



**Monitoring report form for CDM programme of activities
(Version 03.0)**

Complete this form in accordance with the instructions attached at the end of this form.

MONITORING REPORT

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| Title of the PoA | African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities | |
| UNFCCC reference number of the PoA | 5342 | |
| Version numbers of the PoA-DD applicable to this monitoring report | 4.3 | |
| Version number of this monitoring report | 1.0 | |
| Completion date of this monitoring report | 26/08/2019 | |
| Monitoring period number | Sixth monitoring period | |
| Duration of this monitoring period | 25/10/2017 – 30/06/2019 | |
| Monitoring report number for this monitoring period | 1.0 | |
| Coordinating/managing entity | Envirofit International Ltd. | |
| Host Parties | Host Party of the PoA | Is this the host Party of a CPA covered in this monitoring report? (yes/no) |
| | Ghana | No |
| | Nigeria | Yes |
| | Liberia | No |
| Applied methodologies and standardized baselines | AMS-II.Gver 3.0: Energy efficiency measures in thermal applications of non-renewable biomass Standardized baseline: NA | |
| Sectoral scopes | Sectoral scope: 3: Energy demand | |
| Amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals achieved by all CPAs covered in this monitoring report in this monitoring period | Amount achieved before 1 January 2013 | Amount achieved from 1 January 2013 |
| | 0 | 8,961 tCO ₂ e |
| Amount of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DDs for the CPAs covered in this monitoring report | 31,440 tCO ₂ e | |

PART I Monitoring of programme of activities (PoA)

SECTION A. Description of PoA

A.1. General description of PoA

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The purpose of this Programme of Activities (PoA) is the dissemination of improved biomass cooking stoves (ICS) in Ghana, Nigeria and Liberia. The Programme will promote stove categories that replace existing less efficient cooking stoves using woody-biomass (wood-fuel and/or charcoal).

The ICS distributed under the programme are more efficient in transferring heat from the fuel to the pot when compared to the stoves typically being used in the baseline. By replacing inefficient baseline stoves, the PoA saves on consumption of woody biomass (either wood-fuel or charcoal made from wood) which is the dominant fuel used for cooking in project households. The ICSs distributed in this PoA have been designed to match the traditional utensils and cooking habits of the target consumers in host countries.

In accordance with version 3.0 of the small-scale CDM methodology AMS-II.G, in the absence of the project activity, the baseline scenario would be the use of fossil fuels for meeting similar thermal energy needs. Therefore, by reducing the amount of fuel required for cooking and thus the use of non-renewable woody biomass, the replacement of less efficient stoves with more efficient ICS reduces the amount of greenhouse gases (GHG) emitted into the atmosphere.

Envirofit International Ltd. (Envirofit) is the coordinating/managing entity (CME) for this PoA and coordinates the efforts of different CPA Implementers (CPAI) / Distribution Organizations (DOs) who are involved in distribution of ICS within the boundary of the PoA and comply with the requirements of this PoA. Each CPAI / DO distributes ICSs either directly or through retailers, entrepreneurs or other agents sub-contracted by them. The CME provides training and guidance on the correct distribution and monitoring procedures to each CPAI / DO. Each CPAI / DO acts individually, implementing the CPA(s) in accordance with local circumstances and the requirements prescribed by CME.

A.1.1. Corresponding generic component project activities (CPAs)

| Title and reference number of the corresponding generic CPA | Version of the PoA-DD | Sectoral scopes | Applied methodologies and standardized baselines |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Title: African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities – Generic CPA Identification: Part II of revised PoA-DD version 4.3 dated 07/06/2014 Reference: http://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/V96Q8RJG3DUWTMXIYH20Z4LPE5B7OF Version: 1.0 | Version 4.3 dated 07/06/2019 | Sectoral Scope 3 | AMS-II.G, version 3: Energy Efficiency Measures in Thermal Applications of Non-Renewable Biomass https://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/MLDN960OH41VWJPCZ23ERFUQT5BAGX |

A.1.2. CPAs included in the PoA

| Title and UNFCCC reference number of the CPA | Version of the PoA-DD | Title and reference number of the corresponding generic CPA | Crediting period type and duration | Covered in this monitoring report? (yes/no) |
|---|------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00001 (Ghana) Version: 3.2 | Version 4.3 dated 07/06/2014 | Title: African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities – Generic CPA Identification: Part II of | Fixed, 15/12/2012 – 14/12/2022 | No |

| | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------------|-----|
| Ref: 5342-P1-0001-CP1 | | revised PoA-DD version 4.3 dated 07/06/2014 | | |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00002 (Ghana) Version: 3.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0002-CP1 | | Reference: http://cdm.unfccc.int/UserManagement/FileStorage/V96Q8RJG3DUWTMXIYH20Z4LPE5B7OF Version: 1.0 | Fixed, 01/11/2013 – 31/10/2023 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00003 (Ghana) Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0003-CP1 | | | Fixed, 01/12/2013 – 30/11/2023 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00004 (Nigeria) Version: 6.1 Ref: 5342-P1-0004-CP1 | | | Fixed, 25/10/2014 – 24/10/2024 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00005 (Nigeria) Version: 6.1 Ref: 5342-P1-0005-CP1 | | | Fixed, 25/10/2014 – 24/10/2024 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00006 (Liberia) Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0006-CP1 | | | Fixed, 01/02/2015 – 31/01/2025 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00010 (Nigeria) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0007-CP1 | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | Yes |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00011 (Nigeria) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0008-CP1 | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | Yes |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00012 (Nigeria) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0009-CP1 | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | Yes |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00013 (Liberia) supported by Republic | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | No |

| | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|----|
| of Korea Version: 4.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0010-CP1 | | | | |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00014 (Liberia) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 4.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0011-CP1 | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00015 (Liberia) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 4.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0012-CP1 | | | Fixed, 05/04/2019 – 04/04/2029 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00007 (Ghana) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0013-CP1 | | | Fixed, 12/04/2019 – 11/04/2029 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00008 (Ghana) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0014-CP1 | | | Fixed, 12/04/2019 – 11/04/2029 | No |
| African Improved Cooking Stoves Programme of Activities CPA 00009 (Ghana) supported by Republic of Korea Version: 2.0 Ref: 5342-P1-0015-CP1 | | | Fixed, 12/04/2019 – 11/04/2029 | No |

A.2. Coordinating/managing entity

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Envirofit International Limited is the CME for the PoA. The responsible person for completing the CDM-PoA-MR-Form is as follows:

Rohit Lohia
Carbon Projects Development Manager
Envirofit International
rohit.lohia@envirofit.org

SECTION B. Implementation of PoA**B.1. Description of implemented PoA**

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1. Operational and Management Framework

The CPAs (5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1, 5342-P1-0009-CP1) covered in this monitoring report follow same management system as given below:

1. The CME / CPA implementer (CPAI) provided instructions to DOs to collect the end user information at the time of sales to make the stove eligible under the PoA. The CME / CPAI made them aware of requirements of end user data collection. Guidance was provided to them on the correct procedures to be followed during distribution.
2. The CME / CPAI maintains a PoA Distribution and Monitoring database. This database is a compilation of CPA distribution records. The database includes CPA wise list of stoves sales, based on following information, received from DOs (collected this information at the time of sale):
 - a. Name of customer
 - b. Address / location of the customer
 - c. Stove unique serial ID number
 - d. Stove Model
 - e. Stove distribution date
 - f. Type of old / baseline stove replaced by ICS, i.e. the fuel type used in the old / baseline stove.
3. The CME / CPAI performed cross-checks on the ICS sales information received from the DOs. The CME's logo is clearly displayed on the CPA Distribution Record, with a copy retained by CME / CPAI. A unique stove id is punched on each stove and the same serial ID is mentioned on the CPA distribution record. Therefore it is possible to identify each stove in the PoA with its unique serial ID number. The unique serial number linked to each stove and its association with a unique CPA bearing a CPA ID number eliminates any risk of double-counting of ICSs between CPAs.
4. The CME / CPAI obtained the customer's approval during distribution to exclusively assign carbon rights to the CME / CPAI as per the disclaimer specified on CPA distribution records / stove boxes.
5. The CME / CPAI coordinated all ex-post monitoring activities in the PoA as follows:
 - a. Implemented the monitoring plan,
 - b. Determined the sample size as per sampling plan and identified the samples to be monitored (the sampling plan has been applied across group of CPAs as detailed in section E.3 below)
 - c. Ensured the quality of monitoring data (QA/QC)
 - d. Used this data for emissions reduction calculations.
6. The monitoring team checked and recorded the following key parameters in a CPA Monitoring Record. Key monitored parameters were:
 - a. Efficiency of project stoves ($\eta_{new,y}$)
 - b. Check if project stoves are operational and in use (SOF)
 - c. Check fraction of end users continuing to use replaced stoves (f_{old})
 - d. If replaced stoves are being used, the consumption accounted for by the old stoves (μ_{old})
7. The CME / CPAI calculated emission reductions based on monitoring data collected and prepared monitoring report

Thus, by carrying out the aforesaid, CME / CPAI ensured that the PoA Operational and Management plan as per section C of the latest approved registered PoA-DD is duly implemented for concerned CPAs.

2.Sampling Approach

A single sampling plan has been applied to CPAs (5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1, 5342-P1-0009-CP1) covered in this monitoring report. For detail, refer section E.3 below.

B.2. Post-registration changes to PoA

B.2.1. Corrections

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NA

B.2.2. Inclusion of monitoring plan

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NA

B.2.3. Permanent changes to the registered monitoring plan, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines, or other methodological regulatory documents

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NA

B.2.4. Changes to programme design

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PRC-5342-001 included changes to programme design was made to expand the project boundary to include Liberia under the PoA. The PRC was approved on 16/07/2014. For more detail, refer the following link:
<https://cdm.unfccc.int/PRCContainer/DB/prcp237694862/view>

B.2.5. Changes specific to afforestation or reforestation activities

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NA

PART II Monitoring of CPAs

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This Monitoring Report covers three CPAs (5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1, 5342-P1-0009-CP1) in Nigeria, as listed in section A.1.2 above. These CPAs are homogeneous as they have the same project boundary/country (i.e. Nigeria) and follow a common generic CPA as identified in section A.1.1, Part I of this monitoring report and implement the same technology/measure (improved biomass cookstoves). Thus, these CPAs have been sub-grouped for monitoring purposes. The following sections therefore represent these three CPAs.

SECTION C. Implementation of CPAs

C.1. Description of implemented CPAs

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(a) ***Purpose of the specific-case CPA(s) and the measures taken for GHG emission reductions or net GHG removals by sinks;***

The purpose of the CDM Programme Activities (CPAs) is dissemination of improved cooking stoves (ICS) in Nigeria. The CPAs replace baseline cooking stoves using charcoal / woodfuel with more efficient stoves using charcoal / woodfuel respectively.

The project ICS are more efficient in transferring heat from the fuel to the pot, thus saving fuel compared to the baseline stoves which would have been used in the absence of the project activity. Furthermore, the ICSs applied in these CPAs have been designed not only to increase heat transfer, but also to match traditional utensils and cooking habits of people in Nigeria.

The CPAI / DO involved in the CPAs included in this monitoring report are as follows:

| CPA | CPA Implementer | CPA Distributing Organization | Status of CPA Implementation |
|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 5342-P1-0007-CP1 | CERPD Co., Ltd. | Envirofit International | Implemented |
| 5342-P1-0008-CP1 | CERPD Co., Ltd. | Envirofit International | Implemented |
| 5342-P1-0009-CP1 | CERPD Co., Ltd. | Envirofit International | Implemented |

CERPD Co., Ltd. (CERPD) a company based in the Republic of Korea, has provided all implementation costs for these CPAs. CERPD has fully sponsored the ICS to make ICS affordable to beneficiary households, as well covered the cost of operation and management of the CPAs in a financially sustainable condition. As the ICS are being fully sponsored, it is ensured at the time distribution, that only one ICS unit is given to a household no household in the CPA database owns more than one ICS unit.

(b) **Description of the technology employed and installed equipment and/or infrastructure**

The Envirofit stoves have been designed with the specific intention of maximizing thermal efficiency while simultaneously minimizing the production of toxic emissions. While many interrelated factors need to be considered in order to achieve these goals, primary aspects of stove performance were explored during the development of the stoves: 1) fuel and air mixing 2) heat transfer to the pot. In order to maximize temperature, the combustion chamber shape, fuel amount, and air flow through the stove all need to be considered and correctly coordinated. In order to use the available thermal energy in the most efficient manner possible, specific stove geometry and configuration choices were made; including reducing stove thermal mass and minimizing heat flux through the sides and bottom of the stove. In order to minimize emissions, the combustion chamber shape, fuel amount, and air flow rate through the stove all need to be considered and correctly coordinated in order to maintain a proper air to fuel mixture.

The following table details the implementation status of the CPAs along with technology involved:

| CPA Ref No. | Type of Project stoves eligible | Stove models installed |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 5342-P1-0007-CP1 | Wood Fuel, Charcoal | Woodfuel- Econofire /SmartSaver Wood Charcoal - Econochar /SmartSaver Charcoal |
| 5342-P1-0008-CP1 | | |
| 5342-P1-0009-CP1 | | |

The stove model referred above are shown below:



Stove Specifications:

| Parameter description | Econofire /SmartSaver Wood | Econochar /SmartSaver Charcoal |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Thermal Efficiency | 30.2 % | 34.3 % |

| | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Unit Size | 25.5 x 40 x 35.5 cm (height x width x depth) | 28 x 37 x 42 cm (height x width x depth) |
| Unit Weight | 2.7 kg | 3.7 kg |
| CO emissions % improvement | 77% | 70% |

- (c) **Relevant dates for the specific-case CPA(s) (e.g. construction, commissioning, continued operation periods, etc.);**

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| CPA Reference number | 5342-P1-0007-CP1 to 5342-P1-0009-CP1 |
| Start date of the CPA | 05/11/2018 |
| Continued operation period | Since 05/11/2018 |

- (d) **Total GHG emission reductions or net GHG removals by sinks achieved in this monitoring period for the specific-case CPA(s), including information on how double counting is avoided**

| CPA | Emission Reductions tCO ₂ e |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 5342-P1-0007-CP1 to 5342-P1-0009-CP1 | 8,961 |

Each stove bears a unique serial ID punched on the stove. The same is recorded to trace the stove later and avoid double counting. Further, for each stove included under each CPA, information on the location of the stove has been collected by collecting address of the user at the time of sale in CPA Distribution Record. Thus, location of each stove in CPA distribution database can be traced. Please refer the ER calculator, worksheet 'CPA Distribution data' in which the sales information i.e. Stove unit details and the end user information for each stove is mentioned. The system of recording the unique serial on each stove along with its location serves toward avoiding double counting of stoves amongst various CPAs.

C.2. Location of CPAs

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All the CPAs have a common project boundary as follows:

Host Parties: Nigeria

Region/State/Province: All across Nigeria

City/Town/Community: All across Nigeria

Physical Geographical location: End user households across Nigeria

The CPAs have been implemented within the boundary of the Republic of Nigeria as depicted in Figure 4 below

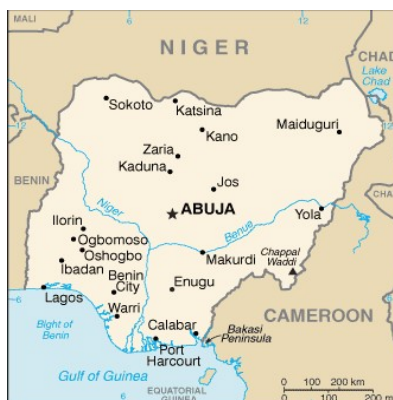


Figure 3: Map of Nigeria

C.3. Post-registration changes to CPAs

C.3.1. Temporary deviations from the monitoring plans in the included CPA-DDs, applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents

>>
NA

C.3.2. Corrections

>>
NA

C.3.3. Changes to the start date of the crediting period

>>
NA

C.3.4. Inclusion of monitoring plan

>>
NA

C.3.5. Permanent changes to the included monitoring plans, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines, or other methodological regulatory documents

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NA

C.3.6. Changes to project design

>>
NA

C.3.7. Changes specific to afforestation or reforestation CPA

>>
NA

SECTION D. Description of monitoring system of CPAs

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Stoves were distributed to end-users by CME / CPAI directly or via the DO. DO was trained by CME / CPAI for ensuring correct procedures according to the PoA are fulfilled.

At the CPA level, DO ensured that necessary data was correctly obtained from the customer and recorded in the CPA Distribution Record, firstly to avoid double counting and secondly to enable tracking of the ICS for monitoring purposes. This data captured included:

- a. Name of customer
- b. Address / location of the customer
- c. Stove unique serial ID number
- d. Stove Model
- e. Stove distribution date
- f. Type of old / baseline stove replaced by ICS, i.e. the fuel type used in the old / baseline stove.

All other monitoring activities have been carried out at the PoA level, single stage sampling plan.

SECTION E. Data and parameters

E.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante

| Data/Parameter | Q_{biomass} |
|--|---|
| Unit | Tonnes/year |
| Description | Annual average biomass consumption per appliance |
| Source of data | Historical data from various literature has been used to establish a conservative national value, as allowed by the methodology |
| Value(s) applied | 5.01 Tonnes/year for firewood stoves 5.52 Tonnes/year for charcoal stoves |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | As per registered CPA-DD |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | Used for calculation of B_{old} |

| Data/parameter | $f_{\text{NRB},y}$ |
|--|--|
| Unit | Fraction |
| Description | Fraction of biomass saved by the project activity in year y that can be established as non-renewable biomass |
| Source of data | Value from CPA 5342-P1-0004-CP1 for Nigeria |
| Value(s) applied | 0.93 |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | Since in the CPA 5342-P1-0004-CP1, this value was calculated for Nigeria using data extracted from FAO and IPCC, this same value can be used for this CPA in Nigeria |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| Data/parameter | NCV_{biomass} |
|--|--|
| Unit | TJ/tonne |
| Description | Net calorific value of the non-renewable biomass that is substituted |
| Source of data | AMS II.G v 03 |
| Value(s) applied | 0.015 |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | Default value as prescribed by methodology applied |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|--|--|
| Data/parameter | EF_{projected_fossilfuel} |
| Unit | tCO ₂ /TJ |
| Description | Emission factor for the substitution of non-renewable woody biomass by similar consumers |
| Source of data | AMS II.G v 03 |
| Value(s) applied | 81.6 |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | Default value as prescribed by methodology applied |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|--|---|
| Data/parameter | η_{old} |
| Unit | Fraction |
| Description | Efficiency of the system being replaced |
| Source of data | AMS-II.G v 03 |
| Value(s) applied | 0.106 |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | Value from CPA 5342-P1-0004-CP1 for Nigeria |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|--|--|
| Data/parameter | LAF |
| Unit | Fraction |
| Description | Net to gross adjustment factor to account for leakages |
| Source of data | AMS-II.G version 03 |
| Value(s) applied | 0.95 |
| Choice of data or measurement methods and procedures | Default value as prescribed by methodology applied |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

E.2. Data and parameters monitored

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Data/Parameter | $\eta_{new,y}$ |
| Unit | % |
| Description | Efficiency of the device being deployed as part of the project activity in year y |
| Measured/calculated/Default | Measured |
| Source of data | As determined through sampling by performing WBTs |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 32.8% |
| Monitoring equipment | The equipment was either externally calibrated or were newly purchased at the time of use so measurements were done with the necessary guarantees. |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | WBTs were carried out for a sample of installed ICSs in operation in line with the PoA Sampling Plan on an annual basis. |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | n/a |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| QA/QC procedures | WBTs were conducted in line with the guidance provided by the CME and according to a methodology supported by PCIA. Documentation can be found on PCIA website http://www.pciaonline.org/testing |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Data/parameter | N_{all} |
| Unit | Number |
| Description | Total number of stoves installed |
| Measured/calculated/default | Calculated |
| Source of data | CPA Distribution Records and logbooks |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 8,440 |
| Monitoring equipment | N/A |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | The CPA Distribution Records which provided the data used to calculate this parameter. This data was uploaded to the PoA Distribution and Monitoring Database maintained by the CME. The recording of the sales was done in a regular basis during the crediting period and the monitoring in a yearly basis. |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | Sum of all stove records in the CPA Distribution Records |
| QA/QC procedures | - |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Data/parameter | SOF |
| Unit | Fraction |
| Description | Stove Operation Fraction – used to determine the share of distributed stoves that are still operating, measured ex-post through sampling |
| Measured/calculated/default | Measured |
| Source of data | Survey of end user behaviour as part of the PoA Sampling Plan |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 1.0 |
| Monitoring equipment | No specific monitoring equipment has been used for the surveys. |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | The actual value applied for emissions reduction calculations and request for issuance of CERs was measured ex-post by investigation of the number of ICS installations within the sampled ICS which are operational. This was done on an annual basis as per the PoA monitoring requirements |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | - |
| QA/QC procedures | The CME provided training, guidelines and monitoring templates to ensure that the Monitoring Organization responsible for monitoring followed appropriate procedures. |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Data/parameter | f_{old} |
| Unit | Fraction |
| Description | Fraction of end users that are still using baseline stoves |
| Measured/calculated/default | Measured |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Source of data | Survey data of end user behaviour as part of the PoA Sampling Plan |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 0.1 |
| Monitoring equipment | No specific monitoring equipment has been used for the surveys. |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | <p>The actual value applied for emissions reduction calculations and request for issuance of CERs was measured ex-post by estimation of a representative sample of end users using the deployed ICS, as conducted in line with the PoA Sampling Plan.</p> <p>Sampling estimated the value of this parameter through monitoring the fraction of end users not using baseline stoves ($f_{\text{non,old}}$),</p> <p>This was done on an annual basis as per the PoA monitoring requirements</p> |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | Based on the registered CPA-DD, the fraction of users not using the baseline stoves ($f_{\text{non,old}}$) has been monitored. Then f_{old} has been calculated as $1 - f_{\text{non,old}}$ |
| QA/QC procedures | The CME provided training, guidelines and monitoring templates to ensure that the Monitoring Organization responsible for monitoring followed appropriate procedures. |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Data/parameter | μ_{old} |
| Unit | kg/year |
| Description | The amount of woody biomass consumption that is consumed through the continued use of old stoves |
| Measured/calculated/default | Measured |
| Source of data | Data from survey of end user behaviour as part of PoA Sampling Plan combined with the same source of data as for Q_{biomass} |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 135.64 |
| Monitoring equipment | No specific monitoring equipment has been used for the surveys. |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | <p>The actual value applied for emissions reduction calculations and request for issuance of CERs was measured ex-post by estimation of a representative sample of end users using the deployed ICS, as conducted in line with the PoA Sampling Plan.</p> <p>During the survey, the interviewer conducted an interview with the end user to identify how much the baseline (replaced) stove as being used. The value of μ_{old} will be estimated by comparing the number of meals before and after buying ICS. Where:</p> $\mu_{\text{old}} = \frac{\text{MPM}_{\text{after ICS}}}{\text{MPM}_{\text{before ICS}}} \cdot \text{Total annual fuel consumption (kg)}$ <p>This was done on an annual basis as per the PoA monitoring requirements</p> |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | Based on the registered CPA-DDs, this parameter has been calculated by multiplying the Total Annual Fuel Consumption, Q_{biomass} , by the ratio of meals cooked by the traditional stove in operation before and after purchasing the Envirofit Stove. |
| QA/QC procedures | The CME provided training, guidelines and monitoring templates to ensure that the Monitoring Organization responsible for monitoring followed appropriate procedures |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Data/parameter | Stove_{year} |
| Unit | Year |
| Description | Calculated average stove operation years in the monitoring period. If stoves have been operating for 365 days then Stove _{year} = 1.0. If less than 365 days, then Stove _{year} is represented as a fraction of 365 (eg. 180 days= 0.5). |
| Measured/calculated/default | Calculated |
| Source of data | PoA Distribution and Monitoring Database |
| Value(s) of monitored parameter | 0.238 |
| Monitoring equipment | No specific monitoring equipment has been used for the surveys |
| Measuring/reading/recording frequency | Each ICS entered into the PoA Distribution and Monitoring Database was linked to a distribution date (recorded during distribution). Thus for any monitoring period, it is possible to calculate the period of time that the stoves included in the emissions reduction calculations for that period have been operating. Monitored on annual basis. |
| Calculation method (if applicable) | Average of all stove records in the CPA Distribution Records. |
| QA/QC procedures | The CME was responsible for overseeing the collection of data by DOs during distribution, training the DOs in correct data recording practices, maintaining a secure Database, and back up of files contained in the Database. |
| Purpose of data/parameter | Calculation of baseline emissions |
| Additional comments | - |

E.3. Implementation of sampling plan

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A single sampling plan was carried out for CPAs (5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1 and 5342-P1-0009-CP1) covered in this monitoring report.

a) *Description of implemented single sampling design;*

Due to the large number of ICS distributed under the PoA, it was not economically feasible to monitor each individual ICS unit distributed. Therefore, representative sampling was undertaken as part of a PoA-wide Sampling Plan. The sampling plan consisted of monitoring the following four parameters mentioned in section D.2.:

| Sl.No. | Parameter | Description of parameter |
|--------|----------------|---|
| 1 | $\eta_{new,y}$ | The thermal efficiency of the ICS distributed (%) |
| 2 | SOF | The Stove Operating Fraction, i.e. the fraction of users using the ICS |
| 3 | f_{old} | The fraction of stove users still using baseline (replaced) stoves |
| 4 | μ_{old} | The amount of woody biomass that continues to be used in the replaced stoves (kg) |

Based on the registered PoA-DD and CPA-DD for CPAs 5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1 & 5342-P1-0009-CP1, 95/10¹ reliability level was selected for cross-CPA sampling for the parameters mentioned above.

As per page 53 of the PoA-DD, for the parameter η_{new} , the population of each stove model shall be deemed homogeneous across CPAs as the stoves have been designed to meet stringent efficiency specifications and are manufactured in factories to specification. Hence the sample size

¹ Although the PoA monitoring period for monitoring report is from 25 Oct 2017 to 30 Jun 2019, the crediting period start date for all the CPAs covered under this monitoring period is 05 Apr 2019. Hence the applicable monitoring period is from 05 Apr 2019 to 30 Jun 2019 making it an annual monitoring period. Thus, a 95 / 10 as confidence / precision levels has been applied.

was calculated for η_{new} considering each stove model as separate population. As per page 53 and page 57 of the PoA-DD, for other parameters (SOF, f_{old} , μ_{old}), the homogeneity of the population is demonstrated in compliance with the following conditions;

| Homogeneity condition | Characteristic of Population | Status of population |
|---|---|--|
| Country | all units have been distributed in the same geographical area, i.e. Nigeria | Homogeneous |
| Fuel Type – charcoal / wood fuel | There are two fuel type in the population: Charcoal and woodfuel. | Charcoal stoves have been considered as one sampling frame and wood fuel stove have been considered as another sampling frame. |
| End user – domestic / small-medium enterprises / community | all units are for domestic (household) usage as per their design | Homogeneous |
| Stove Type - efficiencies are in a similar range defined as being within +/- 10% of each other and they have other common design features | the stove models disseminated have efficiencies within +/-10% of each other | Homogeneous |

The initial target population were the stoves distributed and recorded under CPA 5342-P1-0007-CP1, 5342-P1-0008-CP1 and 5342-P1-0009-CP1. The population was divided into two sampling frames based on fuel type. Simple Random Sampling approach was applied in each sampling frame separately to monitor the three parameters i.e. stove operation (SOF), fraction of traditional stoves still in operation (f_{old}) and amount of woody biomass that continues to be used by the replaced stoves (μ_{old}). Thus, the sample size calculations for parameters SOF, f_{old} , μ_{old} were calculated considering PoA population under two sampling frames.

The required sample sizes were derived using equation(1) on page 68 and equation (4) on page 70 of the Guideline: Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities, Version 04.0 for proportion based and mean based parameters respectively as follows:

$$n = \frac{z^2 \cdot N \cdot V}{(N - 1) \cdot c^2 + z^2 \cdot V}$$

$$V = \left(\frac{SD}{Mean} \right)^2 \text{ for mean parameters}$$

$$V = p \cdot (1 - p) / p^2 \text{ for proportion parameters}$$

Where:

n = sample size

N = population size

z = Confidence value constant (1.96 for 95%)

c = Desired precision (10%)

SD = expected standard deviation for mean parameter

$Mean$ = expected mean for mean parameter

p = expected proportion for proportion based parameter

Refer ER calculator worksheet 'Sample Size Calculations' for more details on calculation of sample size for each parameter. The expected parameter values (mean, standard deviation and proportion) have been determined based on project developer's knowledge and experience as per para 12(b) and 12(c) of the "Standard: Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities", Version 07.0

The stoves were selected by randomly assigning a number to each stove and sorting in increasing order from lower to higher number. Random numbers were generated using online random number generator for each sampling frame separately and the numbers obtained were used to identify the samples from the population within the applicable sampling frame. A higher number of samples were monitored than that required to ensure that the desired precision / confidence is achieved as well as have sufficient number of samples that use both ICS and baseline stove for determining μ_{old} .

b) Collected data (electronic spreadsheets may be attached and referenced);

Data was collected for SOF, f_{old} and μ_{old} following a specially designed survey form. The information collected was introduced into an electronic database, the CPA Monitoring Record. This survey form was design in a way that would allow the surveyor first to check the validity of the records from the CPA Distribution Records, and secondly to collect the necessary information form field visit for the ER calculations. In order to achieve the 95/10 reliability level for cross-CPA sampling few additional stoves were sampled from the database than that required (as mentioned in the table above) to cover for non responses, if any.

As per the PDD, to calculate the thermal efficiency of the stoves, water boiling tests (WBT) were conducted using the "Emissions and Performance Test Protocol", or EPTP (a water boiling test protocol developed by Colorado State University), a testing protocol approved by GACC. Refer ER calculator worksheet "Survey summary" and "WBT Summary" for details on data collected during monitoring. Those involved in field survey monitoring were adequately trained to ensure that the surveys are performed correctly. The WBTs were carried out by in-house experts with prior experience of conducting WBTs.

c) Analysis of the collected data;

Analysis of the data monitored through sampling revealed the following results:

| Parameter | Results | Units | Precision Achieved (%) | Result |
|--------------|---------|-------------|------------------------|----------------|
| η_{new} | 32.8 | % | 0.38 | Ok, acceptable |
| SOF | 1.0 | fraction | 0.76 | Ok, acceptable |
| f_{old} | 0.1 | fraction | 4.28 | Ok, acceptable |
| μ_{old} | 0.135 | tonnes/year | 2.95 | Ok, acceptable |

d) Demonstration of whether the samples were randomly selected and are representative of the population.

Stoves were selected by randomly after arranging them in chronological order of date of sale and assigning a number to each stove. Random numbers were generated using online random number generator available at <http://stattrek.com/statistics/random-number-generator.aspx> for each sampling frame and the random numbers received were selected from sampling frames to identify the samples to the monitored. The approach ensured that the samples picked are random and represent the population.

SECTION F. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

F.1. Calculation of baseline emissions or baseline net removals

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$$ER_y = B_{y,savings} \cdot f_{NRB} \cdot NCV_{biomass} \cdot EF_{projected\ fossil\ fuel}$$

$$B_{\text{savings}} = B_{\text{old}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\eta_{\text{old}}}{\eta_{\text{new}}}\right)$$

$$B_{\text{old}} = LAF \cdot N_{\text{all}} \cdot SOP \cdot (Q_{\text{biomass}} - \left(\frac{\mu_{\text{old}}}{1000} \cdot f_{\text{old}}\right)) \cdot \text{Stove}_{\text{year}}$$

F.2. Calculation of project emissions or actual net removals

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As explained above, the methodology directly provides equation for emission reductions; without separate baseline, project or leakage emission reduction equations. Calculation of Emission Reductions has already been explained above as per the methodology. Thus, this section is not applicable

F.3. Calculation of leakage emissions

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As explained above, the methodology directly provides equation for emission reductions; without separate baseline, project or leakage emission reduction equations. Calculation of Emission Reductions has already been explained above as per the methodology by application of Gross to Net Leakage adjustment factor of 0.95 to baseline emissions. Thus, this section is not applicable.

F.4. Calculation of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals

| CPA UNFCCC reference number | Baseline GHG emissions or baseline net GHG removals (t CO ₂ e) | Project GHG emissions or actual net GHG removals (t CO ₂ e) | Leakage GHG emissions (t CO ₂ e) | GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals (t CO ₂ e) | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | | Before 01/01/2013 | From 01/01/2013 | Total amount |
| 5342-P1-0007-CP1 | 2,987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,987 | 2,987 |
| 5342-P1-0008-CP1 | 2,987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,987 | 2,987 |
| 5342-P1-0009-CP1 | 2,987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,987 | 2,987 |
| Total | 8,961 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,961 | 8,961 |

F.5. Comparison of emission reductions or net anthropogenic removals achieved with estimates in the included CPA-DDs

| CPA UNFCCC reference number | Amount achieved during this monitoring period (t CO ₂ e) | Amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DD (t CO ₂ e) |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 5342-P1-0010-CP1 | 2,987 | 10,480 |
| 5342-P1-0011-CP1 | 2,987 | 10,480 |
| 5342-P1-0012-CP1 | 2,987 | 10,480 |
| Total | 8,961 | 31,440 |

F.5.1. Explanation of calculation of “amount estimated ex ante for this monitoring period in the CPA-DD”

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The ex-ante estimate for the monitoring period has been calculated as follows:

= Ex-ante ER as per CPA-DD (Section B.4.4) * effective duration of monitoring period² / 365
 = 43,966 * 87 / 365

F.6. Remarks on increase in achieved emission reductions

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N/A

F.7. Remarks on scale of small-scale CPAs

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The emission reductions are lower than the ex-ante estimates substantiating that the CPAs are below the limit of type II category

² The effective duration of monitoring period is deemed as 87 days as per following:

Monitoring period start date = 25 Oct 2017

Crediting period start date of CPAs = 05 April 2019

End date of monitoring period = 30 June 2019

effective duration of monitoring period = 30 June 2019 – 05 April 2019 +1= 87 days

Document information

| <i>Version</i> | <i>Date</i> | <i>Description</i> |
|--|--------------|---|
| 03.0 | 31 May 2019 | Revision to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure consistency with version 02.0 of the “CDM project standard for programmes of activities” (CDM-EB93-A07-STAN); • Add a section on remarks on the observance of the scale limit of small-scale CPAs during the crediting periods; • Add "changes specific to afforestation or reforestation activities/CPA" as a possible post-registration changes; • Clarify the reporting of net anthropogenic GHG removals for A/R PoAs between two commitment periods; • Make structural and editorial improvements. |
| 02.0 | 7 June 2017 | Revision to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure consistency with version 01.0 of the “CDM project standard for programmes of activities” (CDM-EB93-A07-STAN); • Make editorial improvements. |
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