Demonstration of abundant surplus of biomass availability

Demonstration of abundant surplus of biomass availability for the year 2012						
Biomass Type	Rice husks	Bamboo crumbs	Wood scraps	Branches	Barks	Stumps
Total biomass generation in the region (kt)	304.00	63.00	510.00			
Biomass loss (kt)	30.40	6.30	51.00			
Available Biomass in the region (kt)	273.60	56.70	459.00			
Biomass utilised out of the project (kt)	54.72	8.51	91.80			
Biomass utilised by the project (kt)	24.03	12.76	51.44			
Total biomass utilised, including the project (kt)	78.75	21.27	143.24			
Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised	347%	267%	320%			
Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised -100%	247%	167%	220%			
Abundant surplus? (more than 25%)	Yes	Yes	Yes			

Demonstration of abundant surplus of biomass availability for the year 2013						
Biomass Type	Rice husks	Bamboo crumbs	Wood scraps	Branches	Barks	Stumps
Total biomass generation in the region (kt)	298.00	58.00	496.00			
Biomass loss (kt)	29.80	5.80	49.60			
Available Biomass in the region (kt)	268.20	52.20	446.40			
Biomass utilised out of the project (kt) (01/01/2013~30/06/2013)	53.64	7.83	89.28			
Biomass utilised by the project (kt)	13.94	5.89	44.44			
Total biomass utilised, including the project (kt)	67.58	13.72	133.72			
Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised	397%	381%	334%			
Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised -100%	297%	281%	234%			
Abundant surplus? (more than 25%)	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Biomass utilised by the project (full year)	28.12		11.87	89.62		
Total biomass utilised, including the project (kt)	81.76		19.70	178.90		
Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised	328%		265%	250%		

Available Biomass/Total biomass utilised -100%	228%	165%	150%
Abundant surplus? (more than 25%)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Biomass utilised by the project (full year)=Biomass utilised by the project (01/01/2013~30/06/2013) /181*365			

From the data in the above table, that the leakage of the project within the project boundary is zero, i.e.

LEy = 0 tCO₂e.

E.4. Summary of calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Item	Baseline emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	Project emissions or actual net GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)	Leakage (t CO ₂ e)	Emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks (t CO ₂ e)
Total	84,354	3,745	0	80,609

E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

Item	Values estimated in ex-ante calculation of registered PDD	Actual values achieved during this monitoring period
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO₂e)	174,782	80,609

$$174,782 tCO_2e = \frac{116,628 tCO_2e}{365 days} \times (366 + 181) days$$

E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

>>

From the data shown in the above table, the actual emission reduction achieved during current monitoring period is lower than the ex-ante estimation in registered CDM-PDD.

E.7. Actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks during the first commitment period and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards

Item	Actual values achieved up to 31 December 2012	Actual values achieved from 1 January 2013 onwards
Emission reductions or GHG removals by sinks (t CO₂e)	46,458	34,151

Annex 1: The Energy Balance for Poyang Kaidi Biomass Project

The total inputs of biomass residues combusted and useful output of electricity from the project are shown below. From this data the conversion efficiency of the project in this monitoring period is calculated as 21.40%

Table3. The Energy Balance for Poyang Kaidi Biomass Project in this period

	BF _{k,y} (tonne) (dry base)	NCV _k (TJ/t)	Energy(TJ)
Rice husk	32840.99	0.01326	435.425
Bamboo crumbs	11302.04	0.01070	120.924
Wood scraps	25322.97	0.01145	289.984
Branches	23594.68	0.01304	307.675
Barks	18238.77	0.01193	217.523
Stumps	743.17	0.01112	8.260
Fossil Fuel	8.74	0.04265	0.373
Total			1380.163
Electricity Exported (GJ)			295.382
Efficiency			21.40%

Energy Balance:

$E_{total} = E_{biomass} + E_{fossil\ fuel} = 1,380.163 \text{ TJ}$

Electricity exported = 82,050.47 MWh = 295.382 TJ

Efficiency = Electricity exported / E_{total} = 21.40%

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Document information

<i>Version</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
03.2	5 November 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in page 1.
03.1	2 January 2013	Editorial revision to correct table in section E.5.
03.0	3 December 2012	Revision required to introduce a provision on reporting actual emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks for the period up to 31 December 2012 and the period from 1 January 2013 onwards (EB70, Annex 11).
02.0	13 March 2012	Revision required to ensure consistency with the "Guidelines for completing the monitoring report form" (EB 66, Annex 20).
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