



MONITORING REPORT FORM (CDM-MR)
Version 01 - in effect as of: 01/07/2010

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MONITORING REPORT
Version 1 Date: 01/07/2010
Zhumadian Zhongyuan Gas-Steam Combined Cycle Power Project in Henan China
Reference Number: 2344
Monitoring period No.2 (01/03/2010-30/06/2010)

SECTION A. General description of the project activity

A.1. Brief description of the project activity:

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As described in PDD, the Zhumadian Zhongyuan Gas-Steam Combined Cycle Power Project in Henan China (hereinafter referred as the Project) is located at the southeast corner of the Zhumadian City, Henan Province, China. The designed installed capacity of the proposed project is 2×377.2MW, which is aimed to deliver 2,584.4235GWh electricity per year to the Central China Power Grid (CCPG). The Central China Power Grid is dominated by coal-fired power plants. By displace equal amount of electricity generated by coal-fired thermal power plants which would have been built otherwise, greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions could be achieved. The estimated annual GHG emission reductions are 858,165 tCO₂e.

The construction starting date of the project is 10/08/2005, the commissioning date of the first set of unit is 04/06/2007.

The current monitoring period is the 2nd period that covers 01/03/2010-30/06/2010 including 122 days.

The total Emission Reductions achieved by the project in this period is 165,591 tCO₂e, and the total power supplied during this monitoring period is 818,999.22 MWh.

Thus, the PLF during this period is calculated as: $818,999.22 / (2 \times 377.2) / (122 \times 24) = 37.08\%$, which is lower than the value 39.1% indicated in the registered PDD.

A.2. Project Participants

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Name of Party involved ((host) indicates a host Party)	Private and/or public entity (ies) project participants (as applicable)	Kindly indicate if the Party involved wishes to be considered as project participant (Yes/No)
P. R. China	Huaneng Zhongyuan Gas Power Company Ltd.	No
Sweden	Carbon Asset Management Sweden AB	No

A.3. Location of the project activity:

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The proposed project is located at the planned industrial zone in the southeast corner of the Zhumadian City, Henan Province, China.



The geographic coordinate of the project site is situated as:

North-west corner: East longitude 114°03'39" North latitude 32°57'31"

South-west corner: East longitude 114°03'39" North latitude 32°57'22"

South-east corner: East longitude 114°03'52" North latitude 32°57'22"

North-east corner: East longitude 114°03'52" North latitude 32°57'31"

The geographic coordinate of the mark points within the project site are situated as

1 # Cooling tower: East longitude 114°03'41" North latitude 32°57'24"

2 # Cooling tower: East longitude 114°03'46" North latitude 32°57'24"

1 # Boiler stack: East longitude 114°03'48" North latitude 32°57'27"

2 # Boiler stack: East longitude 114°03'48" North latitude 32°57'29"

A.4. Technical description of the project

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The NGCC technology adopted in the project consists of two phases of combined dynamic cycles: the first phase takes place in the gas turbine where the high temperature gas with about 1400°C generated by the natural gas combustion can power to rotate a coupled AC power generator to generate electricity - this is the Gas Cycle. In the second phase, the exhausted gas discharged from the gas turbine with about 600°C can generate steam with 540°C temperature and 10.67MPa pressure in a heat recovery boiler, which then expands in the followed up steam turbine to generate electric power in the AC power generator again - this is the Steam Cycle. Two phases of the cycles is combined to generate electricity with quite high efficiency. The electricity generated by the project is delivered to the Central China Power Grid through 500 kV transmission line.

The technical performance indicators of the advanced technologies employed in the project are listed in the table below.

Table A.1 Technical Performance Indicators

Gas Turbine		
Manufacturer and Country of origin	Siemens Co. in Germany	
Type	V94.3A	
Rated speed	rpm	3000
Flow rate of flue gas at the gas turbine	t/h	2396.5
Temperature of flue gas at the gas turbine	°C	586.5
Gas turbine output	MW	243.4
Steam Turbine		
Manufacturer and Country of origin	Shanghai Steam Turbine Co., Ltd.	
Type	TCFI	
Rated Speed	rpm	3000
Steam turbine output	MW	133.8
HRSG in Combined Cycle		
Manufacturer and Country of origin	Wuhan Boiler Manufacture Co.	
Feed water temperature of HRSG	°C	55
Output of generator	MVA	478
Generator		
Manufacturer and country of origin	Shanghai Elec. Group Co.	

Rated voltage	KV	21
Rated current	A	13142
Rated frequency	Hz	50
Rated speed	rpm	3000
Total output for one set	MW	377.2

The technology process was shown in the diagram below:

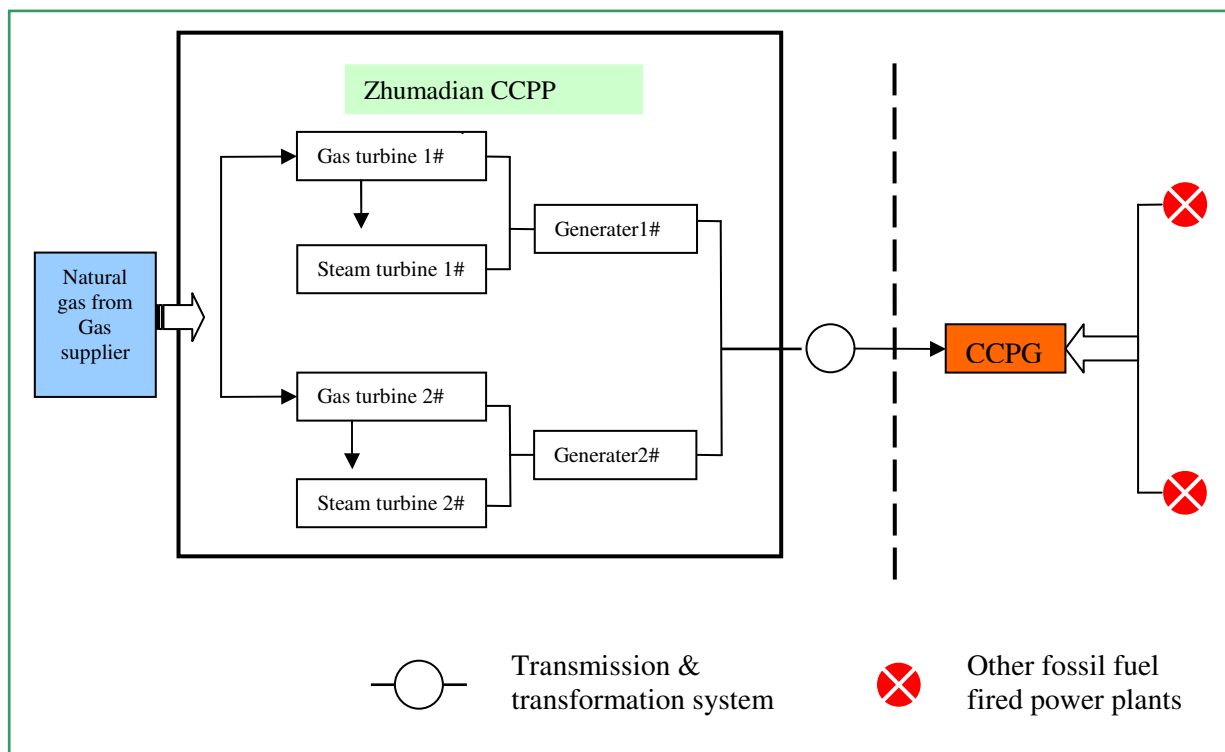


Diagram A.1 Technology Process

A.5. Title, reference and version of the baseline and monitoring methodology applied to the project activity:

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- Baseline methodology AM0029, Version 03: “Baseline Methodology for Grid Connected Electricity Generation Plants using Natural Gas”
- Monitoring methodology AM0029, Version 03: “Grid Connected Electricity Generation Plants using Non-Renewable and Less GHG Intensive Fuel”
- “Tool to Calculate the Emission Factor for an Electricity System”, Version 01

For more information about the methodology and the methodological tools see the webpage:

<http://cdm.unfccc.int/methodologies/PAmethodologies/approved.html>

A.6. Registration date of the project activity:

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The registration date of the project activity is: 25/08/2009

**A.7. Crediting period of the project activity and related information (start date and choice of crediting period):**

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The renewable crediting period is selected for the proposed project. The first crediting period is 25/08/2009 – 24/08/2016, and this monitoring period is 01/03/2010-30/06/2010.

A.8. Name of responsible person(s)/entity(ies):

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Mr. James Sun
BEIJING MD ENERGY TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD.
james.sun@mdenergy.cn

SECTION B. Implementation of the project activity**B.1. Implementation status of the project activity**

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The commenced electricity generation of the gas turbine #1 is in June 2007, and the commenced electricity generation of the gas turbine #2 is in December 2007. The commenced electricity generation of the steam turbine #1 is in August 2007 and the steam turbine #2 is in January 2008. The 1st renewable crediting period (7 years) started on 25/08/2009.

During this monitoring period (01/03/2010-30/06/2010), the project has operated normally and no special event occurred. And total emission reduction achieved is 165,591 tCO₂e. The key milestones of the proposed project were listed in Table B1 below:

	Date	Milestone
1	10/08/2005	The project construction started
2	04/06/2007	Operation started
3	25/08/2009	Registered as a CDM project
4	25/08/2009-24/08/2016 (renewable)	The first Crediting period
5	25/08/2009-28/02/2010	1 st monitoring period
6	01/03/2010-30/06/2010	2 nd monitoring period

Table B.1 Key Milestones of the Proposed Project**B.2. Revision of the monitoring plan**

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The monitoring plan was not revised.

B.3. Request for deviation applied to this monitoring period

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No deviation has been applied to this monitoring period.

B.4. Notification or request of approval of changes

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No notification and request of approval of changes from the project activity happened.

SECTION C. Description of the monitoring system

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C.1 Metering System

As described in PDD, two bidirectional meters No.1 (**m1**) and meter No.2 (**m2**, Backup meter to m1) were installed as gateway meters on the Plant side of Chaya main substation for automatically measuring the exported and imported electricity by the proposed project. The meter No.3 (**m3**) was installed at the high voltage side of the 110KV/6KV transformer at the project site is used for measuring the import-grid electricity purchased. The total net electricity delivered to the grid is calculated based on readings from **m1** and **m3**.

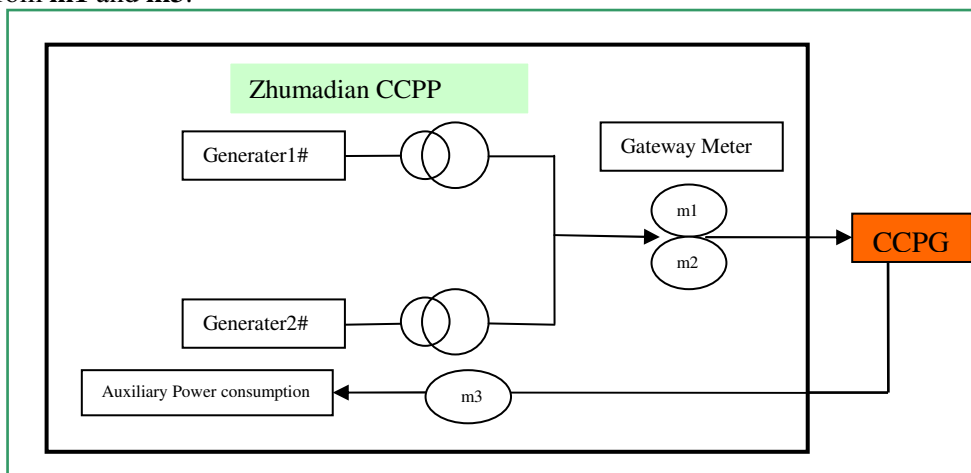


Diagram C.1 Electricity Meters

As described in PDD, the main gas metering point is set up in front of the natural gas delivery point, where two gas flow meters are installed (**gm1** and **gm2**). Meanwhile, behind the natural gas delivery point, two cross-check gas flow meters (**gm3** and **gm5**) are installed before the gas inlet for unit # 1 and unit #2 at the project site. Meter **gm4** and **gm6** have also been installed before **gm3** and **gm5** as their further backup meters.

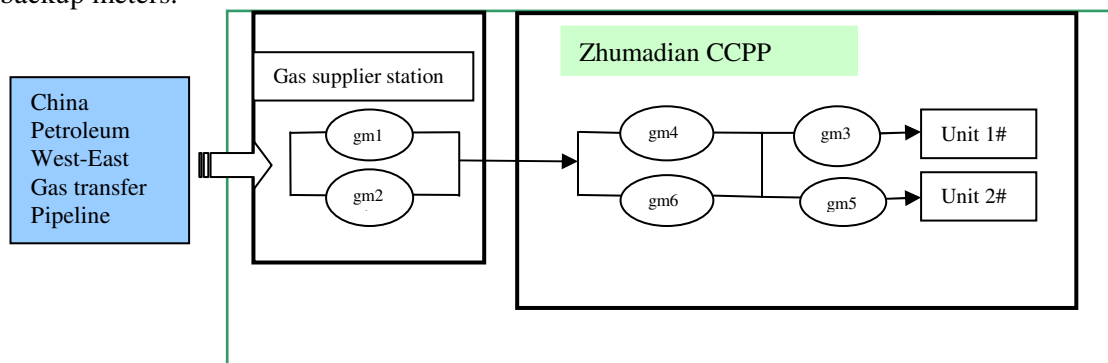


Diagram C.2 Gas Meters

The value of natural gas NCV is measured by an on-line gas chromatography analyzer.

C.2 Data Collection

The representatives from the project owner and the grid company have read the gateway meter **m1** and the **m3** every month and the data has been recorded for monitoring, verifying, billing and cross checking. During this monitoring period, no abnormal difference has been found regarding calculation of emission reduction.

According to “the Measurement Law of PRC”, natural gas is measured by volume under the normal condition of 20°C (293.15K) and absolute pressure 101.325KPa (one standard atmospheric pressure). The gas supplier and the project owner have verified the amount of natural gas supplied and consumed based on the reading from Gas meter **gm1** and **gm2** currently installed at the Zhumadian gas supply terminal, which are approved by both sides. The natural gas consumption has been recorded daily and cross-checked with receipt.

The measurement of NCV is conducted by an on-line gas chromatography analyzer by China Petroleum West-East Gas Transfer Pipeline Company, the value of NCV is recorded every ten days.

Everything worked fine during this monitoring period.

C.3 Monitoring Group & QA/QC

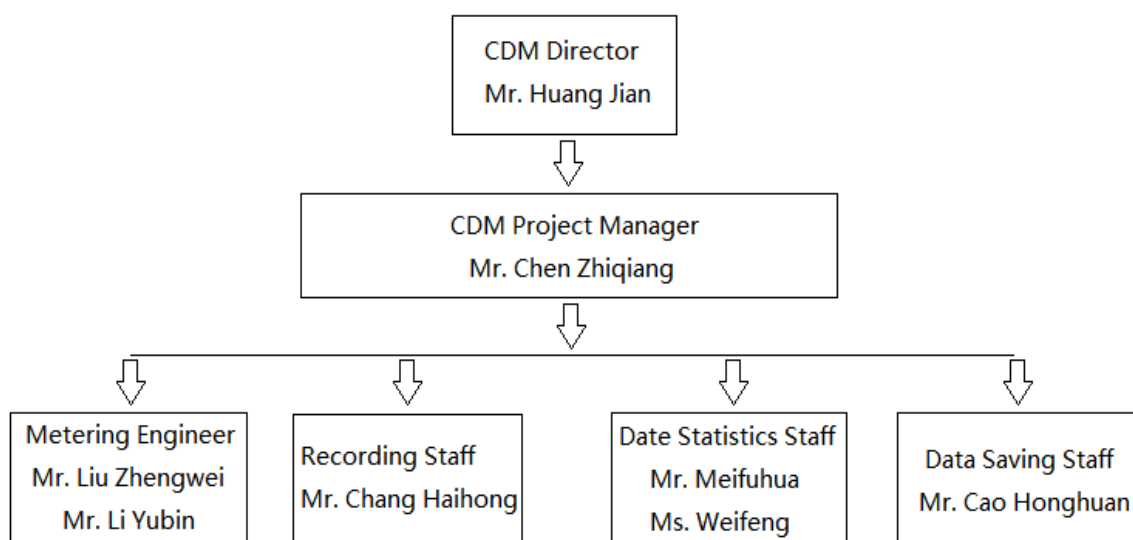


Figure C.3 Monitoring Group

Mr. Huang Jian, the Director of the proposed project exercised oversight on behalf of the Chairman.

The CDM Project Manager is Mr. Chen Zhiqiang who is responsible for monitoring plan implementation.

Mr. Liu Zhengwei and Mr. Li Yubin is responsible for Meters' operation and calibration.

Mr. Chang Haihong is in charge of the data recording.

Mr. Meifuhua and Ms. Weifeng is in charge of data statistics. Mr. Cao Honghuan is responsible for data saving.



All electricity meters installed have been calibrated by certified Parties quarterly in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and National Regulations (Verification Regulation of Electrical Energy Meters with Electronics JJG596-1999) for ensuring reliability of the system. Calibrations have been evidenced with certificates of calibration for the relevant meters issued by the qualified third party.

The calibration and testing for the natural gas metering devices was conducted periodically according to the national measurement standard and regulation by the qualified measurement technology verification institution authorized by the Chinese government in accordance with the China's national standards GB/T-13610.

In summary, during this monitoring period, all meters and devices have been working normally and calibrated according to the registered monitoring plan and relevant national standards.

C.4 Emergency & Trouble Solving Procedure

Once error or emergency issues occurred during the operation and monitoring of the project, regulations on the Project Operation Manual and the CDM Monitoring Manual will be followed. No error occurred during this monitoring period.

SECTION D. Data and parameters

D.1. Data and parameters determined at registration and not monitored during the monitoring period, including default values and factors

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{NG,upstream,CH_4}$
Data unit:	t CH ₄ /PJ
Description:	Emission Factor for upstream fugitive methane emissions of natural gas from production, transportation, distribution, and, in the case of LNG, liquefaction, transportation, re-gasification and compression into a transmission or distribution system.
Source of data used:	Revised IPCC 1996 Guidance default value, Table 1-63 and 1-64, p.1.130 and p.1.131
Value(s) :	296
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Leakage Emission Calculation
Additional comment:	-

Data / Parameter:	GWP_{CH_4}
Data unit:	t CO ₂ e/tCH ₄
Description:	Global Warming Potential for methane
Source of data used:	"IPCC GWP default Value
Value(s) :	21
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Leakage Emission Calculation



Leakage emission calculations)	
Additional comment:	-

D.2. Data and parameters monitored		
Data / Parameter:	$FC_{NG,y}$	
Data unit:	Nm ³ (volume unit m ³ measured under the normal condition of 20°C (293.15K) and absolute pressure 101.325KPa (one standard atmospheric pressure).	
Description:	Quantity of natural gas consumed in project activity.	
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured.	
Source of data:	NG flow meter reading at the project boundary.	
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	162,397,824	
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Project Emission calculation.	
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Gas flow meter gm1 Type : TRZ-IFSG14000DN300ANSI600 Accuracy class: 1.0 Serial number: 83034891 Calibration frequency: every 1yr Last calibration date: 08/12/2009 Validity: 07/12/2011 Calibration entity: Henan Institute of metrology and Testing	Gas flow meter gm2 Type : TRZ-IFSG14000DN300ANSI600 Accuracy class: 1.0 Serial number: 83034059 Calibration frequency: every 1yr Last calibration date: 19/11/2009 Validity: 18/11/2011 Calibration entity: Henan Institute of metrology and Testing
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	The monitoring data of the NG consumption was aggregated and recorded daily.	
Calculation method (if applicable):	Meter Reading	
QA/QC procedures applied:	<p>The total NG consumption was monitored both by Gas supplier and project owner. The monitoring readings were cross-checked with the receipts provided by the gas supply company.</p> <p>All the Gas Flow Meters have been calibrated once a year by a qualified third party.</p> <p>All the electronic and paper documents will be archived during the crediting period and two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs for this project activity.</p>	



Data / Parameter:	$NCV_{NG,y}$
Data unit:	MJ/Nm ³
Description:	Net Calorific Value of NG
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Measured
Source of data:	Specific value on natural gas resource, provided by the Petro China Company Ltd.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	33.98 (weighted average value)
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Project Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	On-line Gas Chromatograph of Petro China Company. Type : BTU-8000 Serial number: 100839 Calibration frequency: every 1yr Last calibration date: 28/05/2010 Validity: 27/05/2011 Calibration entity: National Institute of Metrology of P. R. China
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	The NCV value were measured daily and recorded every ten days..
Calculation method (if applicable):	- Weighted average value of every ten days NCV values
QA/QC procedures applied:	The value of NCV has been provided by gas supplier and recorded by the project owner. The calibration and testing for on-line gas chromatography was carried out once a year by the qualified measurement technology verification institution authorized by Chinese government. The calibration results showed that the Gas Chromatograph run OK. All the electronic and paper documents will be archived during the crediting period and two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs for this project activity.

Data / Parameter:	$OXID_{NG}$
Data unit:	None
Description:	Oxidation factor of the Natural gas
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	“2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories” Volume 2 Energy, Chapter 1, Table 1.3 and 1.4, Page 1.21-1.24 (Please refer to Annex 3)



Value(s) of monitored parameter:	1.00 for gas
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Project Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	-

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{CO_2,NG,y}$
Data unit:	tC/TJ
Description:	CO ₂ emission factor per unit of energy of natural gas
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	Determined by National data which is cited from 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories” Volume 2 Energy, Chapter I, Table 1.3 and Table1.4 in Page 1.21-1.24.
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	15.30
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Project Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	-

Data / Parameter:	$COEF_{NG,y}$
Data unit:	tCO ₂ /Nm ³



Description:	CO ₂ emission coefficient in year y for natural gas.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	-
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Excel Table
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Project Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	$COEF_{NG,y} = NCV_{NG,y} \times EF_{CO2,NG,y} \times OXID_{NG}$
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	-

Data / Parameter:	$EG_{net\,pi,y}$ (Gateway meter m1 and m3)	
Data unit:	MWh	
Description:	The net electricity delivered by the project activity, measured by the meters m1 and m3.	
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated	
Source of data:	Reading at project boundary by electricity energy meter with bidirectional reading function, and the electricity purchase receipt from the power grid company.	
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	818,999.22	
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline emission calculation.	
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	Electricity meters m1 Type : WU.TE432S Accuracy class: 0.2s Serial number: 18450580 Calibration frequency: every three months Last calibration date: 18/04/2010 Validity:17/07/2010 Calibration entity: Testing and Research Institute of Henan	Electricity meters m3 Type: SL7000 Accuracy class: 0.2s Serial number: 33049113 Calibration frequency: every three months Last calibration date: 18/04/2010 Validity:17/07/2010 Calibration entity: Testing and Research Institute of Henan Electric Power Institute



	Electric Power Institute	
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	Measuring frequency: hourly Recording frequency: monthly.	
Calculation method (if applicable):	Net electricity supplied is calculated as exported electricity measured by m1 minus imported electricity measured by m1, then minus the imported electricity measured by m3	
QA/QC procedures applied:	<p>The electricity output was monitored and recorded at the on-site computer control centre. The record of electricity delivered and the receipt of the electricity purchase was cross-checked by both the project owner and the power grid company.</p> <p>All the electricity meters (m1, m2 and m3) have been calibrated once there months by a qualified third party.</p> <p>All the electronic and paper documents will be archived during the crediting period and two years after the end of the crediting period or the last issuance of CERs for this project activity.</p>	

Data / Parameter:	<i>m</i>
Data unit:	None
Description:	A sample group m including recent capacity additions in the CCPG that comprise 20% of the total installed capacity in year 2008.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Table
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.



Data / Parameter:	$F_{ij,y}$
Data unit:	t or Nm ³
Description:	Fossil fuel i consumption in year y for electricity generation in province j which is covered under CCPG. Used for calculation of λ_i and $EF_{BM,y}$
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Table
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$COEF_{ij}$
Data unit:	tCO ₂ /t or Nm ³
Description:	The CO ₂ emission factor for fuel type i in Province j , taking into account the carbon content of the fuels used and the percent oxidation of the fuel. Used for calculation of λ_i and $EF_{BM,y}$
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Table
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.



Leakage emission calculations)	
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$\lambda_{Coal}, \lambda_{Oil}, \lambda_{Gas}$
Data unit:	-
Description:	The ratio λ_i of the CO ₂ emissions from solid (coal), liquid (oil) and gas fuels consumed for power generation to the CO ₂ emissions from total thermal power generation under CCPG.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	$\lambda_{Coal}=99.13\%, \lambda_{Oil}=0.13\%, \lambda_{Gas}=0.74\%$.
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{Coal,Adv}, EF_{Oil,Adv}, EF_{Gas,Adv}$
Data unit:	tCO ₂ /MWh



Description:	The emission factors in line with the efficiency level of the best technology commercially available in China's power grid for each fuel type as coal, oil and gas respectively.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	$EF_{Coal,Adv}=0.8249$, $EF_{Oil,Adv}=0.5437$, $EF_{Gas,Adv}=0.3910$
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{Thermal}$
Data unit:	tCO ₂ /MWh
Description:	The weighted averaged emission factor $EF_{Thermal}$ of the thermal power capacity under CCPG.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.8213
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last	-



calibration, validity)	
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	CAP_{Total}
Data unit:	MW
Description:	The total capacity addition of CCPG in year 2005, 2006 and 2007.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Table
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$CAP_{Thermal}$
Data unit:	MW
Description:	The capacity addition by thermal power of CCPG in year 2005, 2006 and 2007.
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Default
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	See ER Calculation Table



Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

Data / Parameter:	$EF_{grid,BM,y}$
Data unit:	tCO ₂ e/MWh
Description:	Build marginal emission factor of the CCPG during the project operation period
Measured /Calculated /Default:	Calculated
Source of data:	China's DNA CDM official Website: http://cdm.ccchina.gov.cn/WebSite/CDM/UpFile/File2413.pdf
Value(s) of monitored parameter:	0.5802
Indicate what the data are used for (Baseline/ Project/ Leakage emission calculations)	Data is used for Baseline Emission calculation.
Monitoring equipment (type, accuracy class, serial number, calibration frequency, date of last calibration, validity)	-
Measuring/ Reading/ Recording frequency:	-
Calculation method (if applicable):	-
QA/QC procedures applied:	According to registered PDD, the latest value available at the DNA website of the crediting year has been used for the calculation.

SECTION E. Emission reductions calculation

E.1. Baseline emissions calculation

>>

Baseline Emissions

According to the registered PDD, Baseline emissions are given as:

$$BE_y = EG_{pj,y} \times EF_{BL,CO_2,y}$$

Where:

$EG_{PJ,y}$: Net amount of electricity generated by the project and sold into CCPG. The monitored data is listed in Section Annex 1 of this monitoring report.

$EF_{BL,CO_2,y}$: As mentioned in PDD, $EF_{BL,CO_2} = \min(EF_{grid,BM,y}, EF_{grid,CM,y}, EF_{BL,CO_2,Option3})$, so $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ is selected as the baseline emission factor of CCPG, which is ex-post calculated and updated.

Calculation of $EF_{BL,CO_2,y}$ of CCPG in this monitoring period.

Step a: calculate the proportion λ_i of the CO₂ emissions of solid, liquid and gas fuel type consumed for power generation to the total CO₂ emissions from the total thermal power generation.

$$\lambda_{Coal} = \frac{\sum_{i \in COAL,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}{\sum_{i,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}$$

$$\lambda_{Oil} = \frac{\sum_{i \in OIL,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}{\sum_{i,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}$$

$$\lambda_{Gas} = \frac{\sum_{i \in GAS,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}{\sum_{i,j} F_{i,j,y} \times COEF_{i,j}}$$

Where:

$F_{i,j,y}$: = the amount of fuel i (in unit t or Nm³) consumed by relevant power sources in provincial grid j in year y ;

$COEF_{i,j,y}$: = the CO₂ emission coefficient of fuel i (tCO₂ /t or Nm³), taking into account the carbon content of the fuels used by relevant power sources j and the percent oxidation of the fuel in year(s) y .

In this monitoring period, the details are as follow:

Parameter	Value
λ_{Coal}	99.13%
λ_{oil}	0.13%
λ_{gas}	0.74%

For the detailed information, please see the Annex 2.

Step b: calculate the emission factor $EF_{Thermal}$ of the corresponding thermal power.

$$EF_{Thermal} = \lambda_{Coal} \times EF_{Coal,Adv} + \lambda_{Oil} \times EF_{Oil,Adv} + \lambda_{Gas} \times EF_{Gas,Adv}$$

Where:

$EF_{Coal,Adv}$, $EF_{Oil,Adv}$ and $EF_{Gas,Adv}$ are the emission factors in line with the efficiency level of the best technology commercially available in China's power grid for each fuel type respectively.

The most advanced and commercially available coal power technology in China in 2007 is 600MW sub-critical unit with power supply coal consumption of 22.5 gce/kWh, which is equivalent to a power supply efficiency of 38.10%.

And the best oil and gas fired power technology commercially available in China's power grid is defined as 200 MW combined cycle unit (the efficiency level technology is equivalent to the 9E type unit of GE Company) with power supply coal consumption of 246 gce/kWh, which is equivalent to a power supply efficiency of 49.99%.

The detail data is listed in below table:

	Variable	Power Supply Efficiency	Emission Factor for Fuels (kgCO ₂ /TJ)	Emission Factor (tCO ₂ e/MWh) O=3.6/L/1,000,000*I
Coal-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Coal,Adv}$	38.10%	87,300	0.8249
Gas-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Gas,Adv}$	49.99%	75,500	0.5437
Oil-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Oil,Adv}$	49.99%	54,300	0.3910

In this monitoring period,

$$EF_{Thermal} = 99.13\% * 0.8249 + 0.13\% * 0.5437 + 0.74\% * 0.3910 = 0.8213 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e/MWh}$$

Step c: calculate the $EF_{BL,BM,y}$ of the grid:

$$EF_{Grid,BM,y} = \frac{CAP_{Thermal}}{CAP_{Total}} \times EF_{Thermal}$$

Where:

CAP_{Total} is the total new capacity addition,

$CAP_{Thermal}$ is the new capacity addition of thermal power plants.

The share of thermal power of recent 20% capacity addition is 70.64% (See Annex 2 for details), thus, the Build Margin emission factor ($EF_{grid,BM,y}$) of this monitoring period is calculated as:

$$EF_{Grid,BM,y} = \frac{CAP_{Thermal}}{CAP_{Total}} \times EF_{Thermal} = 70.64\% * 0.8213 = \mathbf{0.5802 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e/MWh}}.$$

During this monitoring period, the $EG_{PJ,y}$ is 818,999.22 MWh, the $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ is **0.5802 tCO₂e/MWh**. Thus, BE_y is calculated as:

$$BE_y = EG_y * EF_{grid,BM,y} \\ = 818,999.22 * 0.5802 = \mathbf{475,183.347 \text{ (tCO}_2\text{)}}.$$

E.2. Project emissions calculation

>>

Project Emissions

According to section 6.1 of the registered PDD, Project Emissions are given as:

$$PE_y = FC_{NG,y} \times COEF_{NG,y}$$

Where

$FC_{NG,y}$: the total volume of NG combusted (Nm³) during this monitoring period¹. The monitored data is listed in Annex 1 of this monitoring report.

$COEF_{NG,y}$: the CO₂ emission coefficient (tCO₂/Nm³) during this monitoring period for NG, which is calculated as follows:

$$COEF_{NG,y} = NCV_{NG,y} \times EF_{CO_2,NG,y} \times OXID_{NG}$$

Where:

$NCV_{NG,y}$: the net calorific value (energy content) per volume unit of NG during this monitoring period (GJ/m³) as provided by the fuel supplier.

$EF_{CO_2,NG,y}$: the CO₂ emission factor per unit of energy value of NG in this monitoring period. It was determined by national data which is cited from the updated edition of IPCC 2006, page 24 according to the registered PDD. The $EF_{CO_2,NG,y}$ is 15.3tC/TJ

$OXID_{NG}$: the IPCC default value 100% is used according to the registered PDD.

The every month's weighted averaged $NCV_{NG,y}$ value of this monitoring period are listed as follow:

Period	01/03/10-31/03/10	01/04/10-30/04/10	01/05/10-31/05/10	01/06/10-30/06/10
$NCV_{NG,y}$ (MJ/Nm ³)	34.03609	33.97813	34.01466	33.88779

During this monitoring period, the diesel back-up generators have not been used as no emergency situation occurred.

E.3. Leakage calculation

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As mentioned in PDD, Leakage may result from upstream processes of fossil fuels outside of the project boundary. This includes mainly fugitive CH₄ emissions and CO₂ emissions from associated fuel combustion and flaring. In line with AM0029 version 03, as no LNG is used in the project plant, only leakage emissions from using natural gas ($LE_{CH_4,y}$) are considered:, which can be calculated based on following steps as mentioned in the PDD:

Step_{CH₄} a): calculate the weight proportion λ_{k,CH_4} which is defined as the ratio of the upstream CH₄ emissions associated with solid, liquid and gas fuel type consumed for power generation respectively to the total upstream CH₄ emissions for the total thermal power generation in the grid.

$$\lambda_{Coal,CH_4} = \frac{\sum_{k \in COAL,j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}{\sum_{k,j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}$$

¹ N m³ means volume unit (m³) measured under the Normal condition of 20°C (293.15K) and absolute pressure 101.325KPa (one standard atmospheric pressure)

$$\lambda_{Oil,CH_4} = \frac{\sum_{k \in OIL, j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}{\sum_{k,j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}$$

$$\lambda_{Gas,CH_4} = \frac{\sum_{k \in GAS, j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}{\sum_{k,j} F_{k,j,y} \times COEF_{k,j,CH_4}}$$

where:

$F_{k,j,y}$: the amount of k type fuel (in unit t or Nm³) consumed by relevant electric power sources in provincial grid j in year y ,

$Coef_{k,j,CH_4}$: the upstream fugitive CH₄ emission coefficient of k type fuel (tCH₄/TJ) used by relevant power sources in provincial grid j

In this monitoring period, λ_{Coal} =98.51%, λ_{Oil} =0.00%, λ_{Gas} =1.49%.

Step_{CH4} b: calculate the weighted averaged upstream fugitive CH₄ emission factor for the thermal electric power, $EF_{Thermal, Upstream, CH_4}$:

$$EF_{Thermal, Upstream, CH_4} = \lambda_{Coal, CH_4} \times EF_{Coal, Adv, CH_4} + \lambda_{Oil, CH_4} \times EF_{Oil, Adv, CH_4} + \lambda_{Gas, CH_4} \times EF_{Gas, Adv, CH_4}$$

Where:

EF_{Coal, Adv, CH_4} , EF_{Oil, Adv, CH_4} and EF_{Gas, Adv, CH_4} are the upstream fugitive CH₄ emission factors in line with the efficiency level of the best power technology commercially available in China's power grid for each fuel type respectively.

The EF_{Coal, Adv, CH_4} , EF_{Oil, Adv, CH_4} and EF_{Gas, Adv, CH_4} value for this monitoring period are listed as follow:

Type of Power Plant	Variable	Efficiency of Power Supply	Fugitive Methane Emission Factor of the Fuel (tCH ₄ /TJ)	Fugitive Methane Emission Factor (tCO ₂ /MWh)
Coal-Fired Power Plant	$EF_{CH_4, Coal, Adv}$	39.75%	0.6440	0.0058
Oil-Fired Power Plant	$EF_{CH_4, Oil, Adv}$	53.24%	0.0041	0.0000
Gas-Fired Power Plant	$EF_{CH_4, Gas, Adv}$	53.24%	0.2960	0.0020

So, $EF_{Thermal, Upstream, CH_4}$ =98.51%×0.0058+0.00%×0.0000 +1.49%×0.0020=0.00577546 tCH₄ per MWh

Step_{CH4} c: Calculate the $EF_{BL, upstream, CH_4}$ in the context of CCPG grid BM:

$$EF_{BL, Upstream, CH_4} = \frac{CAP_{Thermal}}{CAP_{Total}} \times EF_{Thermal, Upstream, CH_4}$$

Here CAP_{Total} is the total recent capacity addition; $CAP_{Thermal}$ is the recent capacity addition of thermal power plants within the CCPG grid BM sample group m .

For this monitoring period,

$$EF_{BL,Upstream,CH_4} = \frac{CAP_{Thermal}}{CAP_{Total}} \times EF_{Thermal,Upstream,CH_4} = 70.64\% \times 0.00577546 = 0.00407977$$

To estimate the fugitive methane emissions, one can multiply the NG quantity consumed by the project in year y with an emission factor for fugitive CH_4 emissions ($EF_{NG,upstream,CH_4}$) due to NG consumption and subtract the fugitive CH_4 emissions occurring from fossil fuels used in the selected baseline power plant in the absence of the project activity, as follows:

$$LE_{CH_4,y} = [FC_y \times NCV_y \times EF_{NG,upstream,CH_4} - EGG_{PJ,y} \times EF_{BL,upstream,CH_4}] \times 21$$

Where:

$LE_{CH_4,y}$: Leakage emissions due to fugitive upstream CH_4 emissions in the year y in tCO_2e .

FC_y : Total volume of NG combusted (Nm^3) during this monitoring period.

$NCV_{NG,y}$: Net calorific value of NG (GJ/Nm^3), which is determined by the fuel supplier.

$EF_{NG,upstream,CH_4}$: Emission factor for upstream fugitive methane emissions of natural gas from production, transportation, distribution, in tCH_4/Nm^3 .

$EG_{GPJ,y}$: Electricity generation in the project plant during this monitoring period in MWh .

$EF_{BL,upstream,CH_4}$: As calculated result above, The value is $0.00407977 tCH_4/MWh$.

For this monitoring period, $LE_{CH_4,y} = -35,864.48$ (tCO_2e), which is a negative value. According to AM0029 version 3, the value of leakage is assumed as zero.

E.4. Emission reductions calculation / table

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The emission reductions of the proposed project can be calculated as follows:

$$ER_y = BE_y - PE_y - LE_y$$

Where:

ER_y : emission reduction during this monitoring period (tCO_2e).

BE_y : emission in the baseline scenario during this monitoring period (tCO_2e).

PE_y : emission in the project activity during this monitoring period (tCO_2e).

LE_y : leakage emission during this monitoring period (tCO_2e).

Therefore, the total amount of emission reductions for the project during the second monitoring period is calculated as **165,591** (tCO_2e).

More calculation details are listed in Annex 1

E.5. Comparison of actual emission reductions with estimates in the CDM-PDD

>>

The annual emission reduction estimated in the registered CDM-PDD is $858,165 tCO_2e/y$. The comparison of the actual emission reduction during this monitoring period (01/03/2010-30/06/2010,



both day included) with that estimated in the CDM-PDD was shown in the table below. The result shows that the actual emission reduction achieved during this monitoring period is less than that estimated in the CDM-PDD by 42.27%².

Item	Values applied in ex-ante calculation of the registered CDM-PDD	Actual values reached during the monitoring period
Emission reductions (tCO ₂ e)	286,839 ³	165,591

E.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in the PDD

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The emission reduction during this monitoring period is lower than estimated in the PDD. No increase occurred. So no remarks are needed.

² This monitoring period (from 01/03/2010 to 30/06/2010, both day included) is 122 days. The actual CERs is 165,591 tCO₂, which is less than that estimated in the CDM-PDD (286,839 tCO₂ for 122 days) by 42.27%, calculated as : $(286,839 - 165,591) / 286,839 * 100\% = 42.27\%$.

³ The annual Emission Reduction estimated in the registered CDM-PDD is 858,165 tCO₂e, this monitoring period contains 122 days, so the Emission Reduction Values applied in ex-ante calculation of the registered CDM-PDD during this monitoring period is calculated as : $858,165 / 365 * 122 = 286,839$



Annex 1 Calculation of GHG emission reductions

Summary of the emissions reductions during the monitoring period (Cont):

Period	Emission Reduction	Baseline Emission			Project Emission						Leakage Emission =[K-M]*GWPCH ₄				
		Net Electricity output MWh	EF tCO ₂ e/MWh	Baseline Emission tCO ₂ e	Gas Comsumption	NCV _{NG,y}	EF _{CO₂,NG,y}	OXID _{NG}	COEF _{NG,y}	Pe _y = FC _{NG,y} x COEF _{NG,y}	EFNG,upstream,CH ₄		EFBL,upstream,CH ₄		
					Nm ³	MJ/Nm ³	tC/TJ	%	tCO ₂ /Nm ³		tCH ₄ /GJ		tCH ₄ /MWh		
		A	B	C=AxB	D	E	F	G	H=ExFxGx44/12/10^6	I=HxD	J	K=DxE xJ/1000	L	M=A*L	N=[K-M]
01/03/10 - 31/03/10	24499.740	128,169.09	0.5802	74,363.706	26,114,656	34.036089	15.3	1	0.00191	49,863.966	0.000296	263.097	0.0040798	522.901	0.000
01/04/10 - 30/04/10	44440.796	225,435.12	0.5802	130,797.457	45,303,680	33.978132	15.3	1	0.00191	86,356.661	0.000296	455.643	0.0040798	919.724	0.000
01/05/10 - 31/05/10	62356.539	296,817.87	0.5802	172,213.728	57,570,432	34.01466	15.3	1	0.00191	109,857.189	0.000296	579.639	0.0040798	1210.949	0.000
01/06/10 - 30/06/10	34294.338	168,577.14	0.5802	97,808.457	33,409,056	33.887787	15.3	1	0.00190	63,514.118	0.000296	335.119	0.0040798	687.756	0.000
Total	165,591.4123	818,999.22		475,183.347	162,397,824					309,591.935		1633.498		3341.330	0

Annex 2 The calculation of $EF_{grid,BM,y}$ of CCPG in the first monitoring periodTable 1 Percentages of CO₂ emissions from the coal-fired, gas-fired and oil-fired power plants in total fuel-fired CO₂ emissions

		Jiangxi	Hena n	Hubei	Hunan	Chong qing	Sich uan	Total	Average Low Calorific Value	Emission Factor (tC/TJ)	Ox ida tio n	CO ₂ Emission (tCO ₂ e)
Fuel	Unit	A	B	C	D	E	F	G=A+...+F	H	I	J	K=G*H*I*J/1000 00
Raw Coal	10 ⁴ t	2200.57	9357	3479.81	2683.81	1547.7	3239	22507.89	20908	87300	1	410829403.68
Cleaned Coal	10 ⁴ t	0	3.07	0	0	3.8	0	6.87	26344	87300	1	157998.40
Other Washed Coal	10 ⁴ t	0.04	87.16	0	2.06	96.42	0	185.68	8363	87300	1	1355630.93
Briquette	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0	0	0.01	0.01	20908	87300	1	182.53
Coke	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28435	95700	1	0.00
Other Coke product	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28435	95700	1	0.00
Subtotal												412343215.53
λ_{Coal}												99.13%
Crude Oil	10 ⁴ t	0	0.43	0	0	0	0	0.43	41816	71100	1	12784.41
Gasoline	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0.04	0.01	0	0.05	43070	67500	1	1453.61



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Diesel Oil	10 ⁴ t	0.98	3.21	2.51	2.83	1.93	0	11.46	42652	72600	1	354862.93
Fuel Oil	10 ⁴ t	0.42	1.25	1.33	0.63	0.64	1.74	6.01	41816	75500	1	189742.19
Other oil product	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41816	75500	1	0.00
Subtotal												558843.14
λ_{Oil}												$\lambda_{Oil} = 0.13\%$
Natural Gas	10 ⁷ m ³	0	1.2	1.8	0	2	18.7	23.7	38931	54300	1	501006.93
Coke Oven Gas	10 ⁷ m ³	0.8	26.1	2.5	3.1	9.1	0	41.6	16726	37300	1	259534.00
Other Gas	10 ⁷ m ³	291.7	257.9	0	246.9	0	239.8	1036.3	5227	37300	1	2020444.06
LPG	10 ⁴ t	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50179	61600	1	0.00
Refinery Gas	10 ⁴ t	1.43	10.01	0.97	0.7	0	0	13.11	46055	48200	1	291022.47
Subtotal												3072007.45
λ_{Gas}												0.74%
Total												415974066.13

The percentages of CO₂ emissions from the coal-fired, oil-fired and gas-fired power plants in total fuel-fired CO₂ emissions are calculated as:

$$\lambda_{Coal} = 99.13\% , \lambda_{Oil} = 0.13\% , \lambda_{Gas} = 0.74\%$$

**Table 2 Installed Capacity of CCPG in 2007**

Installed capacity	Unit	Jiangxi	Henan	Hubei	Hunan	Chongqing	Sichuan	Total
Thermal plant	MW	9,270	38,540	13,040	13,360	6,370	12,000	92,580
Hydropower plant	MW	3,570	2,740	24,020	9,220	2,240	19,860	61,650
Nuclear plant	MW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wind plant and other	MW	0	0	10	17	24	0	51
Total	MW	12,840	41,280	37,070	22,597	8,634	31,860	154,281

Data Source: China Electric Power Yearbook 2008

Table 3 Installed Capacity of CCPG in 2006

Installed capacity	Unit	Jiangxi	Henan	Hubei	Hunan	Chongqing	Sichuan	Total
Thermal plant	MW	6,568	32,603	11,623	10,715	5,594	9,555	76,658
Hydropower plant	MW	3,288	2,553	18,320	8,648	1,979	17,730	52,518
Nuclear plant	MW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wind plant and other	MW	0	0	0	17	24	0	41
Total	MW	9,856	35,156	29,943	19,380	7,597	27,285	129,217

Data Source: China Electric Power Yearbook 2007

Table 4 Installed Capacity of CCPG in 2005

Installed capacity	Unit	Jiangxi	Henan	Hubei	Hunan	Chongqing	Sichuan	Total
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Thermal plant	MW	5,906	26,268	9,526	7,212	3,760	7,496	60,167
Hydropower plant	MW	3,019	2,540	17,889	7,905	1,893	14,960	48,205
Nuclear plant	MW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wind plant and other	MW	0	0	0	0	24	0	24
Total	MW	8,925	28,808	27,415	15,117	5,676	22,456	108,396

Data Source: China Electric Power Yearbook 2006

Table 5 Building Emission Calculation of CCPG

	2005	2006	2007	New Capacity Additions from Year 2005-2007	Percentage to the newly installed capacity
	A	B	C	D= C- A	
Thermal plant (MW)	60,167.20	76,658	92,580	32412.8	70.64%
Hydropower plant (MW)	48,205.20	52,518	61,650	13444.8	29.30%
Nuclear plant (MW)	0	0	0	0	0.00%
Wind plant & Others (MW)	24	41	51	27.0	0.06%
Total (MW)	108396.4	129217	154281	45884.6	100.00%
Percentage of newly added installed Capacity to 2005	70.26%	83.75%	100.00%		

Table 6 Calculation parameter of BM



	Parameter	Efficiency of Power Supply	Emission Factor of Fuel (tc/TJ)	Oxidation Factor	Emission Factor (tCO ₂ e/MWh)
Coal-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Coal,Adv}$	38.10	87,300	100%	0.8249
Oil-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Oil,Adv}$	49.99	75,500	100%	0.5437
Gas-fired Power Plant	$EF_{Gas,Adv}$	49.99	54,300	100%	0.3910

According to registered PDD, $EF_{Thermal,adv} = \lambda_{Coal} * EF_{Coal, Adv} + \lambda_{Oil} * EF_{Oil,Adv} + \lambda_{Gas} * EF_{Gas, Adv}$

Thus, $EF_{thermal,adv} = 99.13\% * 0.8249 + 0.13\% * 0.5437 + 0.74\% * 0.3910 = 0.8213 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e/MWh}$

Then, $EF_{grid\&BM,y} = 70.64\% * EF_{Thermal,adv} = 70.64\% * 0.8213 = 0.5802 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e/MWh}$.